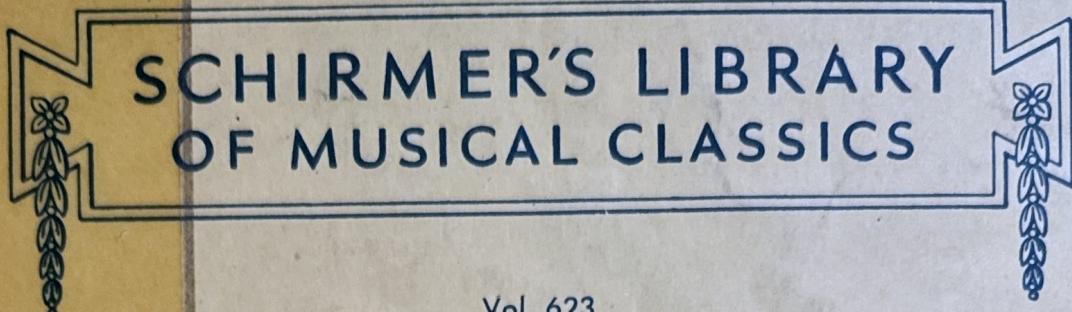


Beethoven. Op. 37.

CONCERTO No. III IN C MINOR

Piano



Vol. 623

BEETHOVEN

Op. 37

Concerto No. III

In C minor

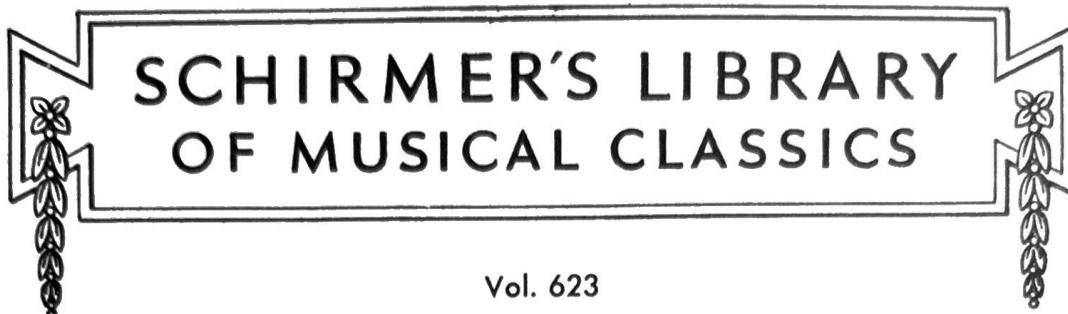
For the Piano

(F. KULLAK)

Score: -



CENTRAL MUSIC
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LUDWIG VAN BEETHOVEN

Op. 37

Concerto No. III

For the Piano

Provided with Fingering, and with a
Complete Arrangement, for Piano,
of the Orchestral Accompaniment

by

FRANZ KULLAK

The Introduction and Notes
translated from the German

by

DR. THEODORE BAKER

Concerto No. I, Op. 15, In C major—Library Vol. 621

Concerto No. II, Op. 19, in B flat major—Library Vol. 622

Concerto No. III, Op. 37, in C minor—Library Vol. 623

Concerto No. IV, Op. 58, in G major, Library Vol. 624

Concerto No. V, Op. 73, in E flat major—Library Vol. 625

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Notes to Beethoven's Concerto in C minor

By FRANZ KULLAK

Our readings for the pianoforte-part of the Third Concerto are based on an edition published by Steiner et Comp. (No. 4029)*. This edition, except one newly engraved plate**, is to be regarded as an impression from the original plates, which thereafter (as we think we have established by a comparison with the original impression of the "Bureau d'Arts et d'Industrie") underwent no further correction.

Of the two versions of this edition, we have taken into consideration only the one which is accommodated to the extension (in 1804) of the pianoforte upwards to c'' . We have retained no distinctions in the staccato (' or '), having been unable to discover any consistent plan in their employment.

* Full title : "Grand Concerto / pour le / Pianoforte/2 Violons, Alto, 2 Flûtes, 2 Hautbois, 2 Clarinettes, 2 Cors, 2 Bassons, 2 Trompettes et Timbales, Violoncelle et Basse/ composée [...] et dédié / À Son Altesse Royale Monseigneur le Prince / Louis Ferdinand de Prusse/ par / Louis van Beethoven / Op. 37. I (Propriété des Éditeurs).

No. 4029 . . . Pr. f6—C. M. 1

A Vienne chez S. A. Steiner et Comp."

(Inside) "S. u. C. 4029. H."—The old register No. 289 can still be readily made out in several places, beneath the new one.—The title of the original edition was precisely similar, except, at the end, "[No.] 289 [Price] 4f 30 x". A Vienne au Bureau d'Arts et d'Industrie." It appears that Steiner & Comp., in 1823, purchased of the Industrie Comptoir their rights in Beethoven's works, either entirely or in part. We have also seen the following :

The arrangement of the orchestral accompaniment is based on Breitkopf & Härtel's score.

We were also enabled to collate the original manuscript score, in which, however, the piano-part still appears (in places) in a simpler form, and is not in all cases completely written out. But later additions and sketches (compare sketch on the last page) frequently permit us to recognize the present form. (*Cf.* Thayer, "Beethoven's Leben," Vol. II., p. 256.)

The parentheses () indicate an addition, or, in the Tutti, that different expression-marks are extant; the brackets [] annul any sign enclosed in them.

Steiner editions: No. 4013 (song, "Sehnsucht") [No. 631 of the Ind. Compt.]; No. 4032 (op. 56) [583]; No. 4047 (op. 33) [171]; No. 4054 (Variations on "Rule, Britannia") [406]; finally, the Fourth Concerto, op. 58, "Vienna bei Tob. Haslinger No. 4031" (inside: "S. u. C. 4031. H."), formerly No. 592 of the Ind. Compt.

** This new plate begins with measure 10 on p. 35 of our edition, and comprises 38 measures. It contains some easily recognizable errors of engraving.—Other deviations from the original impression have been corrected in accord with said impression, and noted in the proper places.—The Steiner edition dates, presumably, from the year 1823. Compare Nottebohm's Thematic Catalogue, Second Edition, op. 114 and 121a.

Third Concerto.

1

Dedicated to H.R.H. Prince Louis Ferdinand of Prussia.

Composed 1800, First (?) publicly performed, and played by the composer, on April 5, 1803. Published, Vienna, in the Bureau d' Arts et d' Industrie. (1804).

L. van BEETHOVEN Op. 37.
New revised edition, 1882.

Allegro con brio. (M.M. ♩ = 138; acc. to Czerny (1) ♩ = 144.)

Tutti

Wind

VI

A page of musical notation from a score, showing multiple staves for various instruments. The instruments include Wind, Timp., Q., Vl. I., Fl., Tp., Vl. II., and Cl. The notation includes dynamic markings like p, f, ff, and sf, and performance instructions like "Wind" and "Timp.". The page is filled with dense musical symbols and rests.

(1) Carl Czerny: "Die Kunst des Vortrags" Supplement to the Great Pianoforte - Method, op. 500.

the original manuscript score in the Royal Library, Berlin.

2

Cl.
Hn.
Bsns.
Tbn.
Vl.
pp Viola
Bsns.
Fl.
Ob.
p
Bsns.
Tbn.
Timp.
sfp
tutti
Q. & Wind
cresc.
fp
Bsns.
B.
VI. L p
fp
cresc.
Wind
f
sfp
Tbn.
con espress.
Ob.
Cl.
Bsns.
VI. I
p
Hn.

(1) The Third instead of the Tenth, to facilitate playing.
15357

Wind

cresc.

Vl.I

Wind

Fl. Ob. pp VI.I

Bassoon. * pp

Wind.

ff sf

ff ff

Wind Tutti

Solo

(Pfte. I)

ff

Wind tutti

(Pfte. II)

smooth

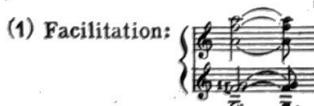
this is easier

relax the

less level!

sing

1



(1) Facilitation: However, according to Czerny, the last three chords should be arpeggiated: this would render our transposition superfluous. On the execution of the trill, cf. Introduction to op. 15.

(1) The Tutti on the upper staves are sometimes facilities of, and sometimes supplementary to, the lower arrangement.

one hand.

(1) In the edition which we follow, the expression-marks for Tutti and Solo are of the same size. Although we do not hold expression-marks in the Tutti to be binding for Solo-entrances unprovided with expression-marks (either in the original or in our own edition), we have, nevertheless, to aid the player's judgment in certain passages, added the old marks, where they seemed doubtful, in [] ; and marks borrowed from the score, in (). Also cf. pp. 23, 35, and (for this passage in particular) p. 60.

(2) "Senza sordino" with pedal; "con sordino," without pedal (*).

(3) Should it be *sf*? See p. 15.

A handwritten musical score for piano, featuring four staves of music. The score includes numerous performance markings such as circled numbers (1, A, B), arrows, and blue ink annotations like "don't push", "light", and "don't attack". Fingerings are indicated by numbers above the keys. The score is set in common time and includes a page number 15367 at the bottom left.

1

A

B

3 5 3 2 3 1 1 2 3 4

3 1 1 2 3 4

4 1 3 1 2 4 3 1 2 4 3

1 2 3 4

15367

A handwritten musical score for orchestra, likely page 7 of a larger work. The score consists of six systems of music, each with multiple staves for different instruments. The instrumentation includes strings (Violin I, Violin II, Cello, Double Bass), woodwinds (Flute, Clarinet, Bassoon, Horn, Trombone), and brass (Trumpet). The score features various dynamics (e.g., *sf*, *f*, *p*, *pp*) and performance instructions (e.g., *sempre stacc.*, *tutti*, *retard*, *accoustic break*). Handwritten markings include circled numbers (1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7) and arrows pointing to specific notes or measures. There are also several crossed-out sections of music, particularly in the first and second systems. The score is written on aged paper with some discoloration and staining.

(1) In agreement with the original manuscript score. Cf. the parallel passage, p. 17.

(2)

to major

181

8

tr. *p* *sforzato*

suspended

Can pick up tempo.

Hn. *p*

fancy

Vl. I. Cl.
Vl. II. Bsn. *p*

B.

more color Shanghai

9

VI. Cl. Bsns.

VI. Ob. Bsns. pp

VI. I. VI. II. (p)

Bsns. Viola (p) Bsns. * Bsns.

senza sordino con sordino less

15357

10

4232

Cl. *p* Hn. *sf* *p*

Tutti *con sordino*

senza sordino

dat, da / this tribute, *L. 3 tutti*

Rd. *VII.*

*Rd. * Rd. **

*Rd. * Rd. * Rd. * Rd. * Rd. **

*Rd. * Rd. * Rd. * Rd. **

sf

s.f.

s.f.

s.f.

s.f.

(1) ? See page 20.

Violin

Tr.

Sf

Solo

f

f

Tutti

Ob. Cl.

Bsn. VI. Viola

ff

p

Fl. Ob. Bsn. Wind Q. Rd.

Solo

p

p

(Solo) VI.

Vlc.

3

A handwritten musical score for orchestra, page 13. The score consists of six systems of music, each with multiple staves for different instruments. The instruments include strings (Violin I, Violin II, Cello, Double Bass), woodwinds (Oboe, Bassoon, Clarinet Bassoon, Flute), brass (Trumpet, Trombone), and percussion (Timpani). The score is written in 2/4 time, with various key signatures and dynamic markings such as *p*, *f*, *tr*, and *cresc.*. Handwritten markings like 'B' and 'E♭' are present above certain staves. The score is highly detailed, showing complex rhythmic patterns and harmonic changes.

Musical score page 14, featuring six staves of music for orchestra. The score includes parts for Violin I, Violin II, Cello, Double Bassoon (Bssn.), Clarinet (Cl.), Oboe (Ob.), and Bassoon (Bassoon). The key signature is B-flat major (two flats), and the time signature is common time.

The score consists of six systems of music. The first system shows measures 1 through 4. The second system shows measures 5 through 8. The third system shows measures 9 through 12. The fourth system shows measures 13 through 16. The fifth system shows measures 17 through 20. The sixth system shows measures 21 through 24.

Handwritten markings and annotations are present in the score:

- Measures 1-4:** The bassoon part has a dynamic marking of fp .
- Measures 5-8:** The oboe part has a dynamic marking of fp . The bassoon part has a dynamic marking of f .
- Measures 9-12:** The bassoon part has a dynamic marking of fp . The bassoon part has a dynamic marking of f .
- Measures 13-16:** The bassoon part has a dynamic marking of fp . The bassoon part has a dynamic marking of f . The bassoon part has a dynamic marking of cresc. (crescendo).
- Measures 17-20:** The bassoon part has a dynamic marking of fp . The bassoon part has a dynamic marking of f . The bassoon part has a dynamic marking of decresc. (decrescendo).
- Measures 21-24:** The bassoon part has a dynamic marking of fp . The bassoon part has a dynamic marking of f .
- Annotations:** A large oval encloses measures 13-16, with handwritten text "Watch 2. & 3. page". Another oval encloses measures 17-20, with handwritten text "mid". Measures 17-20 are circled with a large circle.
- Measure 17:** Numbered 3 and circled 4.
- Measure 18:** Numbered 5.
- Measure 19:** Numbered 6.
- Measure 20:** Numbered 7.
- Measure 21:** Numbered 8.
- Measure 22:** Numbered 9.
- Measure 23:** Numbered 10.
- Measure 24:** Numbered 11.

Tutti

Solo *interruption*

Wind

Ob. Cl. Bsn.

(1) Acc. to the parallel passage on p. 5. "p."

15357

Fl.
 Ob.
 Vl.
 Bsn.²
 Hn.
 pizz.
 Rd.

Wind *f*
pp *accel.*

131
 232
 102
 143

Q.
 arco

semper stacc.
f
f
f
f
f
tutti
Fl.

Tutti

Ob.

Hn.

B.

Wind

Vl.I.

Tp.

Re. *

Solo

(f)

(1)

Q. pp

Re. *

Re. *

Tutti

Ob.

(p)

Bssn.

Ob.

p

Bssn.

(1) Only f#, if the parallel passage were followed. The original manuscript score, too, has only f#; in the left hand, rather indistinctly,  (d, or e?).

piano

Solo

Q.(pp)

130 131 132

Hn.

Musical score for orchestra and piano, page 53, measures 1-10. The score consists of ten staves of music. The top two staves are for the piano, with the right hand playing eighth-note patterns and the left hand providing harmonic support. The subsequent staves are for various orchestra parts: strings (Violin I, Violin II, Cello, Bassoon), woodwinds (Flute, Clarinet, Bassoon), brass (Trumpet, Trombone), and percussion (Drum). The music features complex rhythmic patterns, including sixteenth-note figures and grace notes. Measure 10 concludes with a dynamic marking of *p*.

Musical score page 20, featuring multiple staves of music for different instruments. The top section includes staves for strings (VI.I, VI.II, L.II), woodwinds (Bassoon 2, Bassoon 1, Viola, Bassoon 3), and brass (Tuba). The middle section shows staves for strings (VI.I, VI.II, L.II) and woodwinds (Oboe, Bassoon 2, Bassoon 1, Viola, Bassoon 3). The bottom section includes staves for strings (VI.I, VI.II, L.II), woodwinds (Trumpet, Horn, Bassoon 2, Bassoon 1, Oboe, Bassoon 3), and brass (Tuba). Various dynamics are indicated throughout, such as *senza sordino*, *con sordino*, *p*, *pp*, *q.p.*, *Tutti*, and *Tutti con sord.*. Measure numbers 31, 32, and 4131 are also present.

Violin *p*

Trombone *f*

Wind *p*

cresc.

f

ff

ff

Solo.

Cadenza dopo il trillo della Cadenza attacca subito il seguente *p*

senza sordino (2) e pianissimo

more ped. full

Cadenza

Violin *pp*

Timp.

B.

1 *2* *3* *4* *5* *1* *2* *3* *4* *5* *1* *2* *3* *4* *5* *3* *2*

1 *2* *3* *4* *5* *1* *2* *3* *4* *5* *1* *2* *3* *4* *5* *3* *2*

(1) For Cadenza by Beethoven, see Appendix.

(2) See Note on use of pedal, in the Largo, p.23.

merrow

This page contains five staves of handwritten musical notation for orchestra. The first two staves begin with dynamic markings: 'con sordino' and 'cresc sf'. The third staff features dynamic markings 'sf', 'sf', 'sf', '(1) sf', 'sf', and 'sf'. The fourth staff includes a dynamic marking 'poco cresc.'. The fifth staff begins with 'Tutti.' and 'ff'. It then transitions to a 'Solo.' section with 'ff senza sordino' dynamics. Handwritten markings 'ped.' and 'nole ped.' are placed above the solo section. The sixth staff starts with 'tutti' and 'ff' dynamics. It includes a 'Wind' dynamic and a 'Q.' dynamic. The seventh staff continues with 'ff' dynamics and includes markings like '15 tutti' and '(*)'. The eighth staff concludes with a 'Q.' dynamic.

(1) These 4 *sf's* belong to the *middle* notes of their respective groups.

23

Largo. (M.M. $\frac{2}{4}$; Czemy = 68.)
senza sordino (1) e pianissimo.

Solo

3

con sord.

free!

p.
coh
sord.

pleas?

34 34 5

22

senza sord.

fortissimo

L. fijet

Reeps

moning

cgn sord.

senza sord.

Tutti

Fl.

p. Hn.

cresc.

VI.

Bsns.

Fl.

Q. VI. I & II con sord.

Hn.

cresc.

(1) "Beethoven," says Czerny, "who played this concerto in 1803 in public, held the pedal down through the entire theme, which did very well on the weaksounding pianos of the time, more especially when the soft pedal was also taken. But now that the tone has become far stronger, we should advise taking the loud pedal anew at each important change of harmony, but without causing any audible break in the sound." Our modern pianos require yet greater reserve.

(2) Reads as follows in the Steiner edition, which is, however, frequently incorrect in this movement in the matter of division?

It would be more easily intelligible thus: The ordinary emendation reads: Czerny gives: For a sketch from the autograph, see p. 60. (3) Facilitation:

15357

spin board

Tutti.

Fl.

Hn.

Bsn.

Solo.

p

cresc.

sf

f

much held.

Tutti.

Fl.

p cresc.

f

ff

(1) Note added to replace omitted bass part.

(1) Note added to replace omitted bass part.

15357

Solo.
senza sordino e piano

Musical score page 26, featuring six staves of music for strings and woodwind. The score includes:

- Top staff: Violin (Treble clef) playing eighth-note patterns.
- Second staff: Cello (Bass clef) playing eighth-note patterns.
- Third staff: Double Bass (Bass clef) playing eighth-note patterns.
- Fourth staff: Bassoon (Bass clef) playing eighth-note patterns.
- Fifth staff: Double Bass (Bass clef) pizzicato (pizz.)
- Sixth staff: Flute (Clef not specified) playing eighth-note patterns.

Performance instructions and markings include:

- piano.* at measure 1
- pizz.* at measure 1
- con sordino* at measure 1
- senza sordino* at measure 1
- pizz.* at measure 1
- con sordino* at measure 1
- Fl. p.* at measure 1
- sim.* at measure 1

senza sordino

con sordino

Fl. cimbalisti

senza sordino

con sordino

senza sordino

con sordino

senza sordino

con sordino

Fl.

15357

Musical score page 28, featuring four systems of music for string instruments and flute. The key signature is A major (three sharps). The score includes:

- System 1:** Violin I and II parts. The first measure is *senza sordino*. The second measure is *con sordino*.
- System 2:** Violin I and II parts. The first measure is *senza sordino*. The second measure is *con sordino*. The third measure features a flute part (Fl.) with a melodic line.
- System 3:** Violin I and II parts. The first measure is *senza sordino*. The second measure is *con sordino*. The third measure is a dynamic instruction *decresc.*
- System 4:** Violin I and II parts. The first measure is *senza sordino*. The second measure is *con sordino*. The third measure is *senza sordino*. There is handwritten musical notation in the fourth measure, including a circled '2' and a signature that appears to be 'Lyon'.

con sordino

ben marcato

cresc.

*Re. **

senza sordino e pianiss. (2)

con sordino

Vl. arco

Tutti.

cresc.

Tutti.

senza sordino

con sordino

Q. p.

Fl.

Bsn.

arco

solo.

tutti

(1) Slurs belong only to the *3.*

(2) Here the same reading as above.

(1) The edition which we follow gives this g as an eighth-note. True, the following figure has a note-bar too few, but the notes are similarly placed over each other.—Other editions correct g to a 16th-note.

31

Breitkopf

D. Solo.

Fl. cresc. *p*

Rd. * Rd. * Rd. *

Fl. cresc. f p

Rd. * Rd. * Rd. *

Viola

B.

Wind. *p* Viola

Rd.

Fl. cresc. slow

(4)

f 15

p

full.

2 1 4

tutti

Rd. *

15357

32

faster.

(1) (2) *semper con gran espressione*

Hn. Q. Cadenza Bsp.

Sord

Moretly

Tutti.

p senza sordino

Solo

senza sord. e pp

sforzando p sord. decresc.

con sord.

pp

ff

tutti

*R.R.**

pp

ff

tutti

*R.R. **

Hn. pp

(1) In the original edition the *tr* is doubled (written above and below the *b*); perhaps one of these signs was intended to be an *f* or *sf*.

(2) Probably an engraver's mistake, in the Steiner edition, to make $a\#-b$ eighth-notes; similarly, just before the hold to give the back turn in large note-heads.

(3) After the arrangement of the original manuscript score; but the Cadenza given in the latter had not assumed its present form.

Rondo
Allegro. (M.M. = 108) Czerny omits.)
Solo

1

2

3

4

5

little

out of key.

whats of

pizz.

Ob.

Hn.

Bssn.

p

pizz.

calando ritard.

calando

little

little mean

ritard.

pizz.

(1) Czerny adds **p**.

15357

senza sordino

pizz. ped.

slowe

tutti

Hn. pp

f

arco

R. o.

*R. o. **

*R. o. **

*R. o. **

pizz. 15

Wind Solo

(1) ff

(2) sf sf fortissimo sf

Wind

Tp. ff

less ped.

(1) If this **f** were to continue in force, it would extend through 44 measures. In the parallel passage on p.48, **ff** is given both times.

(2) One of these slurs was prolonged to the next-following eighth-note (see the parallel passage). Execution probably the same in either case.

Tutti

Solo.

Play with this

~~ball of towels~~ ~~more towels~~ ~~more towels~~

sf

A musical score page showing measures 1 through 4. The top staff uses a soprano C-clef, a common time signature, and a key signature of one sharp. It features two voices: a soprano part with quarter notes and a basso continuo part with eighth-note patterns. The bottom staff uses a bass F-clef, common time, and a key signature of one sharp. It shows a basso continuo part with eighth-note patterns. Measure 1 starts with a forte dynamic. Measures 2-4 show a rhythmic pattern of eighth-note pairs followed by a half note. Measures 5-6 show a similar pattern.

Tutti.

FL. VI. I.

Hn.

A musical score page showing a single staff with several measures of music. The notes are primarily eighth notes, some with stems pointing up and some down. There are rests and a fermata mark. The page number '1' is visible at the bottom right.

A musical score for Flute VI, page 1, showing measures 1 and 2. The score consists of two systems of music. The first system starts with a forte dynamic and includes a rehearsal mark '1'. The second system begins with a piano dynamic and includes a rehearsal mark '2'. The music features various note heads, stems, and rests, with some notes having horizontal dashes or dots indicating performance techniques like grace notes or slurs.

A musical score page featuring a piano dynamic 'p' (pianissimo) above the first staff. The first staff consists of two black notes on the second and fourth lines. The second staff begins with a treble clef and a sharp sign, followed by a measure containing a eighth note, a sixteenth note, and a eighth note.

A musical score page showing two measures of music for orchestra. The first measure starts with a bassoon playing eighth notes. The second measure continues with eighth notes, followed by a dynamic instruction 'p' (piano) and a repeat sign. The page number '10' is visible at the top right.

Orchestra score page 10, system 10. The page features three rehearsal marks: 'C1.' at the top left, 'C2.' in the middle left, and 'C3.' at the bottom left. The music consists of two staves. The top staff begins with a bass clef, a common time signature, and a dynamic marking 'sf' (sforzando). It contains six measures of music. The bottom staff begins with a treble clef, a common time signature, and a dynamic marking 'mf' (mezzo-forte). It contains four measures of music.

A handwritten musical score for piano, featuring two staves. The top staff uses a treble clef and the bottom staff uses a bass clef. Measures 11 and 12 are shown, separated by a double bar line with repeat dots. Measure 11 begins with a quarter note in the bass, followed by eighth-note pairs in the treble. Measure 12 begins with a half note in the bass, followed by eighth-note pairs in the treble.

A musical score page showing two staves of music. The top staff uses a treble clef and the bottom staff uses a bass clef. Measure 11 starts with a forte dynamic (f) and ends with a piano dynamic (p). Measure 12 begins with a dynamic instruction 'sf' (sforzando). The music consists of eighth-note patterns and sixteenth-note chords.

(1) Acc. to the parallel passage, *sf* Slur also wanting.

No. 1 Solo.

Slowly

Hn. Cl. Bsns. Bsns. Fl. Cl. Q. Bsns. no > 1 or 3
no 7 on bright

(1) Facilitation: 15857

barky
bursty
live w/o st.

Tutti.
 VI.I.
 VI.II. Viola
 VI.I.
 VIII. Viola Hn.
 Qd. * B.
 Solo. 3 2 1 3 5

Ob. Fl. f Hn.
 Wind pp
 Bsns. f p f f
 Qd. * Wind pp

cresc.
 Wind
 Qd. * Qd. * Qd. * Qd. *

(1) According to the analogous passage on p. 47, *g*; in the Steiner edition the note may have been corrected by the composer from *g*. In these two cases the orchestral accompaniment differs. The Autograph leaves the matter in doubt.

Sheet music for orchestra, page 40.

Annotations and markings:

- Q. pizz.** (Quadrille pizzicato) in the bassoon part.
- calando** (diminishing volume) and **ritard.** (ritardando) markings.
- Cadence** (Cadenza) marking with a circled ①.
- Play trill** and **trill high** markings.
- Play out of key on def. off** (Play out of key on defined off) marking.
- Very low brass!**
- subdivide at beat!**
- P.** (Pianissimo) dynamic.
- 15357** (Handwritten number).

f

sf (p)

sf sf

Ha. pp

(eilt backe)

welt

Tutti.

areo

*R.wo. **

*R.wo. **

*R.wo. **

*R.wo. **

*R.wo. **

*R.wo. **

Ob.

Fl.

Bsns.

cresc.

fp

pizz.¹⁵

*R.wo. **

*R.wo. **

A detailed musical score page from Gustav Mahler's Symphony No. 5. The page is filled with six staves of music, each with multiple voices. The instruments include Bassoon (Bassoon), Clarinet (Cl.), Horn (Hn.), Oboe (Oboe), Trombone (Tromb.), and Viola & Cello (Viola & C. le.). The score features dynamic markings such as ff (fortissimo), p (pianissimo), and dolce (softly). There are also performance instructions like "play with" and "never stop". Measure numbers 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, and 53 are visible. The bassoon part has several slurs and grace notes. The oboe part includes a melodic line with dynamic changes. The violins provide harmonic support with sustained notes. The overall texture is rich and complex, typical of Mahler's style.

full out.

Tutti.
Cl. Q.

det. det.

Solo.

Bsn. Cl. Q. Hn. sf

*Repetit. through
from the top. re-measured*

Cl. Bsn. p

44

Tutti.

Solo.

Sheet music for orchestra, page 44. The score consists of ten staves. The first two staves are labeled "Tutti." The third staff is labeled "Hn." The fourth staff is labeled "Rd. *". The fifth staff is labeled "Rd.". The sixth staff is labeled "(...)" and "Rd.". The seventh staff is labeled "Rd.". The eighth staff has markings "5 4 5" and "5". The ninth staff is labeled "Tutti" and "Vlc. L.". The tenth staff is labeled "Vlc. pp" and "VI. II." The eleventh staff is labeled "Vlc. pp" and "Vlc. & Viola". There are various dynamics and performance instructions throughout the score, including "sf", "f", "ff", "pp", and "p". The score is in 2/4 time and includes a key signature of one flat.

Facilitation. *cresc.*
 VI. I. *pp*
Ad. * *B.* *cresc.*
Ad. * *B.*
f *ff*
f Wind. *ff*
Ad. * *Ad.* *
fp *fp*
Ad. * *Ad.* * *Ad.* * *Ad.* *
Solo. *senza sordino*
fp *decresc. sempre pianissimo*
fp

Tutti.
VI. I.
pp con sordino VI. II.

VI. I.
pp VI. II.

Vcl. Viola
Ob. *pp*

(1)
pp

Solo.
senza sordino

con sord.

Tutti.

Solo.
senza sordino

(1) In the Autograph the first **p** is rather indistinct. Perhaps the copyist read only **p**.

Ped. *don't rush.*

on sordino

Hn.

pp

Rit.

Place :

String

Q.pizz.

Here g

(1)

(1) Here g (cf. page 39).
16357

Tutti.

Tutti.

arc. *

2 3 4 5

Rwd. *

Rwd. *

Tutti.

Wind.

Solo.

Wind.

Tutti.

Solo.

sf

sf

(sf)

ff

Rwd. *

sf

sf

ff

Rwd. *

sf

sf

ff

Rwd. *

sf

sf

ff

Rwd. *

4 3

2 1

4 3

2 1

4 3

2 1

(sf)

Hn. Q.

(1) In the original impression, 14 of these slurs are prolonged to the eighth-note. (In the new plates, still more.)

Tutti.

Fl.

Hn.

VI. I.

(ten.)

p

Viol.

solo. (omitted)

Ob.

Bsn.

Hn.

High C major

F major

Fl.

Ob.

Bsn.

(1) In the new plates, ***sf*** is omitted.

A handwritten musical score for orchestra, page 50. The score consists of six systems of music, each with multiple staves for different instruments. The instrumentation includes woodwind (Flute 1, Flute 2, Oboe), brass (Bassoon), strings (Violin 1, Violin 2, Cello, Double Bass), and piano. The score features complex rhythmic patterns, dynamic markings like *sf*, *fp*, and *p*, and performance instructions such as "decrec." and "and soon." There are also circled numbers (1, 2, 3, 4, 5) above certain notes and rests.

This page of musical notation is a complex arrangement for a large orchestra. It features multiple staves for different sections: strings (Violins I, Violins II, Violas, Cellos, Double Bass), woodwinds (Oboes, Clarinets, Bassoon, Flutes, Horns, Trombones, Trumpets), brass (Tubas, Trombones, Trumpets), and percussion (Tympani, Cymbals, Snare Drum, Bass Drum). The music is set in common time and includes various key changes. Dynamic markings include *p*, *f*, *cresc.*, and *decresc.*. Performance instructions like *Tutti*, *Solo*, *V.I.*, and *Ob.* are placed above the staves. Fingerings are marked above certain notes, and slurs connect groups of notes. The score is filled with intricate patterns of eighth and sixteenth notes, along with sustained notes and rests.

A handwritten musical score for piano, featuring five staves of music. The score includes various dynamics like *f*, *p*, and *ff*, and performance instructions such as *Re.* (ritenando), *solo*, *Wait*, and *Cadenza*. The manuscript is annotated with several arrows and circles, likely indicating performance techniques or specific fingerings. The first two staves are in common time, while the third, fourth, and fifth staves are in 6/8 time. The key signature changes between staves, with some staves starting in B-flat major and others in A major.

Adagio.

Presto. (M. M. $\text{♩} = 108$: Czerny: 112)

modul

Presto Q.

(1) The direction "*pp*" would appear to be anulled with the termination of the Cadenza. Cf. the orchestral accompaniment.

jetzt! 53

Fighter

Tutti

(p)

Fl.

Solo

Fl.

Viol.

Bassn.

Ob.

Cl. Hn.

Perc. *

Perc. *

Fl.

Cl. Hn.

Tim. * Perc.

* Perc.

Wind

Wind

Perc. *

Perc. *

Wind

Q.

p

jetzt!

light

(1) A repeated ♯ (instead of ♮), both in the Autograph and the Steiner edition, is rectified by the orchestral accompaniment.

54

Wind

R. H.

sordino

sput Pad

Tutti

con sordino senza sordino (2)

VI. Wind

Ob.
Hn.
Fl.

Bassn.

(1) Steiner gives the # here, too.

(2) The words "con sordino" and "senza sordino" seem to have been interchanged; or else a preceding "senza sordino" was omitted.

16357

Handwritten musical score for orchestra, page 55. The score includes parts for Solo Violin, Tutti, Solo, Viola (Vl.), Bassoon (Bsn.), Oboe (Ob.), Bassoon (Bsn.), Trombone (Tr.), Horn (Hn.), Trombone (Tr.), and Tuba (Tp.). The score is annotated with various performance instructions and markings.

Annotations:

- "(1) arm force" and "out & bent hands" circled above the first measure of the Solo section.
- "over the bridge!" written diagonally across the top of the page.
- "(1) 9th finger!" written near the beginning of the Tutti section.
- "Please keep tip of thumb, (NOT SIDE!)" written over the Bsn. part, with "(1)" below it.
- "(2) place over the shoulder." written next to the "Please keep tip..." annotation.
- "pft, tot. with shoulder." written at the end of the "Please keep tip..." annotation.
- "(1) Facilitation:" written at the bottom left.
- "cresc" written in the bassoon part at the bottom right.

56 947-0653 Hanley

Appendix.

Cadenza to the First Movement.(1)

not perfect

The score consists of six staves of musical notation for piano, primarily in common time and 2/4 time. The key signature varies between B-flat major (two flats) and A major (no sharps or flats). The first staff begins with a forte dynamic. Subsequent staves include dynamic markings such as *f*, *fp*, and *p*. The score is annotated with several handwritten markings: a large circle with a dot in the middle is placed over the second staff; a circled '353' is in the third staff; a circled '1' is in the fourth staff; a circled 'C' is in the fifth staff; and circled numbers 1 through 5 are in the sixth staff. Arrows point from some of these markings to specific notes or groups of notes in the music. The tempo is indicated as *Poco meno allegro e risoluto.* The score concludes with a final dynamic marking of *f*.

(1) This Cadenza was first published, as far as we know, by Breitkopf & Härtel in their Complete Edition of Beethoven's works, about 1861-63. Nottebohm's Thematic Catalogue of 1868 affords no information concerning the whereabouts of the Autograph; but says that the autographs of Beethoven's Cadenzas to his other Pianoforte-concertos are in the possession of Breitkopf & Härtel. — Among Fischhof's literary remains (Royal Library, Berlin) we find copies of Beethoven's Cadenzas to his original pianoforte-concertos only to the op. 15, 19 and 58.

fast
> rub:

1 2 3 2 5 1 4 1 3 1 3 2 5 1 4 1 4 2 5 4 3 2 1 4

E Top note

Re.

ff

Re.

Re.

Re. f. Cond.

dim. *Rep up.*

piano

more quiet

dolce
 1 3 2 4
 3
espressivo
 Presto.
 f
 f

sound good.

(1) Acc. to Czerny, Pianoforte-Method, Part I, such a trill may be played as follows:

It appears, however, that Beethoven did not leave out trill-tones in this manner; this is shown by a manuscript elucidation of a trill in Sonata 53. (Given in Thayer's Chronological Catalogue, p. 53.)

Soli and Tutti in the original impression.

(To page 5.)

Solo senza Sordino

Tutti

con Sordino

etc.

The bass part (also, on p. 46 of the Rondo, the viola-part and an [incorrect] oboe-note) is written with large note-heads. Hence it might appear as if it had been executed with the rest in performance (*cf.* particularly the *Largo*). According to present custom, single bass notes coinciding with the solo would have a disturbing influence. We have, therefore, written them in []. In the Autograph, in which the *Tutti* is omitted in the piano-part, we find, moreover, the chord at the place marked *; and, in the following solo, only $c\flat$, which, for evident reasons, is set an octave lower.

A Passage from the Autograph.

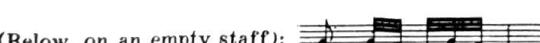
(To page 23.)

Largo.

(Bars for the orchestra-parts.)

Cembalo

etc.

(Below, on an empty staff): 

(The smaller notes are written in darker ink.)

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