**Introduction**

The FMG series of rotary gas meters are designed to meet the highest demands of reliable and accurate measurement of gas flow. The meters are MID approved (MID 2014/32/EU) and fully comply with EN12480:2002, EN12480:2015 and OIML R137 1&2 (2014). The compact exchangeable aluminum cartridge allows local repair and on-site cleaning. The robust design of the casing and the cartridge make the meter less sensitive to installation stresses caused by the connecting piping. A significant amount of misalignment of the connecting piping/flanges can be tolerated by the meter without affecting the meter performance by jamming the impellers.

The aluminum casing of the FMG (body and front plate) is designed for working pressures up to 20 barg with a safety factor of 4. The square impellers and the improved position of the main bearings and shafts, make the meter less sensitive to overload and pressure shocks. The aluminum index and the protection of the LF pulsers with the associated magnets, make the meter less sensitive for manipulation by externally applied magnets or other external forces. Tampering of meters with strong neodymium magnets is one of the major concerns of utility companies, as this kind of manipulation is very difficult to detect or prove. In order to be prepared for the “smart grid”, the index can also be equipped with an intelligent encoder.

The unique proprietary oiling system, where the oil is distributed directly to the timing gears by means of a disc, eliminates oil loss at high rotor speeds and will lubricate the timing gears at very low loads. All plugs and oil sight glasses are in the front of the meter, allowing the meter to be installed in very compact installations.

**Principle**

The FMG rotary gas meter is a displacement type gas meter. The actual measurement is performed by two figure 8-shaped impellers (rotors) rotating within a measurement chamber. During a full revolution of the rotors a fixed volume is displaced from the inlet to the outlet of the meter. The number of revolutions represents the amount of volume passed. The volume is displayed on a direct read counter type index. Several low and high frequency pulsers can be used for flow computing or control purposes.

**Applications**

The FMG series of rotary meters is suitable for custody transfer gas measurement of all non-corrosive gases such as natural gas, propane, butane, air, hydrogen, etc. Typical applications are:

- Gas distribution in low, medium or high pressure networks
- Industrial applications
- Master meters for test benches

Special constructions can be supplied for use under extreme conditions like higher temperatures and corrosive gases.

**Accuracy**

Each FMG rotary meter is tested with atmospheric air to traceable (Dutch NMi) calibrated references. It has been proven – as part of the type approval testing - that the difference between the accuracy at atmospheric air and at high pressure natural gas is negligible.

**Typical metrological characteristics**

- Accuracy $Q_{t}$ to $Q_{\text{max}}$: ± 1% or better
- Accuracy $Q_{\text{min}}$ to $Q_{t}$: ± 2% or better
- Repeatability: better than 0.1%

**Pressure Loss**

The average pressure loss (see tables pages 6-7) of the FMG rotary meter using atmospheric natural gas with a relative density of 0.6 is measured at one (1) diameter upstream to one (1) diameter downstream of the meter on straight pipe of the same size as the meter. The pressure loss across the FMG rotary meter for various gases and other operating pressures may be approximated from the pressure loss equation:

$$
\Delta P_2 = \Delta P_1 \times \frac{d}{0.6} \times \left( \frac{P}{P_{\text{atm}}} \right) \times \left( \frac{Q}{Q_{\text{max}}} \right)^2 \times \left[ P_{\text{atm}} \right]
$$

- $\Delta P_2$ = Pressure drop at $P_2$ and $Q_{\text{max}}$
- $\Delta P_1$ = Pressure drop at $Q_{\text{min}}$ (See tables pages 6 and 7)
- $P$ = Operating pressure of the meter in bar absolute
- $P_{\text{atm}} = 1$ Atmosphere pressure in bar absolute (1.01325 bara)
- $Q$ = Instantaneous flow in m$^3$/h
- $Q_{\text{max}}$ = Max. Flow rate in m$^3$/h
- $Q_{\text{min}}$ = Min. Flow rate at atmospheric pressure in m$^3$/h
- $d = $ Relative density of the gas (air = 1)

**Main Features**

- Flow range 0.2 – 1000 m$^3$/h
- Diameters DN25 – DN200 (1” – 8”)
- Pressure rates PN 10 – 100, ANSI 150 – 600
- Compliant with EN12480:2002
- Compliant with EN12480:2015
- Compliant with OIML R137 1&2 (2014)
- Compliant with MID 2014/32/EU
- MID temperature range -40 to +70ºC
- Large rangeability > 1:160
- Cartridge design
- Robust construction
- Multi position
- Square impeller technique
- Compact installation
- Easy local repair
- On-site cleaning
- Tamper proof exchangeable index
- Seals according EN 549 (seals for gas appliances and gas equipment)
**Cartridge Design**

All FMR meters consist of an aluminum cartridge inserted in a meter body. The cartridge can be removed and inserted with the body remaining installed. This allows local repairs such as replacement of the main bearings and on-site cleaning to be carried out without removing the meter body. Particular owners of older networks, suffering from dirt and/or condensate, will benefit from the ability to remove the cartridge. FMG has a cartridge exchange program to replace older cartridges with new calibrated ones.

**Robust Construction**

In the new cartridge FMR design, the impellers, timing gears and bearings are fixed and positioned by a synchroplate. Since this synchroplate is machined in one operation, the tolerances can be controlled and maintained at a very high level. As a consequence, the clearance between the impellers and the meter body is equally divided and as such maximized, making the meters less sensitive to dirt and debris. The short impeller and high strength shaft connecting the timing gear to the impeller overcomes flexing or bending of the impellers, hence the meters are less sensitive to flow and pressure shocks. Severe intermittent on/off applications are typically handled without damage. Temporarily overloading the meter up to 50% of the maximum capacity will not cause any degradation of the metrological quality.

**Superior Metrological Performance**

Starting with the G40, all meters are approved according to EN12480:2002, EN12480:2015 and OIML R137 1&2 (2014) for rangeabilities up to 1:160 and as such can, on request, be designated as Class 1.5 meters. In situations where the installation or gas conditions are severe, the risk of rejection is greater when recalibration is done against in-service tolerances. The designation of class 1.5 (instead of 1.0), while still maintaining the class 1.0 accuracy limits, could be of interest since the in-service tolerances of a class 1.5 meter are significantly larger than the class 1.0 tolerances.

**Basic Index (Standard)**

The basic index consists of a UV-resistant polycarbonate cover glued to an aluminum frame. The aluminum frame will give strength to the index and as such sufficient protection against mechanical interference (Tampering). The index is 100% sealed (IP67) by multiple layers of glue. The index can be rotated over 350° for flow directions right-left, left-right and top-down. The index is equipped with multiple LF switches and normally closed tamper contacts.

**Square Impeller Technique**

The use of square impellers not only makes the meter very robust and short, but also improves the accuracy and rangeability. The unregistered leakage causing an error at minimum capacity, thus limiting the rangeability, is significantly smaller for square impellers (shorter profile) compared to the traditional long impellers.

**Prepared for the future**

The FMR series use a fix gear ratio in the index (no adjustment gears in the index). The index is connected to the meter body by means of a special bayonet connection. After removing the main seal (allowed under supervision of the local authorities or accredited laboratory), the index (and as such the functionality of the meter, like number and type of sensors, magnetic protection, smart communication, electronic display, etc.) can be changed in a matter of minutes. This unique feature makes the FMR series of rotary meters future proof.

**Universal Index**

The extremely strong double walled, aluminum, index is designed to withstand any external interference. To protect against large forces applied to the index window, an additional glass window is mounted beneath the polycarbonate window. This glass window will break in case excessive force is applied to the index. On request the index can be sealed up to IP67. Four slots in the outer extrusion can be used for various add-ons such as multiple connectors, additional outgoing shafts, marking plates with bar codes, etc. The use of slots makes the index multifunctional and as such "prepared for the future".

**Instrument Drive / Side reading**

The instrument drive plate can be used to mount auxiliary equipment like chart recorders or mechanically driven volume correctors. The rotation of the outgoing shaft is equal to one m3 or €F or (sub) multiple thereof. A single or double counter can be added to the instrument drive. The instrument drive can be rotated over 350°, hence allowing both horizontal and vertical installation. The instrument drive can be equipped with low frequency pulsers, an encoder as well as a reverse flow lock, preventing meters from registering backwards as a result of tampering. On request the index can be supplied as side reading (without instrument drive) allowing the meter to be installed in an extremely high or low position. The rotating direction of the output shaft can be changed on site.
Options for Indexes and Instrument Drive

The index or instrument drive can be equipped with several options making the meter prepared for the future:

Magnetic Field Protection: Tampering of meters with strong neodymium magnets is one of the major concerns of utility companies, as this kind of manipulation is very difficult to detect and / or prove. The LF pulsers and its driving magnet can be shielded to overcome tampering with an externally applied magnetic field. Magnetic fields up to 500 mT will not have an effect on the pulse counting.

Reverse Flow Lock: In order to avoid tampering by reverse flow, the index or instrument drive can be equipped with a Reverse Flow Lock.

Wiegand Pulsers: The index can be equipped with multiple Wiegand pulsers. The Wiegand pulsers have significant advantages over the traditionally used Reed contacts. Wiegand sensors do not face “bouncing” problems and the actual live time is not limited as much as the traditional Reed contacts.

Intelligent Index/Encoder: The index can be equipped with an intelligent encoder. The encoder sends out the total volume with an interval of 400 msec. The encoder uses a standard NAMUR serial data format, and can be modified to special applications on request. The encoder is powered by one AA battery guaranteed for 12 years of operation. On request two AA cells can be installed for a guaranteed life time of 20 years. The encoder is equipped with a special Hall sensor to detect and register interferences from external magnets. Several programmable inputs/outputs are available for advanced anti-fraud functions.

High Frequency Pulsers

FMG rotary meters can be equipped with a high frequency sensor. Unique is the fact that the high frequency sensor generates two independent phase shifted signals and as such the flow direction can be monitored.

Tamper Proof

All plugs, sensors and oil sight glasses can be sealed (wire) and as such the meter is not vulnerable to tampering. If, for example, the oil compartment was accessible, the metrological performance could be changed (increasing or decreasing mechanical friction) by changing oil properties. In addition to the mechanical precautions, the index can be equipped with an intelligent encoder, recording time stamping of all attempts of unauthorized access or manipulation, such as magnetic interference, reverse flows, etc.

Double Integrated Thermowells

FMG rotary meters can be equipped (optional) with two integrated thermo wells. Having two thermowells, the verification of Electronic Volume Conversion Devices (when built on to the meter) can be done on site and online without interruption of the operation. By comparing the reading of EVCD temperature sensor with a calibrated temperature sensor or one of known accuracy placed in the second thermowell, the EVCD can be verified.

Installation

Installation of FMG rotary meters can be horizontal or vertical. Since the meter is designed for multi position, consideration need only be given to the arrows showing the flow direction. After the meter is installed, the index can be rotated to the correct position. The index can be rotated over 350º. FMG rotary meters can be metrological sealed to suit various conditions from total flexibility to highly tamper proof.

The FMG DN50 meters are also available with a length of 150mm to exchange for DN50 (2”) turbine meters.

Maintenance

FMG rotary gas meters have a rotating disc for distributing the oil directly to the timing gears. The mechanism is designed to prevent oil loss at high loads or from pressure variations and maintains sufficient oiling at low flows. Since the oil system operates between 40% and 120% of the maximum flow, sizing of the installation is no longer critical. The oil supplied with the meter is suitable for 10 years of operation under normal conditions.

Cleaning / Easy repair

After removing the front cover of the meter, the entire cartridge can removed for cleaning. During this cleaning process, the meter body can remain in line. For cleaning purposes the seals of the front cover have to be removed. The construction of the FMG rotary gas meters allows local repair or replacement of all the main bearings without special tools. If the main bearings are to be replaced, the critical timing of the impellers will be maintained. It is recommended that replacement of the main bearings (mounted in the synchroplate) is performed by a skilled technician in a clean environment. The rear bearings can be replaced with the meter body on site. In a situation where a meter is locked by dirt, the cartridge can be removed for cleaning.

The use of a cartridge (pre-calibrated) and the accessibility of the front and rear bearings without the need for removing the timing gears, make the FMG series of rotary meter unique in terms of repair. Any repair shop can repair or re-condition the meters without special skills and tools. When regulation permits, a new, calibrated cartridge can be installed.
**Integrated Bypass (Security of Supply)**

Rotary meters are used in a wide variety of industrial applications due to their reliability and accuracy over an extremely large range. Unlike other meter types such as turbine meters and ultrasonic meters, a rotary meter is always accurate unless the rotors become jammed. In reality, the rotary meter is a digital device, it runs and is accurate or it stops. The only drawback of a rotary meter is that when it stops (locks up), the gas flow is interrupted. As such, there is no security of supply unless precautions are taken.

The most convenient and reliable precaution is to have an automatic bypass valve integrated in the meter. This provides security of supply as the bypass opens automatically when the differential pressure over the meter reaches a certain pre-set level (various springs for different set points are available).

The FMG series of rotary meters can be equipped with an automatic bypass (MID approved). The bypass operates as a “reverse” safety shut-off valve, whereby the bypass valve is triggered by an accurate spring loaded diaphragm. When operated, the opened bore allows the full flow of gas to bypass the locked impellers with a significantly lower pressure loss compared to spring loaded bypass systems.

**Technical Data Bypass**

- **Materials:**
  - Pressure containing parts: Anodized aluminum
  - Others: Stainless steel
  - Diaphragm: NBR
- Available springs (set point): 150 mbar, 300 mbar and 450 mbar
- Available Connectors: Neumuller (other on request)

**Technical Specification**

Metrological approvals:
- Compliant with EN12480:2002
- Compliant with EN12480:2015
- Compliant with OIML R137 182 (2014)
- Compliant with MID 2014/32/EU

ATEX approvals:
- Sensors compliant with Ex ia IIC T4... T6 Gb (-40°C ≤ Ta +70°C)
- Encoder compliant with Ex ib IIB T3... T6 Gb (-25°C ≤ Ta +55°C)

Flow rates: 0.2 m³/h up to 1000 m³/h
Nominal diameters: From DN25 to DN200 mm (1” to 8”).
Mounting position: Horizontally or vertically
Body: Compliant to Pressure Equipment Directive 2014/68/EU
Temperature Range:
- ATEX: -25°C to +70°C
- MID: -25°C to +70°C (lower temperatures on request)
- PED: -20°C to +70°C (lower temperatures on request)

**Materials:**

- Body: Aluminum
- Impellers: Aluminum
- Cartridge: Aluminum
- Timing gears: Carbon steel
- Bearings: Carbon steel / stainless steel
- Shafts: Stainless steel
- Gears: Delrin
- Index frame: Aluminum
- Index cover: PolycarbonateECI

**EVCD mounting**

FMG rotary meters can be equipped (optional) with two thermo wells and two pressure tapping points. Therefore the rotary meters can be supplied with an Electronic Volume Conversion Device (EVCD). FMG offers a large variety in conversion devices so all required data can be provided and the best solution for every project can be assembled.

Refer to the special brochure for more information about the Electronic Volume Conversion Devices FMG is able to supply or contact a local supplier.
Technical Specification

### Performance

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<th>G-value</th>
<th>Qmax (m³/h)</th>
<th>Qmin* (m³/h)</th>
<th>QL</th>
<th>Diameter (mm)</th>
<th>Pmax (bar)</th>
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<th>Basic Transfers*** (rev-m³)</th>
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* This Qmin is not standard and can only be supplied on request
** Π is measured under atmospheric conditions with natural gas with relative density of 0.6 (air = 1)
*** Values may vary ± 3% due to machining tolerances

### Dimensions Low Pressure (ALU)

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<th>H (mm)</th>
<th>A (mm)</th>
<th>B (mm)</th>
<th>C (mm)</th>
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Dimensions

Dimensions Low Pressure (ALU)

**Other G-values and Volumes are available on request**

- * This Qmin is not standard and can only be supplied on request
- ** Π is measured under atmospheric conditions with natural gas with relative density of 0.6 (air = 1)
- *** Values may vary ± 3% due to machining tolerances