

# Virtual EAV

Many options are available for health practitioners who use the Zyto LSA Pro software and hand cradle to evaluate stress reactions in their clients. For specific organ evaluation, the EAV points in the Zyto library can be very valuable. Many health practitioners have used or experienced ElectroAcupuncture According to Voll (EAV) point testing, as many types of instruments are available to measure energetic stress at EAV points. Yet when using the Zyto hand cradle we do not have to know the specific location of each EAV point. Plus, the ability to get information about stress reactions at many specific EAV points is very simple and quick. This document is created to use as a reference for the many EAV points that are markers of specific organ systems.

We will discuss a little about ElectroAcupuncture According to Voll point testing locations. When using the Zyto hand cradle, since we do not have to find EAV point locations on the hands or feet, we are calling the stress measurement of EAV points in specific collections - Virtual EAV.

## **The Electro-Dermal Screening Test**

According to traditional Chinese medicine, energy, called chi, is generated in internal organs and circulates throughout the body, forming paths near the surface of the skin called meridians. Acupuncture points are points on the skin related to these meridians, where the circulation of chi can be manipulated.

By stimulating an acupuncture point on the skin through pressure, or needle insertion, the circulation of chi is affected, which in turn affects related internal organs. But this is not the only way to take advantage of the meridian system. The meridian energy flow also carries with it information about internal organs that can be used in evaluating health levels. This is the basis of the electro-dermal screening test that measures electrical resistance at acupuncture points and meridians. At this skin conductance measurement points, it is possible to analyze the bio-energy and bio-information produced by internal organs and systems.

ElectroAcupuncture According to Voll (EAV) is the basic acupuncture theory used during electro-dermal screening testing. Dr. Reinhold Voll, a German physician, developed an electrical device that could measure the conductivity at acupuncture points. These EAV points have a different electrical conductivity that can be measured, and each of these points correspond to specific organs and organ systems of the body. These meridians begin and end on the hands and feet, and so control meridian points (CMP) are measured at points near the first joint of the fingers and toes. Additional “meridians” are used in EAV testing – nerve degeneration meridian, lymph meridian, organ degeneration meridian – that were essentially created by Dr. Voll and tested by his students to make sure they were relevant.

Dr. Voll’s device had a meter that went from 0 to 100, and by recording readings he found that the balanced reading was at 50. If the readings were higher than 55 then there was too much energy along that meridian. If the reading was less than 45 it was related to a weakening of energy. Also Dr Voll realized that these energy readings would change according to the client’s mental thoughts, their current emotions, the foods they ate, and nutritional supplements they used.

The conductance reading at the EAV points is called galvanic skin resistance (GSR). We all have a internal resonance frequency that can be measured, and by measuring GSR at the EAV points we are essentially reading the corresponding energetic relationships to organ system imbalances. By measuring and recording the readings at each point on the hands and feet we can find areas of excess energy and weakened energy in the organ systems. Then by introducing a homeopathic remedy or nutritional supplement into the same electrical pathway, or circuit, the readings change according to the effect the remedy or supplement has on the energetic field.

Control measurement EAV points are located near the joints on the fingers and toes. Additional points are located along the corresponding meridian. Each point is numbered and corresponds to a specific part of the anatomy. By touching the correct point, at the correct angle, with a similar pressure at each point, we can get a reading for the GSR. To do an effective EAV point testing, about 40 to 50 points need to be tested and then each point needs to be measured again with the remedy or supplement being recommended. The remedy or supplement that best balances each reading toward a reading of 50 on the dial indicates that the supplement is will reduce the stress pattern that is showing up. Remedy testing can be done using supplements on a plate that is in "circuit" with the client, so that the energetic frequency of the supplement is affecting the energetic level of stress. Computerized EAV devices can also store the remedies and supplements as energetic signatures in their software programs.

Point EAV testing can be time consuming. It takes about 10 to 15 minutes to measure the baseline of each EAV point on the hands and feet. Additional time is needed for any environmental testing, and then the remedy testing which usually takes the most time.

Some seasoned EAV practitioners like to measure the actual skin conductance at the EAV points and do not trust the reaction of virtual EAV point testing. Yet they will use the concepts of virtual testing to measure remedy and environmental responses. Virtual testing involves using energetic signatures created from supplements and remedies that are stored in the computer. Virtual testing also uses nosode testing of environmental substances such as bacteria, viruses, fungi, allergens, and parasites stored as energetic signatures based on the written word.

This concept of the word on the screen having energetic meaning has been tested and proven in thousands of case histories. It is also known as the "Holo-Linguistic Effect", "Holo", meaning dimensionality and Linguistic meaning language or words. This virtual testing is accurate due to the intention and intuition of the practitioner. EAV testing depends on the developed skills, abilities, intuition, intent and focus of the practitioner whether they are doing point testing or virtual testing. If a practitioner's overall skills are questionable, the results can be distorted. But, if the practitioner's ability and intent is clear and clean, then virtual nosode or EAV point testing can be very effective. The computer software is used to organize, display and sort through thousands of energetic reactions in a very efficient manner. A practitioner then measures the response of the client to hundreds of different remedy options and can sort down to a few beneficial remedies in a short period of time by doing linear or binary testing.

We will often find that a remedy that balances one point will balance others as well. It would be optimal to find one remedy that would adequately balance all unbalanced points. Unlike classical

homeopathy which emphasizes single remedy treatments however, it is common practice in EAV testing and treatment to combine various homeopathic preparations. Nonetheless, the goal should be to prescribe as few remedies for the patient as possible.

Virtual EAV testing involves taking a reading of the Control Measurement Points (CMP) and locating the main areas of organ stress. This is done using the EAV Control Measurement Points in the Zyto Library, or using the more extensive collection listed in this document, called EAV CMP's Plus. This collection includes additional EAV points that relate to common organ, metabolic, circulatory, and hormonal issues.

When doing an overall evaluation of the EAV CMP's Plus Points certain energetic relationships can be assessed. When the dR (deviation ratio) is high for these points, it indicates higher stress responses. Then additional EAV point collections are tested to determine where the highest level of stress is occurring. This helps to focus the balancing in the areas that most benefits the client.

Either positive or negative dR values are stressed areas. So both the higher negative and higher positive reading are important. When the dR is a high negative value, it often indicates that that organ or organ system needs support or needs to be strengthened. When the dR has a high positive value then that organ system is stimulated or inflamed.

Also readings can be compared between office visits, and when the organ system reading is consistently high positive or high negative then it can indicate a chronic pattern. So for example, if the Liver point LV-1\* is consistently a high negative dR compared to the other values in the collection, the liver is chronically weak. If the reading is always a high positive dR then the liver is chronically inflamed or overstimulated.

When the dR reading is shifting from a high negative to a high positive then there is energetic stress, but the body is more in an acute state that is changing. When doing the EAV CMP's Plus collection and graphing the readings in an Excel graph we can easily see these chronic or acute state when comparing stress readings between office visits.

The following Virtual EAV Collections were compiled by Jane Oelke, ND, PhD, for use by Zyto LSA Pro practitioners. These collections are discussed and used during webinar training sessions as examples of how to effectively received meaningful data during testing. She received her information from the Zyto library descriptions and the O.I.C.S Voll Electroacupuncture Desk Reference Manual, produced by the Occidental Institute Research Foundation, 1980.

## **EAV CMP's Plus Control Measurement Points Collection**

### **AL-1 – Food Sensitivities**

In addition to food sensitivities look for intestinal allergies, heavy metals, insect reactions.

**AL-1b\*** - Allergic Control Measurement Point - Allergy/Vascular Degeneration Vessel Disorders: Allergic reactions to antibiotics, chemicals, parasites, and fungi.

**AL-2 – Inhalant Allergy – pollen, mold, animal hair, dust**

**CI-7 – Coronary Vessels – coronary vessel sclerosis**

**CI-8 – Venous Circulation – varicose veins, edema, cold hands and feet, hemorrhoids**

**CI-8d\*** - Arterial, Venous, and Lymphatic Vascular System Control Measurement Point - Circulation Meridian CMP – Cardiac pain, circulatory problems, dizziness, headaches, loss of memory, tinnitus, edema of leg, angina, shortness of breath on exertion, psychological or emotional problems, stiffness in arm muscles, swelling in the axilla, insomnia, and menstrual problems, arteriosclerosis, hypertension

**CI-9 – Arterial Circulation – inflammation, high LDL cholesterol, hypertension**

### **FA-1b\* - Fatty Degeneration Control Measurement Point**

Check for toxins in the fatty tissue, cholesterol levels and lipid metabolism. Also look for scar tissue, muscle strain, and tissue growth. alopecia, fatty liver, fatty heart, hypertension, coronary thrombosis.

**FI-1b\*** - Fibroid Degeneration of the Entire Body. This includes benign fibroid tumors, adenomas, angiomas, fibromas. Specifically for uterine fibromas.

**FI-1c\*** - Fibroid Degeneration of the Mucous Membranes and Connective Tissues – muscle, ligament or tendon pain

### **GB-43b\* - Biliary Ducts and Gall Bladder Control Measurement Point**

Look for stasis of bile, improper diet and digestion, nutrition and mineral deficiency, high protein and high fat diet, chemical sensitivities, gall bladder congestion seen as headache, back pain, right shoulder pain, nausea after eating greasy food, knee pain, inability to digest fat, and inability to lose weight.

Symptoms: Headaches, abnormalities of the eyes, deafness and tinnitus, frequent sighing, pain along temples or at base of skull, all problems of the ears, facial paralysis, nausea and vomiting

Illnesses: Rheumatoid arthritis, chronic tonsillitis, gallstones, bacterial infections, irregular composition of bile flow – thick mucus = too much bile, thin mucus = too little bile salts.

### **GV-23-1\* - Cerebrum Voll Governor Vessel**

**GV-23-1a\*** - Organ degeneration of the entire body (Cyclops eye measurement point)

**GV-23-2\* - Limbic System. Governor Vessel**

Disorders: Headache, psychiatric diseases, mental / emotional stress, survival issues

The Limbic System governs the hypothalamus, endocrine glands, and the autonomic nervous (psychic) regulatory system. Look for mental / emotional issues that are affecting the nervous system.

**HE-8c\*** - Heart Control Measurement Point – anxiety, palpitations, heart disease, neuralgia along the course of the meridian, cardiac insufficiencies, chest heaviness and pain, hysteria, insomnia, depression and headache. Illnesses: vascular sclerosis, arrhythmias, hypertension, arteriosclerosis, edema, epistaxis, gingivitis, leg ulcers, hypotension, phlebitis, stroke, varicose veins.

**JO-1b\*** - All Joints Including the Spine Control Measurement Point Look at chemicals and parasites.

Disorders: Rheumatism and arthritis, all cartilage problems, inflammation

**KI-1-3\*** - Kidney and Ureter Control Measurement Point

Kidneys excrete waste products from cell metabolism, maintain homeostasis, balance acid/base levels, maintain fluid balances, and regulate blood pressure. Symptoms: general tiredness, loss of willingness to concentrate, problems with the bony structure of the body, flatulence, insomnia, impotency, sterility, coldness in the hips and legs, uterine prolapse or congestion, low back pain, dysuria, pyuria, hematuria, and oliguria. With high stress values, suspect an excessive protein intake.

**LI-1b\*** - Large Intestine Control Measurement Point – imbalance from improper protein metabolism in stomach due to insufficient HCl. Imbalance from pancreatic insufficiency due to poor protein, carbohydrate, and fat digestion. Imbalance of pH in large intestine from digestion, drugs, antibiotics all allowing abnormal bacteria to grow (candida from long term toxicity and cell derangement). constipation, colitis, and Crohn's disease. Test diet, digestion, chemicals, dental, parasites, and amoebas. Symptoms: constipation, diarrhea, tender abdomen, toothache, problems with the mouth and nose, backache, sciatica, shoulder and arm pain and stiffness. Notes: compare readings in food sensitivities, pancreatic points, and gall bladder and liver points.

**LU-10c\*** - Lung Control Measurement Point – Environmental Pollutants from smog, auto exhaust, smoke, allergies, fungus, molds, insecticides, pesticides, perfumes

Symptoms: cough, congestion, congestion of the throat and lungs, inflammation of tonsils and pharynx, wheezing, shallow breathing, excessive phlegm, stiff and painful shoulder muscles.

Disorders: emphysema, asthma, bronchitis, Chronic cough, pneumonia

**LV-1a\*** - Liver Control Measurement Point

Look at metabolism, elimination of wastes and toxins, imbalance in protein metabolism from HCL or pancreatic insufficiency. Symptoms: eye diseases, depression, chronic anger, menstrual abnormalities, allergies, circulatory problems, hernias, hemorrhoids, insomnia, anxieties, indigestion, edema, adipose tissue around the abdomen. pain along the meridian. Illnesses: cold extremities, mononucleosis, cirrhosis, hepatitis, anemia, emaciation, kidney dysfunction, flabby flesh, leg weakness, knee pain, heel pain.

**LY-1** – Palatine Tonsil Drainage – Level of toxins to be eliminated from lymph nodes in head

**LY-1-1** – Ear Drainage – tinnitus, inner ear congestion

**LY-1-2\*** - Lymph CMP – Sensitivities to environmental pollutants, chemicals, dental products, viruses, bacteria. Immune system of head and throat. Illnesses – Tonsillitis, tinnitus, otitis media, arthritis, teeth problems, dry cough, heart pains, colds, flu, ear ache, infections (viral and bacterial), mastitis.

**LY-1a** – Tubal Tonsils – rheumatoid arthritis, outer ear congestion

**LY-2** – Teeth and Jaws – TMJ, dental problems including gingivitis, periodontal disease

**LY-2a** – Eye Drainage – allergies, macular degeneration

**LY-3** – Nose / Sinus Drainage – lymph stagnation

**NE-1** – Lumbar / Sacrum Nerves – low back pain, spinal arthritis, viral infections, Parkinson's, ALS

**NE-1b\*** - Entire Peripheral and Central Nervous System Control Measurement Point

Symptoms – depression, anxiety, fatigue, headaches, muscle strains, psychiatric disorders, disorientation, memory disorders, trigeminal neuralgia, tetanus.

Disorders: Epilepsy, Multiple Sclerosis, Hypertension

In order to completely balance the Nervous System, the small intestine itself must be balanced simultaneously. Also pay particular attention to the wisdom teeth.

**NE-2** – Cervical / Thoracic Nerves – neck pain, coxsackie virus

**NE-3a\*** - Parasympathetic Ganglia Nerval Degeneration Vessel – look for teeth problems

**NE-4\***- Cranial Nerves Degeneration Vessel: Disorders: Trigeminal Neuralgia

**OR-1b\*** - Organic Degeneration in the Entire Body Control Measurement Point- Metabolism Related to Immune System Function

Comments: This point will be stressed with chronic disease of any system related to metabolism issues.

Disorders: Adhesions, cancer or other immune weakness related to metabolism.

**PA-1bR** – Protein Metabolism – look for viral, bacteria, parasites, or other underlying inflammation

**PA-1aR\***- Pancreas Control Measurement Point (R side only)

Look at protein, carbohydrate, and fat metabolism, enzyme deficiencies, allergies, parasites, cholesterol. Hypofunction: hypoglycemia, irritability, dizziness, hunger, mood swings, anger, lack of concentration, chest pain, fatigue. Hyperfunction: diabetes, extreme thirst, obesity, infections

**PA-3R** – Carbohydrate Metabolism – carbohydrate enzymes, blood sugar, balance

**PA-4R** – Lipid (Fat) Metabolism – cholesterol levels, compare with Fatty Tissue Point, and Gall Bladder point.

**SK-1-3\*** - Skin and Scars of the Skin Control Measurement Point

Disorders: rashes, skin fungus, psoriasis, eczema, warts, boils, acne, dermatitis, surgical scars.

**SM-1bL\*** - Small Intestine Control Measurement Point – Upper Small Intestine: HCl or pepsin deficiency from parietal cells of the stomach. Deficiency causes ineffective digestion of proteins. Look for candida, and vitamin and mineral deficiencies. The LEFT point corresponds to the ascending part of the duodenum, jejunum, and left portion of the Ileum.

Symptoms: gas, belching, bloating, indigestion, foul breath, diarrhea, constipation, spastic colon, pain in the arms and shoulders, deafness, tonsillitis, neck stiffness, cough, bronchitis, and eye problems.

Illnesses: Vertigo, headaches, epilepsy, backache, tinnitus, hypertension.

**SM-1bR\*** - Small Intestine Control Measurement Point – Lower Small Intestine

The RIGHT point corresponds to the superior descending, and horizontal parts of the duodenum; and the terminal portion of the Ileum. Disorders: epilepsy, backache, tinnitus, vertigo.

**SP-1aL\*** - Spleen Control Measurement Point (L side only)

Look at mercury toxicity, insecticides, pesticides, heavy metals, chemicals, viruses, fungus, and bacteria. Disorders: infections, mononucleosis, leukemia, diminished immune response due to antibiotic abuse, or faulty detoxification, lymphatic imbalance, polycythemia.

**ST-44b\*** - Stomach Control Measurement Point – Imbalances come linked to diet and mineral imbalances. Look for other digestion imbalances, food sensitivities, candida, viruses.

Symptoms: vomiting, abdominal distention, excess hunger, indigestion, heartburn, neuralgia of shoulders, neck, and teeth, maxillary sinus issues, yawning, eye problems.

Illnesses: digestive disorders, reflux esophagitis, allergies, eye disorders, mammary disorders, fatigue.

Check for iron deficiency due to hypochlorhydria. Excessive appetite can be linked to imbalances in pancreas, or hypothalamus.

**TW-1** – Adrenals – stress, inflammations, allergies, blood sugar metabolism. First point to get imbalanced from stress or improper nutrition. Check also for viruses, chemicals, and mineral deficiency.

**TW-1b\*** - Endocrine Glands Control Measurement Point -Triple-Warmer Meridian – look for hormonal imbalances, viruses, and bacteria.

**TW-1d** – Mammary Gland – compare to lymph points, and Fibroid Organ points. Relates to ovaries.

**TW-2** – Thyroid, Parathyroid, Thymus – look at metabolism issues, iodine deficiency, parasites, mercury, and chlorine sensitivity.

Hypothyroid symptoms – weight gain, low temperature, mental dullness.

Hyperthyroid symptoms – weight loss, tachycardia, palpitation, sweating.

**TW-3** – Pituitary, Pineal Gland – look at mercury sensitivity and other chemicals

High pituitary – headache, impaired vision, excessive hair growth, In children – growth spurt

Low pituitary – obesity, sluggish mental acuity

**UB-2a\*** - Brain Stem - Urinary Bladder Meridian, headaches, stroke potential

**UB-65** – Prostate / Uterus – compare to triple warmer values, hormones, mineral deficiency

**UB-66b\*** - Urinary Bladder Control Measurement Point, headaches, neck and back stiffness

Symptoms: sciatica, lumbago, muscular cramps in legs, neck and back pain, headaches, hemorrhoids, cystitis, dysuria, constipation, convulsions, neuralgia along the meridian, vertigo and deafness.

Illnesses: inflamed bladder, backaches, cystitis, prostates, and endometriosis.

When reading the values of these common EAV points, look at the organ system that has the high negative and/or positive values. This helps you realize the most stressed area – circulation, digestion, lymph, nervous system, or endocrine system.

The rest of the listed EAV Collections and/or EAV Points are used to measure more specific stress reactions. One of the best ways to use these collections is to notice which organ system has the highest average stress reaction on the EAV CMPs Plus Collection. This is a great indication of the organ system that needs to be focused on when choosing supplements or remedies. And compare the EAV CMPs Plus reaction to the client's symptoms.

Then test a variety of the following EAV collections to see which collection has the highest average dR, or has a very high dR reaction on a specific point. Also look at high dRs that relate to the same organ in a variety of collections. All of this information can also help determine which type of remedies may balance the stress responses. For example, if the stomach points are the most stressed in the EAV Digestion Collection and the points that are the most stressed in the Parasympathetic Nervous system also relate to the stomach, then it is a great indication that there is an energetic stress in the stomach meridian, even without specific stomach symptoms.

### **EAV Digestion Points**

#### **Salivary Glands**

ST-3 - Parotid Gland – hypersalivation

ST-8a - Submandibular Salivary Gland – hypersalivation

ST 3-3- Sublingual Salivary Gland – hypersalivation

CV 23b - Sublingual Salivary Gland –hypersalivation

#### **Esophagus**

ST-13 – Esophagus - Upper Portion –asthma, cough, fullness in chest

ST-42 – Esophagus - Upper Portion –facial paralysis, muscular atrophy, redness and swelling feet

ST-14 – Esophagus - Lower Portion –fullness and pain in chest, cough

ST-42a – Esophagus - Lower Portion –reflux esophagitis

#### **Stomach**

ST-44b\* - Stomach CMP

ST-43 - Cardia and Corpus of the Stomach

ST-43a (L&R) - Gastric Tract - look for sensitivity to fatty substances, fast movement of undigested proteins causing belching

ST-44 - Fundus (L) and Pyloric Antrum (R)

ST-45 (L & R) - Corpus and Pylorus/Pyloric Canal – gastric degeneration – gas from maldigestion, belching



### Small Intestine

SM-1 – Ileum - (L) ileo-cecal valve – Crohn’s disease, irritable bowel, diarrhea (R) - Terminal portion of ileum

SM-1bL\* - Small Intestine CMP – upper small intestine

SM-1bR\* - Small Intestine CMP – lower small intestine

SM-2 – Horizontal Part of the Duodenum (R) and Jejunum (L), look at pancreas points

SM-3 - Descending Part of the Duodenum (R) and Duodenojejunal Flexure (L) - check GB points

SM-4 – Superior (R) and Ascending Parts of the Duodenum (L) –ascending portion of duodenum produces serotonin, too much serotonin can cause stomach pains, hypertension, and headaches

### Large Intestine

KI-4a – Anal Sphincter –difficult bowel movements, incontinence, rectal prolapse

KI-5 – Anal Canal –hemorrhoids, rectal prolapse

KI-6 – Rectum –look for swollen ankles, irregular menstruation, uterine prolapse, sore throat, insomnia, and numbness in fingers

LI -1b\* - Large Intestine CMP

LI-1 – Transverse Colon (R) and Sigmoid (L) –toothache, sore throat, swelling of submandibular region

LI-2 – Descending Colon and Hepatic Flexure (L&R) –look for eye problems

LI-3 - Ascending Colon and Splenic Flexure (L&R) –may disturb heart with kinks in splenic flexure

LI-4 - Cecum (R) and Transverse Colon (L)

LI-4a – Appendix and Ileocecal Lymph Nodes (L&R) – tennis elbow, eye floaters, low back pain

### Pancreas

PA-1 - Protein Metabolism

PA-1aR\* - Pancreas CMP

PA-2 – Nucleoprotein Metabolism –arthritis, gout, look at kidneys

PA-3 - Carbohydrate Metabolism –

PA-4 - Lipid Metabolism –

TW –1c – (L&R) Insulin Function of the Pancreas

### Liver

LV-1 - Central Venous System of the Liver –toothache, sore throat with swelling, numbness in fingers

LV-1a\* - Liver CMP

LV-2 - Liver Cell and Lobular System – Fungal Point – blurring of vision, epistaxis, sore throat, febrile disease

LV-2a - Interlobular Ducts of the Liver

LV-3 - Perivascular System of the Liver –ophthalmia, toothache, sore throat, redness and swelling of fingers

### Gall Bladder

GB-43b\* - Gall Bladder CMP

GB-44 - Common Hepatic and Bile Ducts – Bile Duct Secretion

GB-43 - Right Hepatic (L) and Cystic Ducts (R)

GB-42 (L&R) - Gall Bladder and Left Hepatic Duct

GB-41 (L&R) - Biliary Duct

### **EAV Heart and Circulation Points**

CI-1 – Alarm point for circulation meridian  
CI-7 – Coronary Vessels  
CI-7a – Coronary plexus  
CI-8 – Venous Functions – cold hands or feet, varicose veins  
CI-8a – Thoracic duct, maldigestion  
CI-8b – Cisterna chili  
CI-8c – Abdominal Aorta  
CI-8d\* – Arterial and Venous, and Lymphatic Vascular System, Circulation CMP, Aortic Arch and Thoracic Aorta  
CI-8eL – Thoracic aortic plexus  
CI-8eR – Ascending aorta – irregular heartbeat  
CI-9 – Arterial Functions – inflammation point  
HE-6 – Myocardium – heart attack point, point is out of balance with colon toxicity, gall bladder insufficiency, and tonsil infections. Ask about cardiac pain and night sweating.  
HE-6aL – Sino-articular bundle  
HE-6aR – Sino-auricular node (pacemaker)  
HE-7 – Heart Conduction System, Atrioventricular Bundle – arrhythmia, cardiac pain, mental disorders, epilepsy, poor memory, insomnia, pain in hypogastric region.  
HE-7aL – left branch bundle  
HE-7aR – Atrioventricular node  
HE-8a – Pericardium, coxsackie virus, weakness from influenza  
HE-8b – Endocardium  
HE-8c\* - Heart CMP (Control Measurement Point)  
HE-8e – Cardiac plexus, irregular heartbeat  
HE-8f – Subendocardial lymph vessel point  
HE-8L – Mitral valve – look for strep sensitivity  
HE-8R – Tricuspid valve  
HE-9 – Aortic and Pulmonary valve  
LI- 5 – Lymph vessels of heart  
LU-7 – Arteries of the Upper Extremities  
LU-8 – Veins of the Upper Extremities  
LV-7 – Veins of the Lower Extremities  
SP-10 – Veins of the Pelvis  
ST-12 – Common Carotid Artery and Carotid Sinus  
ST-32 – Arteries of the Lower Extremities  
ST-33 – Veins of the Abdomen

### **EAV Endocrine Collection**

GB-12 – Posterior Pituitary Lobe  
GB-21 – Anterior Pituitary Lobe  
LV-11 – Gonads – Ovaries and Testes  
LY-11 – Lymph vessel for upper back – lymph vessel for pituitary, thyroid, parathyroid, thymus and gonads.  
LY-14 – Lymph vessel for pelvic area – lymph vessel for pineal and adrenals.  
SM-15 – Anterior Pituitary Lobe

SP-11 – Gonads – Ovaries and Testes – ovarian cysts? Also look at mammary gland  
 ST-10 – Thyroid  
 ST-11 – Thymus  
 ST-17 – Mammary Gland  
 ST-31 – Gonads – Ovaries and Testes  
 ST-41a – Mammary Gland  
 ST-9 – Parathyroid – insufficient mineral metabolism – especially magnesium  
 TW-1 – Adrenals and Gonads (ovaries) – watch for hypoglycemia, or prostatitis  
 TW-16 – Anterior Pituitary Lobe – swelling in side of neck?  
 TW-1b\* - Triple Warmer (Endocrine) CMP – watch for rheumatic complaints  
 TW-1cL – Tail of Pancreas – insulin and carbohydrate metabolism  
 TW-1cR – Internal part of Pancreas – insulin and glucagon  
 TW-1d – Mammary Glands - also check ovaries and FI-1b\* (fibroid organ)  
 TW-2 – Thyroid, Parathyroid, and Thymus Glands – calcium-phosphate metabolism  
 TW-20 – Hypothalamus  
 TW-3 – Pituitary and Pineal Glands  
 UB-22 – Adrenal - hypoglycemia  
 UB-65 – Prostate / Uterus  
 UB-8 – Pineal gland

### **EAV Joint and Muscle Points**

CI-2 – Internal portions of the shoulder joints  
 CI-3 – Radioulnar joint  
 GB-29 – Hip joint  
 GB-33 – Joints of the lower extremities  
 GB-34 – Muscles of the lower extremities  
 GB-39a – Lower portion of the talocrural joints  
 JO-1 – Joints of pelvic girdle (lower extremity)  
 JO-1-1 – Toxic irritation of the joints  
 JO-1a – Allergic irritation of the joints  
 JO-1b\* - Spine CMP – rheumatism, arthritis?  
 JO-1c – Synovial membranes for all joints  
 JO-2 – Joints of the shoulder girdle  
 JO-3 – Joints of atlas, axis and jaw (TMJ)  
 LI-11 – Humeroulnar joint (elbow)  
 LI-15 – Shoulder joint  
 LI-5 – Radial portion of the wrist joint  
 LV-4 – Talocalcaneonavicular joint (heel)  
 LV-8 – Medial portion of the knee joint  
 SM-10 – Posterior portion of the shoulder joint  
 SM-5 – Ulnar portion of the wrist joint  
 SM-6 – Cervical spine  
 SM-8 – Humeroulnar joint  
 SM-9 – Muscles of the upper extremities  
 SP-11a – Hip joint  
 SP-5 – Medial port of the talocrural joint (ankle)

ST-2 – Inferior part of the mandibular joint (jaw)  
 ST-30 – Hip joint  
 ST-35 – Lateral portion of the knee joint  
 ST-41 – Lateral portion of the talocrural joint  
 TW-14 – Acromioclavicular joint (AC shoulder joint)  
 TW-15 – Joints of the upper extremities  
 TW-23 – Superior part of the mandibular joint  
 TW-4 – Distal hand joint  
 UB-11 – Vertebral spine  
 UB-27 – Sacroiliac joint – low back pain  
 UB-29 – Thoracic spine  
 UB-54 – Posterior portion the knee joint  
 UB-61 – Lumbar spine  
 UB-62 – Posterior segment of the talocalcaneonavicular joint

### **EAV Nervous System Points**

#### **EAV Brain Points**

GB-10 – Red Nucleus  
 GB-11 – Center of the Sleep and Waking Rhythm, headache, neck pain, tinnitus, earache, jet lag  
 GB-14 – Lateral and Medial Geniculate Bodies  
 GB-16 – Sleep Center for the Depth of Sleep, headache, blurring vision, red and painful eyes  
 GB-17- Reticular Formation, one sided headache, blurring of vision  
 GB-18 – Brachium of the Superior Colliculus  
 GB-18a – Brachium of the Inferior Colliculus  
 GB-19 – Cerebral Peduncles, headache, pain and stiffness of neck  
 GB-4 – Thalamus, one-sided headache and blurring of vision  
 GB-7 – Diencephalon, pain in the temples, swelling of cheek and submandibular region, lockjaw  
 GB-8 – Tuber Cinerium, one-sided headache  
 GB-9 – Mesencephalon, headache, swelling of gums, depression  
 GV-17 – Lamina Tecti S. Copora Quadrigemina, depressive psychosis  
 GV-19 – Cerebellum (Anterior Lobe)  
 GV-19a – Cerebellum (Posterior Lobe)  
 GV-19b – Archicerebellum, internal ear  
 GV-21 – Amygdaloid Nucleus, disorders of “fight or flight” mechanism  
 GV-22 – Cingulate Gyrus  
 GV-23 – Hippocampus, forehead pain, short-sightedness, nasal polyps, purulent rhinitis, face red and swollen, face feels cold without perspiration, chronic nosebleed, congestion of the face  
 GV-23-1\* - Cerebrum  
 GV-23-2\* - Limbic System  
 TW-20 – Hypothalamus, point used in EAV to determine if recommended therapy works  
 UB-10 – Medulla Oblongata, hypertension, headache, neck stiffness, shoulder and back pain  
 UB-2a\* – Brain Stem, headache, stroke  
 UB-8a – Superior Colliculus, pineal gland  
 UB-8b – Inferior Colliculus  
 UB-9 – Pons, trigeminal neuralgia, hypertension, headache, ophthalmalgia

### EAV Cranial Nerves

NE-4\* – Cranial nerves

UB-2-1 – Olfactory nerve -I

GB-1-1 – Optic nerve –II

ORB-3 – Oculomotor nerve –III

ORB-1 – Trochlear nerve –IV

GB-3 – Trigeminal nerve –V

ORB-2 – Abducent nerve – VI

TW-16a-1 – Facial nerve – VII

SM-18 – Vestibulocochlear nerve – VIII

TW-22 – Glossopharyngeal nerve – IX

ST-10a – Vagus nerve - X

UB-10a-1 – Accessory nerve -XI

ST-5a – Hypoglossal nerve – XII

### EAV Parasympathetic Nervous System Points

GB-10a – Preganglion Fibers in the Midbrain

GB-11b – Nuclei of the Vagus Nerve in the Medulla Oblongata

GB-1a – Ciliary Ganglion, glaucoma

KI-19 – Renal Branches of the Vagus Nerve, kidney, adrenal, abdominal pain, distention

KI-20 – Celiac Branches of the Vagus Nerve, large intestine, small intestine, spleen, pancreas

KI-21 – Hepatic Branches of the Vagus Nerve, liver, gall bladder, abdominal pain, diarrhea

NE-3a\* - Parasympathetic Cranial Ganglia

SM-16 - Cranial Part of the Vagus Nerve, deafness, tinnitus, sore throat, stiff neck

SM-18a – Otic ganglion, glaucoma, abnormal taste sensation

ST-10a – Vagus Nerve

ST-15 – Esophageal Plexus of the Vagus Nerve, fullness in chest, cough, asthma, mastitis

ST-16 – Thoracic Part of the Vagus Nerve, cough, asthma, fullness in chest

ST-18 – Pulmonary Plexus of the Vagus Nerve, bronchial, lung, cough, asthma, mastitis, chest pain, petroleum and benzene sensitivity

ST-20 – Anterior/Posterior Gastric Plexus of the Vagus Nerve, stomach, gastric pain, distention

ST-21 – Abdominal Part of the Vagus Nerve, gastric pain, vomiting, loose stool

ST-8-3 – Submandibular Ganglion

ST-8c – Cervical Part of the Vagus Nerve

ST-8d – Pharyngeal Plexus of the Vagus Nerve, larynx, sore throat

UB-32 – Splanchnic Nerves of the Pelvic Parasympathetic Nerve, petroleum, benzene sensitivity

UB-34 – Pelvic Branches of the Parasympathetic Nerve, descending colon, rectum, bladder, constipation, low back pain

UB-35 – Preganglionic Fibers of the Parasympathetic Nerve in the Sacral Marrow, impotence, hemorrhoids, diarrhea, dysentery

### EAV Peripheral Nervous System Points

NE-1a – Entire Autonomic Nervous System,

NE-1b\* - Entire Peripheral and Central Nervous System, epilepsy, MS, Meniere's, hypertension

SM-7 – Peripheral Nerves of the Upper Extremity, stiff neck, twitching of elbow, pain in fingers

UB-60 – Peripheral Nerves of the Lower Extremity, headache, stiff neck, blurred vision

### EAV Sympathetic Nervous System Points

CI-7a – Coronary Plexus of the Heart, coronary vessels  
CI-8c – Abdominal Aortic Plexus  
CI-8e – Cardiac Ganglia, irregular heartbeat  
CI-8e – Thoracic Aortic Plexus  
GB-19a – Cranial Part of the Sympathetic Nerve, hypertension due to disturbance in brain stem  
GB-20 – Sympathetic Nervous System, related to hypothalamus, headache, dizziness, stiff neck, shoulder pain, febrile diseases, red and painful eyes  
GB-43c – Hepatic Plexus, biliary ducts, liver, gall bladder, stomach, pancreas  
GV-16 – Bilateral Parts of the Sympathetic Nerve  
HE-8e – Cardiac Plexus (paired), irregular heartbeat  
KI-1-1 – Renal Plexus, hypoglycemia  
KI-1b – Suprarenal Plexus, diaphragm, adrenal glands, hypoglycemia  
KI-4 – Rectal Plexus, rectum, hemorrhoids, lower back stiffness, heel pain  
LI-1aL – Iliac Hypogastric Plexuses, arteries of lower body  
LI-1aR – Upper Hypogastric Plexuses, arteries of lower body  
LU-10d – Mediastinal Plexus, inhaled pollutants and solvents  
LU-9a – Bronchial Plexus  
SM-1a – Upper and Lower Mesenteric Plexuses, small intestine  
ST-19 – Phrenic Plexus  
ST-22R – Upper Gastric Plexus, liver, stomach  
ST-30a – Testicular or Ovarian Plexus  
ST-44c – Celiac (Solar) Plexus, insecticide sensitivities  
TW-1a – Unilateral Cervical Parts of the Sympathetic Nerve, insecticide sensitivity  
UB-10a – Upper Cervical Ganglion, thyroid, inflammation in sinuses  
UB-10b – Middle Cervical Ganglion, thyroid and teeth issues  
UB-10c – Lower Cervical Ganglion, thyroid and parathyroid  
UB-16 – Thoracic Part of the Sympathetic Nervous System, cardiac pain, abdominal pain  
UB-24 – Lumbar (Abdominal) Part of the Sympathetic Nervous System  
UB-33 – Pelvic Part of the Sympathetic Nerve, irregular menstruation, low back pain, constipation  
UB-49d – Deferential, Seminal, and Prostatic Plexuses /or Uterovaginal Plexus  
UB-50c – Cavernous Plexus of the Penis / or Clitoris  
UB-63 – Lower Hypogastric (Pelvic) Plexus, backache, weakness or pain in legs  
UB-66c – Vesicle Plexus

### EAV Points for the Genitourinary System

#### Kidney and Ureter

KI-1-3\* – CMP point for Kidney and Ureter  
KI-1 – Renal pelvis  
KI-2 – Pyelorenal boundary layer  
KI-2a – Renal medulla  
KI-3 – Renal cortex – sore throat, toothache, deafness, asthma, insomnia, impotence, and lower back pain  
KI-1a – Ureter

KI-1-1 – Renal plexis – hypoglycemia, kidney, testicles, ovaries relationship

KI-1-4 – Peritoneum of kidneys

KI-1b – Suprarenal plexus – hypoglycemia, related to adrenals

#### Urinary Bladder and Urethra

(Many urinary bladder EAV points relate to nervous system associated points and will be listed in those collections.)

UB-66b\* - Urinary Bladder and Genitourinary Organs CMP point

UB-67 – Corpus of the urinary bladder

UB-66 – Fundus, Cervix, and Sphincter of the urinary bladder

UB-52 – Anterior urethra

UB-51a – Posterior urethra

#### Male and Female Genitalia

UB-65 – Prostate, seminal vesicle, seminal hillock, penis and urethra in males, /or Uterus, broad ligament, parametrium, vagina, and urethra in females

UB-64 – Spermatic cord and epididymis in males, /or Uterine (fallopian) tube in females

UB-51 – Penis or Vagina

UB-50 – Prostate (lateral prostatic lobe) /or Uterus (corpus)

UB-50-1 – Prostate (middle prostatic lobe) /or Cervix of the Uterus

UB-50-2 – Prostatic sinus /or Vaginal portion of the uterus

UB-49c – Seminal vesicle / isthmus of the uterine tube

UB-49b – Spermatic cord /or ampulla of the uterine tube

UB-49a – Epididymis /or infundibulum of the uterine tube

UB-50a – Seminal Hillock (colliculus) /or broad ligament including the parametrium

UB-50b – Cowper's Gland /or Bartholin's Gland

#### Diaphragm of the Pelvis

SP-7 – Pelvic diaphragm – rectal and uterine prolapse, abdominal distension

SP-8 – Urogenital Diaphragm – dysuria, abdominal distension, dysentery, irregular menstruation

### **EAV Immune System Points**

#### EAV Lymph Vessel and Associated Structures

In EAV, the lymph vessel is helpful in looking for inflammatory conditions, or allergies.

Malignancies are often associated with sluggish lymphatic flow. It can be clinically shown that insufficiencies present in organs can be based on lymph disturbances.

CI-8a – Thoracic Duct

CI-8b – Cisterna

LY- 8 – Lymph Vessels of the Large Intestine and Rectum

LY-1 – Palatine Tonsil

LY-10 – Lymph Vessels of the Nodes of the Abdomen

LY-10a – Lymph Vessel for outflow of axillary lymph nodes

LY-10bL – Cervical Portion of the Thoracic Duct

LY-10bR – Right lymphatic trunk or accessory thoracic duct

LY-11 – Lymphatic drainage of the liver, gall bladder and bile ducts – Relate conditions related to bile ducts, autonomic nervous system and sinus conditions.

LY-12 – Epigastric Lymph Glands – relate conditions between spine, medulla oblongata, tonsils, with kidney, spleen, stomach and pancreas concerns.

LY-1-1 – Auricular Lymph Drainage (Ear Drainage – otitis media, tinnitus)

LY-1a – Tubal Tonsils (plugged ears, rheumatoid arthritis)  
LY-2 – Lymph Drainage of Upper and Lower Jaw (Teeth – allergies to dental material)  
LY-2a – Lymph Drainage of the Eye (macular degeneration)  
LY-3 – Nose and Sinus Drainage (compare with TW-16a –deep cervical lymph nodes)  
LY-4 – Lymph Vessel of Lungs (dry cough, asthma)  
LY-4a – Lymph Vessel of Esophagus  
LY-4b – Lymph Drainage of the Larynx  
LY-5 – Lymph Vessels of the Heart (Cardiac pains resistant to therapy)  
LY-6 – Lymph Drainage of the Chest and Upper Extremities (asthma – correlate with lung, circulation and endocrine points, also relate to lymph congestion in arm)  
LY-7 - Lymph Vessels of the Chyli of the Intestines – adhesions of the small and large intestines  
LY-8 – Lymph Vessels of the Large Intestine and Rectum  
LY-9 – Lymph Vessels of the Endocrine Glands  
LY-14 – Pelvic Lymph Glands – wandering pain  
SP-9 – Lymph Vessels of the Lower Extremities  
TW-16a – Deep cervical lymph nodes  
UB-36 - Terminal point for the lymph vessel

#### EAV Ear Points

SM-19 – External ear and external acoustic meatus  
TW-16a-2 - Mastoid cells  
TW-16b – Tympanic cavity  
TW-17 – Middle ear – Meniere's disease, plugged ears.  
TW-17a – Labyrinth - tinnitus – ear condition – treat SM  
TW-17b – Cochlear – hearing loss, tinnitus  
TW-18 – Internal ear

#### EAV Eye Points

GB-1 – Posterior Eye  
TW-21 – Anterior Eye – look at descending colon or liver, bacteria  
ORB-1 – Trochlear nerve  
ORB-2 – Abducens nerve  
ORB-3 – Oculomotor nerve  
ORB-4 – Sclera  
ORB-4a – Tear gland  
ORB-5 – Retina  
ORB-6 – Choroid  
ORB-7 – Macula  
ORB-8 – Vitreous body  
ORB-9 – Ciliary body  
ORB-10 - Iris  
ORB-11 - Cornea  
ORB-12 - Conjunctiva  
ORB-13 - Lid  
ORB-14 – Tear ducts



### Odontons (Teeth)

When testing the teeth points in the Zyto library under dental, they are often related to the energetic relationships each tooth has to a meridian. But these points can be used to find if there are specific teeth issues in the jaw.

CV-24 – Middle Lower Jaw

GV-25 – Middle Upper Jaw

LI-18a – Lower Molars

LI-19a – Upper Premolars

SM-17a – Lower Wisdom Teeth

SM-17b – Upper Wisdom Teeth

ST-3-1 – Retromolar Space of the Lower Jaw

ST-6 – Upper Molars

ST-7 – Lateral Upper Jaw

ST-8 – Lateral Lower Jaw

ST-8-1 – Lower Premolars

### Nose

GV-23a – Vault of the Nasal Cavity

LI-19 – Nasal Cavity (Lateral Portion)

LI-20 – Ethmoid Cells

ST-5 – Maxillary Sinus

UB-2 – Frontal Sinus

### Throat

CV-23a – Tongue

LI-18-1 – Eustachian (Auditory) Tube

LU-8a – Hypopharynx

ST-3-2 – Tongue

ST-3a-1 – Epipharynx

ST-3b – Pharynx

ST-8-2 – Mesopharynx

### Tonsils

CV-23c – Pharyngeal Tonsil

LI-17 – Laryngeal Tonsil

LI-18 – Tubal Tonsil

LI-18-2 – Pharyngeal Tonsil

LY-1-2 – Five tonsils of the Lymphatic Pharyngeal Ring

ST-3a – Lingual Tonsil

ST-8b- Palatine Tonsil

### Respiratory Tract

CV-17 – Bronchi

CV-19 – Trachea

CV-21 – Larynx

LU 10c\* – CMP – Lower respiratory passages

LU-10 – Bronchi  
LU-10b – Bronchioles  
LU-10a – Pleura  
LU-11 – Alveoli  
LU-8b – Larynx  
LU-9 – Trachea  
UB-17 – Diaphragm

#### Spleen

GB-39 – Bone Marrow  
KI-6a – Blood Meeting Point – post menopausal bleeding  
LV-5 – Blood Meeting Point – post menopausal bleeding  
SP-1 – White Pulp of the Spleen (disorders of the neck and thorax)  
SP-2 – White Pulp of the Spleen (disorders of the abdomen and minor pelvis)  
SP-3 – Red Pulp of the Spleen (Platelets and RBC's)  
SP-4 – Reticuloendothelial System and Splenic Reticulum  
SP-6 – Blood  
SP-1aL\* - Spleen CMP

#### Organ Degeneration Points

OR-1a – Autonomic instability for organ degeneration  
OR-1b\* – CMP - Organ degeneration of whole body – adhesions  
OR-1c – Organ degeneration of entire peritoneum  
OR-1d – Organ degeneration of entire pleura  
OR-1-1 – Lymphatic burden from cellular organ degeneration  
OR-1 – Organ degeneration of abdomen and pelvis  
OR-2 – Organ degeneration of chest and neck  
OR-3 – Organ degeneration of head  
OR-4 – Organ degeneration of abdomen and pelvis  
OR-5 – Organ degeneration of chest and neck  
OR-6 – Organ degeneration of head

#### EAV Sleep Collection

GB-10a – Parasympathetic Nerve in the Midbrain – Center for sleep and waking rhythm.  
GB-11 – Center for Sleep and Waking Rhythm, headache, earache, deafness, tinnitus  
GB-16 – Sleep Center for the Depth of Sleep, headache, blurring vision, red eyes  
TCM-GB-44 – Dream disturbed sleep  
TCM-SP-1 – Dream disturbed sleep  
TCM-ST-45 – Dream disturbed sleep  
(TCM Points are located in the Zyto library in the TCM section, and are listed in similar order to the EAV points.)

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