

# Session 3: Patterns and Motivation in Free and Leisure Time

Students continue to identify daily and weekly time use patterns and to explore leisure activity preferences. They will be introduced to the concept of motivation in order to start thinking about how why they do something in their free time is associated with how they feel.

For this session students will have completed My Free Time Profile and TimeWise Journal Analysis (pages 6-10 and p. 12 Student Book). This session will discuss results from these analyses and focus on the idea of motivation.

If students did not complete the TimeWise Journal, ask them to fill out the journal in the current session as best they can for the past 2 or 3 days and use that to discuss the concepts.

#### Notes:

- Our research indicates that the topics of motivation and of boredom are two very important concepts for students to learn and grapple with.
- Motivation (and boredom) is a dense and complex topic. We've offered a number of ways you can explore it, or use them all over a period of time.
- There is a related Session 4 that further explores activity interests, motivation, and benefits.
- Also see Additional Possible Discussion Points at the end of this document.

# **Student Goals**

- 1. To develop a more critical understanding of how they spend their leisure time.
- 2. Begin to understand the concept of motivation as it relates to how they spend their time.
- 3. Begin to understand how motivation for an activity is associated with being bored or interested.

#### Students will Think About

- 1. What are the five types of motivation?
- 2. How does why I do an activity have an effect on how I feel about my activities and what I get out of them?

# **Subtopics**

- 1. How I spend my time and why do I do it?
- 2. Identifying types of motivation

## **Materials**

- TW teacher manual pages 19-25
- My Free Time Profile, pages 6-10 TW Journal Page
- TimeWise Journal Analysis (p. 12 Student Book)
- Completed TW Journal from previous session or 2-3 day retrospective journal done in class
- Common Motivations (Transparency 3, Teacher Manual)
- Motivation scenarios (Master 2, Teacher Manual)
- Also see Additional Possible Discussion Points at the end of this document

## **Activities**

- 1. TimeWise Journal Analysis (p.12 Student Book)
- 2. Identify the Motivation (using scenarios)

# TimeWise Journal

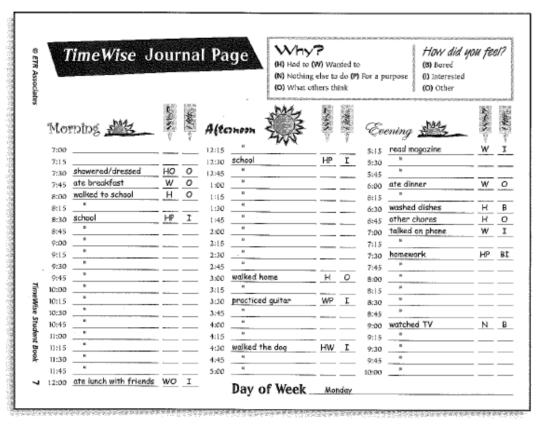
**Directions:** Complete one journal page each day for 4 days. Record everything you do all day long beginning Friday morning and ending Monday night. You don't have to write on every line. If an activity takes longer than 15 minutes, block off how much time it took. (See the Sample below.)

In the "Why" column write the letter that best matches why you did each activity.

- H (Had to)—Someone expected you to do the activity.
- W (Wanted to)-You did the activity because you wanted to.
- N (Nothing else to do)-You were only doing this activity because you had nothing else to do.
- P (For a purpose)—You wanted to do the activity to benefit your future or help meet a goal.
- O (What others think)—You wanted to do the activity for what others would think of you.

In the "I felt" column, write the letter that best matches how you were feeling while you did the activity.

- B (Bored)—You were bored with the activity.
- I (Interested)—You were interested in what you were doing.
- O (Other)—You experienced a different feeling than bored or interested.

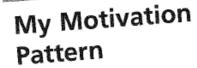


# Sample Page

# **TimeWise Journal Analysis**

Directions: Review your TimeWise Journal Pages and answer the questions.

How many times did I do things because I <i>had to?</i> How did I <i>feel</i> about those activities?	How many times did I do things because I had <i>nothing else to do?</i> How did I <i>feel</i> about those activities?
How many times did I do things because I wanted to do them?	How many times did I do things  for a purpose (to achieve a goal)?
How did I <b>feel</b> about those activities?	How did I <b>feel</b> about those activities?
	How many times did I do things because of what others might think?



How did I feel about those activities?

Create a pie chart inside the stop watch that shows how much time you spend doing things for each reason (had to, wanted to, had nothing else to do, for a purpose or because of what others might think).

The biggest piece of the pie should go to the reason that has the highest number, the next biggest piece of the pie goes to the next highest number, and so on.

12 TimeWise Student Book

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# Subtopic 1: How I Spend My Time and Why Do I Do It?

# **Example Conversation Starters**

- What is the main motivation for eating?
- What about using social media? You might have several different reasons for using social media. What are they?

Recognizing patterns in how we spend our time is helpful to understanding how we sometimes feel positive and sometimes unhappy about what we do in free time. Patterns give us some ideas of what types of changes we can make to have better, more satisfying and healthy free time.

Every person has different reasons (motivations) for doing things. We will talk about motivations in more detail in the next session because there are often multiple reasons for doing something. For now we will keep it simple and just talk about the main reason we do things.

Just like benefits, not everyone does the same activity for the same reason (or get the same benefits).

# Activity 1: Complete TimeWise Journal Analysis (page 12 in student book).

## **Discussion Questions:**

- Were you surprised at how you spend your time and why?
- What about how you felt during the activity? Were you more bored or more interested in what you were doing?
- What is the relationship between motivation and feelings in an activity?
- How do you feel about the amount of free time and leisure time you have during the day or week?
- How many times did you do something because you had to? Wanted to? Had nothing else to do?
- Think about how often you typically do something because you have to. How do you generally feel about that?

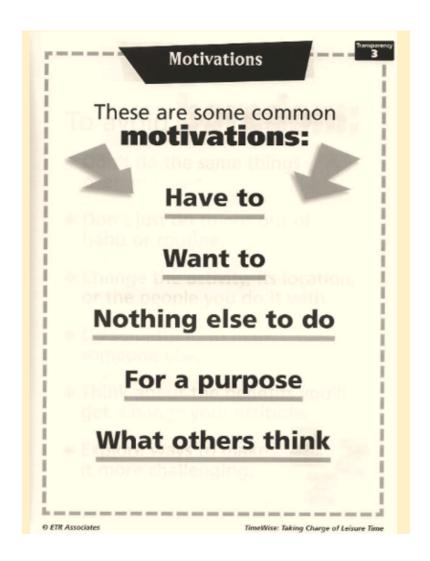
# **Subtopic 2: Identifying Types of Motivation**

# **Example Conversation Starters**

- What is the relationship between motivation and feelings in an activity?
- How about when you are the one who choses what you do? How does that affect how you feel?
- When is it a good thing when you have to do something that you didn't choose?
   How do you think the community or even your family would function if you could always do just what you wanted to?

Motivation refers to why you do what you do. Every person has different motivations for doing things and not everyone does the same activity for the same reason. Just like different people get different benefits from doing the same activity.

You've already been introduced to the five common motivations. Use a form of Transparency 3, Common Motivations.



# **Activity 2: Identifying the Motivation**

Ask for volunteers to read one of the following motivation scenarios. Ask students to identify the motivation associated with each scenario. Use the following discussion ideas to discuss each scenario

# **Motivation Scenarios** Directions: Copy and cut apart the scenarios. Distribute to students and have them read the scenario aloud and decide which type of motivation is happening. My mom said I had to clean up my room if I wanted to go to the park. My dad loves basketball, and he wants me to be the best. I practice 2 hours every day. I'm really excited about seeing the movie with my friend this weekend. This evening I set aside an hour to finish the book I'm reading. It's really good and it's hard to put it down. When I came home from school it was cold outside, so I just watched TV, even though there was nothing on. My friends and I hung out at the mall today even though we knew it would be boring. No, I can't come over today because I'm going to practice my flute for the recital on Sunday. I'm working on a painting for the art show at school. My friend challenged me to do a back flip on my roller blades. Everyone was watching—I didn't want to look like a wimp. A lot of my friends are on the football team. I don't really like sports but I want to be with my friends and be cool like the football players. TimeWise: Taking Charge of Leisure Time © FTR Associates

Let's dig a little further. [Note: The "academic or theoretical" terms are also included, more for your benefit than the students.[

Suggested talking points (see also material at the end of these bulleted points):

- Sometimes we do things because we have to do them...that is, we are told that we must. This type of motivation is called "Have To or Extrinsic Motivation." It happens when parents or coaches or teachers or other adults make you do something. If your parents made you play the drums, for example, and you really didn't want to, you would have the "I have to" type of motivation. In this case you don't get as many benefits as you could. But, sometimes, this type of motivation is important because it can get you involved in something you would have never tried, and you end up really loving it.
- Sometimes we do things completely because we want to. We can think of this
  type of motivation as "Want To or Intrinsic Motivation." You do things just for
  you. Sometimes, this also means doing things because it gives you a lot of
  pleasure to do something for someone else, or your community. You don't do it
  for any other reason except you WANT TO. You don't expect anything in return.
- This kind of motivation happens when you just don't know what to do, there is nothing else to do, and you don't really care. This type of motivation is called "Nothing Else to Do or Amotivation". This happens to us all, but if it happens too often to you, it is not very good. The "nothing else to do" motivation can lead to unhealthy things like using drugs and alcohol. It can make you very unhappy because you are just bored and miserable all the time.
- Sometimes we do things because we know they will be good for us. We <u>choose</u> to do them, but we do the activities for a purpose...not just because we love to do them. This kind of reason is called "For a Purpose or Identified Motivation." These are activities that we choose to do, and the activities lead to something. For example, when you practice for a sport, you are practicing so that you will be good in the game on Saturday or so that you will make the high school team and maybe someday get a sports scholarship. Other examples include: practicing your flute for the recital next weekend, doing your chores so that you will become more responsible, and studying for a test so that you will do well in the class.
- Sometimes we do things that makes us look good and it impresses other people. Another reason we might do something is because we want to create an image of ourselves so that people will think about us in a certain way. This type of motivation is called "What Others Will Think or Introjected Motivation". When we are motivated to look good, we don't choose the activity because we want to do it but more so because of some type of pressure. We could also be doing

something because the media (TV, radio, magazines) make it look exciting and glamorous. For example:

- We feel we <u>should</u> (sometimes my friends do what I want to, so I should do what they want to now).
- We feel <u>guilty</u> if we don't do it (my friend's or my mom's feelings would be hurt if I didn't go shopping with her).
- We think our friends won't like us if we don't do the activity (if I don't play basketball with my friends, they'll think I'm really boring).
- We want to <u>create an image</u> of ourselves so that other people think of us in a certain way (my friends will think I'm really cool if I do it).
- For What Other Will Think is a tricky kind of motivation. When do you think this
  might be a good form of motivation? [When friends, family, valued adults
  encourage us to do something that we don't think we would be good at or are
  afraid to try.]

#### **Summarize**

So far you've been analyzing how you spend your free time, what benefits you get from it, and your motivation for doing various activities. These are all complex issues and they all affect each other.

One of the main reasons of these sessions is to help you think about why you do what you do in your free time, what changes you might want to make, and think about how your motivation affects how you feel. As you learn more, you may want to start taking more responsibility for your own actions and activities.

Taking more and more responsibility for the decisions you make in your leisure time will contribute to your health and well-being, as well as help you avoid getting into risky situations. We'll discuss that more in later sessions.

# **Additional Possible Discussion Points**

• What would it be like if you always did things in your free time because you had to?

How would that feel? People value their free time because it is the time in the day when they can choose to do things they like to do, either alone or with their friends and family. However, free choice comes with responsibility. Think about what it would be like if everything you did was "for me." How do you think your friends and family would feel about you?

<u>Debriefing Points</u>: It is selfish and not responsible if you always do things only because you want to. For one thing, we live in families and have obligations to parents and siblings. And, developing and keeping friends means that you can't always do what you want to. We also have obligations to our community. So, our connections with other people mean that we have to compromise and sometimes there are some things that we have to do.

But, the more you can do things because they connect with your beliefs and values and you enjoy them, the more benefits you will get from your leisure time. These leisure activities will also help you keep up your interest so things don't get boring.

 What would it be like if you did everything because of what others would think of you?

**<u>Debriefing Points</u>**: Doing things just to please other people, like your friends, or doing things to create an image of yourself to be popular, can get you into a lot of trouble. Therefore your leisure time can become very stressful and create dilemmas for you.

The "for what others think" motivation is complicated because there can be some real problems associated with this type of motivation. If we spend a lot of time always doing what our friends want to do, we may not be taking very good care of ourselves and being honest about what we really want to do and value. Being worried about what people think can make it hard to really enjoy and get the most out of your leisure time.

Many times, young people think that they are making their own decisions and choosing to do things like smoke cigarettes, take drugs and drink alcohol. But if they would really analyze why they are doing those things, they would see that they are motivated by wanting to impress or please their friends, or become popular with another group of friends.

There are a lot of ways to spend your leisure time to please your friends and to create an image of yourself that are healthy, and we'll be talking about those next week. Remember, if we are doing things with a purpose or because we want to, we often find that we tend to be more interested in what we are doing and we get more benefits.

 Now think about what it would be like to feel "not very interested" all of the time in your leisure? How do you think people would feel?

<u>Debriefing Points</u>: Unfortunately, many people feel "disinterested" during a lot of their free and leisure time. If that is the case, we need to think seriously about our reasons and that feeling of being disinterested. The feeling of disinterest should be a signal that you are not getting the most out of your free time.

<u>Final Summary Statement</u>: Being unmotivated, feeling disinterested, or doing things to please your friends can be a pathway to making very unhealthy choices. Remember, unhealthy choices can result from how you are feeling, whether it is bored, stressed or anxious about fitting in. When we talk with students about smoking, drinking alcohol, or taking drugs, they often say they do it because they are bored or want to fit in with their friends. Always ask yourself – why am I doing this? It is a good way to check in on your motivations.