formlabs ₩ SLS POWDER

Nylon 12 Powder

SLS Powder For Strong, Functional Prototypes and End-Use Parts

With high tensile strength, ductility, and environmental stability, Nylon 12 Powder is suitable for creating complex assemblies and durable parts with minimal water absorption.

Nylon 12 Powder is specifically developed for use on the Fuse Series printers.





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To the best of our knowledge the information contained herein is accurate. However, Formlabs, Inc. makes no warranty, expressed or implied, regarding the accuracy of these results to be obtained from the use thereof.

Mechanical Properties	METRIC	IMPERIAL	METHOD
Ultimate Tensile Strength	50 MPa	7252 psi	ASTM D638 Type 1
Tensile Modulus	1850 MPa	268 ksi	ASTM D638 Type 1
Elongation at Break (X/Y)	11%	11%	ASTM D638 Type 1
Elongation at Break (Z)	6%	6%	ASTM D638 Type 1
Flexural Properties	METRIC	IMPERIAL	METHOD
Flexural Strength	66 MPa	9572 psi	ASTM D 790-15
Flexural Modulus	1600 MPa	232 ksi	ASTM D 790-15
Impact Properties	METRIC	IMPERIAL	METHOD
Notched Izod	32 J/m	0.60 ft-lb/in	ASTM D256-10
Thermal Properties	METRIC	IMPERIAL	METHOD
Heat Deflection Temp. @ 1.8 MPa	87 °C	189 °F	ASTM D648
Heat Deflection Temp. @ 0.45 MPa	171 °C	340 °F	ASTM D648
Vicat Softening Temperature	175 °C	347 °F	ASTM D1525
Other Properties	METRIC	IMPERIAL	METHOD
Moisture Content (powder)	0.25%	0.25%	ISO 15512 Method D
Water Absorption (printed part)	0.66%	0.66%	ASTM D570

Samples printed with Nylon 12 Powder have been evaluated in accordance with ISO 10993-1:2018, and has passed the requirements for the following biocompatibility risks:

ISO Standard	Description 3,4
ISO 10993-5:2009	Not cytotoxic
ISO 10993-10:2010/(R)2014	Not an irritant
ISO 10993-10:2010/(R)2014	Not a sensitizer
ISO 10993-11:2017 (Material Mediated Pyrogenicity)	Non-Pyrogenic
ISO 10993-11:2017 (Acute Systemic Toxicity)	No Evidence of Systemic Toxicity

Flammability Properties

Testing Standard	Rating
UL 94 Section 7	HB *

* Thickness of the sample tested = 3.00mm

Solvent Compatibility

Percent weight gain over 24 hours for a printed 1 x 1 x 1 cm cube immersed in respective solvent:

Solvent	24 hr weight gain, %	Solvent	24 hr weight gain, %
Acetic Acid 5%	0.1	Mineral oil (Heavy)	0.7
Acetone	0.1	Mineral oil (Light)	0.5
Bleach ~5% NaOCl	0.2	Salt Water (3.5% NaCl)	0.2
Butyl Acetate	0.2	Skydrol 5	0.6
Diesel Fuel	0.4	Sodium Hydroxide solution (0.025% PH 10)	0.2
Diethyl glycol Monomethyl Ether	0.5	Strong Acid (HCl conc)	0.8
Hydraulic Oil	0.6	Tripropylene glycol monomethyl ether	0.3
Hydrogen peroxide (3%)	0.2	Water	0.1
Isooctane (aka gasoline)	<0.1	Xylene	0.1
Isopropyl Alcohol	0.2		

¹ Material properties may vary with part geometry, print orientation and temperature.

Parts were printed using Fuse 1 with Nylon 12 Powder. Parts were conditioned at 50% relative humidity and 23 °C for 7 days before testing.

³ Material properties may vary based on part design and manufacturing practices. It is the manufacturer's responsibility to validate the suitability of the printed parts for the intended use.

Outdoor Aging ASTM D4329

Nylon 12 samples were aged by Applied Technical Services (ATS), a certified independent laboratory, using ASTM D4329-21, Cycle A. This standard outlines procedures for accelerated weathering of plastics using a Xenon arc light source, which simulates the full spectrum of sunlight (UV, visible, and infrared) and includes moisture cycles via water spray. The aged samples were then tested at Formlabs by a calibrated automatic tensile tester, as well as measured and analyzed with a spectrophotometer for color changes. Read more about the results in the whitepaper.

