

Hayward/Summit Heat Pump

Troubleshooting Guide

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Safety Precautions











High voltage. Danger! Use extreme caution. Do not attempt if you are not a qualified servicer.

The following heat pump Troubleshooting Guide is to be used in diagnosing and repairing Hayward branded pool heat pump systems containing R-410A refrigerant. They are not intended for use with any other manufacturers heat pumps.

Heat Pump pool heaters are similar to the heat pumps for home heating and cooling in that they contain refrigerant. As such, service personnel should observe EPA regulations for refrigerant handling. Pool heat pumps operate on 240 volts A/C. There is a risk of electric shock at all terminals and the heat pump should only be serviced by trained personnel.

To use this guide, determine the model number of the heat pump and the nature of the problem. Refer to the Table of Contents to find the appropriate page for the problem and follow the flow charts to the solution.

If you have further questions:
Contact Hayward's Technical Service Department at 908-355-7995



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Heat Pumps covered in this guide

Round Heat Pumps

HP20654T, HP20654BT, HP20654TC, HP20854T, HP20854BT, HP20854TC, HP21104T, HP21104TC

Square Heat Pumps

SUM25TA, SUM3TA, SUM3TAC, SUM4TA, SUM4TAC, SUM5TA, SUM5TAC SUM8TA, HML50TA, HML65TA, HML65TAC, HML80TA, HML80TAC, HML110TA HML110TAC, HML125TA, HET50BTA, HET65BTA, HET110BTA, HET125BTA HCB50BTA, HCB65BTA, HCB65BTAC, HCB80BTA, HCB80BTAC, HCB110BTA, HCB110BTAC, HP50TA, HP21004T, HP21124T, HP21204T, HP21404T, SUMXL112, SUMXL140





Hayward/Summit Heat Pump

Sequence of Operation:



Sequence of Operation: Basic

Round Heat Pumps and Square heat pumps generally operate in the same fashion. Power is connected to the contactor per the installation instructions. Ensure the water line 'in' and 'out' connections are correct. Set the control for pool or spa operation. Adjust the thermostat setpoint above the water temperature. In approximately 3 to 5 minutes the heat pump will begin 'heating'. This 3 to 5 minute delay is important as it protects the compressor from short cycling. This time delay is part of the control circuit of the heat pump.

Round units have a 5 minute delay during which no operation will occur.

Square units have a 3 minute delay, but the fan will come on immediately once the heat pump is turned on and the thermostat raised to a setpoint above the pool temp.

The time delay will delay the start of the heat pump any time power is interrupted to the heat pump.

When the heat pump satisfies the thermostat and shuts off, the time delay will not allow the heat pump to restart for 3-5 minutes.

The thermostat will turn the heat pump on and off as needed to keep the pool at the desired temperature.

Note: Heat pumps will not operate when the pool pump is off.



Sequence of Operation: Normal

All of the heat pumps covered in this guide are charged with R-410A refrigerant If you have a system that is charged with R-22 refrigerant, and require assistance call our Technical Support Department at **908-355-7995**

Normal Refrigerant Operating Pressures

Low side

125-135psi

Lower ambient temperatures will result in lower low side (suction) pressures.

High Side

290-400psi

Higher water temperatures will result in higher high side (discharge) pressures.

Normal Air Temperature Differential

This is the difference in the temperature of the air entering the coil (ambient air), and the air being discharged out the top by the fan.

15-20 degrees Fahrenheit

Low relative humidity and/or lower than normal ambient temperatures can cause lower than normal temperature differentials.

Note: This is the best way to determine if a heat pump is heating



Sequence of Operation: Normal (cont.)

Water In and Around Heat Pump

The heat pump evaporator coil (the surrounding coil) condenses moisture out out of the surrounding air. As much as 3-5 gallons per hour of run time is common in higher humidity areas. This is normal and in fact increases the efficiency of the heat pump. The heat pump base pan design allows for a drain line to be attached using readily available components to drain this water away if it is a problem. In most installation situations however, this moisture simply runs off the pad and is absorbed into the ground.

Best Methods to Determine if Heat Pump is Actually Leaking Water

- 1. If the heat pump is leaking, it will continue to leak even when the heat pump is not running. If the water you are seeing is condensation from the evaporator coil it will dry up in a few hours.
- Test the water with a chlorine test strip. If the water shows no or very low levels of chlorine the water is condensation. If the test strip shows levels of chlorine similar to pool water, you may have a leak.





Hayward/Summit Heat Pump How To:



Refrigerant Leak Detection Methods

As our industry has evolved the issues we see with heat pumps today have become more diverse and complex.

It requires more than a set of gauges and a VOM to diagnose many of these problems.

One of the areas where new techniques and tools are required is in finding refrigerant leaks, particularly on R-410A systems. Due to the high operating pressures of this refrigerant it is possible to have a refrigerant leak that eludes a hand held Halon type leak detector. The leak rate may be significantly less when the heat pump is

off (the only time you can properly "sniff" the unit) than it would be when the heat pump is operating.

A second proven method of finding leaks it to pressurize the system with nitrogen and use a liquid leak detector

such as Big Blue to detect leaks. The maximum pressure you can use in this method is on the data plate of all heat pumps. This is the pressure Hayward pressurizes the system to during manufacture. The majority of leaks can be found using one or both of these methods.

Unfortunately, at times a leak may still remain elusive, even at the hands of the best technician.

A third proven method is to inject a fluorescent dye into the system and use an ultraviolet light to detect the leak.

We would recommend this method after attempting to discover the leak using the two methods outlined above. Given the sophistication of today's systems as well as the compact designs we believe that having a dye system

leak detector is a requirement in your tool box. If you do not have a dye injector/ UV light detector kit you will need

to purchase one. You should be able to purchase a Spectronics kit that contains the UV light, UV protective glasses, cleaner, and enough dye for at least 2 systems for around 100.00 U.S.



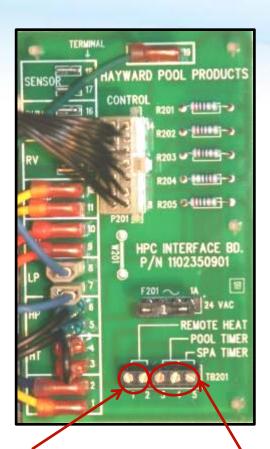
Remote Connection: Round Units

Round Heat Pumps

For 2 wire remotes such as Hayward's OmniLogic, attach the 2 low voltage wires from remote to terminals 1 and 2 on terminal block TB201. Set heat pump to standby mode (three red dots scrolling across screen). Heat pump is now ready for remote operation.

Round Heat Pumps

For 3 wire remotes where the desired temperature is set on the heat pump, attach the 3 wires from your remote to the 3, 4 and 5 terminals on terminal block TB201. Attach the pool wire to terminal 3, the common wire to terminal 4 and the spa wire to terminal 5. Set both the pool and spa desired temperature on the heat pump before turning on the remote. Once the remote is calling for pool or spa you will not be able to change the function on the heat pump without turning the remote off.



Use Terminals 1 and 2 for 2 wire remote connection

Use Terminals 3,4,& 5 for 3 wire remote connection



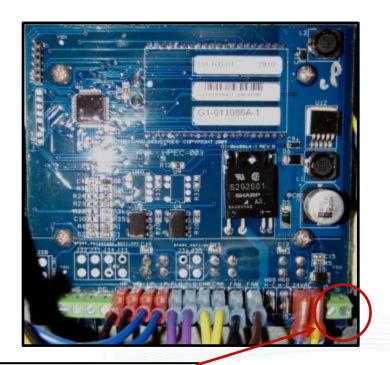
Remote Connection: Square Units

Square Platform Heat Pumps (Prior to Dec. 2016)

Attach 2 wires from remote to terminals marked 'P' and 'S' on the lower right corner of the control board. Set Pool temperature to off. Set Spa temperature to '104'. Press and hold 'Set/Select' button until 'Loc' appears. Release the 'Set/Select' button. Press up arrow until 50 appears. This unlocks the set up menu. Release up arrow. Press and release 'Set/Select' button 6 times or until 'P_S' appears. Press up or down arrow until 'E' appears. Heat pump is now ready for remote operation.

Note: Move quickly between steps, if the temperature shows on display you will have to start over.







Remote Connection: Square Units (cont.)

Square Platform Heat Pumps (Beginning Dec. 2016)

Locate terminal block on right side of electrical box.

Remove jumper between two terminals on terminal block

Attach 2 wires from remote to terminals

Set pool thermostat to off

Set spa thermostat to 104°

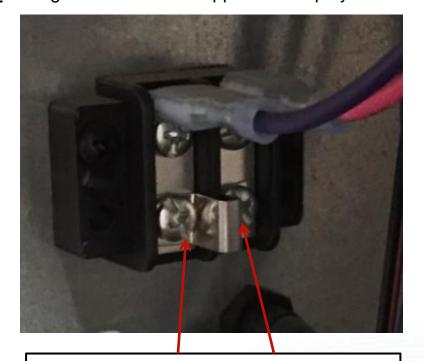
Set heat pump to spa operation

Heat pump is now ready to be controlled by remote

NOTE: When remote is **not** calling for heat FLo will appear on display.



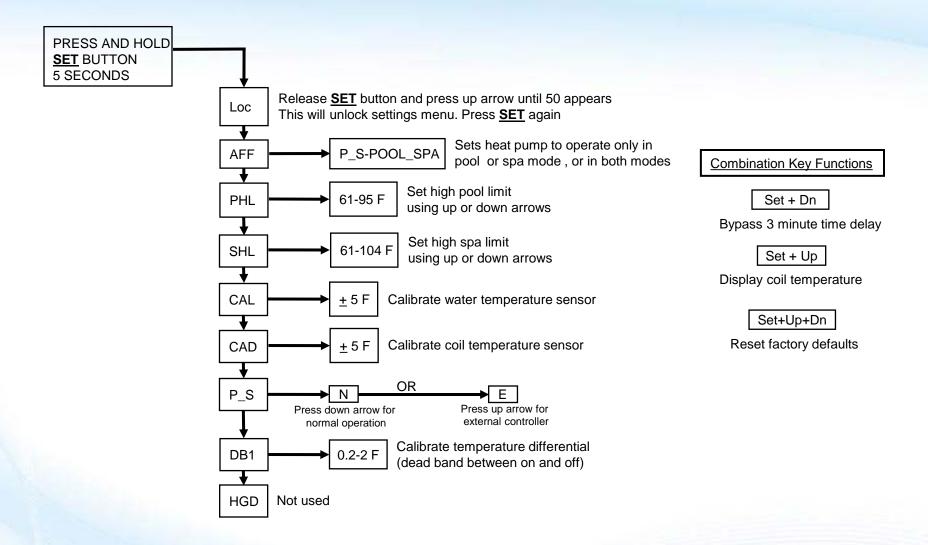
New Terminal Block Location



Attach 2 wires from remote to terminals after removing jumper



Set Up Menu: Square Unit





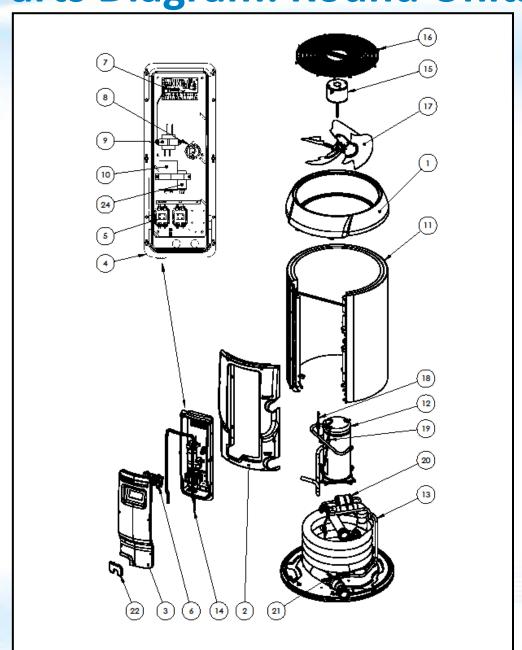


Hayward/Summit Heat Pump

Parts Diagrams & Lists:



Parts Diagram: Round Units

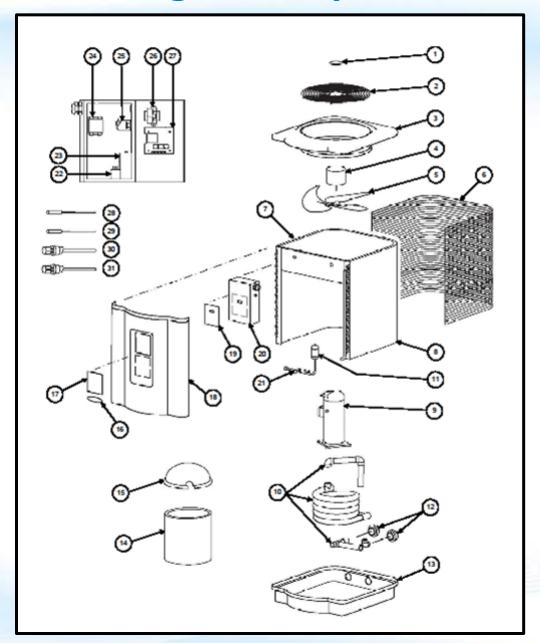




Parts List: Round Units

	Part description	HP21104T	HP20854T	HP20854BT (Canada only)	HP20654T	HP20654BT (Canada only)				
1	FAN TOP	HPX01023502	HPX01023502	HPX01024821	HPX01023502	HPX01024821				
2	SIDE PANEL	HPX01023503	HPX01023503	HPX01024822	HPX01023503	HPX01024822				
3	CONTROL BOX COVER	HPX01023504								
4	CONTROL BOX	HPX01023505								
5	CONTACTOR		HPX1985							
6	CONTROL BOARD ASSY	HPX26024139		HPX2602	24139					
7	INTERFACE BOARD	HPX11024130		HPX1102	24130					
8	WATER PRESSURE SWITCH		HPX21	81						
9	TRANSFORMER		HPX1102	23693						
10	CAPACITOR	SMX11022320	HPX′	11024272	HPX11	024270				
11	BENT COIL with GUARD	HPX24024241		HPX2402	4238					
12	COMPRESSOR	HPX11024203 or SMX11012753**	HPX1	11024204	HPX11	024257				
13	CONDENSER	HPX24012850	HPX24024712							
14	COVER GASKET	HPX05023549		HPX0502	3549					
15	FAN MOTOR, 1or3 HP	HPX11023564 HPX11023564								
16	FAN GUARD	HPX01023561 HPX01023561								
17	FAN BLADE	HPX15024321 HPX15024321								
18	REPLACEMENT HP SWITCH		HPX11024258							
19	REPLACEMENT LP SWITCH		HPX1102	24259						
20	EXPANSION VALVE ASSY	HPX15024214 or HPX15012852**	HPX1	15024215	HPX15	024216				
21	TEMPERATURE SENSOR	HPX2169		HPX21	69					
22	ELECTRICAL ENTRY PLUG	HPX01023760		HPX0102	3760					
23	FAN RUN CAPACITOR		HPX1102	24151						
24	DEFROST SENSOR (NS)		HPX11024169							
25	HPC CABLE (NS)	HPX10023517	HPX100		023517					
27	COMPRESSOR EL. PLUG (NS)	HPX10024289 or HPX10024732**	HPX1	10024289	HPX10024732					
28	REPLACEMENT FILTER DRIER		HPX14	162						
29	UNION KIT		SPX3200l	JNKIT						
	HOT GAS BYPASS VALVE (NS)	SMV15026101		HDY1500	96180					
30	C MODELS ONLY	SMX15026191 HPX15026180								
32	BRASS WATER PRESSURE FITTING	SMXHP2215								
	* Used on HP21254T after serial #									
	21131405101258001	** Used on HP21104T and HP21104TC								
	and HP21404T after serial #	after serial # 21131410102317001			101					

Parts Diagram: Square Units





Parts List: Square Units

SUM8TA						
SUM8TA						
SMX305099004						
1024201						
1012755						
SMX24024864						
SMX309099015						
SMX15024907						
SMX15024916						
SMX306000024						
HPX11024259						
1(



Parts List: Square Units (cont.)

Part Description	HeatMaster/EnergyTherm/EasyTemp						
	50TA (Canada only)	65TA	80TA	110TA	125TA		
FAN GUARD		•	4				
FAN TOP		SMX309077021					
FAN MOTOR	SM>	(303088001		SMX300055036			
FAN BLADE	SMX15024648	SMX303	3140002	SN	/IX303140003		
BENT COIL with GUARD	SMX24024427	SMX24	024414	SMX240	024408		
COMPRESSOR	SMX11024624	SMX11024622	SMX11024621	SMX301150010	SMX1102	4201	
CONDENSER	SMX24024500	SMX24	024804	SMX24024509	SMX2402	4510	
FILTER DRIER		•	HPX1462				
COUPLING	SPX3200UNKIT						
SIDE PANEL	SMX309077023 SMX309			09099023			
TXVASSEMBLY	SMX15024592	SMX15024593	SMX15024594	SMX15024595	SMX15024907		
FAN RUN CAPACITOR	SMX	HPX11024151					
COMPRESSOR CAPACITOR	SMX306150002	HPX11024270	HPX11024272	Н	HPX11024743		
CONTACTOR			HPX1985				
WATER PRESSURE SWITCH			HPX2181				
TRANSFORMER		HPX11023693					
CONTROL BOARD ASSEMBLY	SMX306000016						
DEFROST (COIL) SENSOR	SMX306000023						
WATER SENSOR	SMX306000024						
LP SWITCH	HPX11024259						
HP SWITCH	HPX11024258						
COMPRESSOR ELECT. PLUG(NS)	SMX10024283 SMX306000042						



Parts List: Square Units (cont.)

HEATPRO SQUARE PLATFORM						SUMMIT XL			
Part Description	HP50TA	HP21004T	HP21124T	HP21254T	HP21404T/TC	HP31204T (H/C)	SUMXL 112	SUMXL 140	
FAN GUARD	SMX305000004						SMX305		
FAN TOP		SMX309077011					SMX309077011		
FAN MOTOR	SMX303088001			3MX300055036			SMX300055036		
FAN BLADE			SMX15024648				SMX15024648		
BENT COIL with GUARD	SMX24024427	SMX24024414	SMX24	024408	SMX305099004	SMX24024408	SMX24024408	SMX305099004	
BENT COIL with GUARD after									
serial number	SMX24024427	SMX24024414	SMX24013468	SMX24024408	SMX305099004	SMX24024408	SMX24013468	SMX305099004	
21131708100361001									
COMPRESSOR prior to 2015	SMX11024624	SMX11017204	SMX301150010		024201	SMX11012754			
COMPRESSOR 2015 forward	SMX11024624	SMX11012751	SMX11012753		012755	SMX11012754	SMX11012753	SMX11012755	
CONDENSER	SMX24024500	SMX24022372	SMX24024509	SMX24022371	SMX24024864	SMX24022306	SMX24024509	SMX24024864	
FILTER DRIER		HPX	(1462	•	•	SMX15022309	HPX1462		
COUPLING			SPX3200UNKIT				SPX3200UNKIT		
FRONT PANEL	SMX309077023		MX309099023			SMX309099013	SMX309099023	SMX309099016	
FRONT PANEL beginning 2018	SMX309077023		SMX309099016			SMX309099013	SMX309099016	SMX309099016	
TXV ASSEMBLY prior to 2015	SMX15026199	SMX1502	24595	SMX15	024907	SMX15024595			
TXV ASSEMBLY 2015 forward	SMX15026199	SMX15012865	SMX15022368	SMX15024595	SMX15024916	SMX15024595	SMX15022368	SMX15024916	
FAN CAPACITOR	SMX306088001			HPX11024151	•		HPX110	HPX11024151	
COMPRESSOR CAPACITOR	SMX306150002			SMX11022320			SMX11022320		
CONTACTOR			HPX1985				HPX1985		
WATER PRESSURE SWITCH			HPX2181				HPX2181		
TRANSFORMER			HPX11023693	3			HPX11023693		
CONTROL BOARD ASSEMBLY		SMX30	6000016			SMX11023511	SMX306	000016	
DEFROST (COIL) SENSOR		SMX30	6000023				SMX306000023		
WATER SENSOR		SMX306000024 SMX11024957						SMX306000024	
LP SWITCH		HPX11024259						024259	
HP SWITCH		HPX11024258					HPX11024258		
COMPRESSOR ELECT. PLUG	SMX10024283	CMV44034745							
prior to 2015	SIWX10024283	SMX11024715 SXM10024899							
COMPRESSOR ELECT. PLUG	e MV4 non 4 non	CMV40022220					SMX100	122220	
2015 forward	SMX10024283	SMX10022329 SXM10024899							
MASTER ON/OFF SWITCH		SMX1101191101					SMX1101191101		
BARBED FITTING (wps)		SMXHP2215					SMXHP2215		
INTERFACE BOARD						HPX11023509			



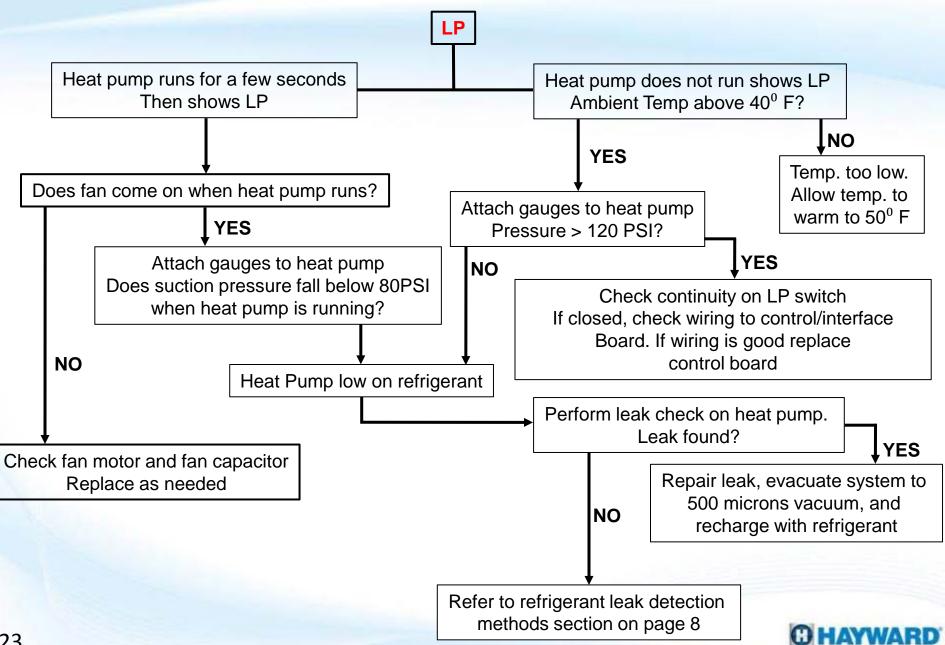


Hayward/Summit Heat Pump

Troubleshooting:



Flow Chart: LP



Common Error Codes: LP



Square Display



LP Switch
Note blue wires.
LP switch common to all
R-410A heat pumps

LP on Display

LP is an indication the low pressure switch is open. The switch opens when the refrigerant pressure drops below 80PSI, and will automatically reset at 120PSI. Sustained ambient temperatures below 21°F will cause the LP error, however once the ambient temperature rises above 40°F the switch will close automatically.



Round Display

Troubleshooting LP

The most common cause of LP on display is a loss of refrigerant pressure from a leak in the refrigeration system. If refrigerant pressure is below 80PSI at your access port there has been a significant loss of charge. Thoroughly leak check the system with an electronic leak detector, or alternatively pressurize the system with dry

nitrogen and use a liquid leak detector such as "Big Blue". If a leak still cannot be located inject UV dye into the system and recharge to full charge. Allow several days to as long as several leaks weeks -depending on apparent

severity of leak-, with normal heat pump operation for the dye to leak out with the refrigerant, and return with UV light to determine leak location.

Once leak is located: Repair leak, evacuate system to a minimum 500 micron vacuum, and recharge to factory charge (on data plate)

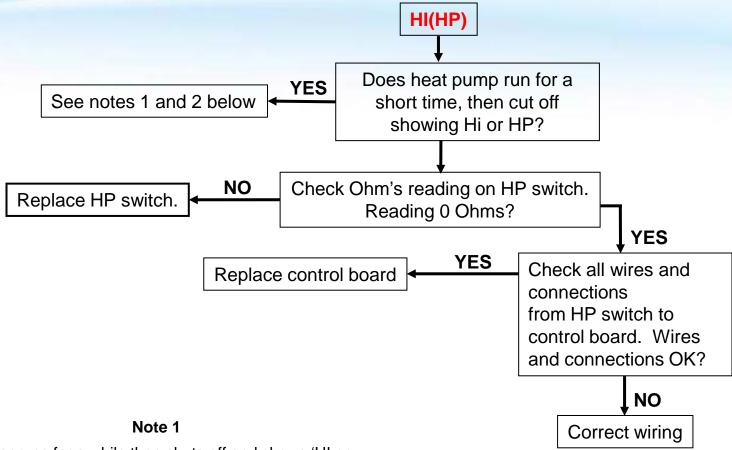
Other causes of LP error code

An intermittent LP code can be caused by a bad fan motor or capacitor. Check capacitor and motor.

Bad LP switch. Check refrigerant pressure at access port. If pressure is above 120PSI check the continuity of LP switch. Switch should be closed. If open replace switch. The LP switch is a screw on style and does not require removing refrigerant charge to change. Be sure to use a thread sealant when installing new switch. Always use a back up wrench when installing new pressure switch.

If switch is closed, but LP is displayed check wires to switch for breaks. If no breaks are found replace control board.

Flow Chart: HI/HP



Heater runs for a while then shuts off and shows 'HI or HP' on display. Low water flow is normally the problem. Check filter and pump. A common problem when running unit on spa exists when spa temperature of about 100° F is reached and the unit shuts off with the 'HI or HP' fault. At higher outdoor and water temperatures a higher flow rate may be required for proper operation. The unit requires a minimum of 30 GPM, but may require more under these conditions.

Note 2

HI/HP after the heat pump has run for a few seconds could be an indication of a failed TXV. If the failure is caused by the TXV, the low side (suction) pressure will fall rapidly once the compressor is running, and the high side (head) pressure will rise rapidly above 590 PSI.



Common Error Codes: HP/HI



Square Display



HP Switch
Note black wires.
HP switch common to all
R-410A heat pumps

HP/HI on Display

HP or HI is an indication the high pressure switch is open. The switch opens when the refrigerant pressure rises above 590PSI, and will automatically reset at 440PSI.



Troubleshooting HP/HI Round Display

The most common cause of HP or HI error code is restricted water flow. An open bypass valve that allows the heat exchanger to be pressurized, but does not allow flow through it is a likely culprit. When heating a spa, there may not be sufficient flow through the system for proper operation at higher water temperatures. All heat pumps require a minimum of 30 gpm water flow, but at higher water temperatures a higher flow rate of at least 40 gpm may be required.

Other causes of HP/HI error code

Heat Pump runs for a few seconds then fails on HP/HI error

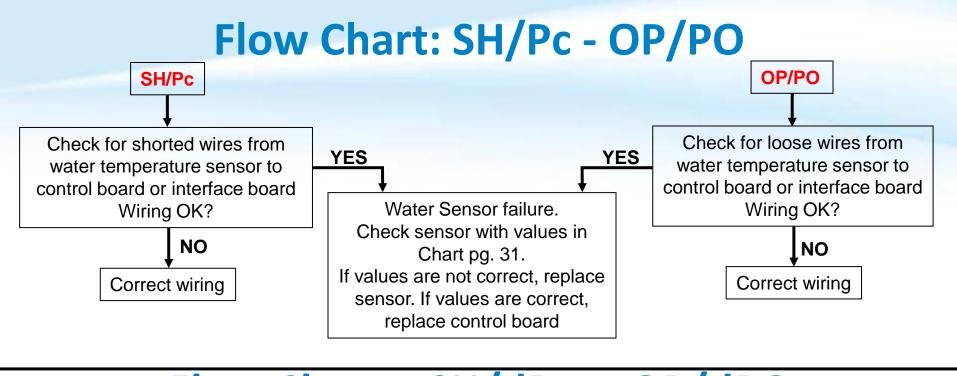
<u>Thermostatic Expansion Valve (TXV) failure</u>. Loss of charge in the power head of the TXV closes the valve and will result in a HP or HI error code. To determine if this is the problem, observe both high and low pressure readings when heat pump is running. If TXV is bad high pressure will quickly rise to 590PSI, while at the same time the low pressure will quickly drop.

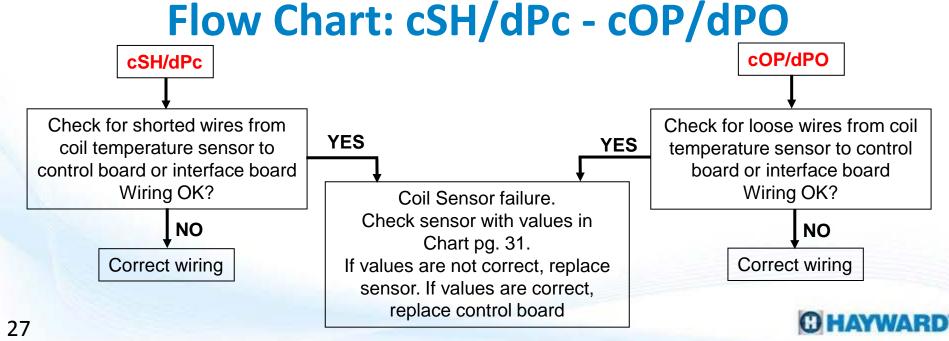
<u>Refrigerant Overcharge</u> Overcharge of the heat pump is unlikely, but not impossible. Heat pumps do not leave our factory overcharged, so the only way it can occur is if service has been previously performed on the system and the technician overcharged the refrigerant after or during a repair. To determine if this is the issue recover all refrigerant from the system, pull a 500 micron vacuum, and then recharge to factory charge (on data plate).

Heat Pump does not run- HP/HI on display

<u>Bad HP switch</u>. Since the HP switch is an automatic reset, and the pressures within the refrigeration system will equalize shortly after the heat pump cuts off, HP or HI on the display without the heat pump running will not be related to the refrigerant pressure check the continuity of HP switch. Switch should be closed. If open replace switch. The HP switch is a screw on style and does not require removing refrigerant charge to change. Be sure to use a thread sealant when installing new switch. Always use a back up wrench when installing new pressure switch.

<u>If switch is closed</u>, but HP/HI is displayed check wires to switch for breaks. If no breaks are found replace control board.





Common Error Codes: PO/OP or Pc/SH



Square Display

PO/OP on Display

PO or OP is an indication of an open water temperature sensor.

Square heat pumps use a 4.8k ohm sensor, and Round heat pumps use a 10k ohm sensor.



Round Display

Troubleshooting PO/OP

The most common cause of PO or OP error code is an open water temperature sensor. Check sensor wiring for breaks, and check sensor resistance against the correct

temperature/resistance chart located on page 31.

If resistance is infinite or very high according to the chart replace the sensor.

If sensor reads the correct resistance for the temperature of the water, replace control board



Square Display

Pc/SH on Display

Pc or SH is an indication of an shorted water temperature sensor.

Square heat pumps use a 4.8k ohm sensor Round heat pumps use a 10k ohm sensor



Round Display

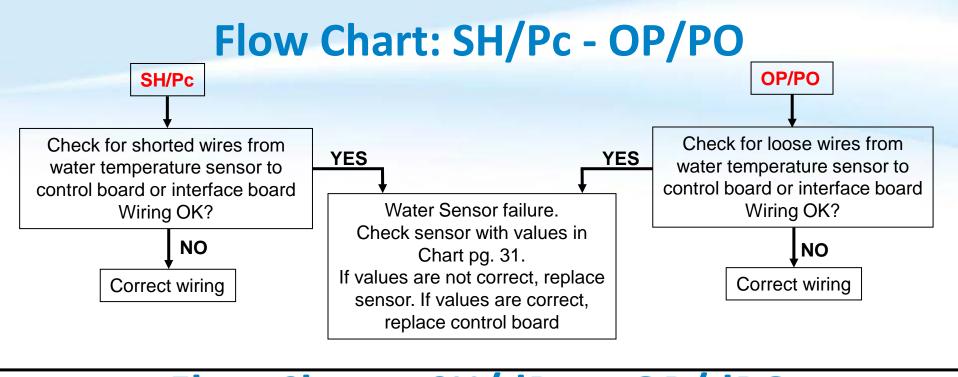
Troubleshooting Pc/SH

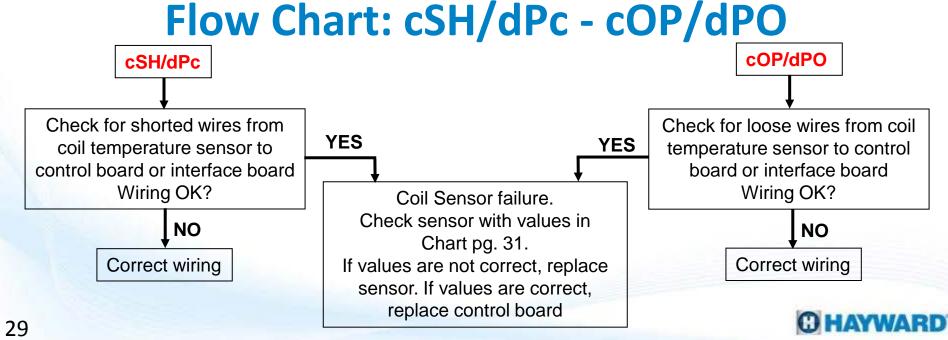
The most common cause of Pc or SH error code is a shorted water temperature sensor. Check sensor wiring for shorted wires, and check sensor resistance against the correct temperature/resistance chart located on page 31.

If resistance is 0 or very low according to the chart, replace the sensor.

If sensor reads the correct resistance for the temperature of the water, replace control board







Common Error Codes: dPO/cOP or dPc/cSH



Square Display

dPO/cOP on Display

dPO or cOP is an indication of an open defrost temperature sensor.

Summit style heat pumps use a 4.8k ohm sensor, and HeatPro heat pumps use a 10k ohm sensor..



Round Display

Troubleshooting dPO/cOP

The most common cause of dPO or cOP error code is an open defrost temperature sensor.

Check sensor wiring for breaks, and check sensor resistance against the correct temperature/resistance chart located on page 31.

If resistance is infinite or very high according to the chart replace the sensor.

If sensor reads the correct resistance for the temperature of the water, replace control board



Square Display

dPc/cSH on Display

Pc or SH is an indication of an shorted defrost temperature sensor.

Square heat pumps use a 4.8k ohm sensor Round heat pumps use a 10k ohm sensor



Round Display

Troubleshooting dPc/cSH

The most common cause of Pc or SH error code is a shorted defrost temperature sensor. Check sensor wiring for shorted wires, and check sensor resistance against the correct temperature/resistance chart located on the page 31.

If resistance is 0 or very low according to the chart, replace the sensor.

If sensor reads the correct resistance for the temperature of the water, replace control board



Temperature/Resistance Charts

For use with Square Heat Pumps

4.8 K ohm Sensor Temperature / Resistance Chart

Temperature °F	Temperature °C	Sensor resistance (Kohm)				
180.0	82.2	0.549				
175.0	79.4	0.601				
170.0	76.7	0.659				
165.0	73.9	0.722				
160.0	71.2	0.793				
155.0	68.4	0.872				
150.0	65.7	0.961				
145.0	62.9	1.06				
140.0	60.2	1.17				
135.0	57.4	1.294				
130.0	54.7	1.434				
125.0	51.9	1.591				
120.0	49.2	1.768				
115.0	46.4	1.968				
110.0	43.7	2.194				
105.0	40.9	2.451				
100.0	38.2	2.741				
95.0	35.4	3.072				
90.0	32.7	3.448				
85.0	29.9	3.879				
80.0	27.2	4.37				
75.0	24.4	4.935				
70.0	21.7	5.583				
65.0	18.9	6.328				
60.0	16.2	7.187				
55.0	13.4	8.18				
50.0	10.7	9.334				
45.0	7.9	10.671				
40.0	5.2	12.23				
35.0	2.4	14.044				
30.0	-0.3	16.167				
25.0	-3.1	18.655				
20.0	-5.8	21.581				
15.0	-8.6	25.036				
10.0	-11.3	29.11				
5.0	-14.1	33.95				
0.0	-16.8	39.683				







Using Temp/Resistance Charts

Determine correct temperature of air or water using accurate thermometer. Set VOM meter to a minimum of 20K ohms. Read resistance of sensor.(wire to wire) Resistance should match the temperature shown on the chart.



In the example above:

The meter on the left shows a temperature of 73.6°F

The meter on the right shows a resistance through the sensor of 10.84K ohms.
Checking the chart on the right for 73.6 degrees shows the resistance should be somewhere between 11.882 (70°) and 10.50 (75°)
Sensor tests good.

For use with Round Heat Pumps

10K ohm Sensor Temperature / Resistance Chart

Temperature °F	Temperature °C	Sensor resistance (Kohm)
180.0	82.2	1.171
175.0	79.4	1.281
170.0	76.7	1.402
165.0	73.9	1.538
160.0	71.2	1.688
155.0	68.4	1.856
150.0	65.7	2.044
145.0	62.9	2.254
140.0	60.2	2.489
135.0	57.4	2.752
130.0	54.7	3.049
125.0	51.9	3.382
120.0	49.2	3.758
115.0	46.4	4.183
110.0	43.7	4.664
105.0	40.9	5.208
100.0	38.2	5.827
95.0	35.4	6.53
90.0	32.7	7.333
85.0	29.9	8.249
80.0	27.2	9.297
75.0	24.4	10.5
70.0	21.7	11.882
65.0	18.9	13.473
60.0	16.2	15.31
55.0	13.4	17.435
50.0	10.7	19.9
45.0	7.9	22.764
40.0	5.2	26.1
35.0	2.4	29.998
30.0	-0.3	34.561
25.0	-3.1	39.919
20.0	-5.8	46.225
15.0	-8.6	53.669
10.0	-11.3	62.479
5.0	-14.1	72.937
0.0	-16.8	85.387



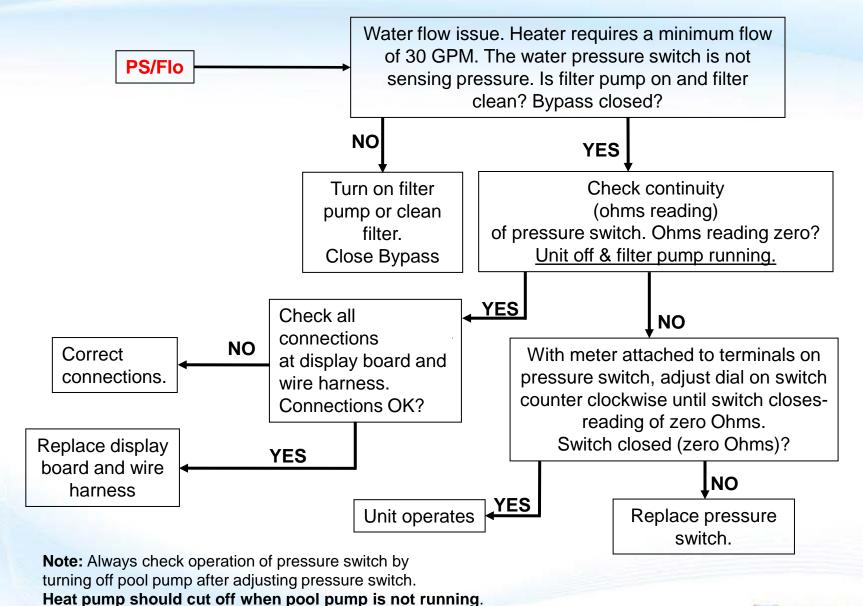
Defrost



Water



Flow Chart: Flo/PS



Common Error Codes: Flo/PS



Square Display

Flo/PS on Display

Flo or PS on the display is an indication of an open water pressure switch. Though water pressure switches occasionally fail, the majority of Flo/PS errors are water flow related. Confirm that pump is running and filter is clean before proceeding with any further troubleshooting.

The water pressure switch is located in the electrical panel.



Round Display

Troubleshooting Flo/PS

The most common cause of FLo or PS error code is low or no water flow. Open bypass valves, time clocks in the off cycle, pumps turned off, or dirty filters account for the majority of Flo and PS errors. If water flow is confirmed check continuity of the flow switch with an Volt/Ohm meter. **See Below** Disconnect wires from water pressure switch and with the pool pump running and any bypasses **closed** check for continuity through the switch, not through the wires. If there is no continuity, try adjusting the switch slightly by turning the thumbscrew counterclockwise 1 full turn. If there is still no continuity, replace switch.

If switch is closed, but Flo/PS is displayed

Check wires to switch for breaks. If no breaks are found replace control board.

Note: Any time water pressure switch is adjusted- After adjusting switch cut off pool pump to ensure

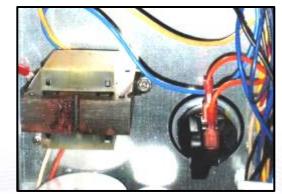
heat pump cuts off on no water flow.



Square Water Pressure Switch

To test continuity of flow switch:

Remove orange wires from switch for round hp Remove purple wires from switch for square hp Set VOM to Ohms, and check for continuity at switch- not wires.



Round Water Pressure Switch

Common Error Codes: Blank Display



Square Display

Blank Display

A blank display is an indication of no low voltage to control.

A tripped breaker is a likely cause.

On round models a blown 1 amp fuse will result in a blank display

Troubleshooting a Blank Display

Check for 240 volts to contactor at L1 and L2 terminals. If there is 240 volts at L1 and L2 check for 24 volts between blue and yellow wires coming from transformer.

On Square units if 24 volts are present at blue and yellow wires replace control board.

On Round units if 24 volts are present check for blown fuse on interface board. If fuse is good replace control board

Common causes of blown fuse or bad transformer are pinched or shorted low voltage wires to low and high pressure switches. Check all wiring for short or ground

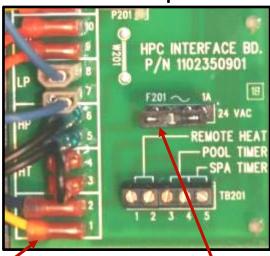
Contactor coil shorted or grounded. Contactors should have approx. 10 Ohms resistance through coil, and there should be no reading of continuity to ground.

Replace contactor if resistance exceeds 12 Ohms, or there is any continuity to ground.



Round Display

Round Heat Pump



1 Amp fuse to protect low voltage circuit HeatPro only



Square Heat Pump

Check for 24 volts AC at blue and yellow wires

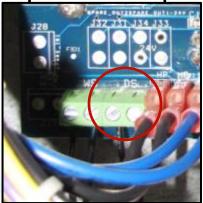


Common Error Codes: FS/deF



Square Display

Square Heat Pump



Defrost Sensor Wire Location

FS/deF on Display

FS or deF on the display is an indication that the heat pump is in the defrost mode.

If outdoor ambient temperatures are low to mid 50's or below this is normal operation

Troubleshooting FS/deF

Normal display when heat pump is in defrost mode. Defrost can occur any time the outdoor ambient temperatures fall into the mid 50's or below.

If you have FS/ deF when temps are above mid 50's

This could be an indication the defrost temperature sensor is failing. Check sensor against resistance charts on page 31. If sensor resistance does not match with correct reading from chart replace sensor. If resistance is correct replace control board

Defrost Sequence

Round Heat Pumps

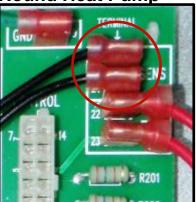
When defrost sensor senses a coil temperature of 29°F, the control board cuts the compressor off but leaves the fan running for 15 minutes, the display will show only the water temperature during this time. If temperature of sensor is 50°F or above after 15 minutes the compressor will restart and the heat pump is operating normally. If the temperature has not reached 50°F the heat pump will go through up to 2 more 15 minute cycles. If after the 3rd cycle the temperature is still not above 50°F the heat pump will shut down for 2 hours and show deF on the display.



Round Display

Note: Defrost sensors are attached to suction refrigerant line near the TXV bulb.

Round Heat Pump



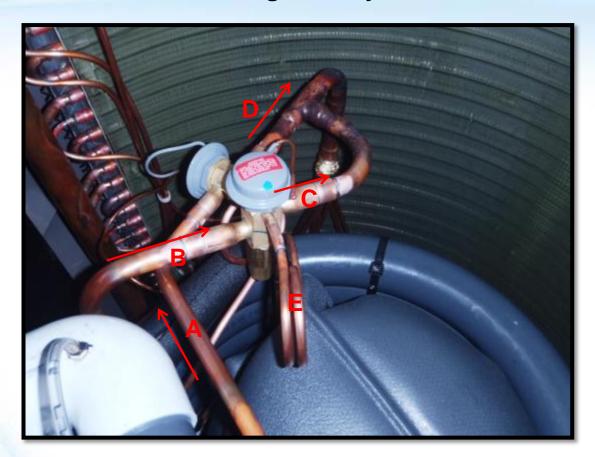
Defrost Sensor Wire Location

Square Heat Pumps

When defrost sensor senses a coil temperature of 29°F, the control cuts the compressor off and leaves the fan running. The display shows FS. The heat pump will continue to operate in this way until the sensor senses 42°F. Once the sensor reaches 42°F the compressor will restart and the heat pump is operating normally.

Hot Gas Bypass (HGBP)

designated by a "C" at end of model number



Trouble Shooting:

Symptoms of a failed hot gas bypass

- 1. Stuck open- abnormally high superheat (more than 15° F), loss of heating capacity
- 2. Stuck closed- heat pump defrosts more than normal, will not run at lower temperatures (below 50° F)

- A. Liquid line to TXV
- B. Hot gas line to HGBP is tee'd into the hot gas line going to the condenser.
- C. Hot gas line from HGBP is tee'd into liquid line downstream of TXV
- D. Liquid line downstream of TXV
- E. Low pressure tube attached to suction line entering compressor

Sequence of Operation

The diaphragm in the HGBP regulates the suction pressure by opening and closing the valve and allowing some of the hot gas that would normally go into the condenser to flow into the liquid line downstream of the TXV.

As the suction pressure drops below 98 psi, (~31° F) loss of pressure from the suction line on the diaphragm (E) will result in the HGBP valve opening to allow hot gas to enter the liquid line downstream of the TXV. This will keep the suction pressure up and the evaporator temperature above the defrost point, allowing the heat pump to operate in cooler temperatures.



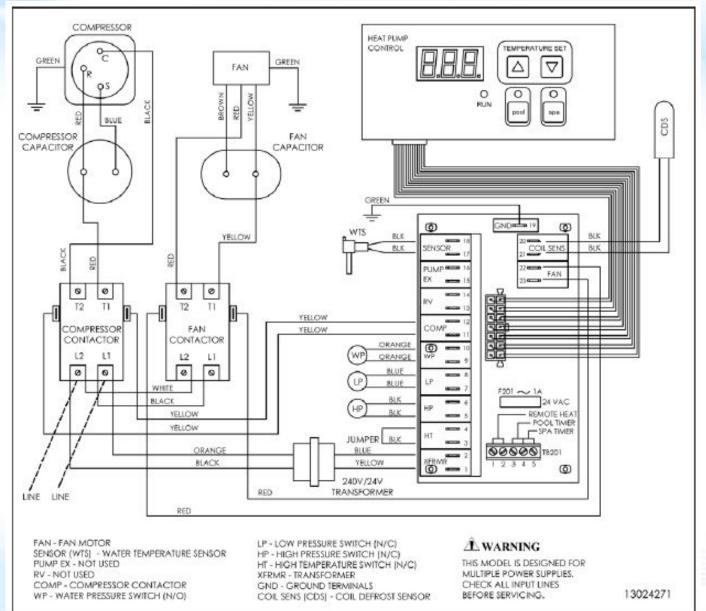


Hayward/Summit Heat Pump

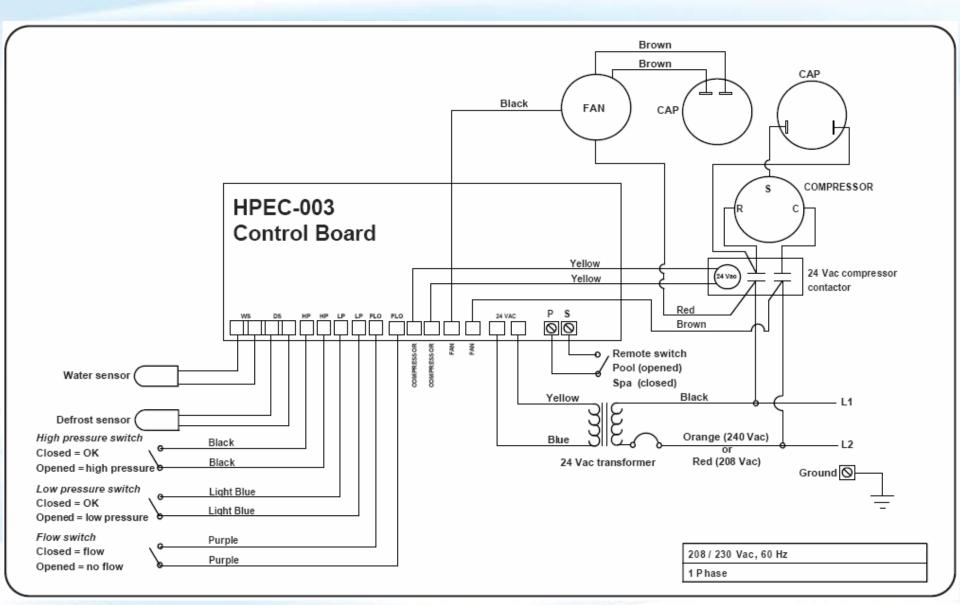
Wiring Diagrams:



Wiring Diagram: Round Unit



Wiring Diagram: Square Unit





Specifications

Heat Pump Data Plate Information									
		50K BTU	65K BTU	95K BTU	110K BTU	110K BTU	125K BTU	140K	125K BTU
		SUM25TA,	SUM3TA,	SUM45TA,	SUM5TA,	HP21104T,	HML125TA,	<u>BTU</u>	Heat/Cool
		HML50TA,	HCB65BTA	HCB95BTA,	HML110TA,	HP21104TC	HCB125BTA,	SUM8TA,	HP31204T
	Variable Description	HP50TA		HP21004T	HCB110BTA,	(Round)	HP21254T	HP21404T,	
					HP21124T			HML125TA	
Α	Model Number			•	See	Above			
В	Serial Number								
С	Refrigerant Type	R410A							
D	Factory Charge	3lb 0oz	4lb 1oz	4lb 10oz	5lb 13oz	5lb 3oz	5lb	5lb 14oz	7lb 6oz
E	Factory Test Pressure				4	140			
F	Compressor Amps	10.5	19.8	28	32	32	32	32	36.9
G	Compressor LRA	60	109	176	148	148	185	185	185
Н	Fan Amps	1.3	1.3	2.4	2.4	1.8	2.4	2.4	2.4
J	Fan LRA	2.8	2.8	4.3	4.3	2.8	4.3	4.3	4.3
K	Minimum Water Flow					30			
L	Maximum Water Flow					75			
M	Maximum Inlet Water Temperature (SPA)				1	80			
N	Nominal Power Requirement	2400	3130	4500	5600	5400	6600	6600	6100
Р	A/C Power	240V 60Hz 1Ph							
Q	Maximum Circuit Amps	20	40	60	70	70	70	70	80
R	Minimum Circuit Amps	14.4	26.1	37.8	42.4	42.4	42.4	42.4	48.5
S	Lo Side				2	236			
T	Hi Side				3	340			
U	Recommended Circuit Breaker Size	20	30	40	50	50	50	50	50



Reading Serial Numbers

21131802105459001

21131802 = **Common ID Tag**

21131802 = Plant of Manufacture

21131802 = Year of Manufacture

21131802 = Day of Manufacture

105459001 = Manufacturing ID

