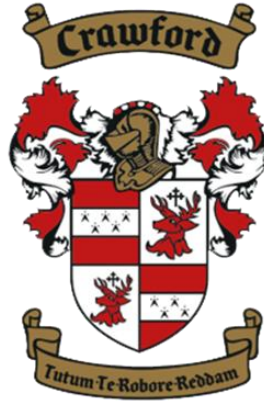


CODE OF CONDUCT: COLLEGE (July 2027)



Crawford

I n t e r n a t i o n a l S c h o o l

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1 The Code of Conduct

At Crawford International, we endeavour to promote positive behaviour and interaction amongst all.

The main purpose of this Code of Conduct is to promote positive behaviour through ongoing positive reinforcement by staff. A reward for good behaviour is intended to encourage all creative and talented students to realise their full potential within a healthy, balanced, and safe environment.

The School supports a partnership between students, teachers, and parents/guardians to fulfil the obligation to teach students the role of responsible citizenship in a school community.

The promotion and protection of a safe, disciplined, and inclusive learning environment is necessary for effective teaching and learning in the school.

Value and brand statement

Crawford International offers each student a personalised and mentored learning journey to unlock their full potential. We inspire and support curiosity, inquiry and independent thinking for a connected, global world. Crawford International encourages free-spirited self-expression and choice. Crawford International is committed to academic excellence through:

- providing an education that is locally and globally relevant,
- mastering future-focused skills,
- developing an agency to empower students, and
- students experiencing a personalised learning journey.

Crawford International mentors students to become the changemakers of tomorrow.

2 Applicability

- (a) The Code of Conduct applies to all students registered at the school, whether they are on the school premises, representing the School or identified as a member of the school community in their personal capacities in person or online including social media.
- (b) References to the School include all the School's activities and places of presence, physically and digitally.

3 Rationale for the code and its provisions.

- (a) The Code of Conduct (hereafter referred to as “The **Code**”), seeks to protect the learning environment and the well-being of those at the school so that positive learning and development can take place. The Code aims to maintain or restore just, inclusive relationships and maintain an engaged, respectful learning environment.

As such, engagements in terms of the Code of Conduct as well as violations of that code draw on the principles of restorative justice. This always means that the process of managing the Code of Conduct is guided by the following:

- i. The processes will be guided by competent and impartial adults who enjoy the trust of the school community and who are conscious of and responsive to power imbalances, discrimination, and the developmental needs of young people. It follows that the amount of authority given to senior children over the conduct of other children should be very limited. The sanctions that students can impose on other students will equally be limited and managed very tightly and transparently with a high level of transparency. This is also true for adult-imposed sanctions.
- ii. Wherever possible, the process will be inclusive and collaborative, with clear and ample opportunities provided for those involved to express their opinions.
- iii. Those who have been harmed should not be compelled to participate in processes they do not wish to participate in and should be protected and supported when they do, except where a law compels otherwise. Details of the process are confidential, although the sanction may not be if there is a need, determined by the Principal, for the sanction to be communicated. In such an instance, the communication is limited to the directly impacted people or those who need to know.
- iv. The process will be respectful.
- v. The school’s implementation of the code of conduct is not similar to a legal trial. Therefore, legal representation is not allowed.
- vi. The Code of Conduct seeks to ensure a healthy teaching and learning environment characterised by respect, diversity and inclusion, and violations of the code undermine the rights of others to enjoy such an environment. In considering sanctions, it is imperative to consider how the dignity, rights, and well-being of those impacted by the violation will be protected or restored.
- vii. The process will give attention to genuine remorse and personal growth and development.
- viii. The process will make the obligations of the offending student clear to both those more immediately impacted and the community.

- ix. The process will aim to achieve transformative outcomes that equip students better for their futures and that serve societal interests best.
- x. There are some offences where the penalty cannot be reintegration into the school environment of the student who offended because it does not serve the needs of the dignity, safety, or emotional well-being of others in the school community.

4 General Rules and Requirements

4.1 Reporting

- (a) Any person who reports or otherwise brings to the attention of the School any violations of the Code of Conduct, in which they were not involved, shall not be subject to any sanction or prejudice as a result of having done so.
- (b) Anyone making a false report or making a report in a manner that violates the Code of Conduct may be subject to disciplinary action and sanctions themselves.
- (c) Any person who provides information, particularly in order to avoid harm to any person or property, or to draw attention to conduct in which they have not been involved, will have this provision of information taken into consideration in any disciplinary process they may be involved in.
- (d) This code assumes the goodwill of all involved, and the rules are designed to promote inclusivity. They do not undermine or diminish any person's right to stand up against bullying or intimidation or to report any disrespect or harm. The School has channels to report matters of concern, and the School has mechanisms for escalation of matters that have not been attended to.
- (e) The dignity of any person reporting a matter will be protected, as will the dignity of any person against whom a matter is reported.

4.2 Legal conduct

- (a) Students may not engage in any conduct that is illegal.
- (b) Students may not collude in hiding the illegal conduct of others.

- (c) The School will cooperate with the police or other authorities and will report crimes it is required to report.
- (d) Students' unreasonable conduct/utterances or failure to act reasonably may not bring the school's name into disrepute.

4.3 Sexual misconduct

- (a) Any breach of this provision constitutes serious misconduct and will result in disciplinary action, including suspension or expulsion from school/hostel.
- (b) Students are not allowed to engage in any sexual activity or sexually intimate or sexually explicit behaviour with another student, while at the school premises (including bathrooms and boarding facilities), in transit to or at a school authorised event/excursion/tour/camp, etc:
- (c) This prohibition applies irrespective of whether the conduct is consensual or whether the persons involved are above the legal age of consent.
- (d) In instances where a student' sexual conduct is unwelcome by the student who is the intended participant, it shall be regarded as sexual harassment or even rape and shall be considered as a Level 3 transgression (i.e. very serious transgression).
- (e) Sexually inappropriate conduct that happens in a private residence, or at the students' social gathering or anywhere outside the school premises shall (if reported to the school) be treated as a violation of the school's Code of Conduct. The school's Code of Conduct entrenches coherence between the students at school and away from school conduct.
- (f) In some instances, sexual misconduct or abusive conduct may have to be reported to relevant authorities through Form 22.

4.4 Disciplinary action at a previous school

- (a) While the School adopts a restorative approach wherever possible and would not automatically preclude an enrolment based on a prior disciplinary issue, it is necessary to understand prior conduct when making admission decisions so that conditions can be set or support programmes implemented.
- (b) The School has a responsibility to the development of the students and the ongoing protection of the school community and thus reserves the right to take previous disciplinary matters into consideration when making admission decisions.

- (c) Students are required to disclose if they have left their previous schools for reasons in any way associated with disciplinary issues and must disclose these reasons.
- (d) Students are required to disclose if they have ever been expelled or suspended from a school.

4.5 Presence at school

- (a) Students are required to attend school on every official school day (online or in person as required by the School at the time) unless incapacitated and authorised to stay away by a parent/guardian.
- (b) Students must arrive at school, each class, and all scheduled activities, punctually and remain until the official end of that activity.
- (c) Students must follow the school's protocols on late coming or absence from a scheduled activity or school day.
- (d) Students may not leave the school premises without permission when they are expected to be on the premises.
- (e) Students may not leave events or activities without permission until they have officially concluded.

4.6 School rights and responsibilities for searches and security camera footage

- (a) The School reserves the right to conduct searches of persons or physical property for stolen goods and illegal or prohibited substances.
- (b) The School reserves the right to conduct searches of devices for content that is harmful or could be evidence of an offence.
- (c) Searches will always be conducted with due regard to the dignity of persons and the rule of law and will always be witnessed by another competent adult to preserve the integrity of the process.
- (d) The School reserves the right to test for substance abuse, as outlined in Section 10 of this document.

- (e) All schools have security cameras and footage from these cameras, along with any other footage that the school has access to, can and will be used in disciplinary investigations and proceedings should the footage be available.
- (f) Recorded images/footage, if not downloaded or saved elsewhere, will be overridden in accordance with the settings of the school's device/system.

5 Inclusion, justice, and dignity

5.1 Anti-stereotyping, anti-discrimination, and anti-prejudice

- (a) The School requires members of its community to, in particular, actively work against the legacy of racism and thus will not tolerate any conduct that seeks to undermine the dignity of any person based on race or that actively discriminates against or prejudices any person on the basis of race.
- (b) The School requires the same standard of care in relation to other stereotypes, prejudices, biases, and discrimination. The School is an environment of respect, diversity, and inclusion.
- (c) Any discriminatory conduct, in person or online, including bullying, intimidation, victimisation, demeaning and belittling, exclusion and other forms of bigotry and prejudice will not be tolerated.
- (d) No person can be discriminated against, as a result of prejudice or stereotype or bias, on the basis of any personal characteristic, including but not limited to race, nationality, sexual orientation, gender, ability/disability, religion, health status and language.
- (e) Any conduct is prohibited which demeans, humiliates, intimidates, threatens or creates a hostile or exclusionary environment, or is calculated to induce shame or submission by actual or threatened adverse consequences or social isolation by virtue of any characteristic of that person. It follows that any form of bullying or other intimidation is prohibited.
- (f) Any distinction, exclusion, limitation or preference made by a person in an authoritative position of any type, formal or informal, who uses unfair grounds to distinguish, exclude, limit or prefer certain persons for any role or activity or benefit is prohibited.

5.2 Duty of care, including the duty not to cause hurt or offence or exclusion or to damage dignity

- (a) It is the responsibility of each member of the community not to cause or allow hurt or offence or exclusion, or any action that would damage the dignity of any other person.
- (b) All members of the community have a positive responsibility to manage their own conduct in such a manner as not to cause hurt or offence or exclusion of any other member/s of a community.
- (c) Engagement and disagreement are encouraged but must be expressed in such a manner as to remain focused on the content of the engagement and not on the person with whom the disagreement is. As such, labelling or ridiculing of an individual for their actions or statements is prohibited.
- (d) Students should not display or allow themselves to be associated with images, words or symbols associated with discrimination or hate or those that are not legal or are anti-social in their legacy or intent.
- (e) Any use of language or imagery that is discriminatory in any way will be viewed as a deliberate attempt to propagate hurt and discrimination, which are prohibited.
- (f) Language or imagery that is profane, obscene, offensive, or inflammatory is not permitted.
- (g) Students should refrain from the use of profanities, including those terms which would cause offence to members of religious groups.
- (h) Slurs are prohibited. It is recognised that previously weaponised slurs have been adopted in groups in order to remove their power to hurt and there is thus tolerance for the use of these previously weaponised slurs (such as the n or k or c words) only in the groups against whom they were originally intended to be used for purposes of hurt. No member of such a group can give consent to anyone else to use these slurs, and they are prohibited for use by others.
- (i) Students should always engage with each other, staff, the School and its activities and the rest of the School community with respect, integrity, and honesty to create an environment focused on respect, dignity, and inclusion.

- (j) Students should always engage with each other in a manner designed to protect dignity and not result in shame or humiliation.
- (k) Students should respect the right to privacy of members of the community which means that students should not share personal information about members of the community without first obtaining their informed consent.
- (l) Students should establish the truth/authenticity/veracity of information before sharing it and are accountable if the information they share is later shown to be false or fake.
- (m) Students who manipulate, crop or distort social media images, text and videos or any other image or wording in order to cause harm or create a false impression or incriminate a person may be subject to disciplinary action. Similarly, students who deliberately provoke reactions for the exclusive reason of wanting to cause harm or create a distorted impression may be subject to disciplinary action.
- (n) Students are not prohibited from sharing information of an individual already shared by that individual but should do so in a respectful manner and should, wherever reasonable, when that information was shared in a limited manner or privately, obtain the permission of that person before further sharing it.
- (o) There can be no expectation of privacy when what has been shared is harmful or contrary to the principles of this policy and the School.
- (p) Students must not damage, steal or alter the property of the school or others, whether through neglect or deliberate acts of damage or vandalism.
- (q) Students must not steal the property of others, including their intellectual property, through acts such as cheating and copying.
- (r) Students' conduct or utterances may not bring the school's name into disrepute, whether the conduct or utterances occur within or beyond the school's premises.
- (s) Enrolled students are at all times bound by the school ethos. Therefore, the students' actions, inactions, or utterances must always be consistent with the shared ethos.

6 Academic Conduct

- (a) Students are not allowed to submit AI-generated work, in whole or in part, as one's original work or without the requisite acknowledgement.
- (b) AI must not be used during tests, examinations, or controlled assessments where its use has not been authorised.
- (c) Students must comply with any specific academic policies of the School that may exist in addition to this Code of Conduct.
- (d) Students must display respect for teachers and other instructors, including, but not limited to, following reasonable instructions and conducting themselves as required by the person in charge so as not to undermine their own learning or that of anyone else.
- (e) Students are expected to devote appropriate time and effort to academic studies.
- (f) Active participation in class and class activities is required, including necessary participation in group activities.
- (g) Students must develop the skills and habits to work independently and to seek to achieve at an incrementally better level all the time, which necessitates doing more than the minimum required.
- (h) Deadlines and standards for homework and assignments must be met.
- (i) Preparation for tests and examinations is required.
- (j) Copyright and intellectual property rights must be respected. Students must give appropriate acknowledgement when using another person's words, ideas, research, images, creative work, data, or other intellectual property and must obtain permission where required.
- (k) Plagiarism is prohibited. Students may not present another person's work, in whole or in part, as their own, whether sourced from printed material, digital platforms, Artificial Intelligence (AI) tools, or any other source.

- (l) Collusion, cheating, fabrication of information, and the unauthorised duplication or reuse of work are prohibited. Students may not assist another student in a manner that compromises academic integrity, submit false or manipulated information, or submit the same work for more than one assessment without prior permission.
- (m) Artificial Intelligence (AI) may be used only where expressly authorised by the teacher and in accordance with the requirements of the assessment. Students may not submit AI-generated content as their own original work, use AI to complete assessments where its use has not been authorised, or fail to acknowledge authorised AI assistance where required.
- (n) Illegal, unauthorised, or unlicensed copying, downloading, installation, distribution, storage, or transmission of software, programmes, documents, text, images, media, or other digital files is prohibited.
- (o) Illegal or unauthorised, or unlicensed copies of programmes, documents, text, images, or files cannot be made, downloaded, installed, or transmitted.
- (p) Academic honesty is required, so cheating, copying unauthorised collaboration is prohibited.
- (q) Collusion with cheating or dishonest conduct is not permitted.
- (r) Students may not disrupt the learning of others.

7 Coherence between conduct at school and away from school conduct

- (a) The School holds a student's off campus conduct to the same standards and requirements as for their conduct at school. It follows that any conduct not permitted at school, which is carried out outside of school and could in any way result in harm to the reputation of the school or the well-being of any member of the school community or broader society, is considered a violation of the code.

8 Coherence between online/digital and in-person conduct: Digital Citizenship

- (a) The School holds a student's online conduct to the same standards and requirements as for their face-to-face or in-person conduct. It follows that any conduct (such as bullying or discrimination) which is not permitted in person is not permitted when using a digital platform, whether or not such a platform is provided by, or under the control of, the School.

- (b) It follows logically that those who are attending learning experiences/classes online will conduct themselves in the same manner as expected in face-to-face classes.
- (c) Students may never use any form of electronic communication to harass, frighten, or bully anyone. Speech that is not appropriate in a classroom is not appropriate for technology-enabled communication.
- (d) As such, students who engage online, including but not limited to online learning, should:
 - i. Behave in a manner that is inclusive, which includes remaining open to hearing and respectfully recognising multiple viewpoints and engaging with others online with respect and empathy.
 - ii. Not use technology to intimidate, bully, demean or hurt others.
 - iii. Keep themselves both critical and informed by evaluating the accuracy, perspective, and validity of digital media and social posts.
 - iv. Remain engaged by using technology and digital channels for inclusive engagement to solve problems and be a force for good in both physical and virtual communities.
 - v. Remain balanced by making informed decisions about how to prioritise time and activities online and off.
 - vi. Be alert and safe by being aware of online actions and knowing how to be safe and create safe spaces for others online. Students must be aware that their digital footprint never disappears, even if posts are deleted, and must thus be responsible, sensible, and ethical.
- (e) Students will not use technology to communicate in a manner that:
 - i. Contravenes the ethos or letter of the School's Code of Conduct.
 - ii. Contains profanity.
 - iii. Contains any violence or pornographic or sexually explicit or implicit material.
 - iv. Communicates any stereotype or prejudice.
 - v. Contains any information about the School that does not belong in the public domain.
 - vi. Contains any confidential, harmful/hurtful, and/or private information about any other students or staff.

9 Acceptable Use of Information and Communications Technology

9.1 Context and general requirements

- (a) The School expects good digital citizenship and conduct of its students (see above) which includes coherence between in-person and online conduct and expectations.
- (b) The School allows, within express parameters, students to be in possession of electronic devices at school or school functions.
- (c) The School requires responsible, age-appropriate, socially conscious use of such devices and, as such, may limit the use or possession of devices for specific reasons.
- (d) These requirements include all electronic data storage, receiver, transmitter, or similar devices, including but not limited to mobile phones, Tablets, Personal Data Assistants ("PDAs"), Laptop Computers, and smart watches. For ease of application, these are all designated as '**electronic devices.**'
- (e) These requirements apply also to the use of any computer or device that is owned by the School and any **electronic device** not owned by the School that is on the premises of the School or connected to the service provider or facilities of the School or is used for school-assigned work.
- (f) Where the School prescribes a device or set up on a device or devices to ensure that the educational process is not interrupted or to ensure that the safety of children is protected, this prescription is binding on the student.
- (g) The School provides the privilege of access to its computer network, technology tools, and the Internet for educational purposes only. This access will be available to students if they use it in a responsible, efficient, courteous, and legal manner. Misuse of this privilege may lead to disciplinary procedures, including expulsion.
- (h) The School reserves the right to limit, filter, or withdraw student/pupil access to the Internet or wireless systems at their discretion and without prior notice.
- (i) Students will not be allowed to use any electronic devices during assessments or examinations (i.e., while in the assessment/examination venue); unless the use of such devices is authorised by the teacher, invigilator, or chief invigilator. The devices referred to

here include but are not limited to, mobile phones, smart watches, or any device that processes electronic data. The unauthorized use of electronic devices will be deemed as an examination irregularity and will be treated as such

- (j) The School cannot be held responsible for the loss or damage to the student's electronic devices or information on those devices, under any circumstances. Such loss or theft or damage must be reported.
- (k) The School is not responsible for lost or damaged data or information, and students must independently back up information and other files regularly.

9.2 Cybersecurity for electronic devices.

(a) Responsible Use of Appropriate Software and Systems:

Students are required to use software and systems that are provided solely for their intended purposes. Further, students are required to comply at all times with appropriate licensing agreements and applicable copyright laws. Unauthorized attempts to gain access to software, systems, or data are strictly prohibited. This includes loading software without written permission from the computer teachers. Students may not change any configuration of the School's network or individual computer setups/configurations, including passwords, on the School's network, and other computer facilities or servers.

(b) Safeguarding Credentials and Personal Information:

Students must not share their login credentials, other access information, or profiles. Should the School's IT department suspect that a student's credentials have been compromised (either through sharing or through an external malicious actor), a new password will be provided.

(c) Internet Content Filtering and Threat Prevention:

Any use of software that aims to bypass content filtering or threat prevention measures on the school's network, such as Virtual Private Networks (VPNs) and proxy servers, is strictly prohibited.

(d) Cybersecurity Awareness, including Phishing and Internet Safety:

Students should exercise caution when encountering unsolicited emails or messages requesting personal information, passwords, or financial details. Similarly, students should be aware of the websites they are visiting and ensure they validate that the URL matches the correct name of the site or service, especially when providing login credentials or

downloading content. Parents or legal guardians are encouraged to educate students on recognizing and reporting phishing attempts.

e) **Responsible Data Handling and Information Security:**

Students are expected to respect the privacy of other students and staff by refraining from sharing sensitive or confidential information without permission. Further, students are not allowed to delete any files, change names, or hack into any of the computer systems or files of fellow students and staff. Students will be charged, normally with cheating, and will face disciplinary action, which may lead to suspension or expulsion.

(f) **Reporting Security Incidents:**

Students, with the support of parents or legal guardians, are urged to report any cybersecurity incidents, data breaches, or potential vulnerabilities that they may encounter.

(g) **Bring Your Own Device (BYOD) Usage:**

If students are allowed to use personal devices on the school network, they must comply with the following minimum-security requirements. Both students and parents are responsible for ensuring that personal devices are equipped with up-to-date malware protection, that these devices do not attempt to bypass the school cybersecurity measures (see 9.2 c), and that the operating system and all software is maintained, licensed and up to date.

(h) The School cannot be held responsible for the loss or damage to the student's electronic devices or information on those devices, under any circumstances. Such loss or theft, or damage must be reported.

9.3 Security, settings, and downloads

- (a) Students may not change any network of computers or individual computer setups/configurations, including passwords, on the School's network, other computer facilities, or servers.
- (b) Students must not share their passwords or other access information and must change these when instructed to do so. Students must not allow others to use their access information or profiles.

- (c) Any use of software that aims to bypass content filters imposed on the network, like VPNs and proxy servers, is strictly prohibited.
- (d) Students are not allowed to load software without written permission from the computer teachers, nor may they delete any files, change passwords/names, or hack into any of the computer systems or fellow students' or staff files.
- (e) Students found using other students' passwords or changing names to gain access to other students' files will be charged, normally with cheating, and will face disciplinary action, which may lead to suspension or expulsion.
- (f) Students will not be allowed to be in possession of any electronic devices, including computerised watches or any other article containing information, in the venue during assessments or examinations, unless expressly authorised. Such possession will be deemed 'cheating' even if access to information cannot be proven.

9.4 Focus on instructional time and other activities (in physical classes and online)

- (a) Ringtones and volume controls must be set to 'silent' or 'mute' during all teaching and/or organised activities.
- (b) Students may not use their devices to contact or respond to other people during teaching or organised activities unless expressly authorised to do so. This includes calls, texts, or other messages, or any form of social media.
- (c) The conventions required by the teacher must be followed, and these include the starting times of lessons as well as whether cameras are required.
- (d) It is best practice to mute an online system when entering a meeting or class and not to disrupt a physical class when entering.
- (e) Contributions and responses should minimise disruption, so use should be made of hand raising or the text message chat to draw attention when online or in person in a physical class.
- (f) No bullying, flaming, exclusion, or similar, that will undermine inclusion and respect is permitted. This includes things like muting others or deleting members or recording without permission in online classes.

9.5 Specific provision for conduct in online classes and sessions

- (a) The letter and spirit of the Code of Conduct apply without exception to online classes and sessions.
- (b) When participating in online classes, students are required to wear clothing that is consistent with Respect, Diversity and Inclusion (RDI); and they are required to have neutral backgrounds with no symbols or images that have the potential to disrupt teaching and learning.
- (c) Only content that is inclusive and respectful can be posted or shared.
- (d) Posts must be in line with the teaching and learning topic underway.
- (e) Personal and private content, such as addresses or contact numbers, may not be shared except by the person to whom such information belongs.
- (f) In discussion forums or chat features, the following applies:
 - i. All student chat groups will be registered with the Academic head and must have a teacher as a member.
 - ii. Members may not be added to groups by children without their consent.
 - iii. Members have a right to remain in or leave a group, and no pressure or victimisation of these decisions is permitted.
 - iv. No posts can be made between 20:00 and 07:00 unless it is an emergency.
 - v. Student-to-student communication should remain ethical, inclusive, and respectful.
 - vi. Bullying and victimisation are not permitted.
 - vii. Conversation and messages should be limited to educational, operational or organisational purposes only.

9.6 Social Media and Content

- (a) Students may not make, share, post or otherwise engage with posts that are not aligned with the anti-discrimination values of the School, other than to report the same to the School.

- (b) Any demeaning, crude, graphic or unacceptable content (including sounds, text, video, or graphics) is not permitted on school devices and networks. Unacceptable content includes, but is not limited to, any pornographic or erotic images, bad language, sexually explicit drawings or cartoons, inflammatory, defamatory, racist, sexist or homophobic content, bullying/victimisation, violent or aggressive images and any other content considered socially unacceptable or that contravenes the School's commitment to mutual respect.
- (c) If a student has such content on their own devices, this may not be accessed, displayed, or shared with others while at school or at a school event.
- (d) The fact that such content is on a personal device or has not been shared at school or at a school event or was not intentionally made available to anyone in the school community is not a mitigating factor when such content is contrary to the anti-discrimination and anti-harm requirements of the School and a student thus retains such content at their own risk.
- (e) The recording of people (voice, photo, or video), other than as part of a legitimate security system or as part of the official academic programme or when done at a school event by an authorised person, cannot be done without their consent and cannot be done in situations where it is not possible for consent to be given such as disputes or fights.
- (f) Where a student deems it essential to make a recording to protect a right, that recording should immediately be handed to the School and not circulated further.
- (g) It is prohibited to take or show any content, including photographs, recordings or videos that invade the privacy of, or demean any person, or demonstrate gratuitous violence, prejudice, or any other socially unacceptable conduct.
- (h) The School will accept no liability for the content on a group messaging platform, such as, but not limited to, a WhatsApp group, even if a member of staff or contractor is part of the group.
- (i) The establishment of any such messaging group must be authorised by the person designated by the Principal prior to it being created.
- (j) No such messaging group will be authorised by the School unless a teacher/coach is a member with admin rights of the group.

- (k) Students will be held wholly responsible for all content stored on their electronic devices or transmitted or shared from them.
- (l) Although the School respects the students' rights to privacy, it reserves the right to monitor and intercept electronic communications in accordance with the provisions of The Regulation of Interception of Communications and Provision of Communications-related Information Act of 2002.
- (m) Files stored, and information accessed, downloaded, or transferred on devices or networks that are school-owned are not private.

10 Drugs, Cigarettes, and Other Dependence-Producing Substances

- (a) These rules apply to all dependence-producing substances, irrespective of their form or the form in which they are ingested or administered, including, but not limited to, smoking, eating, injecting, drinking, vaping, or sniffing. Further, students may not be in possession of smoking or vaping equipment/devices of any kind or of any shape or size.
- (b) The only dependence-producing substances which may be brought to the school, or a school event, are prescription medication for which a current prescription is required.
- (c) Students may not, when at school or a school-sanctioned event, be in possession of, or using, or be under the influence of, or have in their system any dependence-producing substance other than the above-stipulated prescription medicines.
- (d) Whether or not they are at school or at a school event, students may not break the law and thus their use of substances, even when not at school, is prescribed by the law and it would be a violation of this code to act unlawfully.
- (e) Any substance for which a current and appropriate prescription cannot be produced will be confiscated. After confiscation, illegal substances will be given to the police and other substances (such as, but not limited to, prescription medication for all students or alcohol if the student is 18) to the parents/guardians.
- (f) Students who are legally permitted, by virtue of their age, to use certain dependence producing substances such as, but not limited to, cigarettes, marijuana or alcohol may not be in possession of, or using, or under the influence of those substances when at the school or a school event and when identifiable as members of the school community.

- (g) Students may not ever encourage or induce any other student to use any dependence-producing substances.
- (h) Students may not collude with other students to hide the possession or use of such substances.
- (i) It is prohibited to be in the presence of anyone who is using a dependence-producing substance at school or at a school event.
- (j) The school Principal may designate a person to carry out searches of the person or possessions of any student or arrange for the police or other designated authority to conduct such a search.
- (k) Targeted searches or testing will be conducted when there is reasonable suspicion, but school or section-wide random searches are also permitted. These searches will be carried out with due regard to the dignity of the students, but as they are intended to keep the school campus substance-free, participation cannot be refused.
- (l) Similarly, testing of an individual based on reasonable suspicion, or a group as part of the programme to keep the school drug and substance free, will be undertaken.
- (m) These searches will comply with the requirements of the relevant legislation.

11 Weapons and other dangerous items

- (a) No one may have any weapon or other dangerous item on the school premises or take such item to any event or activity associated with the school. A dangerous item is something that could be used to hurt someone and is not required for School work (such as art knives in the possession of Art students).
- (b) No one may threaten, or use, any item to cause or threaten physical harm to anyone else.

12 Bullying, campaigns of exclusion or marginalisation, belittling, physical, emotional, verbal, or sexual assault or threats of any of these.

- (a) No one may assault, harass, intimidate, or threaten to assault, harass, or intimidate anyone.
- (b) Any unwanted, repeated, direct or indirect verbal, physical, social, sexual, or psychological behaviour that is intended to cause another student emotional and/or physical harm is not permitted.
- (c) Any efforts to influence others to behave negatively towards other people will be considered as equivalent to having acted accordingly oneself.
- (d) The level of harm or potential harm does not increase or diminish the seriousness with which such conduct will be evaluated.

13 School dress codes, multiform, school symbols and associated matters.

13.1 General

- (a) Students are always required to be neat and clean and must be dressed in the correct school multiform. Branded items must be those from the school suppliers.
- (b) Undersized or oversized items of multiform may not be worn.
- (c) Jeans, shorts and smart pants may not be worn low on the hip but must be worn around the waist.
- (d) Students can select the items of clothing they wish to wear from the prescribed list of voluntary and compulsory items.

13.2 Campus Casual “Multiform”

- (a) Plain black pants, official tracksuit pants or regulation style multiform shorts (not sport shorts) may be worn.
- (b) Students may wear regulation or longer black skirts or the official multiform skort. (not the sport skort)

- (c) No stretch pants, jeggings or leggings are allowed.
- (d) Regulation golf shirts with "Crawford" embroidered as available from suppliers may be worn.
- (e) The Crawford Polo Fleece or Dry-mac or Hoody, or Tracksuit top may be worn. Hoods must be worn down during school activities or when indoors.
- (f) Black and/or white shoes or trainers, or black sandals with or without black or white socks may be worn. No slip-ons and no boots above the ankle may be worn.
- (g) Black belt with functional (not decorative) buckle of choice may be worn.
- (h) Only 'Crawford' embroidered caps or beanies as available from the suppliers are allowed.

13.3 Step-out Multiform

- (a) The step-out multiform must be worn to specified assemblies and official school functions: College blazer, smart black pants or knee-length black skirt or longer, plain white-collar shirt (tucked in), College tie and formal black shoes with black socks. Hair accessories must be black, red or white only.
- (b) No takkies/cross trainers/casual sandals may be worn as part of the Step-out multiform.
- (c) Schools will, where required, issue detailed explanatory guidelines including lists of items that are optional and compulsory. These guidelines will adhere to the principles in this policy and must thus be followed.
- (d) Students are expected to comply with the requirements set and communicated in the policy and associated guidelines.
- (e) The School reserves the right to have more stringent requirements for participation in activities where safety is an issue, such as sport or laboratory work for subjects like science.
- (f) The School reserves the right to have more stringent requirements for students representing the School in events and activities and for formal occasions.

13.4 Hair

- (a) Hair must be a single colour only; two or more hair colours are not permitted. Hair that extends beyond the waist must be tied up at all times.
- (b) Hair or braids should not impede a student's ability to engage academically or safely in sport, so they should not cover the eyes.
- (c) Hair colour should preferably be natural, but where a student dyes their hair, the colour should be a naturally occurring hair colour such as black, brown, auburn, blonde. This does not need to be the original hair colour of the child concerned.
- (c) Students must be clean-shaven. Facial hair is only permitted when prescribed by medical or cultural, or religious requirements, which the student will need to apply for, and to which the student must then fully comply to retain the right.

13.5 Piercings and tattoos

- (a) Tattoos may not be visible at school or at a school event, or while participating in a school activity.
- (b) Tattoos that do not uphold the values of the School are not permitted.
- (c) Piercings are a matter of personal preference, but the type and number of items of jewellery that can be worn in piercings are covered below.

14.6 Jewellery

- a) One pair of studs, bar or sleeper may be worn in each ear.
- b) No jewellery in other piercings is permitted except when prescribed by cultural or religious requirements, which the student will need to stipulate, and to which the student must then fully comply to retain the right.
- (d) Only one ring and one bracelet may be worn.
- (e) Students who are required or wish to wear a bracelet, necklace, other jewellery, or an item of clothing for religious or cultural reasons may do so in line with the above requirements.

13.7 Nails and make-up

- (a) Nails should be kept neat and clean and short enough not to pose a safety risk or to impede typing or other school activities. Clear nail varnish is permitted, which includes French manicures and gel.
- (b) Skin tone/neutral make-up may be worn (i.e. lip gloss, natural nail polish, foundation). Black or brown eyeliner and/or mascara may be worn. This should be of a nature that is discreet to those more than one metre away from the student.

14 Boarders' codes

14.1 General

- (a) The Code of Conduct applies to all boarders that are accommodated at Boarding Houses that are owned and managed by Advtech, Schools Division.
- (b) Given the unique contexts of the Boarding Houses, their operational matters (like daily routine) are not included. The unique aspects will be covered by the respective Boarding Houses but will form part of the Code of Conduct for boarders in Boarding Houses.
- (c) The requirements of this section of the Code of Conduct for Boarders in Boarding Houses are premised on the values, ethos and related Codes and are intended to:
 - i. Regulate the conduct of all Boarders in Boarding Houses and the relationship between the Boarding House and its boarders.
 - ii. Create a conducive environment for the academic and personal development of individual boarders.
 - iii. Promote the development of each boarder's relationship skills and emotional resources.
 - iv. Entrench the boarders' personal responsibility and encourage their mutual respect.
 - v. Raise awareness about border diversity and promote anti-discrimination of all kinds.

14.2 Access to Boarding Houses and Boarder Safety

- (a) Access to Boarding Houses will be granted on condition that the student is duly enrolled and the requisite fees or payment arrangements have been made.

- (b) No one else may enter the House without prior authorisation from the designated manager.
- (c) Weapons and dangerous objects may not be brought into the Boarding House.
- (d) The loss of an access card or room key must be reported to the relevant person immediately.
- (e) No boarder will be allowed in the Boarding House during school hours unless they have the requisite permission.
- (f) Boarders in Boarding Houses may only exit the Boarding House at predetermined times or with the requisite permission from the House Mistress/Master.
- (g) Where separate boarding facilities are provided for girls and boys, no one may enter any part of the boarding facility of the other gender.
- (h) Written permission from a parent/guardian is needed should a boarder wish to sleep out over weekends. Such permission must be given to staff on duty and will be subject to certain conditions.

14.3 Conduct in Boarding Houses

- (a) All the requirements of the Code of Conduct apply.
- (b) Specific attention is drawn to the prohibition on all behaviour that disrupts the comfort, well-being, inclusion, dignity and/or learning process of boarders.
- (c) Boarders are expected to actively support the cleanliness, hygiene, and maintenance of the facilities at their disposal, including but not limited to helping to keep the premises clean and not littering or damaging the property.
- (d) All activities that demean or are hostile towards anyone else are prohibited, and this includes a ban on all initiation practices.
- (e) Victimisation, including but not limited to threats, bullying or intimidation of other boarders or staff members, is prohibited.
- (f) Sexual harassment or assault is prohibited.

- (g) Physical violence or fighting, or threats of violence, is prohibited.
- (h) Boarders are responsible for their own possessions.

15 General principles related to investigation and hearings

15.1 Values and Philosophy

- (a) The principles of dignity and respect and restoration and development which permeate the code must also apply to the investigations, hearings and sanctions associated with the Code.
- (b) Those in authority in the school are expected to manage violations of the Code of Conduct with respect, in a graduated manner and with a focus on restorative justice before any punitive sanction is considered, except in cases when the violation threatens the physical or emotional safety of others.
- (c) Further to this, the process must be substantive and the procedure fair, objective, and respectful.
- (d) The nature of sanctions is determined after an assessment of mitigating and aggravating circumstances, which include prior violations, remorse, willingness to engage in restorative actions, impact on others and the preservation of a harmonious and safe learning environment.

15.2 General Principles - responsibility of the School

- (a) Each school will have a senior member of staff in each phase, designated by the Principal, who is the School Disciplinary Officer (SDO), who has authority and responsibility for this code.
- (b) When the SDO is directly involved in the matter, then either the Deputy Principal or Principal assumes all roles ascribed to the SDO in this Code.
- (c) This person must be trained to conduct investigations impartially.
- (d) No legal representation is permitted for the student or the school.

- (e) The standard to be used for determining guilt is the balance of probabilities that an event happened as reported or argued.

15.3 Rights of an accused student

- (a) The student is entitled to a fair and objective process.
- (b) The student is entitled to have access to information about the alleged violation (what is alleged to have happened, when it is alleged to have happened and who was involved), the process to be followed and how to appeal.
- (c) The student is not entitled to have access to evidence that is being prepared against them in advance of any hearing.
- (d) The student is entitled to request the presence of a staff member of their choosing for support (whether or not that person becomes their representative) when being questioned about an alleged offence, but the person may not participate in the interview.
- (e) The student is entitled to be supported by the presence of a parent/guardian in a hearing, but the parent/guardian may not participate in the proceedings.
- (f) The student is entitled to be represented by either a staff or fellow student representative, but only one (either the student or their representative) may examine witnesses or ask questions during the hearing.
- (g) No legal representation is permitted for the school or the student.
- (h) Should the student fail to attend their disciplinary hearing without a valid reason, despite official notification to that effect, it will go ahead without them.

16 Grievances

- (a) A grievance is a cause for complaint, normally after unfair or discriminatory treatment and while it may be associated with a provision in this Code, it could be a more general concern.
- (b) A student who wishes to state a grievance against another student or staff member must contact the SDO and state the nature of their grievance and their preferred outcome.

- (c) The process is a mediated meeting in which an amicable and restorative solution is sought, which may include an apology.
- (d) A grievance meeting can be conducted by any person agreeable to the complainant.
- (e) Normally, a meeting is held within 48 hours of the grievance being lodged, but it can be later if agreed by both parties.
- (f) The person called to the meeting and the reporting student may each have the support of a parent/guardian or teacher during the meeting but may not be represented by them.
- (g) Should either party feel the matter is not resolved, they will indicate accordingly to the SDO, who must then handle the matter as an investigation for a formal disciplinary process.
- (h) If the accused student fails to attend their disciplinary hearing without a valid reason, despite official notification to that effect, it will go ahead without them.

17 Level 1 transgressions: day-to-day violations of the code or other policy

- (a) As per the table of transgression and sanctions, level 1 transgressions can be managed without formal investigation or hearings, as the impact of the offence is limited and the sanctions are relatively inconsequential.
- (b) Any student who believes they have been handled unfairly must approach the SDO or if the sanction was issued by the SDO, then the Deputy Principal or the Principal of the School.
- (c) The SDO (or alternative as above) must review the sanction and interview the person who issued the sanction and the student, and may then:
 - i. Support the sanction.
 - ii. Remove the sanction.
 - iii. Refer the matter for a full disciplinary process.
- (d) The SDO must give the reasons for their decision to all parties in writing.

18 Level 2 and 3 transgressions

18.1 Reporting or initiating an investigation

- (a) As soon as anyone in the community becomes aware of a matter that may result in a disciplinary hearing, the SDO must be informed, and an investigation must be initiated.
- (b) The SDO can either investigate themselves or delegate this to another staff member known as the Investigating Officer (IO).
- (c) Wherever possible, the investigation must be complete within three school days of being brought to the attention of the SDO.
- (d) The SDO must assess the report and ask for a written statement that includes details of when, where, what and who to understand the scope of the allegation or complaint.

18.2 Conducting a preliminary investigation

- (a) The SDO or IO initiates a process of gathering information to ascertain if a hearing is required. This is done by examining immediately available evidence and conducting preliminary interviews of the accused student and any witnesses.
- (b) Where a student has been accused of an infraction, which is not also potentially a crime, they may be interviewed without notice and without notice to their parents/guardians.
- (c) Where a person has possibly witnessed an infraction, they can be interviewed without notice and without notice to their parents/guardians.
- (d) The interviewee must be informed before the interview starts of the purpose of the interview and the infraction being investigated, and that they are permitted not to answer the questions or make a statement.
- (e) Witnesses and the student concerned must also be asked to prepare a written statement that will be required if the decision is made to proceed to a hearing.

18.3 Decision to proceed with the case against the student

- (a) The SDO may decide to proceed with the matter or to terminate the investigation, but in the case of the latter, must meet with the complainant to explain the reasoning. If the

complainant is a student, the grievance process can be followed if they disagree with the decision.

- (b) If the SDO decides to proceed, the written statements of the witnesses and the student concerned are requested.
- (c) Students and witnesses are not normally given more than 24 hours to produce the statement so that they are able to consult with their parents/guardians before submitting the statements.
- (d) If statements are not provided, the information from earlier interviews can still be used.
- (e) A formal notice of a disciplinary hearing is issued to the student.

18.4 Notice of a hearing

- (a) If it is decided to take a matter to a disciplinary hearing, a notice of the date, time and venue of the hearing and a copy of the code is provided to the student and their parents/guardians against whom a charge of violating the code is being instituted.
- (b) A student must be given at least 72 hours' notice of the hearing as well as a formal statement of the sections of the code that have been violated and the reasons that the School has decided that there is a case to answer. The notice must be sent to the parent/s or guardian/s through the email address/es that is/are captured on STASY.
- (c) A student must be explicitly referred to their rights in terms of this Code of Conduct.
- (d) A student must explicitly be told that they can waive a hearing if they wish to submit a guilty plea, and a formal discussion on mitigating and aggravating the sanction is then all that is required and can be held with the Principal of the School and the SDO present.
- (e) A student who elects to waive a hearing is then committed to that decision and must do so in writing. The right to appeal a sanction remains.

18.5 The Committee

- (a) The SDO or IO who leads the investigation will formulate the charge, present the evidence to the Committee, and represent the School.

- (b) Where the School is the complainant, the IO is the complainant on the School's behalf.
- (c) The School Disciplinary Committee will be made up of any two adults and a member of the student Judiciary appointed by the Principal who have no conflict of interest and are able to be objective, at least one of whom must be a black person and one of whom must be of a gender preferred by the student.
- (d) At the sole discretion of the Principal, an independent Chair may be appointed to achieve objectivity on the matter. This is not a requirement.
- (e) The committee is provided with the notice of the hearing in advance of the hearing, but none of the statements or evidence.

18.6 Hearing process

- (a) At the start of the hearing, the Chair needs to confirm that the student received the notice of the hearing and the Code of Conduct and that they thus understand their rights.
- (b) Those present must introduce themselves and sign the register, which records their role in the hearing.
- (c) Support and representative parties must confirm they understand their roles.
- (d) The Chair reads each charge and, on each one, asks the student how they plead. This must be recorded in the record of the hearing.
- (e) The SDO then presents the case and shares written statements with the committee members and the student and the student representative.
- (f) If needed and requested by the student/student representative or the Chair, time needs to be given to all to read the statements.
- (g) Witnesses called by the SDO/IO can present their statements and then be cross examined by the SDO and the student or their representative, but not both.
- (h) The student may then present their case and call witnesses.

- (i) The SDO may cross-examine the witnesses.
- (j) The Chair may ask questions.
- (k) The hearing shall be recorded, but the recording is not transcribed.

18.7 Evidence and testimony

- (a) An accused student is entitled to details of the alleged violation, including approximate dates where a specific date cannot be determined, and the nature of the evidence being used. An accused student is not entitled to information about who reported the violation and is not entitled to cross-examine the person who made the report if they are not a witness at the hearing.
- (b) The School IO/SDO represents the School and as such, is also the complainant or co-complainant in all matters.
- (c) An accused student may ask for an adjournment at any stage during the hearing in order to consult their parents/guardians or representative, subject to the Chair stipulating how long an adjournment is reasonable and subject to the Chair being able to refuse further adjournments if in their sole discretion and opinion the adjournments are only being used as a delay tactic.
- (d) The student may give evidence but is not required to do so.

18.8 Deliberation and finding

- (a) After the evidence is presented to the SDO, witnesses and the accused student leave the room, and the Disciplinary Committee deliberates. This is not recorded, but the key areas of discussion are recorded on the record of the meeting as well as the findings.
- (b) In reaching a verdict, the balance of probability that the events occurred as alleged is weighed, and the seriousness of a transgression is measured by at least the following:
 - i. Frequency of the transgression.
 - ii. What is impacted by the transgression with disruptions to the ability of the school to conduct its programme (academic or other) and disruptions to the wellbeing (physical or emotional) of any member of the community being considerably more

serious than violations that largely impact only on maintenance of conventions related to the school or brand.

- iii. The impact on relationships of trust and future positive relationships in the school.
- (c) Normally, the finding on each charge is then presented immediately to the student and the student representative/support people with reasons.
- (d) If the Chair determines that a finding cannot be immediately reached, the communication of the finding and the sanction can be extended to the next school day.
- (e) Once the finding has been shared, the SDO argues in mitigation or exacerbation of the sanction, and the same opportunity is given to the student/their representative.
- (f) The committee then deliberates on the sanction without the presence of the SDA, the accused student, or their representatives and support.
- (g) The meeting is reconvened, and the sanction is shared along with timelines if relevant, and the appeal process is communicated if relevant.
- (h) None of the deliberations are recorded.
- (i) The findings and sanctions are communicated in writing by no later than the end of the next school day.

18.9 Sanctions

- (a) The sanction for misconduct will always be proportionate to the transgression and will, wherever possible, have the intention of restoring the educational environment and the relationships between people while not minimising the impact of harm caused.
- (b) The sanction should, as far as possible, be a natural consequence of the conduct.
- (c) The emotional well-being of the other students, as well as the stability of the learning environment, must be taken into consideration.
- (d) This code does not prescribe sanctions, but the onus is on the Chair of the committee to impose a sanction that will assist in the moral and behavioural development of the student found guilty of the misconduct.

- (e) The details of hearings and sanctions are not shared with anyone other than the student and their family.
- (f) Where the conduct has compromised the safety or wellbeing of any other student and the conduct is so serious that expulsion is a possibility, the student whose safety or wellbeing was compromised must be informed of the reasons why a sanction of expulsion was not imposed and how their wellbeing and dignity will be protected going forward.
- (g) The harm caused often damages these values: respect, honesty, humility, mutual care, accountability, and trust and thus, where restorative sanctions are imposed, will generally seek to (1) repair the harm; (2) enable the harmed person to heal or recover or restore harmony and dignity through an encounter/engagement with the transgressor, if they wish to do so and (3) develop insight in the transgressor so that transformative change is possible.
- (h) As such, when a person has violated the Code of Conduct of a school, the questions to be asked once guilt has been determined are:
 - i. What harm was caused? What would it take to repair that harm?
 - ii. What principle was violated, and what learning process will take this student forward in their own development?
 - iii. Who was hurt and what do they need?
- (i) The level of sanction is determined by:
 - i. The seriousness of the offence.
 - ii. Prior sanctions that can still be considered and have not lapsed.
 - iii. Genuine remorse and willingness to engage in restoration.
 - iv. Proportionality to the offence.
 - v. Relevance to the offence – a warning cannot be over-generalised or too narrowly specified.
 - vi. Discretionary boundaries of the person issuing the sanction are premised on transparency, consistency, fairness, dignity, and restorative intent.
 - vii. The ongoing well-being of members of the school community, including their safety.
 - viii. Appropriate and proportionate time periods – sanctions (that are not one off) and warnings need to expire at a point that is proportional to the event. An active warning if there is a re-offence is an exacerbating factor, but an expired warning is irrelevant.

19 Records

- (a) An audio recording of the hearing is kept until the matter is resolved – either after the appeal has been heard or if there is no appeal, it is destroyed 10 days after the hearing.
- (b) The student against whom the allegation is made may also make a recording. There can be no expectation of receiving the recording from the school, although it will be provided if possible.
- (c) A written record (not verbatim) is kept in the form of a Chair's report.
- (d) An attendance register signed by each person present is retained.
- (e) The evidence is retained for the duration of the sanction.
- (f) The copy of the sanction and finding letter is retained in the file only for as long as the sanction (including an associated warning) applies, but a record is kept in the student indefinitely for audit of precedents.

20. Advtech Disciplinary Appeals Committee (ADAC)

20.1 General

- (a) A student or their parent/guardian may appeal the outcome of the school's disciplinary hearing (on procedural or substantive grounds) to Advtech's Disciplinary Appeals Committee (ADAC). The appeal may be based on aspects that were considered to be unfair during the determination of the transgression, during the investigation or during the disciplinary hearing or it may be based on the Chairperson's verdict and/or sanction.
- (b) The decision of the school's disciplinary committee shall remain binding unless it is overturned by the ADAC, consequent to the appeals process.
- (c) Any student, their parent/guardian or staff member may appeal against the outcome of a school disciplinary process.

- (d) In instances where a transgression involved another student as a victim (e.g. bullying, sexual harassment, intimidation or assault), their parent/guardian may appeal finding on the basis that it is less serious, or the sanction, on the basis that it is lenient.
- (e) If the principal was not the Chairperson of the disciplinary hearing, they may appeal the finding and/or sanction.
- (f) Once the student's appeal is received, the school will be required to:
 - i. Respond to it, using Annexure J. This is one of the templates that forms part of the implementation of the school's code of conduct; **and**
 - ii. Forward the appeal, the response referred to above, and a full record of the disciplinary hearing to schoolsadmin@groupdvtech.com
- (g) Appeals against the outcomes of disciplinary hearings at schools are heard by a central committee to ensure equity, consistency, and objectivity across the schools and within each process.
- (h) The Advtech Disciplinary Appeals Committee consists of:
 - i. Head, Schools Compliance and Regulation, who acts as the Chairperson of the committee.
 - ii. Advtech's Group Academic Executive.
 - iii. Advtech's Group Psychologist
 - iv. A member of the Group Legal Team.
 - v. Administrative Official
- (i) Decisions of the ADAC shall remain valid, provided the Chairperson, member of the Legal team and one of the other committee members is in attendance.
- (j) The appeals committee will not rehear the matter but will look only at the reports of the process as well as the appeals document submitted.
- (k) The ADAC is authorised to consider the appeal and make a binding decision which may include upholding or overturning the finding and/or penalty and may include setting a different penalty or requiring that a matter be reheard at the school.
- (l) There is no internal Advtech recourse beyond the outcome of the ADAC.

20.2 Process of appeal

- (a) The student or the student's parents/guardians or the Principal of the School or the SDO can appeal the finding or sanction within five working days of it being handed down.
- (b) A parent/guardian acting on behalf of the child concerned, or the student who wishes to appeal against the outcome of a disciplinary hearing will, in the first instance, log that appeal with the Principal of the School copied to the schoolsadmin@groupadvtech.com address.
- (c) The appeal, with reasons and substantiation, is then submitted to the Disciplinary Appeal Committee according to that process.
- (d) The appeal must detail the reasons for the appeal and specify the remedy sought.
- (e) Supporting documentation can be provided.
- (f) The Principal or SDO is required to submit the disciplinary appeal pack by email schoolsadmin@groupadvtech.com to the Administrator within two school days of receiving the appeal request.
- (g) The pack must consist of the following documents:
 - i. The parent/guardian/student's email or letter of appeal OR the Principal's letter of appeal.
 - ii. Notice for the student to attend their disciplinary hearing.
 - iii. Notices issued to the complainant or any witnesses to attend the disciplinary hearing.
 - iv. Information about who the investigating officer and the disciplinary committee were.
 - v. Notice of the student's suspension if the student was suspended.
 - vi. A copy of the Chair's disciplinary report (reflecting findings and sanction/s)/the case book.
 - vii. Statement by the complainant or investigating officer (i.e. normally Principal, Deputy Principal or teacher).
 - viii. Statement by the student accused of the transgression.
 - ix. Statement/s by the witnesses (i.e. for the complainant and the accused).

- x. Completed attendance register for the disciplinary hearing.
 - xi. Notice of the outcome of the disciplinary hearing (i.e. outlining the verdict and sanction/s).
 - xii. The school's response to the student's appeal (i.e. Annexure J)
 - xiii. Any documents provided by the school or the student in support of their evidence, that were considered by the disciplinary committee.
- (h) Once received, the Administrator checks the completeness of the appeal documents and ensures any gaps are remedied within 48 hours.
 - (i) The meeting of the ADAC must be not sooner than three working days after the pack being determined to be completed and not more than 15 **school days** after the appeal was received by the ADAC.
 - (j) The committee members must have a full set of documents at least two working days before the meeting – electronically or in hard copy and must be given a copy of the Code of Conduct and any other specific School policies at the same time.

20.3 Meeting procedure

- (a) Only committee members are present in the meeting.
- (b) The meeting includes completion of the required documents and confirmation of the requisite preparation has been done with due access to the disciplinary appeals pack.
- (c) The Chair confirms that there is no conflict of interest.
- (d) The appeal is considered narrowly – that is, matters not raised in the appeal are not considered.
- (e) Each point of the appeal is considered and then deliberated.
- (f) The meeting proceeds until consensus is reached.
- (g) The meeting is not recorded.
- (h) Minutes are kept in the form of the Chair's report only.

- (i) The parents or guardians receive (directly from the ADAC) the final decision in writing within 15 days. The appeal outcome letter ends all internal review options within Advtech.

21. Sanction and Level and Process Guidelines

21.1 General guidelines

- (a) At Crawford Schools™, initial sanctions are generally official written warnings. Once a student has three written warnings, a demerit is normally issued by the SDO.
- (b) Three demerits could result in expulsion.
- (c) At Crawford Schools™, a hearing is not normally held unless an offence could result in expulsion or a student already has three demerits. [This should also be at the beginning of section 18.]
- (d) Warnings and demerits expire at the discretion of the principal, but not longer than 12 months.

21.2 General sanction guidance

The seriousness of the transgression	Applicable sanctions	Authorised person and process
Level 1 (L1) transgressions		
- These are infrequent, minor, or less serious transgressions by the student and/or a student who is an accessory to the transgression. - They include, but are not limited to, swearing, littering, not adhering to dress requirements, failure to complete allocated tasks or assignments, being late for class, late for school, etc.	- Written warnings of three to six months accompanied by a restorative requirement such as an apology or essay, or an information campaign. - Re-write or resubmission of the test/ task. - Additional academic work. - Some form of service to the school, such as duty for monitoring the late arrival of others.	- Members of staff. - Contracted professionals such as coaches. Process: Informal and immediate, but must be recorded in meted out by another/other student/s.

The seriousness of the transgression	Applicable sanctions	Authorised person and process
	Denial of minor privilege for a period.	
Level 2 (L2) transgressions		
- These are more serious transgressions or frequent L1 transgressions. - These are transgressions that disrupt the normal functioning of the school or reflect conduct that is dangerous and potentially illegal. - These include transgressions that include socially inappropriate behaviour. - These also include transgressions that undermine safety, such as leaving the school without permission. - They include, but are not limited to: persistent absenteeism, bunking a lesson, academic dishonesty (e.g. cheating or plagiarism or copying work of others), disruption of an academic or other activity, disrespect for those in authority including all staff and contractors, inadequate effort in the student's academic work, alcohol or any unauthorised dependence producing substance at the school or at an authorised school event, being under the influence of alcohol or	- Written warning with appropriate additional sanction designed to develop the skills of the student. - Final written warning (which would mean that a further similar transgression would result in expulsion). - Repeated after-school requirements in the form of late homework or other forms of detention as per school convention – must be a constructive use of time. - Confiscation of the weapon or substance may include handing it over to the police or other authorities. - Suspension. - Suitable restorative sanction.	The School Disciplinary Officer or Deputy, or Principal of the School must be involved. Process: This is normally handled through the formal processes and, at the very least, must involve parents/guardians.

The seriousness of the transgression	Applicable sanctions	Authorised person and process
unauthorised drugs, violation of ICT policy, possession or use of inappropriate or undesirable images, dishonesty etc.		
Level 3 (L3) transgressions		
▪ These are very serious transgressions or a second or subsequent L2 transgression. ▪ These include transgressions that have resulted in direct harm (physical or emotional) to others. ▪ They include, but are not limited to: possession of a weapon, sexual harassment, racism, intimidation, bullying or victimisation including any form of discrimination such as religious intolerance, assault, fighting, the use of any dangerous weapon, vandalism, theft (including stealing the question paper for an exam or test), sharing or sale or other distribution of alcohol or unauthorised drugs or substances, victimisation, violation of ICT policy in a manner that causes harm, etc.	▪ Suspension. ▪ Expulsion. ▪ Demerits or similar sanctions which would result in expulsion if there are any further transgressions (having the same impact as a final written warning). ▪ Final written warning. ▪ Criminal charges and/or reporting the matter to the police or other authorities.	▪ The Principal, Deputy Principal, or SDO must be involved. Process: Formal

21.3 Guidance on demerits

Offence	Number of Demerits per incident
Bunking	1
Truancy	1 - 3
Absence from matches/fixtures without at least 24-hour prior notice to the teacher/coach	1
Victimisation, bullying, sexual assault, etc. (physical, emotional, verbal)	1 - 3
Initiation	1 - 3
Cheating and/or Cribbing	1 - 3
Insubordination/Teacher Abuse	1 - 3
Abuse/Dangerous Objects	1 - 3
Vandalism	1 - 3
Smoking/Drinking	2 - 3
Substance – possession or use (drugs, alcohol, tobacco, etc.)	2 - 3
Being in the presence of students who are found smoking/drinking	1 - 2
Testing positive for Drug Abuse on a second occasion	2 - 3
Theft, Fraud, Forgery, Piracy, Plagiarism	1 - 3
Assault / weapons	1 - 3
Bringing the school into disrepute	1 - 3
Misuse of Computer or College equipment	1 - 3
Possession of or Downloading Pornography	1 - 3
Use of offensive language	1 - 2
Illegal possession of tests or exam papers	3
Being an accessory to any of the above offences	1 - 3
Accumulation of three Official Warnings	1
Habitual late arrival	1
Habitual infringements of the dress code	1
Conduct unbecoming of a Crawford Student	1 - 3

22. Specific Provisions: Search and Seizure

22.1 Definitions for this section of the policy

- (a) "Dangerous object" means:
 - i. Any explosive material or device;
 - ii. any weapon, firearm or gas weapon;
 - iii. any article, object or instrument that may be employed to cause bodily harm to a person or damage to property, or to render a person temporarily paralysed or unconscious;
 - iv. Any other object similar in nature to the objects listed above.
- (b) "Illegal drug" means any unlawful substance that has a psychological or physiological effect, or any substance having such effect that is possessed unlawfully;
- (c) "School activity" includes any educational, cultural, recreational, sporting, or social activity of the School within or outside the school premises; and
- (d) "Illegal activity" means the wilful possession of an illegal drug, dangerous object, or stolen item.

22.2 Prohibition

No person may:

- (a) Allow any dangerous object to be brought onto school premises or to a school activity.
- (b) Carry any dangerous object on school premises or at premises where a school activity is carried out.
- (c) Store any dangerous objects in school premises or premises at which a school activity is carried out.
- (d) Possess illegal drugs in contravention of the substance abuse policy.
- (e) Possess any stolen item on school premises or at a school activity.

22.3 Search and Seizure

22.3.1 General provisions

- a) The Principal or their delegate may, at random and without a warrant, search any student or group of students, or the property of a student or group of students, for any dangerous object, stolen item or illegal drug (hereafter, collectively referred to as "prohibited good"), if they have a reasonable suspicion that:
 - i. A prohibited good may be found on school premises or during a school activity; or
 - ii. One or more students on school premises or engaged in a school activity are in possession of a prohibited good.
- b) The Principal or their delegate may, without a warrant, seize any prohibited good found on school premises or during a school activity, or found on any person who is on school premises or engaged in a school activity.
- c) A search may only be conducted after considering all relevant factors, including:
 - i. The best interest of the students in question or any other student in the school;
 - ii. The safety and health of the students in question or of any other student at the school;
 - iii. Reasonable evidence of illegal activity; and
 - iv. All relevant evidence received (which may include rumours, with supporting evidence).
- d) A student's person and/or personal effects (for example book bag, blazer, sports bag, etc.) may be searched whenever the Principal or their delegate has a reasonable suspicion to believe that the student is in possession of a prohibited good.
- e) Student lockers are always the property of the school and remain under the control of the school. Students are, however, expected to assume full responsibility for the security of their lockers. Periodic general inspections of lockers may be conducted by the Principal or their delegate for any reason, and at any time, without notice, without student consent, and without a search warrant.

- f) Any seizure of a prohibited good will be recorded in a school record book and the prohibited good will be handed over to the police, save that where a stolen item is recovered and no criminal charge against the student in whose possession the stolen good was found is contemplated, the stolen item may be returned to its owner.
- g) A student may be subjected to disciplinary proceedings if a prohibited or stolen item is found in their possession.
- h) Students who are legally licensed to drive are permitted to park on school premises as a matter of privilege, and not of right. The Principal or their delegate may conduct routine patrols of student parking lots and inspections of the exteriors of student vehicles on school property. The interiors of student vehicles may be inspected whenever the Principal or their delegate has reasonable suspicion to believe that a prohibited good is contained inside such a vehicle. Such patrols and inspections may be conducted without notice, without student consent, and without a search warrant.

22.3.2 The procedure for conducting a search

- a) All searches contemplated in this policy will be conducted in a manner that is reasonable and proportional to the suspected illegal activity.
- b) Where a search entails a body search of a student (see 12 below), such a search may only be conducted by the Principal, if they are the same gender as the student, or by the Principal's delegate, who must be the same gender as the student. A second staff member of the same gender must be present as a witness.
- c) The types of searches that may be conducted by the Principal or their delegate are set out below.

22.3.3 The procedure to be followed in a body search of a student

- a) No body search can be undertaken without the consent of the Principal.
- b) A body search includes a visual search and a "pat down" body search.
- c) Any body search will be conducted in a private area and not in view of another student.

- d) The student will be requested to place loose items from pockets and clothing on a table or desk for inspection. To facilitate the pat-down search, the student must remove all articles from their pockets and remove any secondary outer clothing (e.g. blazer, sweater, head coverings, etc.) worn over the primary clothing.
- e) The person conducting the search will, wherever possible, wear latex gloves and use an open hand to pat down the primary layer of clothing of the student. Any such search shall be carried out in a manner that is consistent with discovering anything that may have been concealed.
- f) There always needs to be two adults present, one of whom must be of the same gender as the child concerned.

22.3.4 The procedure to be followed in conducting a search of a minor under the age of 12 years

- a) Consent will be obtained from the parent/guardian for a body search that is required in respect of a minor under the age of 12.
- b) The parent/guardian of the student must be present during the search, if practical and if requested by the parent/guardian. If the parent/guardian of a student is present, they may conduct the search if they wish.

22.3.5 Procedure to be followed when a prohibited good is found on a student

- a) Any prohibited goods that are seized will be labelled with full particulars, including:
 - i. The name of the student in whose possession it was found;
 - ii. The time and date of the search and seizure;
 - iii. An incident reference number;
 - iv. The name of the person who searched the student;
 - v. The name of the witness present at the search; and
 - vi. Any other details that may be necessary to identify the item and the incident.

23. Specific Provisions: Substance Abuse

23.1 Introduction

- (a) The issue of respecting the rights of our students and the implementation of this policy is of paramount importance to the School and is one of the cornerstones of this policy. It is a principle of the policy that the School will work as closely as possible with the parents/guardians of students in implementing the policy.
- (b) As part of a greater community, the School confronts issues head on and deals with them in a structured and considered manner, in partnership with the parents/guardians of the School to ensure the best for their children. Substance abuse is detrimental to one's physical, social, emotional, mental, and spiritual health. The concept of a healthy lifestyle will, always, be propagated and encouraged by the School.
- (c) The purpose of this policy is two-fold:
 - ii. To protect and assist any individual student by outlining the approach taken by the School to rehabilitation and counselling.
 - iii. To protect other students and the School by outlining the procedures for disciplinary action, as detailed in the School Code of Conduct: Students, which can be found on the School's website.

23.2 Educational interventions on substances

- (a) In keeping with the core values of the School and the principle that prevention is better than cure, the School ensures that all students, parents/guardians, and staff are regularly educated about the problems of drug abuse and dependency through:
 - i. Talks, workshops, and other informal activities, including special assemblies at the school.
 - ii. Lessons on appropriate subjects in the school curriculum.
 - iii. Proactive involvement with other professional and community-based organisations involved in the fight against alcohol and drug abuse and dependency.

23.3 Illegal Substances

- (a) "Illegal substances" in the context of the School Code are defined as:

- i. Any unlawful substance that has a psychological or physiological effect (including alcohol); or
 - ii. Any substance having such an effect that is possessed unlawfully.
- (b) Application of the policy: The policy applies to the use and distribution of any illegal drug by a student whilst on the school property, in school multiform or while involved in any school activity which is any official educational, sporting, cultural, recreational or social activity of the school within or outside the school premises.
- (c) The use of any illegal drug is strictly forbidden.
- (d) If the behaviour of a student indicates that they may be using an illegal drug, the information may be referred to the relevant Counselling Department at the School.

23.4 Rehabilitation and Counselling

- (a) It is policy not to condemn students but to support those who need help and are willing and committed to complying with the help provided. Where possible, this will be managed in a way that least impacts on the student's school career.
- (b) Students who voluntarily request help and/or those referred by parents or teachers will be sent to the school counsellor. The approach will be one that is non-judgmental and non-disciplinary. The school counsellor will help in recommending the best possible course of rehabilitation. An appropriate agreement for rehabilitation will be drafted by the School, and signed by the student, the parent/guardian, the Principal of the school and the counsellor. The confidentiality of the student and the family is paramount throughout this process.
- (c) Confidentiality should always be maintained by all stakeholders. Whilst the School and its employees can make this professional commitment, real confidentiality will depend on whether the student and/or their parents/guardians can avoid telling their friends or anyone else.

23.5 The Distribution and Possession of Illegal Substances/Drugs

- (a) Unless authorised by the Principal for legitimate educational purposes, no person may bring an illegal drug onto school premises or have such a drug or substance in their possession on school premises or during a school activity.

- (b) Any form of distribution of any illegal drug or substance to any other person is strictly forbidden.
- (c) In particular, the selling or purchasing of illegal drugs is a criminal offence. If any student is suspected of, or caught, selling, or purchasing such illegal drugs or substances, the School will investigate and, if necessary, refer the matter to the appropriate authorities for further investigation and action.

23.6 Testing for Prohibited Substances

- (a) In accordance with section 8A of the South African Schools Act of 1996 ("the Schools Act"), the Principal or their delegate may administer a urine or other non-invasive test to any student or group of students who is on fair and reasonable grounds suspected of using illegal drugs. To the extent possible, the consent of the parent/guardian and the consent of the student will be obtained. In this regard, the consents will be provided by the parent/guardian or student concerned on the prescribed forms. However, the School reserves the right, as contemplated in section 8A of the Schools Act, to test for illegal drugs without such consent.
- (b) The School will be in control of the testing programme. The costs will accrue to the parents/guardians. In the event of a test being required for the abuse of anabolic steroids, the School will bear the cost, given the expense of such tests. If the student tests positive, the costs of any subsequent testing (for anabolic steroids) will be for the account of the parent.
- (c) Details of when such tests occur will be kept strictly confidential and only disclosed to those persons who are required to know such details, to ensure that students cannot determine or anticipate when testing will take place or who will be selected for a test.
- (d) Once a student has been notified of selection for a drug test, the student will be accompanied and observed by a member of the testing team from the time of notification until the testing process is complete.
- (e) When the student arrives at the testing area, they will be informed of the testing process that is about to take place and the consequence of a positive test result, before testing commences.

- (f) The test will be conducted in the presence of a witness of the same gender as the student, and out of sight of any other person.
- (g) A test report with a unique reference number will be completed for every test. It will include the full details of the person being tested, details of any medication or supplements which the student claims to have ingested in the last 48 hours, any comments that members of the testing team or the student may wish to record, and the test result.

23.7 Procedure to be followed if an illegal drug or substance is found on a student

- (a) Any illegal drug that has been seized (in terms of the School's Search and Seizure Policy) must be clearly and correctly labelled with full particulars, including:
 - i. The name of the student in whose possession it was found;
 - ii. The time and date of the search and seizure;
 - iii. An incident reference number;
 - iv. The name of the person who searched the student;
 - v. The name of the witness or witnesses; and
 - vi. Any other details that may be necessary to identify the item and the incident.
- (b) Any such seizure will be recorded in the school record book. The illegal drug(s) concerned will be handed over to the police for disposal in terms of section 31 of the Criminal Procedure Act, 1977.

23.8 Grounds for reasonable suspicion

- (a) A search or drug test contemplated above will only be conducted after considering all relevant factors, including:
 - i. The best interest of the students in question or of any other student at the school;
 - ii. The safety and health of the students in question or of any other student at the school;
 - iii. Reasonable evidence of illegal activity; and
 - iv. All relevant evidence received and/or reported.

- (b) Individual symptoms will not be considered as indicators, but a pattern of indicators (e.g. a decline in academic achievement, a lack of willingness to participate in school activities, a change in behaviour, irregular school attendance, etc.) will be investigated. Marked changes in physical appearance may be grounds for suspecting the use of performance-enhancing drugs such as anabolic steroids.

23.9 Disciplinary Action

- (a) If the rehabilitation and counselling route has not been followed, or has been unsuccessful, the School reserves the right to take appropriate disciplinary action.
- (b) Save as otherwise provided in this policy, any evidence obtained against the student as a result of a drug test or search, whether in the form of a positive drug test or the confiscation of an illegal substance, will not necessarily result in criminal proceedings being instituted against the student.
- (c) Each case will be dealt with confidentially, but parents/guardians will be informed and involved.
- (d) The School will do its best to create a confidential zone for students to speak up if their information is motivated by a willingness to help both with the addiction and interface with parents.
- (e) Selected educators, who will be specifically trained in this area, will undertake the investigations, and a professional external organisation will participate in the intervention process.
- (f) Students who have been found to have transgressed will be referred to an identified organisation for assessment and treatment.
- (g) Parents/guardians will be held responsible for any expenses incurred.
- (h) If it is established that a student is engaged in the use of illegal drugs, the student will be required to submit to a rehabilitation programme which will include:
 - i. The treatment option as determined by all parties.
 - ii. Urine testing or other non-invasive testing can take place on an ad hoc basis. The control of such testing is the School's responsibility.

- iii. An expectation that the student will improve with respect to behaviour, academic achievement, and school attendance.
 - iv. The authorisation and support by the parents/guardians of the treatment.
 - v. That the designated institution undertaking rehabilitation and treatment will supply the School with progress reports addressed to a designated, trained person. Such a report is furnished with the student's written consent.
 - vi. If necessary, the rehabilitation programme can be adapted after negotiation with the relevant parties.
 - vii. The proviso that if the parents/guardians and/or student take it upon themselves to stop treatment, the School will consider the rehabilitation programme suspended and the School reserves its right to implement disciplinary procedures, in terms of the School Code of Conduct.
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