



circulatory system

transport

atria

ventricles

valves

aorta

arteries

veins

capillaries

pulse rate

carry blood away

oxygenated blood

from the heart

(most arteries)

bodily system made up of the heart, blood vessels and blood that delivers essential materials to cells whilst removing waste products

the circulatory system transports nutrients (from digested food) and water to every cell as well as oxygen

the plural of 'atrium'; the upper chambers of the heart

the lower chambers of the heart

found between the atria and ventricles they open and close to allow the blood to flow through the heart

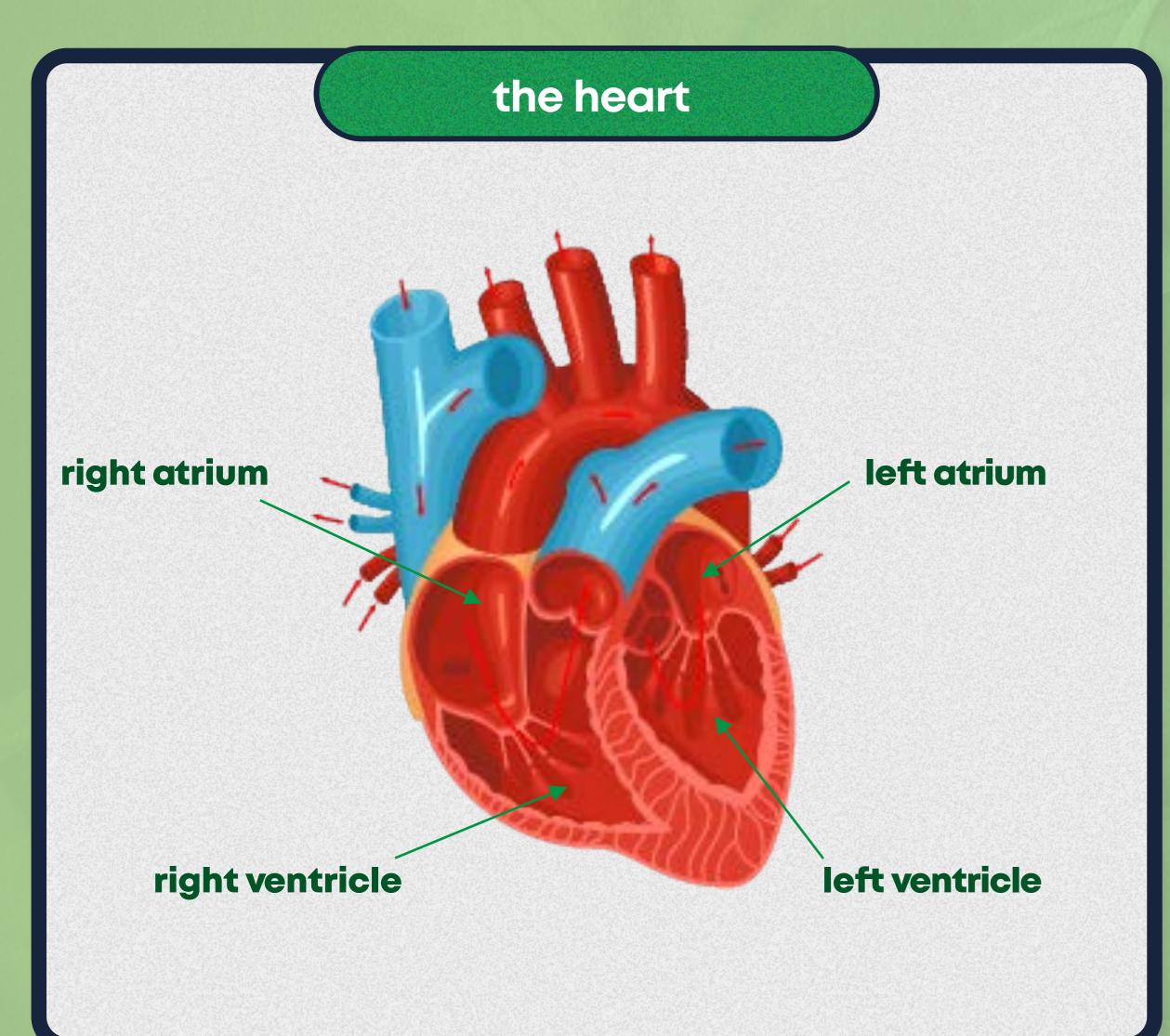
the largest artery supplying oxygenated blood to the rest of the body

carry blood with oxygen from heart

carry blood depleted of oxygen back to heart

tiny vessels where oxygen gets transferred to cells

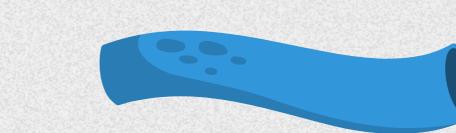
the number of heart beats per minute



arteries

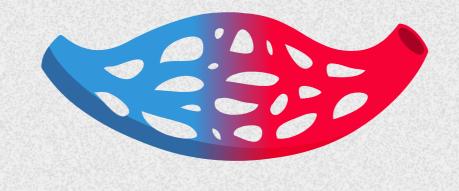


capillaries





blood (most veins)



transfers oxygen carry blood back from the blood to the heart stream to other tissues in the body deoxygenated

blood pressure

the force with which our blood is pushed around our bodies (if our blood pressure is too high or low it can be dangerous for us)

heart rate

the number of squeezes or beats of the heart per minute (when the heart beats it pumps blood around the body)

drugs

human heart rate and blood pressure can be altered by taking drugs - sometimes this is needed, and doctors administer drugs to help patients (illegal drugs can damage human hearts and change blood pressure which can be very dangerous)