



CIPROFLOXACIN

Ciprofloxacin is an antibiotic used to treat bacterial infections.

It will not work against viral infections such as colds or flu.

Reason for antibiotic:	
Planned duration:	
My doctor's name:	
Doctor's contact details:	

How do I take ciprofloxacin?

- Ciprofloxacin works best if you take it on an empty stomach; at least one hour before food or two hours after food.
- Make sure you drink enough non-caffeinated fluids to stay hydrated while taking ciprofloxacin.

What do I need to be aware of before I take ciprofloxacin?

- Discuss any **pre-existing medical conditions** with your doctor, especially kidney or liver disease, brain disease, epilepsy, irregular heartbeats and myasthenia gravis.
- Discuss other medicines you are currently taking or plan to start taking (including herbal and over-the-counter medicines) with your doctor and/or pharmacist. This is to ensure ciprofloxacin is safe to take together with your current medicines.
- Dairy, antacids and some supplements such as iron, calcium, zinc, magnesium, or multivitamins can reduce the antibiotic activity of ciprofloxacin. Take these at a separate time, at least two hours before or after your ciprofloxacin dose.

PATIENT INFORMATION LEAFLET





- Ciprofloxacin may increase the effects of caffeine, such as headache, restlessness and insomnia; you may need to reduce your caffeine intake.
- If you have had **previous tendon damage** with this antibiotic, discuss this with your doctor before you start taking ciprofloxacin as there may be greater risk of this happening again.
- **Pregnancy:** Ciprofloxacin is not usually used in pregnancy. Discuss with your doctor if you are currently pregnant or intend to become pregnant during your antibiotic course.
- **Breastfeeding:** Ciprofloxacin is considered safe in breastfeeding. The breastfed infant should be monitored for side effects such as diarrhoea, vomiting, skin rash or thrush.

Common side effects of ciprofloxacin:

- Nausea and vomiting; usually mild and improves over a few days.
- **Diarrhoea**; usually improves over a few days. If diarrhoea occurs, avoid anti-diarrhoeal medicines such as loperamide (the active ingredient in Imodium® or Gastro-Stop®), unless advised by your doctor. See your doctor if you have frequent and watery diarrhoea.
- Your skin may be more **sensitive to the sun** so you may get sunburned more easily. Try to avoid direct sun exposure, wear protective clothing and use sunscreen while you are taking this medicine.
- Ciprofloxacin may make you feel light-headed and worsen your ability to concentrate. If you are feeling
 these symptoms, do not drive or use tools or machinery. Drinking alcohol may also worsen these effects.

Rare reactions and/or side effects of ciprofloxacin to be aware of:

- Allergic reactions such as a rash, itch, blisters or red skin spots; stop taking this medicine and see your doctor.
- Signs of a serious allergic reaction, such as difficulty breathing or swelling of the face, eyes or lips; call for an ambulance immediately OR present to the accident and emergency department at your nearest hospital immediately.
- Pain or swelling around tendons or joints; if this occurs, stop taking this medicine and see your doctor. If you get any of these symptoms, do not exercise as this may cause further damage.
- **Numbness, tingling, pain or weakness in hands or feet**; if this occurs, stop taking this medicine and see your doctor. This is more likely with high dose or long treatment courses.