

Vermillion Co Soil and Water Conservation District

Fall Fish Sale 2025

Order Form



Payment MUST accompany order
Submit payment and order form to:
Vermillion Co SWCD
POB 86
Newport IN 47966

Newport, IN 47966 765-492.3705

Make Checks Payable: VCSWCD

Name	 	
Address		
City, State, Zip		
Phone:		
Email:		

FISH DELIVERY: Thursday, October 23, 2024

Vermillion Co SWCD Office, Courthouse Annex Bldg, Newport from 10AM – NOON. Fish will come pre-bagged for easier handling. Pickup reminder notices will be sent via email.

SPECIES	SIZE	PRICE	QUANTITY	SUBTOTAL
Channel Catfish	4-6 inch	.85 each		\$
		\$80/100	_	
Largemouth Bass	2-4 inch	1.55 each		\$
		\$150/100	_	
Bluegill	2-3 inch	.80 each		\$
		\$75/100		
Hybrid Bluegill	2-3 inch	.85 each		\$
		\$80/100		
Redear Sunfish	2-3 inch	.90 each		\$
		\$85/100	_	
Jumbo Bullfrog Tadpoles		.90 each		\$
		\$55/100	_	
Fathead Minnows	1-3 lbs	\$15.50/lb	lbs	\$
	4+ lbs	\$13.00/lb	Ibs	\$
Floating Fish Food	50 lb Bag	\$40.00	_	\$
riodeling rish rood	30 10 Dag	ў -10.00		Υ
Triploid Grass Carp (\$40 delivery fee)		\$17 each		\$
Black Crappie	3-4 inch	1.40 each		\$
		\$135/100	_	

Sub-Total	\$
7% Sales Tax	\$
Grass Carp Shipping	\$
Total	\$

DEADLINE TO ORDER ITEMS: Thursday, October 9 by 3 PM

LARGEMOUTH BASS

Largemouth bass are the primary predator in midwest bodies of water. They will feed on live fish and spawn every spring.

CHANNEL CATFISH

Channel catfish are classified as a scavenger. Their diet ranges from live fish to crayfish, to commercial fish food. They will rarely reproduce in small ponds, unless provided with the appropriate structures.

BLACK CRAPPIE

Black Crappie are a known predator whose dietary needs are equivalent to those of a largemouth bass. Black crappie typically do not perform exceptionally well in ponds less than 5 acres due to competition for live forage. Black crappie will spawn once a year.

TRIPLOID GRASS CARP

Triploid Grass Carp are introduced into a pond to control or eliminate vegetation growth. The diet of a grass carp consists of a variety of species of vegetation.

STANDARD RECOMMENDATIONS

600 BLUEGILL
200 LARGEMOUTH BASS
100-200 CHANNEL CATFISH
100-200 REDEAR SUNFISH
100-200 HYBRID BLUEGILL
12-18 TRIPLOID GRASS CARP
20# FATHEAD MINNOWS

REDEAR SUNFISH

Redear Sunfish thrive on a diet that consists mainly of snails, worms, and insects. The diet of a redear makes them a wonderful aid in controling or eliminating parasites within a body of water. Redear Sunfish will reach a mature size larger than that of a bluegill and will spawn once a year.

BLUEGILL

Once mature, bluegill spawn 3 times a year.

The prolific reproduction of the bluegill creates a substantial source of forage for the predator population of a body of water.

We recommend a ratio of 3 bluegill to every 1 predator fish in order to sufficiently support the nutritional needs of the predator population.

HYBRID BLUEGILL

Hybrid bluegill are the product of a female sunfish and a male bluegill. Hybrid bluegill reach a mature size larger than a straight bluegill and are known for being a more aggressive pan fish. Hybrid bluegill rarely reproduce due to the fact that roughly 80% of the population are males.

FATHEAD MINNOWS

Fathead minnows are introduced into a pond as a forage source for predators.

They rarely reach a size larger than 3" and will reproduce every 3 weeks.