

Castle Hill St Philip's CE Primary School



Administering Medication Policy

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Statement of intent

Castle Hill St Philip's CE Primary School will ensure that pupils with medical conditions receive appropriate care and support at school, in order for them to have full access to education and remain healthy. This includes the safe storage and administration of pupils' medication.

The school is committed to ensuring that parents feel confident that we will provide effective support for their child's medical condition, and make the pupil feel safe whilst at school. The school is also committed to keeping all children safe by ensuring medication is stored appropriately and administered correctly.

For the purposes of this policy, "**medication**" is defined as any prescribed or over the counter medicine, including devices such as asthma inhalers and adrenaline auto-injectors (AAIs). "**Prescription medication**" is defined as any drug or device prescribed by a doctor. "**Controlled drug**" is defined as a drug around which there are strict legal controls due to the risk of dependence or addiction, e.g. morphine.

1. Legal framework

This policy has due regard to all relevant legislation and statutory guidance including, but not limited to, the following:

- Health and Safety at Work etc. Act 1974
- Equality Act 2010
- Children and Families Act 2014
- DfE 'Supporting children and young people with medical conditions and allergy'
- DfE 'Early years foundation stage (EYFS) statutory framework'
- DfE 'Automated external defibrillators (AEDs): a guide for maintained schools and academies'

This policy operates in conjunction with the following school policies:

- Child Protection and Safeguarding Policy
- Health and Safety Policy
- Allergen and Anaphylaxis Policy
- Early Years Policy
- Supporting Pupils with Medical Conditions Policy
- First Aid Policy
- Complaints Procedures Policy

2. Roles and responsibilities

The governing body is responsible for:

- The implementation of this policy and procedures, and all corresponding procedures.
- Ensuring that this policy, as written, does not discriminate on any grounds, including the protected characteristics as defined by the Equality Act 2010.
- Ensuring that there is a sufficient number of trained staff available within the school to administer medication based upon the school's risk assessments.
- Ensuring the correct level of insurance is in place for the administration of medication.
- Ensuring that members of staff who administer medication to pupils, or help pupils self-administer, are suitably trained and have access to information needed.
- Ensuring that relevant health and social care professionals are consulted in order to guarantee that pupils taking medication are properly supported.
- Managing any complaints or concerns regarding this policy, the support provided to pupils, or the administration of medication in line with the school's Complaints Procedures Policy.

The headteacher is responsible for:

- The day-to-day implementation and management of this policy and relevant procedures.
- Ensuring that appropriate training is undertaken by staff members administering medication.
- Ensuring that staff members understand the local emergency services arrangements and that the correct information is provided for the navigation system.
- Organising another appropriately trained individual to take over the role of administering medication in case of staff absence.
- Ensuring that all necessary risk assessments are carried out regarding the administration of medication, including for school trips and external activities.

All staff are responsible for:

- Adhering to this policy and supporting pupils to do so.
- Carrying out their duties that arise from this policy fairly and consistently.

Parents are responsible for:

- Keeping the school informed about any changes to their child's health.
- Completing a **Parental Agreement for the School to Administer Medicine Form** prior to them or their child bringing any medication into school.
- Discussing medication with their child prior to requesting that a staff member administers the medication.

It is both staff members' and pupils' responsibility to understand what action to take during a medical emergency, such as raising the alarm with members of staff. This may include staff administering medication to the pupil involved.

3. Training staff

The headteacher will ensure that a sufficient number of staff are suitably trained in administering medication. All staff will undergo basic training on the administering of medication to ensure that, if exceptional circumstances arise where there is no designated administrator of medication available, pupils can still receive their medication from a trained member of staff. The headteacher will also ensure that a sufficient number of staff have been trained in administering medication in an emergency by a healthcare professional.

Where it is a necessary or vital component of their job role, staff will undertake training on administering medication in line with this policy as part of their new starter induction.

Staff will be advised not to agree to taking on the responsibility of administering medication until they have received appropriate training and can make an informed choice. The school will ensure that, as part of their training, staff members will be informed that they cannot be required to administer medication to pupils, and that this is entirely voluntary, unless the supporting of pupils with medical conditions is central to their role within the school, e.g. a school nurse.

Training will also cover the appropriate procedures and courses of action with regard to the following exceptional situations:

- The timing of the medication's administration is crucial to the health of the child

- Some technical or medical knowledge is required to administer the medication
- Intimate contact with the pupil is necessary

Staff members will be made aware that if they administer medication to a pupil, they take on a legal responsibility to do so correctly; therefore, staff will be encouraged not to administer medication in the above situations if they do not feel comfortable and confident in doing so, even if they have received training.

Training for administering AAls

The school will arrange specialist training for staff on an annual basis where a pupil in the school has been diagnosed as being at risk of anaphylaxis. Designated staff members with suitable training and confidence in their ability to use AAls will be appointed to administer this medication. As part of their training, all staff members will be made aware of:

- How to recognise the signs and symptoms of severe allergic reactions and anaphylaxis.
- Where to find AAls in the case of an emergency.
- How to respond appropriately to a request for help from another member of staff.
- How to recognise when emergency action is necessary.
- Who the designated staff members for administering AAls are.
- How to administer an AAI safely and effectively in the event that there is a delay in response from the designated staff members.
- How to make appropriate records of allergic reactions.

There will be a sufficient number of staff who are trained in and consent to administering AAls on site at all times.

4. Receiving, storing and disposing of medication

Receiving prescribed medication from parents

The parents of pupils who need medication administered at school will be sent a Parental Agreement for the School to Administer Medicine Form (Appendix A) to complete and sign; the signed consent form will be returned to the school and appropriately filed before staff can administer medication to pupils under the age of 16. A signed copy of the parental consent form will be kept with the pupil's medication, and no medication will be administered if this consent form is not present. Consent obtained from parents will be renewed annually.

In exceptional circumstances, where a medicine has been prescribed to a pupil without the knowledge of the parents, the school will work with healthcare professionals to determine appropriate action.

The school will store a reasonable quantity of medication, e.g. a maximum of four weeks' supply at any one time. Aspirin will not be administered unless the school has evidence that a doctor has prescribed it.

Parents will be advised to keep medication provided to the school in the original packaging, complete with instructions, as far as possible, particularly for liquid medications where transfer from the original bottle would result in the loss of some of the medication on the inside of the bottle. This does not apply to insulin, which can be stored in an insulin pen.

Storing pupils' medication

The school will ensure that all medications are kept appropriately, according to the product instructions, and are securely stored. Medication that may be required in emergency circumstances, e.g. asthma inhalers and AAls, will be stored in a way that allows it to be readily accessible to pupils who may need it and can self-administer, and staff members who will need to administer them in emergency situations. All other medication will be stored in a place inaccessible to pupils, e.g. a locked cupboard in the school office, or staffroom fridge.

The school will ensure that pupils know where their emergency medication is at all times and are able to access them immediately.

Medication will:

- Be stored safely and in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions.
- Always be readily available if it may be needed in an emergency (eg inhalers and AAls) and such emergency medication will never be locked away. Such medicines will be stored in a location that is known to pupils at all times and is immediately accessible, including when outside the premises.
- Be carried by pupils for self-administration if deemed suitable by a healthcare professional or required due to their condition.
- Not be kept in a first aid container.

Disposing of pupils' medication

The school will not store surplus or out-of-date medication. Where medication and/or its containers need to be returned to the pupils' doctor or pharmacist, parents will be asked to collect these for this purpose.

Needles and other sharps will be disposed of safely and securely, e.g. using a sharps disposal box.

The school will ensure that medicines are disposed of in accordance with relevant waste and environmental legislation. Medicines will be separated from general waste and disposed of via appropriate routes:

- Non-prescription medicines may be returned to a pharmacy.
- Prescription medicines will be disposed of via licensed waste facilities.
- Controlled drugs will be rendered irretrievable before disposal.

Medicines awaiting disposal will be stored securely.

The school will comply with relevant legislation including the Environmental Protection Act 1990, Controlled Waste Regulations 2012, and Hazardous Waste Regulations 2005.

The school will ensure it is registered as a lower-tier waste carrier where required to support the safe disposal of pharmaceutical waste.

5. Administering medication

Medication will only be administered at school if it would be detrimental to the pupil not to do so.

Pupils under 16 years old will not be given prescription or non-prescription medicines without their parents' written consent (Written consent is given by completing of An Administering Medication Parental Consent Form - Appendix A).

Only suitably qualified members of staff will administer controlled drugs. The administration of controlled drugs is permitted under the Misuse of Drugs Regulations 2001 where they have been prescribed for a pupil. Staff will check the expiry date and maximum dosage of the medication being administered to the pupil each time it is administered, as well as when the previous dose was taken.

Medication will be administered in a private, comfortable environment and as far as possible, preferably in the same room as the medication is stored; this will normally be the school office or staffroom. The room will be equipped with the following provisions:

- Arrangements for increased privacy where intimate contact is necessary
- Facilities to enable staff members to wash their hands before and after administering medication, and to clean any equipment before and after use if necessary
- Available PPE for use where necessary

Pupils will not be prevented from accessing and taking their prescribed or non-prescribed medication where this is necessary for their health and wellbeing.

Before administering medication, the responsible member of staff should check:

- The pupil's identity.
- That the school possesses written consent from a parent.
- That the medication name, dosage and instructions for use match the details on the consent form.
- That the name on the medication label is the name of the pupil being given the medication.
- That the medication to be given is within its expiry date.
- That the pupil has not already been given the medication within the accepted frequency of dosage.

Any member of staff may be asked to administer medication; however, no member of staff will be required to do so unless this forms part of their role.

If there are any concerns surrounding giving medication to a pupil, the medication will not be administered and the school will consult with the pupil's parent or a healthcare professional, documenting any action taken.

If a pupil cannot receive medication in the method supplied, e.g. a capsule cannot be swallowed, written instructions on how to administer the medication must be provided by the pupil's parent, following advice from a healthcare professional.

Where appropriate, pupils will be encouraged to self-administer under the supervision of a staff member, provided that parental consent for this has been obtained. If a pupil refuses to take their medication, staff will not force them to do so but will follow the procedure agreed upon in their IHPs, and parents will be informed so that alternative options can be considered.

The school will not be held responsible for any side effects that occur when medication is taken correctly.

Written records will be kept of all medication administered to pupils, including the date and time that medication was administered and the name of the staff member responsible. Records will be stored in accordance with the Records Management Policy.

Non-prescription medicines

The school is aware that pupils may, at some point, suffer from minor illnesses and ailments of a short-term nature, and that, in these circumstances, health professionals are likely to advise parents to purchase over-the-counter medicines, for example, paracetamol and antihistamines.

The school will work on the premise that parents have the prime responsibility for their child's health and should provide school with detailed information about their child's medical condition as and when any illness or ailment arises.

The school will permit the administration of non-prescription medication either by staff or pupils themselves, following written permission by parents. The school will not seek the authorisation of a GP for this purpose.

Pupils and parents will not be expected to obtain a prescription for over-the-counter medicines as this could impact on their attendance and adversely affect the availability of appointments with local health services due to the imposition of non-urgent appointments being made.

If a pupil is deemed too unwell to be in school, they will be advised to stay at home or parents will be contacted and asked to take them home.

When making arrangements for the administration of non-prescription medicines the school will exercise the same level of care and caution, following the same processes, protocols and procedures as those in place for the administration of prescription medicines.

The school will also ensure that the following requirements are met when agreeing to administer non-prescription medicines.

- Non-prescription medicines will not be administered for longer than is recommended. For example, most pain relief medicines, such as ibuprofen and paracetamol, will be recommended for three days use before medical advice should be sought. Aspirin will not be administered unless prescribed.
- Parents will be asked to bring the medicine in, on at least the first occasion, to enable the appropriate paperwork to be signed by the parent and for a check to be made of the medication details.
- Non-prescription medicines must be supplied in their original container, have instructions for administration, dosage and storage, and be in date. The name of the child can be written on the container by an adult if this helps with identification.
- Only authorised staff who are sufficiently trained will be able to administer non-prescription medicines.

Paracetamol

The school is aware that paracetamol is a common painkiller that is often used by adults and children to treat headaches, stomach ache, ear ache, cold symptoms, and to bring down a high temperature; however, it also understands that it can be dangerous if appropriate guidelines are not followed and recommended dosages are exceeded.

The school is aware that paracetamol for children is available as a syrup from the age of 2 months; and tablets (including soluble tablets) from the age of 6 years, both of which come in a range of strengths.

The school understands that children need to take a lower dose than adults, depending on their age and sometimes, weight. The school will ensure that authorised staff are fully trained and aware of the [NHS advice](#) on how and when to give paracetamol to children, as well as the recommended dosages and strength.

Staff will always check instructions carefully every time they administer any medicine, whether prescribed or not, including paracetamol.

The school will ensure that they have sufficient members of staff who are appropriately trained to manage medicines and health needs as part of their duties.

The written consent of parents will be required in order to administer paracetamol to pupils.

6. Medical devices

Asthma inhalers

The school will allow pupils who are capable of carrying their own inhalers to do so, provided that parental consent for this has been obtained. The school will ensure that spare inhalers for pupils are kept safe and secure in preparation for the event that the original is misplaced, unavailable or not working.

Adrenaline Auto-Injectors (AAIs)

The school's Allergen and Anaphylaxis Policy is implemented consistently to ensure the safety of those with allergies who may require the administration of an AAI.

For pupils who have prescribed AAI devices, these will be stored in a suitably safe and central location; in our school they will be stored in the classroom store cupboard or classroom cupboard close to the pupil.

The school will keep a spare AAI for use in the event of an emergency which will be stored in,

- Headteacher's Office – Emergency Box on top of the cupboard nearest to the door - ensuring that it is protected from direct sunlight and extreme temperatures.

The spare AAI will only be administered to pupils at risk of anaphylaxis and where written parental consent has been gained. Where a pupil's prescribed AAI cannot be administered correctly and without delay, the spare will be used. Where a pupil who does not have a prescribed AAI appears to be having a severe allergic reaction, the emergency services will be contacted and advice sought as to whether administration of the spare AAI is appropriate.

Where a pupil is, or appears to be, having a severe allergic reaction, the emergency services will be contacted even if an AAI device has already been administered.

Pupils' and spare AAIs will be obtained, stored and administered in line with the school's Allergen and Anaphylaxis Policy.

7. IHPs

The school, healthcare professionals and parents agree, based on evidence, whether an IHP will be required for a pupil, or whether it would be inappropriate or disproportionate to their level of need. If no consensus can be reached, the headteacher will make the final decision.

IHPs will include the following information:

- The medical condition, along with its triggers, symptoms, signs and treatments
- The pupil's needs, including medication (dosages, side effects and storage), other treatments, facilities, equipment, access to food and drink (where this is used to manage a condition), dietary requirements, and environmental issues
- The support needed for the pupil's educational, social and emotional needs

- The level of support needed, including in emergencies
- Whether a child can self-manage their medication
- Who will provide the necessary support, including details of the expectations of the role and the training needs required, as well as who will confirm the supporting staff member's proficiency to carry out the role effectively
- Cover arrangements for when the named supporting staff member is unavailable
- Who needs to be made aware of the pupil's condition and the support required
- Arrangements for obtaining written permission from parents and the headteacher for medicine to be administered by school staff or self-administered by the pupil
- Separate arrangements or procedures required during school trips and activities
- Where confidentiality issues are raised by the parents or pupil, the designated individual to be entrusted with information about the pupil's medical condition
- What to do in an emergency, including contact details and contingency arrangements

All IHPs will be reviewed at least annually, or earlier if evidence is presented that the child's needs have changed.

8. Educational trips and visits

In the event of educational trips and visits which involve leaving the school premises, medication and medical devices will continue to be readily available to staff and pupils. This may include pupils carrying their medication themselves, where possible and appropriate, e.g. for asthma inhalers.

If the medication is of a type that should not be carried by pupils, e.g. capsules, AAls, or if pupils are very young or have complex needs that mean they cannot self-administer, the medication will be carried by a designated staff member for the duration of the trip or activity.

There will be at least one staff member who is trained to administer medication on every out-of-school trip or visit which pupils with medical conditions will attend. Staff members will ensure that they are aware of any pupils who will need medication administered during the trip or visit, and will ensure that they know the correct procedure, e.g. timing and dosage, for administering their medication.

If the out-of-school trip or visit will be over an extended period of time, e.g. an overnight stay, a record will be kept of the frequency at which pupils need to take their medication, and any other information that may be relevant. This record will be kept by a designated trained staff member who is present on the trip and can manage the administration of medication.

All staff members, volunteers and other adults present on out-of-school trips and visits will be made aware of the actions to take in a medical emergency related to the specific medical needs and conditions of the pupil, e.g. what to do if an epileptic pupil has a seizure, or a pupil with an allergy has an allergic reaction.

9. Medical emergencies

Medical emergencies will be handled in line with the First Aid Policy.

For all emergency medication stored by the school, the school will ensure it is readily accessible to staff and the pupil who requires it and is not locked away. Instructions for administering the medication will be kept with the device or medication.

10. Monitoring and review

This policy will be reviewed annually by the headteacher. This policy will be shared on the school website.

Records of medication administered on the school premises, or on school trips and visits, will be monitored, and the information recorded will be used to improve school procedures.

Staff members trained in administering medication will routinely recommend any improvements to the procedure. The school will also seek advice from any relevant healthcare professionals as deemed necessary.

Appendix A - Parental Agreement for the School to Administer Medicine

The school will not give your child medicine unless you complete and sign this form.

Name of pupil		Date	
Year Group			
Medical condition or illness			

Medicine

Name of medicine		Expiry date	
Dosage and method		Timing	
Special precautions and instruction/storage instruction		Side effects	
Self-administration yes/no		Procedures for an emergency	

Please note medicines must be in the original container as dispensed by the pharmacy or purchased over the counter – the only exception to this is insulin, which may be available in an insulin pen or pump rather than its original container.

Contact details

Name		Telephone number	
Relationship to pupil		I will personally deliver the medicine to	
Address			

The above information is, to the best of my knowledge, accurate at the time of writing and I give consent for school staff to administer medicine in accordance with the relevant policies. I will inform the school immediately, in writing, if there is any change in dosage or frequency of the medication, or if the medicine is stopped. I understand that this task is being undertaken voluntarily & in a spirit of general concern for the child. School staff will make every effort to administer the medication on time as required. I understand the member of staff can make no guarantees & may choose to decline responsibility once they have read the instructions. If so, the parent/carers will be informed immediately. I give consent to school staff administering the medicine above in accordance with the Medicines in School policy.

Signature of parent/carers		Date	
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