Financial Statements

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Directors' Report 30 June 2025

The directors present their report on Marks Point Bowling Club Limited for the financial year ended 30 June 2025.

Information on directors

The names of each person who has been a director during the year and to the date of this report are:

I Burge

President

J Dukes

Vice-President

S Murray

Director (Resigned 11 April 2025)

J McEwan

Director

P Lamey

Director

J Dawson

A Stringer

Director (Resigned 16 April 2025)

D Roche

Director Director (Appointed 17 April 2025)

J Ward

Director (Appointed 17 April 2025)

Directors have been in office since the start of the financial year to the date of this report unless otherwise stated.

Principal activities

The principal activity of Marks Point Bowling Club Limited during the financial year was the running of the Club in accordance with its objectives for the benefit of its members.

No significant changes in the nature of the Club's activity occurred during the financial year.

Short term objectives

The Club's short term objectives are to:

- To manage the Club's revenue to ensure the ongoing financial viability of the Club for the benefit of all members and community stakeholders;
- Maintain modern facilities, services and amenities for the benefit of the local community; and
- Ensure ongoing legislated compliance and best practice principles.

Long term objectives

The Club's long term objectives are to:

- To maintain the Club as an integral part of the local community;
- Continual improvement of the Club's business to provide a sustainable local community resource; and
- To provide continuing support for the community by ensuring ongoing employment, investment in facilities and direct contributions to not for profit community organizations.

Directors' Report

Strategy for achieving the objectives

To achieve these objectives, the Club has adopted the following strategies:

- Forecasting and measuring income and expenditure expectations based on prior year results and identified industry and local trends;
- Ongoing research to other opportunities to strengthen the Club's financial position; and
- Providing members and guests with a range of activities to foster participation.

How principal activities assisted in achieving the objectives

The principal activities assisted the Club in achieving its objectives by:

- Monthly review of financial performance to forecast expectations and prior year results;
- Monthly review of departmental results to verified industry and regional results where available;
- Monthly review of number of memberships compared to prior year period; and
- Regular meetings with local community groups.

Members guarantee

Marks Point Bowling Club Limited is a company limited by guarantee. In the event of, and for the purpose of winding up of the company, the amount capable of being called up from each members and any person or association who ceased to be a member in the year prior to the winding up, is limited to \$1 for members subject to the provisions of the company's constitution.

At 30 June 2025 the collective liability of members was \$2,967 (2024: \$2,177).

Operating results and review of operations for the year

The profit of the Club after providing for income tax amounted to \$145,747 (2024: \$214,168).

Disclosure of Core & Non-Core Property

The directors have determined that property of the Club shall be classified as follows in accordance with section 41J of the Registered Club Act 1976:-

Core Property - Land located at 3A Findon Street, Marks Point NSW

Property - Nil

Directors' Report 30 June 2025

Meetings of directors

During the financial year, 11 meetings of directors were held. Attendances by each director during the year were as follows:

	Directors' M	Directors' Meetings	
	Number eligible to attend	Number attended	
1 Burge	11	10	
J Dukes	11	9	
S Миггау	8	7	
J McEwan	11	11	
P Larney	11	10	
J Dawson	9	9	
A Stringer	11	9	
D Roche	1 1	1	
J Ward	1	1	

Auditor's independence declaration

The lead auditor's independence declaration in accordance with section 307C of the *Corporations Act 2001*, for the year ended 30 June 2025 has been received and can be found on page 4 of the financial report.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors:

Dated 20 October 2025



Auditors Independence Declaration under Section 307C of the Corporations Act 2001 to the Directors of Marks Point Bowling Club Limited

I declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, during the year ended 30 June 2025, there have been:

- (i) no contraventions of the auditor independence requirements as set out in the Corporations Act 2001 in relation to the audit; and
- (ii) no contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

Joshua Comyns Director goodCOM Audit & Assurance

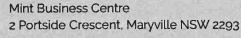
20 October 2025

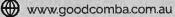
Maryville, NSW











Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income For the Year Ended 30 June 2025

		2025	2024
	Note	\$	\$
Revenue	4	2,960,813	2,510,798
Other income	4	59,230	231,845
Advertising expenses		(9,361)	(2,745)
Raw materials and consumables used	5	(507,239)	(459,975)
Employee benefits expense		(921,307)	(822,220)
Directors' expenses		(3,948)	(4,027)
Depreciation and amortisation expense	5	(206,712)	(153,991)
Bowls, trophies and tournament expenses		(26,463)	(27,858)
Membership and amenities expenses		(9,094)	(12,209)
Repairs and maintenance		(38,896)	(27,918)
Lease expenses		(3,436)	(3,051)
Insurance expenses		(109,681)	(103,816)
Ladies expenses		(27,489)	(27,093)
Men's expenses		(25,209)	(16,200)
Entertainment and promotion expenses		(449,590)	(393,854)
Professional and consultant expenses	16	(14,700)	(19,792)
Utilities expenses		(77,624)	(69,689)
Other operating expenses		(409,360)	(346,829)
Finance costs	17-	(34,187)	(37,208)
Profit / (Loss) before income tax		145,747	214,168
Income tax expense	_	-	
Profit / (Loss) for the year	_	145,747	214,168
Other comprehensive income for the year	_	-	馬
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	145,747	214,168

Statement of Financial Position

30 June 2025

	Note	2025 \$	2024 \$
	Note	Ψ	_
ASSETS CURRENT ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	6	204,828	582,357
Trade and other receivables	_	24,279	11,432
Inventories	7	21,166	20,984
Other assets	8	105,753	2,751
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS		356,026	617,524
NON-CURRENT ASSETS	_		
Right-of-use assets	9	67,502	45,936
Property, plant and equipment	10	1,731,145	1,470,981
Intangible assets	11	73,527	73,527
TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS		1,872,174	1,590,444
TOTAL ASSETS	_	2,228,200	2,207,968
LIABILITIES			
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Trade and other payables	12	153,085	63,080
Borrowings	13	149,040	16,105
Employee benefits	14	135,491	90,048
Other liabilities	_	10,141	6,934
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES	_	447,757	176,167
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES	<u>-</u>		
Borrowings	13	242,256	618,557
Employee benefits	14	15,588	36,392
TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES	19 <u></u>	257,844	654,949
TOTAL LIABILITIES		705,601	831,116
NET ASSETS	:	1,522,599	1,376,852
	_		
EQUITY			
Retained earnings	-	1,522,599	1,376,852
TOTAL EQUITY	_	1,522,599	1,376,852

Statement of Changes in Equity

2	n	2	_

2023	Retained Earnings T	Total
	\$	\$
Balance at 1 July 2024	1,376,852 1	,376,852
Profit for the year	145,747	145,747
Balance at 30 June 2025	1,522,599 1	,522,599
2024	Retained	
	•	Total
	<u> </u>	\$
Balance at 1 July 2023	1,162,684 1	,162,684
Profit for the year	214,168	214,168
Balance at 30 June 2024	1,376,8521	,376,852

Statement of Cash Flows

		2025	2024
	Note	\$	\$
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:			
Receipts from customers		3,306,486	3,011,369
Payments to suppliers and employees		(2,918,020)	(2,580,574)
Interest paid	-	(34,187)	(37,208)
Net cash provided by operating activities	19	354,279	393,587
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:			
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	500	(435,152)	(306,632)
Net cash used for investing activities	=	(435,152)	(306,632)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:			
Proceeds from borrowings		(# 0)	600,000
Net repayment of borrowings	_	(296,656)	(376,482)
Net cash used by financing activities	-	(296,656)	223,518
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		582,357	271,884
Cash and cash equivalents at end of financial year	6 =	204,828	582,357

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 30 June 2025

The financial report covers Marks Point Bowling Club Limited as an individual entity. Marks Point Bowling Club Limited is a not-for-profit unlisted public Club limited by guarantee.

The functional and presentation currency of Marks Point Bowling Club Limited is Australian dollars.

Comparatives are consistent with prior years unless otherwise stated.

1 Basis of Preparation

The financial statements are general purpose financial statements that have been prepared in accordance with the Australian Accounting Standards - Simplified Disclosures and the Corporations Act 2001.

The financial statements have been prepared on an accruals basis and are based on historical costs modified, where applicable, by the measurement at fair value of selected non-current assets, financial assets and financial liabilities.

Material accounting policies adopted in the preparation of these financial statements are presented below and are consistent with prior reporting periods unless otherwise stated.

2 Material Accounting Policies

(a) Revenue and other income

Revenue is recognised on a basis that reflects the transfer of control of promised goods or services to customers at an amount that reflects the consideration the Club expects to receive in exchange for those goods or services.

Generally the timing of the payment for sale of goods and rendering of services corresponds closely to the timing of satisfaction of the performance obligations, however where there is a difference, it will result in the recognition of a receivable, contract asset or contract liability.

None of the revenue streams of the Club have any significant financing terms as there is less than 12 months between receipt of funds and satisfaction of performance obligations.

Specific revenue stream

The revenue recognition policies for the principal revenue streams of the Club are:

Sale of goods

Revenue is recognised on transfer of goods to the customer as this is deemed to be the point in time when risks and rewards are transferred and there is no longer any ownership or effective control over the goods.

Subscriptions

Membership subscriptions are recognised over the term of membership and any uneamed portion is deferred and included in contract liabilities. Membership revenue is measured with reference to the fee received and the period of membership that the member has paid for.

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 30 June 2025

2 Material Accounting Policies

(a) Revenue and other income

Specific revenue stream

Gaming machine income

Gaming machine revenue is recognised at the point of sale and represents the difference between the amounts earned through gaming wagers less the payouts from those wagers. Liabilities are recognised for anticipated payouts for progressive jackpots

Commissions

TAB and Keno Commission income is where the Club acts as an agent for third parties who provide wagering services to members and guests and is recognised at a point in time when the wagering transaction has been completed.

Raffle and bingo income

Raffle and bingo revenue is recognised at a point in time when the customer takes possession of the ticket and the raffle or bingo game has been conducted as at this point the performance obligations have been satisfied.

Bowls Revenue

Bowls revenue comprises greens fees and competition fees and is recognised at a point in time when the game of bowls has been completed as at the point the performance obligation have been satisfied.

Other revenue

The Club recognised other revenue at a point in time when the performance obligation has been satisfied

(b) Leases

Lessee accounting

The non-lease components included in the lease agreement have been separated and are recognised as an expense as incurred.

The Club has chosen not to apply AASB 16 to leases of intangible assets.

The right-of-use asset is depreciated over the lease term on a straight line basis and assessed for impairment in accordance with the impairment of assets accounting policy.

Exceptions to lease accounting

The Club has elected to apply the exceptions to lease accounting for both short-term leases (i.e. leases with a term of less than or equal to 12 months) and leases of low-value assets. The Club recognises the payments associated with these leases as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 30 June 2025

2 Material Accounting Policies

(c) Inventories

Inventories are measured at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost of inventory is determined using the first-in-first-out basis and are net of any rebates and discounts received. Net realisable value is estimated using the most reliable evidence available at the reporting date and inventory is written down through an obsolescence provision if necessary

(d) Intangible Assets

Poker machine entitlements

Poker machine entitlements are recognised at cost of acquisition. Directors have assessed that poker machine entitlements have an indefinite useful life. These assets are tested annually for impairment and carried at cost less accumulated depreciation.

(e) Property, Plant and Equipment

Each class of property, plant and equipment is carried at cost or fair value less, where applicable, any accumulated depreciation and impairment.

Depreciation

Property, plant and equipment, excluding freehold land, is depreciated on a straight-line basis over the assets useful life to the Club, commencing when the asset is ready for use.

The depreciation rates used for each class of depreciable asset are shown below:

Fixed asset class	Depreciation rate
Buildings	2.5% - 20%
Plant and Equipment	10% - 25%
Motor Vehicles	25%
Kitchen Equipment	15%
Poker Machines	25% - 33.33%

At the end of each annual reporting period, the depreciation method, useful life and residual value of each asset is reviewed. Any revisions are accounted for prospectively as a change in estimate.

(f) Financial instruments

Financial Assets

On initial recognition, the Club classifies its financial assets at amortised cost.

The Club's financial assets measured at amortised cost comprise trade and other receivables and cash and cash equivalents in the statement of financial position.

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 30 June 2025

2 Material Accounting Policies

Financial Assets

Impairment of trade receivables and contract assets have been determined using the simplified approach in AASB 9 which uses an estimation of lifetime expected credit losses.

The amount of the impairment is recorded in a separate allowance account with the loss being recognised in finance expense. Once the receivable is determined to be uncollectable then the gross carrying amount is written off against the associated allowance.

Where the Club renegotiates the terms of trade receivables due from certain customers, the new expected cash flows are discounted at the original effective interest rate and any resulting difference to the carrying value is recognised in profit or loss.

Financial liabilities

The financial liabilities of the Club comprise trade payables, bank and other loans and lease liabilities.

(g) Employee benefits

Provision is made for the Club's liability for employee benefits arising from services rendered by employees to the end of the reporting period. Employee benefits that are expected to be settled within one year have been measured at the amounts expected to be paid when the liability is settled.

Employee benefits expected to be settled more than twelve months after the end of the reporting period have been measured at the present value of the estimated future cash outflows to be made for those benefits. In determining the liability, consideration is given to employee wage increases and the probability that the employee may satisfy vesting requirements. Cashflows are discounted using market yields on high quality corporate bond rates incorporating bonds rated AAA or AA by credit agencies, with terms to maturity that match the expected timing of cashflows. Changes in the measurement of the liability are recognised in profit or loss.

(h) Going concern

At 30 June 2025, the Club's current liabilities (\$447,757) exceed its current assets (\$356,026) by \$91,731. Notwithstanding the Club's deficiency in working capital, the financial report has been prepared on the going concern basis which contemplates the realisation of assets and the extinguishment of liabilities in the ordinary course of business.

The directors have considered the going concern basis appropriate with consideration to the following:

- The Club has met is loan repayment obligation throughout the financial year;
- The Club continues to generate cash from operating activities of \$354,279 (2024: \$393,587); and
- It is not anticipated that all current employee leave entitlements (\$135,491) will be extinguished by 30 June 2025. Australian accounting standards require that, as the Club does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting date, the balance must be classified as current.

It is with full consideration of the factors noted above that the financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis.

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 30 June 2025

2 Material Accounting Policies

(i) Adoption of new and revised accounting standards

The Club has adopted all standards which became effective for the first time at 30 June 2025, the adoption of these standards has not caused any material adjustments to the reported financial position, performance or cash flow of the Club.

3 Critical Accounting Estimates and Judgments

The directors make estimates and judgements during the preparation of these financial statements regarding assumptions about current and future events affecting transactions and balances. These estimates and judgements are based on the best information available at the time of preparing the financial statements, however as additional information is known then the actual results may differ from the estimates. The significant estimates and judgements made have been described below.

Key estimates - impairment of property, plant and equipment

The Club assesses impairment at the end of each reporting period by evaluating conditions specific to the Club that may be indicative of impairment triggers. Recoverable amounts of relevant assets are reassessed using value-in-use calculations which incorporate various key assumptions.

Key estimates - property, plant and equipment residual values and useful lives

These assets are written down to their estimated residual value over their anticipated useful lives using the straight-line basis. Management reviews residual values annually considering market conditions and disposal values.

4 Revenue and Other Income

	2025	2024
	\$	\$
Sales revenue		
- Bar sales	1,366,513	1,154,756
- Garning machine revenue	983,283	828,727
- Promotions revenue	324,314	271,614
- Bistro revenue	a .	(2,063)
- Commissions revenue	159,651	139,231
- Bowls revenue	16,932	16,530
- Member subscriptions	10,495	9,880
- Ladies revenue	9,114	11,640
- Mens revenue	37,423	37,930
- Other trading revenue	53,088	42,553
	2,960,813	2,510,798
Other income		
- Insurance recoveries	24,280	216,689
- Profit on sale of assets	34,950	15,156
	59,230	231,845
Total Revenue and Other income	3,020,043	2,742,643

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 30 June 2025

5 Result for the Year

		2025	2024
		\$	\$
	Raw materials and consumables used	507,239	459,975
	Depreciation and Amortisation		
	- Buildings and Greens	32,457	24,558
	- Plant and Equipment	39,019	27,290
	- Poker Machines	103,512	82,631
	- ROU assets	31,724	19,512
	Total Depreciation and Amortisation	206,712	153,991
6	Cash and cash equivalents		
	Cash on hand	52,345	41,010
	Cash at bank	152,483	541,347
		204,828	582,357
7	Inventories		
	Stock on hand at cost	21,166	20,984
•	Otherwane		
8	Other assets Prepayments	105,753	2,751
	· · - L - 3 · · · - · · · ·		

9 Right-of-use assets

Club as a lessee

The Club has leases over a range of assets including plant, office equipment and poker machines.

The lease terms for these assets vary from between 3 - 5 years and lease payments are fixed during the lease term. Some leases were classified as finance leases under AASB17 and related to poker machines.

Right-of-use assets

Year ended 30 June 2025 Balance at beginning of year	45,936
Additions to right-of-use asset	53,290
Amortisation charge	(31,724)
Balance at end of year	67,502
Year ended 30 June 2024 Balance at beginning of year	65,448
Amortisation charge	(19,512)
Balance at end of year	45,936

Notes to the Financial Statements

10	Property, plant and equipment		
	1 Toporty, plant and oquipment	2025	2024
		\$	\$
	Freehold land	-	
	At cost	572,719	572,719
	Total land	572,719	572,719
	Land & Buildings		
	At cost	1,595,134	1,290,562
	Accumulated depreciation	(883,863)	(851,406)
	Total land & buildings	711,271	439,156
	Total land and buildings	1,283,990	1,011,875
	Capital works in progress	87,216	202,955
	Plant and equipment		
	At cost	144,511	144,511
	Accumulated depreciation	(133,190)	(129,182)
	Total plant and equipment	11,321	15,329
	Furniture, fixtures and fittings		
	At cost	992,093	902,784
	Accumulated depreciation	(835,310)	(800,299)
	Total furniture, fixtures and fittings	156,783	102,485
	Motor vehicles		
	At cost	21,717	21,717
	Accumulated depreciation	(21,717)	(21,717)
	Total motor vehicles		- 2
	Poker machines		
	At cost	1,183,192	1,026,182
	Accumulated depreciation	(991,357)	(887,845)
	Total poker machines	191,835	138,337
	Total plant and equipment	359,939	256,151
	Total property, plant and equipment	1,731,145	1,470,981

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 30 June 2025

10 Property, plant and equipment

Movements in Carrying Amounts

Movement in the carrying amounts for each class of property, plant and equipment between the beginning and the end of the current financial year:

	Capital works in progress	Land	Buildings and Property Improvements	Plant and Equipment	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Year ended 30 June 2025					
Balance at the beginning of the year	202,955	572,719		•	1,470,981
Additions	•			246,319	435,152
	(203,406)			:::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::	1.50
Depreciation			(32,457)	(142,531)	(174,988)
Balance at the end of the year	87,216	572,719	711,271	359,939	1,731,145
Intangible Assets					
					2024
			: <u></u>	\$	\$
Poker machine entitlements at cost			_	73,527	73,527
Trade and other payables					
				•	29,392
•					855
					14,340
Other payables				47,409	18,493
			-	153,086	63,080
Borrowings					
CURRENT					
Bank overdraft					91
Lease liabilities				-	16,014
Bank equipment financing				•	•
Insurance financing				100,430	
Total current borrowings			S==	149,040	16,105
	Balance at the beginning of the year Additions Transfers Depreciation Balance at the end of the year Intangible Assets Poker machine entitlements at cost Trade and other payables Trade payables Deposits Accrued expenses Other payables Borrowings CURRENT Bank overdraft Lease liabilities Bank equipment financing Insurance financing	Year ended 30 June 2025 Balance at the beginning of the year Additions 87,667 Transfers (203,406) Depreciation - Balance at the end of the year 87,216 Intangible Assets Poker machine entitlements at cost Trade and other payables Trade payables Deposits Accrued expenses Other payables Other payables Borrowings CURRENT Bank overdraft Lease liabilities Bank equipment financing Insurance financing	Year ended 30 June 2025 Balance at the beginning of the year Additions	Trade and other payables Trade payables Deposits Accrued expenses Other payables CURRENT Bank overdraft Lease liabilities Bank equipment financing Insurance financing	Vear ended 30 June 2025 Land in progress Land in provements Property improvements Plant and Equipment in progress Balance at the beginning of the year Additions 87,667 - 101,166 246,319 Transfers (203,406) - 203,406 - 203,406 Depreciation - 3,22457 (142,531) Balance at the end of the year 87,216 572,719 711,271 359,939 Intangible Assets 2025 \$ Poker machine entitlements at cost - 2025 \$ Trade and other payables - 2025 \$ Trade payables - 85,271 - 2025 \$ Deposits - 85,271 - 2025 \$ Accrued expenses - 85,271 - 2025 \$ Other payables - 85,271 - 2025 - 2025 Borrowings - 85,271 - 202,271 - 202,272 - 2025 Bank overdraft - 96,271 - 97,272 - 97,272 - 97,272 - 97,272 - 97,272 - 97,272 - 97,272 - 97,272 - 97,272 - 97,272

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 30 June 2025

13 Borrowings

		2025	2024
	_	\$	\$
NON-CURRENT			
Lease liabilities		35,983	18,557
Bank loans - CBA better business loans	(a)	150,000	600,000
Bank equipment financing	_	56,273	2
Total non-current borrowings	-	242,256	618,557

(a) Bank loans

The CBA Better Business Ioan has a maturity of 5 years from March 2024, date of funding. During the year, the Club repaid \$450,000 of the Ioan. As at 30 June 2025, the Ioan has current interest rate at 6% per annum. Repayment arrangements for the Ioan is interest only until the maturity of the Ioan.

14 Employee Benefits

Provision for long service leave	=======================================	30,332
Description for large consists leave	15.588	36,392
Non-current liabilities		
	135,491	90,048
1 TOVISION TO BRINDALICAVE	100,010	,
Provision for annual leave	103,879	71,237
Provision for long service leave	31,612	18,811
Current liabilities		

15 Key Management Personnel Disclosures

The total remuneration paid to key management personnel of the Club is \$164,886 (2024: \$166,036).

16 Professional and consultant remuneration

Remuneration - Audit	14,700	13,369
Remuneration - Accounting & Other Services	<u></u>	6,423
	14,700	19,792

17 Contingencies

In the opinion of the Directors, the Club did not have any contingencies at 30 June 2025 (30 June 2024: None).

18 Related Parties

(a) Key management personnel

Any person(s) having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the entity, directly or indirectly, including any director (whether executive or otherwise) of that entity is considered key management personnel.

For details of disclosures relating to key management personnel, refer to Note 15: Key Management Personnel Compensation.

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 30 June 2025

18 Related Parties

(b) Other related parties

Other related parties include immediate family members of key management personnel and entities that are controlled or significantly influenced by those key management personnel, individually or collectively with their immediate family members.

(c) Transactions with related parties

Transactions between related parties are on normal commercial terms and conditions no more favourable than those available to other parties unless otherwise stated. No related party transactions were identified during the financial year end 30 June 2025.

19 Cash Flow Information

Reconciliation of net income to net cash provided by operating activities:

	2025	2024
	\$	\$
Profit for the year	145,747	214,168
Cash flows excluded from profit attributable to operating activities		
Non-cash flows in profit:		
Depreciation and amortisation expense	206,712	153,991
Changes in assets and liabilities, net of the effects of purchase and disposal of subsidiaries:		
- (increase)/decrease in trade and other receivables	(12,847)	11,601
- (increase)/decrease in inventories	(182)	7,365
- (increase)/decrease in other assets	(103,002)	11,121
- increase/(decrease) in trade and other payables	90,005	(25,813)
- increase/(decrease) in other liabilities	3,207	2,785
- increase/(decrease) in employee benefits	24,639	18,369
Cashflow from operations	354,279	393,587

20 Events Occurring After the Reporting Date

The financial report was authorised for issue on 20 October 2025 by the board of directors.

No matters or circumstances have arisen since the end of the financial year which significantly affected or may significantly affect the operations of the Club, the results of those operations, or the state of affairs of the Club in future financial years.

21 Statutory Information

The registered office of the company is: Marks Point Bowling Club Limited 3A Findon Street MARKS POINT NSW 2280

Directors' Declaration

The directors of the Club declare that:

- 1. the financial statements and notes for the year ended 30 June 2025 are in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001
 - a. comply with Australian Accounting Standards Simplified Disclosures; and
 - give a true and fair view of the financial position as at 30 June 2024 and of the performance for the year ended on that date of the Club;
- In the directors' opinion, there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Club will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.

This declaration is made in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors.

Director

Puke

Dated 20 October 2025



Marks Point Bowling Club Limited

Independent Audit Report to the members of

Marks Point Bowling Club Limited

Report on the Audit of the Financial Report

Opinion

We have audited the financial report of Marks Point Bowling Club Limited (the Club), which comprises the statement of financial position as at 30 June 2025, the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity and the statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of material accounting policies, and the directors' declaration.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial report of the Club is in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001, including:

- (i) giving a true and fair view of the Club's financial position as at 30 June 2025 and of its financial performance for the year ended; and
- (ii) complying with Australian Accounting Standards Simplified Disclosures and the Corporations Regulations 2001.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report* section of our report. We are independent of the Club in accordance with the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* and the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants* (the Code) that are relevant to our audit of the financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

We confirm that the independence declaration required by the *Corporations Act 2001*, which has been given to the directors of the Club, would be in the same terms if given to the directors as at the time of this auditor's report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

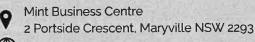
Responsibilities of Directors for the Financial Report

The directors of the Club are responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Act 2001* and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

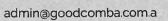
In preparing the financial report, the directors are responsible for assessing the Club's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Club or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.



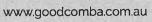








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Marks Point Bowling Club Limited

Independent Audit Report to the members of

Marks Point Bowling Club Limited

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial report.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error, design and
 perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to
 provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for
 one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the
 override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate
 in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal
 control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit
 evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt
 on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are
 required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial report or, if such disclosures
 are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our
 auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial report, including the disclosures, and whether
 the financial report represents the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Joshua Comyns Director

Director goodCOM Audit & Assurance

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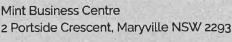
Maryville, NSW

20 October 2025











admin@goodcomba.com.a

