

A MAGAZINE FOR THE COMMUNITY

FALL 2026

The Holley Institute

Meet the Glarner Family
from Holland, Michigan



Vice Chair's Message

Dear Holley Institute Community,

I come to this letter with more than a seat on the Board of Directors. I am significantly hard of hearing myself, so I know firsthand what it costs to miss half of what a room is saying — and what it means when someone makes sure you don't have to. That is why our Community Health and Literacy Program moves me the way it does. In living rooms across Michigan, a Deaf mentor sits down with a family for a couple of hours each week, month after month, and teaches them how to talk to one another. Not how to cope — how to talk. Parents who once feared they were losing their child to silence find themselves signing bedtime stories. Brothers and sisters join in. A house that had gone quiet fills back up.

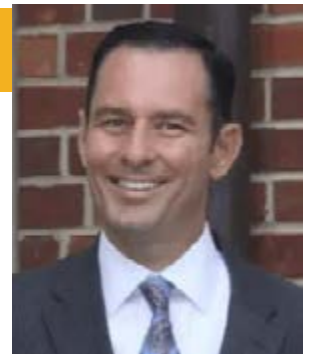
What happens there reaches far beyond vocabulary. When a Deaf, Deafblind, or Hard of Hearing child gets real language early, delays close, reading comes, school gets easier, and the isolation that shadows so many of these children begins to lift. Parents tell us about the change in their own outlook is just as profound — worry gives way to confidence. Mental health, communication, and literacy are not three separate goals. They are one goal, and every one of them begins with a family that can understand each other.

We have only one problem, and it is a good one: more families are waiting than we can currently reach. Michigan is a big state, and a child in a rural county or an underserved neighborhood deserves the same mentor at the same kitchen table as a child in Detroit. Getting there will take trained mentors, miles, and time — and it will take you. So, I am asking for two things. Encourage this work: tell a family who needs it and tell a friend who can help. And support it financially, at whatever level is right for you. Every gift puts another mentor in another living room and another child on the path to language. Thank you for standing with these families.

With gratitude,



Sean Gardella
Vice Chair, Board of Directors, The Holley Institute



A Message from our St. Nicholas Christmas Event Chairs



We are proud second-generation chairs, following in the footsteps of Kathryn's parents, Jim and Patti Anderson, who served as honorary chairs in 2015. Our daughters, Andi (10) and Patti (8), have also been active helpers for the past four years—assisting with decorations and bringing wonderful energy to auction day. With any luck, Andi and Patti will carry on the family tradition as third-generation chairs one day!

We are grateful for the opportunity to help carry this tradition forward and to support the important work of The Holley Institute. We hope you will join us in making this year's St. Nicholas Christmas Event a memorable and meaningful celebration.

Warmly,



William and Kathryn O'Keefe
Event Chairs, 2026 St. Nicholas Christmas Event

Board Chair's Message

Dear Holley Institute Community,

As Board Chair, I am honored to reflect on the remarkable legacy of The Holley Institute and the many people who have helped shape its mission over the years.

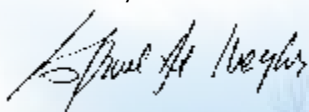
For generations, The Holley Institute has been a place of support, connection, education, and hope for Deaf, Deafblind, and Hard of Hearing individuals and their families. What began as a commitment to meeting the needs of children and families has grown into a lasting community built on compassion, access, communication, and belonging.

The strength of The Holley Institute has always come from the people behind it: the families who trust us, the staff who serve with dedication, the donors who believe in our work, the volunteers who give their time, and the community partners who help us reach farther. Together, we have created a legacy that continues to change lives.

As we honor the past, we also look ahead with excitement and purpose. There is more to come. The needs of the families we serve continue to evolve, and The Holley Institute is ready to grow with them. We remain committed to strengthening our programs, expanding our reach, and continuing to provide life-enhancing opportunities for those who depend on us.

Thank you for being part of this legacy and for helping carry it forward.

Sincerely,



Daniel DJ Megler, MD
Board Chair, The Holley Institute



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Meet the Glarner Family from Grand Rapids



When twin brothers Ivan and Rory were born, their parents, Carly and Andrew Glarner, believed both boys were developing in similar ways. As the twins grew, however, they began noticing differences in how Ivan responded to sounds and communicated. Ivan would often cup his hand around his ear and lean into conversations.

It was not until Ivan was five years old that his family learned he had significant sensorineural hearing loss; his hearing loss was identified during the Covid-19 pandemic which delayed intervention. The diagnosis came after the critical language-development period from birth to age three, but still left his parents worried about communication and learning for his future.

"We thought at first that hearing aids would be all that he needed but as he progressed, we saw that he needed extra support in communication." The devices helped him access some sounds, but the family soon realized that hearing aids alone could not address all of his communication, language, educational, and social needs. They wanted Ivan to have a complete and accessible way to express himself and connect with the people around him.

That search led them to The Holley Institute.

Through The Holley Institute, the family began learning American Sign Language and connecting with resources designed for families with Deaf, Deafblind, and Hard of Hearing children.



ASL quickly became an important part of their daily lives. "We use both ASL and English in our home as we are all learning ASL. We love learning ASL with our Deaf mentor Chelsey. She understands how difficult it is to gain the skills we need, but she makes it fun for us as a family. As we did not have any other deaf people in our family, we really needed a role model of a successful deaf adult, and the Holley Institute has connected us with so many of those people."



Ivan at Deaf Baseball Camp last summer

Ivan's hearing twin brother, Rory, embraced ASL alongside him. He regularly helps make sure Ivan understands what is happening and speaks up when others forget to communicate in an accessible way. Whether they are playing, sharing jokes, or spending time together as a family, the twins have developed their own strong bond through both spoken language and ASL.

"All three of our children, Rory, Ivan and Hans have benefited from the Carls Family Village, and our time there has shown us that anything is possible."

For Rory, Ivan, Hans, and their family, learning American Sign Language and attending Summer Family Weeks has

strengthened the relationships they share. Instead of communication becoming a source of frustration, ASL has become something the entire family enjoys practicing, using, and discovering together. Their time at the Holley Family Village has given them shared experiences, lasting memories, and a stronger family connection.

ASL at Home training completed

With grant support from the Community Foundation for Southeast Michigan, Community Health and Literacy Program (CHLP) staff completed the ASL at Home training in August of 2026 to strengthen the services and support provided to Deaf and Hard of Hearing children and their families. These trainings expanded the team's skills in early language development, family-centered communication, and strategies that help parents build accessible language-rich environments at home.



Home Visiting Conference

Holley Institute staff attended the Home Visiting Conference in Traverse City, Michigan, connecting with professionals from across the state who support children and families through home-based services.

The conference provided an opportunity to strengthen knowledge, share best practices, and explore new approaches to family-centered support. Staff brought these insights back to The Holley Institute to help enhance programs and services for Deaf, Deafblind, and Hard of Hearing children and their families.



Summer Program Photo Highlights

Take a look back at the joyful moments, meaningful connections, and family memories created during The Holley Institute's 2026 Summer Family Programs at the Carls Family Village.



A special message from

Jonathon Klotz, Program Specialist

It is hard to believe I have recently completed my second year of summer programs. Joining the Holley Institute has been an incredible experience, and I truly appreciate the role I play in such an important mission. As I continue to meet more Holley Institute families, community members, and supporters, it really brings the importance and impact of our programs to the forefront of my mind. I am grateful to be part of an organization so deeply committed to supporting Deaf, DeafBlind, and Hard of Hearing children and families, and I look forward to continuing to get to know each of you.

Over the past two years, I have had the privilege of being part of, and witnessing, many memorable moments of connection among families, staff, and our community. I am especially excited about our future and the opportunity to continue developing engaging programs while introducing new experiences that inspire learning, foster meaningful connections, and create lasting memories.

Beyond our summer programs, we continue to create new opportunities that support families and bring our community together. This fall, we are excited to host our second ASL Immersion Weekend and our fifth Family Literacy Weekend at the Carls Family Village.

Throughout the Metro Detroit area, we are expanding opportunities for connection through Deaf Coffee Chats, community workshops, and our growing American Sign Language (ASL) classes. Our Community Health and Literacy Program (CHLP) also continues to grow, providing resources to more families and bringing ASL Storytime events to communities across Michigan.



I want to extend a sincere thank you to our incredible community and staff. It truly takes a village to create and offer these meaningful programs. Whether you have made a donation, volunteered your time, participated in one of our programs, or supported our mission in another way, your generosity and dedication make a lasting difference. These programs would not be possible without you. Your support enables us to expand our programming, creating more opportunities for DDBHH children and their families to thrive.

Thank you for your warm welcome to the Holley Institute family. I look forward to reconnecting with familiar faces and meeting new ones at upcoming events and programs, and working alongside our team to make an even greater impact in the lives of DDBHH children and their families.





2026 St. Nicholas Christmas Event

Thursday, December 10, 2026
Grosse Pointe Yacht Club

Celebrate the Season. Strengthen the Future.

Join The Holley Institute for an elegant evening of celebration, generosity, and community at the 2026 St. Nicholas Christmas Event.

This cherished gathering brings together friends, families, community leaders, and supporters who share a commitment to creating a more accessible and connected future for children and families who are Deaf, Deafblind, and Hard of Hearing.

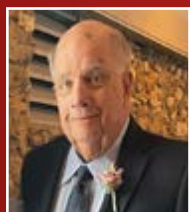
Guests will enjoy a memorable experience while learning more about the life-changing programs made possible through The Holley Institute and the Carls Family Village. Every sponsorship and donation will help families access communication education, American Sign Language instruction, family-centered programming, and a supportive community where children can build confidence, connection, and belonging.



Meet Our Event Chairs

Billy and Katie O'Keefe

We are excited to have Billy and Katie (Anderson) O'Keefe to serve as chairs of the 2026 St. Nicholas Christmas Event. Through their leadership and commitment, they are helping bring the community together in support of The Holley Institute's mission and the families it serves.



Honorary Chair

Timothy J. Grajewski

The Holley Institute is honored to recognize Board Treasurer, Timothy J. Grajewski as the event's honorary chair. His support reflects a shared belief in the importance of accessible communication, strong families, and opportunities for every child to thrive.

Event Committee

Devon and April Allard
Adrian and Lexy Borello
John and Dr. Penelope Dakmak
Brad and Courtney Drummy

Sean and Ann Gardella
Dr. Linda Karadsheh
and Dr. Kurt Ludwig
Koebe and Eve Mosher

Dominic and Olivia Paluzzi
Dr. Peter and
Erica Panagopoulos

Your Support Creates Connection

As The Holley Institute expands its programs and reaches more families, continued support is essential. Generosity from the event will strengthen current services while helping build the financial foundation needed to sustain the organization's mission for generations to come.

Your support can help provide:

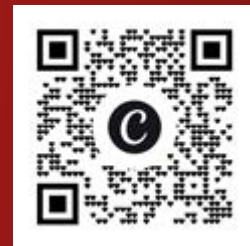
- American Sign Language education for children, parents, and caregivers
- Immersive family programs at the Carls Family Village
- Early communication and literacy resources
- Deaf mentors and positive role models
- Opportunities for families to connect with others who share similar experiences
- Support that helps children develop confidence, independence, and a strong sense of identity



Become a Sponsor

Sponsorship of the 2026 St. Nicholas Christmas Event offers a meaningful way for individuals, families, businesses, and community partners to demonstrate their commitment to accessibility, family connection, and the future of The Holley Institute.

Sponsors will receive recognition associated with the event while helping ensure that children and families continue to have access to the programs, relationships, and resources they need.



Scan the QR code to
sponsor now

Make a Gift

Unable to attend or sponsor the event? You can still make an important impact by making a donation using the enclosed envelope. Every gift, regardless of size, helps strengthen The Holley Institute's ability to serve families today and sustain its mission well into the future.

Together, we can ensure that children who are Deaf, Deafblind, and Hard of Hearing have the language, resources, community, and opportunities they need to flourish.

For questions about the event, please contact:

Olivia Abrahamian, Development Officer
248-747-2729 (text or voice)
Oabraham1@hfhs.org

Researchers Edge Closer to Reconstructing the Building Blocks of Hearing

By Karen Nitkin on 02/13/2026

Researchers are getting closer to understanding how to repair inner ear damage and restore hearing using gene therapy and immunology.

Presenters at the David M. Rubenstein Hearing Research Symposium, held at The Johns Hopkins Hospital, discussed their findings, including studies of hair cells in the inner ear that are crucial for hearing. As they learn why some animals can regenerate those cells, scientists are moving closer to the goal of stimulating similar regrowth in humans.

The symposium, organized by Elisabeth Glowatzki, the David M. Rubenstein Professor of Otolaryngology–Head and Neck Surgery, featured Johns Hopkins researchers who presented their work on topics including hair cell regeneration, inner ear gene therapy and immunological approaches to repairing inner ear damage, as well as healthy auditory aging.

Held every other year, the symposium is supported by the David M. Rubenstein Precision Medicine Center of Excellence in Hearing Fund, which supports regenerative approaches to hearing research

“With the endowment, we can push the boundaries,” says Glowatzki. “We’re adding topics that are cutting edge. One is using the immune response to possibly repair what’s damaged in the ear, and the other topic is aging. We all lose some of our hearing with age, so we want to know how to fix things.”

Keynote speakers were Alan Cheng of Stanford University, a leader in hair cell regeneration research, and Gwenaelle Geleoc from Harvard University, who is renowned for her work using genetic approaches to reverse hearing loss associated with Usher syndrome, an inherited condition characterized by hearing, vision and balance difficulties.

As Glowatzki explains, hair cells are cells in the inner ear topped with tiny hair bundles that move with sound vibrations, producing electric signals that are transmitted to the brain to create hearing and balance. Auditory loss

occurs when the cells die, often from disease or noise exposure. Creating new sets of hair cells could be an important step for restoring hearing, she says.

Researchers, including Erin Jimenez, assistant professor in the Department of Biology, and Ulrich Mueller, Bloomberg Distinguished Professor of Neuroscience and Biology, presented their insights into how these cells work and the mechanisms that allow them to regenerate in some animals, but not in humans.

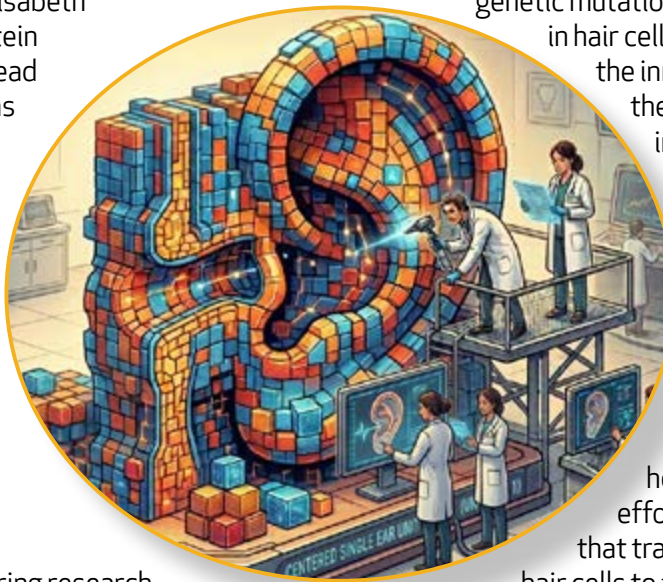
A gene therapy approach, Glowatzki says, would address genetic mutations that result in a loss of function in hair cells or other important cell types in the inner ear. This approach would pack the message that makes the protein into a virus that would be injected in the inner ear. Wade Chien, professor of otolaryngology–head and neck surgery, discussed the gene therapy techniques he is testing in mouse models.

Philippe Vincent, assistant professor of otolaryngology–head and neck surgery, spoke of his efforts recreating the mechanisms that transmit signals from the inner ear hair cells to the nerve, and investigating the properties of re-created hair cell/auditory nerve fiber connections (synapses) in a culture dish. He is developing approaches to determine if those new connections would transmit the necessary activity from the hair cell to the brain.

Several immunologists in the department, including Stephane Lajoie, who spoke at the symposium, are studying the immune response within the ear to damaging stimuli, particularly loud noise. Amanda Lauer, professor of otolaryngology–head and neck surgery, discussed the mechanisms that may lead to hearing loss with aging.

Presenters shared their work and insights, creating an atmosphere of “cross-pollination,” says Glowatzki. “After every talk, there were plenty of questions from the audience, which was very engaged,” she says.

Published in Clinical Connection - Winter 2025 - 2026



SolaceShield



Hi, I'm Rachel.

I was born deaf and wear two Cochlear Baha (bone-anchored hearing devices).

For years, I struggled to wear winter hats without feedback, discomfort, or having to lower my sound settings. I reached out to the hearing industry looking for solutions, but never received a response.

As a Master's graduate in Outdoor Recreation and Nature-Based Tourism, accessibility has always been central to my work and how I experience the outdoors.

So I created the solution myself. Solace Shield is designed to reduce feedback caused by winter hats while keeping hearing devices protected and fully functional.

No one should have to choose between staying warm and hearing clearly.



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Hearing Loss by the numbers:

Key facts and statistics you should know

The world is a noisy place. And the nature of that noise puts each of us at risk for hearing loss.

“Many of us are aware that military veterans often live with noise-related hearing loss,” said Gretchen Dueñas-Tanbonliong, MS, MPH, RDN, Associate Director of Health and Wellness at NCOA. “Things like artillery fire and fighter jet takeoffs—they’re the reason why hearing loss is the most common service-connected disability in the U.S. Still, millions of us also have noise-related hearing loss that can’t be explained this way.”

More than half of U.S. adults with hearing damage didn’t get it from a noisy workplace. Over time, exposure to things that don’t even strike us as loud—like washing machines or driving on the highway—can threaten our hearing.

“Being educated about our hearing health empowers us to keep what we have and protect against future damage—whether due to noise or some other reason,” Tanbonliong said.

How common is hearing loss?

Very common. So common, in fact, that the Hearing Loss Association of America (HLAA) identifies it as a growing public health crisis.

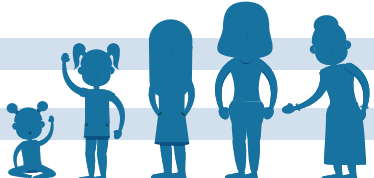
As many as 1 in 7 people in the United States lives with some form of it. This includes 1 in 3 adults between the ages of 65–74, and nearly 1 in 2 adults age 75 and older.

Still, there are other types of hearing loss beyond presbycusis (age-related hearing loss). A recent study revealed that 1 in 8 adolescents will experience signs of hearing damage by age 18.

Hearing loss by the numbers: Prevalence by age

You may be curious about how hearing loss affects each age group. This simple table breaks it down:

Age	Number with hearing loss (per 100,000)
Under 5	14
5–14	31.7
15–49	81.3
50–69	267.9
70+	777.9



Source: Our World in Data

Hearing loss in children and young adults

Among the younger demographic, “leisure noise” is a particular—and alarming—concern. According to the World Health Organization, more than one billion young

adults are at risk of permanent hearing loss because of it. One long-term German study examined noise exposure and adolescent listening habits for ten years beginning in Grade 9. Initial results reveal that unsafe listening habits—including using personal listening devices (earbuds) and attending loud concerts and clubs without ear protection—are largely to blame. A different study of Croatian youth drew similar conclusions. This points to the urgent need for early intervention and behavioral change.

Hearing loss risk factors

No one is immune from hearing loss. That said, certain occupations, activities, and behaviors make it more likely to occur. So can factors beyond our control. Consider that:

Age is the number one predictor of hearing loss. By the time we reach age 75, nearly half of us will experience difficulty hearing.

Noise is another top cause of hearing loss, no matter our age. This includes one-time exposure to intense sound and frequent exposure to noise at or above 85 decibels.

Genes can play a role. Research shows that up to 60% of hearing loss cases may be genetic. And genes might influence presbycusis between 35%–55% of the time.

Viral infections can cause sudden or progressive hearing loss, in one or both ears. This can be mild to severe, and temporary to permanent.

Some prescription and over-the-counter medications potentially can damage the inner ear—including certain antibiotics, cancer drugs, diuretics, and even aspirin.

Preventing hearing loss

It may surprise you to know that noise-induced hearing loss (NIHL) is the only type that's fully preventable.

Still, that doesn't mean hearing loss is inevitable. There are many things we can do to protect the hearing we do have and—in some cases—recover some of the loss.

These include: Getting a baseline hearing assessment and annual follow-ups. This can help identify subsequent hearing loss sooner and get the most appropriate treatment for it.

Wearing ear protection in loud environments. Experts advise choosing the option most comfortable for you that also effectively reduces noise to below 85 decibels.

Staying up-to-date on recommended vaccinations. Common viruses including measles, influenza, shingles, and more are linked to hearing loss.

Addressing ear wax. Impacted build-up can block the inner ear and cause conductive hearing loss. Proper cleaning can

restore your hearing and keep it there.

Seeking emergency attention for any rapid, unexplained deafness. Sudden sensorineural hearing loss (SSHL) often can successfully be treated in its early stage.

Wearing hearing aids. These devices protect your brain's ability to process sound, effectively bypassing any noise or age-related damage to the inner ear.

Hearing health and impact

Hearing well allows us to fully participate and find satisfaction in our everyday lives, interactions, and relationships. On the other hand, untreated hearing loss can negatively affect our physical, mental, and emotional health. Consider that:

Hearing loss and balance are closely related. Even mild hearing loss can triple our risk for falls; and recent falls facts and statistics show how life-altering this can be.

Fear of falling creates barriers to exercise. In addition to obesity, cardiovascular disease, bone loss, and other impacts, being sedentary can lead to depression.

Hearing loss and anxiety also are tightly linked. Worries over misinterpreting other people or saying the wrong thing can cause social anxiety, withdrawal, and loneliness.

Hearing loss can predispose us to schizophrenia. Researchers think this may be due to prolonged social isolation and its effect on the dopamine system.

Hearing and cognitive function are connected. Mild hearing loss doubles our dementia risk; moderate hearing loss triples it; and severe hearing loss creates 5x greater risk.

Poor hearing can send you to the hospital. A retroactive study of adults with heart failure found higher hospitalization rates among those with untreated hearing loss.

Recognizing the signs of hearing loss and seeking prompt attention is therefore vital to our well-being and quality of life. But it's not always easy to bring the topic up when we notice hearing loss in others. Find useful tips for talking about hearing loss that can help you start the conversation.

Hearing loss and dementia

Ongoing research suggests that hearing loss could be a leading modifiable risk factor for developing Alzheimer's and other dementias. Further, according to the Aging and Cognitive Health Evaluation in Elders (ACHIEVE) Study:

Dementia, like hearing loss, is a growing public health crisis. By 2050, it's estimated 1 in 30 Americans will be living with some form of it.

Hearing loss forces the brain to work harder; left untreated, the chronic mental and cognitive stress ages the brain faster and negatively impacts thought and memory.

Among older adults at risk for cognitive decline, hearing loss intervention effectively put the brakes on loss of thinking and memory abilities by 48% over three years.

Hearing aids offer a low-risk, high-reward treatment option for slowing cognitive decline among older adults at risk for it.

Hearing aids and the treatment gap

Still, hearing aids are expensive and original Medicare doesn't cover them. (Notably, if your health care provider believes your hearing loss might be due to an underlying medical condition, Medicare Part B will pay for a diagnostic hearing exam and balance assessment).

In an effort to address the cost of hearing aids, the U.S. Food and Drug Administration introduced a new rule in 2022 to allow the sale of over-the-counter (OTC) devices. Some of the best OTC hearing aids can cost as little as \$100, depending on where you buy them. Some of the best hearing aids by prescription start around \$3,000. Only 40% of primary care providers in the U.S. believe that hearing loss is treatable. Even fewer—17%—think it's preventable.

Whether because of cost, provider belief, lack of individual knowledge about hearing loss or all three, up to 75% of adults with age-related hearing loss go untreated.

Hearing aid stigma—including the appearance of wearing them—is a significant deterrent for many older adults.

Tinnitus facts and statistics

What is tinnitus? It can sound like a high-pitched whine, ringing, buzzing, or even pulsing in your head. Most commonly, only the person experiencing it can hear it; this is "subjective tinnitus." Rarely, a health care provider can detect it with a stethoscope; this is "objective tinnitus." Tinnitus is not a health condition on its own but rather a symptom of something else. Often, this "something else" is hearing loss.

As many as 1 in 5 older adults experiences tinnitus. Of those who do, 1 in 10 report that it interferes with their daily lives. In the U.S., tinnitus is associated with underlying hearing loss 90% of the time. Together with hearing loss, tinnitus is the most common service-related disability among U.S. military veterans; 2.3 million receive disability compensation for it.

Tinnitus and high blood pressure also are linked. One study found that among people with tinnitus lasting at least three months, nearly 45% also had arterial hypertension. Left untreated, tinnitus—as with hearing loss itself—can lead to communication difficulties, anxiety, depression, and even cognitive decline.

Diabetes increases the risk for hearing loss. Hearing loss is twice as common in those with diabetes as it is for those without.

Hearing aids for tinnitus can be remarkably effective. One retrospective analysis of related research studies found that 68% of them supported positive tinnitus relief.

Cochlear implant facts and statistics

Cochlear implants are surgically placed hearing devices. They work best for people with severe to profound sensorineural hearing loss that no longer responds well to traditional hearing aids.

Worldwide, more than one million people have cochlear implants. As of July 2022 in the U.S., over 118,000 adults and 65,000 children have received them.

Among adults with cochlear implants, 97% reported significantly improved speech recognition after 12 months compared to traditional hearing aids.

Research also shows that cochlear implants positively affect neurocognitive performance and quality of life, particularly in people age 65 and over.

Globally, the percentage of profoundly deaf adults and children who are eligible for cochlear implants and actually receive them is low: 2.5% on average.

Cochlear implants are expensive. According to health financing company CareCredit, it can cost an average of \$51,072 to get them in the U.S.

Fun and surprising facts about hearing

Babies can hear even before they're born. At 1 month, they can recognize familiar sounds. By age 3 months, they can respond.

The human ear can process sound in as few as 0.05 seconds. We can hear things much faster than we see them: between 20-100 times faster, according to neuroscientists.

Our brains still process sounds when we're asleep. We just don't know it unless subconsciously perceived danger from those sounds wakes us up.

Certain sounds have a healing effect on our bodies and minds. Music, singing bowls, bells, and other instruments can help address pain, anxiety, depression, and more.

Camp DeSales and DeSales Retreat Center

Camp DeSales and DeSales Retreat Center are situated on 214 acres of quiet woodland in the Irish Hills of Michigan, overlooking beautiful Vineyard Lake. The property is owned by the Oblates of St. Francis de Sales and operated by Lake Vineyard Camps, Inc.

For more information, go to www.desales.org

The Holley Institute



The Holley Institute | Holley Family Village, Inc.

Ardis J. Gardella, Founder and President Emerita

Olivia Abrahamian, Development Officer

Maria Klein, Program Director, Community Health and Literacy

Jonathon Klotz, Program Specialist

Mary Ann Muller, Facilities Coordinator

Paul Kuplicki, Finance Manager

Fr. Michael A. Depcik, OSFS, Spiritual Director

Audiology Department

B. Jill Courson, Au.D., CCC-A, Lead Audiologist

Gerilyn Jones AuD., CCC-A, Audiologist

Sharon English, AuD., CCC-A Audiologist

Founded in 1993, The Holley Institute is a nonprofit organization dedicated to:

- Service to those in need
- Creativity and innovation
- Reverence
- Forward thinking
- Compassion
- Dedication
- Integrity
- Education

The mission of The Holley Institute is to provide life-enhancing programs for those experiencing hearing loss, vision loss or deafness. We also provide programs for parents with children with hearing loss, vision loss or deafness. We screen all infants for hearing loss and provide outreach programs and services and education relating to hearing loss for the community at large.

Please contact us for more information at:

The Holley Institute

Boll Prof. Building One, Ste. 223

22151 Moross Road • Detroit, MI 48236-2172

313-343-3165 (Voice) • 313-343-4111 (Fax)

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The Holley Family Village

1142 DeSales Drive • Brooklyn, MI 49230-9078

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The Holley Institute

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2026-2027 Calendar of Events

The Holley Institute

Date

September 30
October 23-24
October 30-31
December 10
May
June 24-27
June 27-July 2
July 4-9
July 11-16
July 18-23
July 25-30
August 1-6
August 8-13

Activity

Board Meeting
Family Literacy Weekend
ASL Immersion Weekend
St. Nicholas Christmas Event
Holley Jolly 5k Run/Walk Event
Staff Orientation
Family Week 1
Family Week 2
Family Week 3
Family Week 4 or Youth Week
ASL Immersion Weekend
Jesus Deaf Crew
Volunteer Week

Location

Mack Office Building
The Carls Family Village
The Carls Family Village
Grosse Pointe Yacht Club
Park location to be determined
The Carls Family Village
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These dates are tentative and subject to change

