Safety Data Sheet

Issue Date: 19-Aug-2006 Revision Date: 13-Aug-2015 Version 1

1. IDENTIFICATION

Product Identifier

Product Name FA 11 ALKYD FINISH FAST DRY

Other means of identification

SDS # WOHL-015

Product Code FA1150 UN/ID No UN1263

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended Use Metal pipe coating. For use by professional painters and applicators only.

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier Address Wohl Coatings Co. 6161 Maple Ave. St. Louis, MO 63130

Emergency Telephone Number

Company Phone Number 314-725-3400

Emergency Telephone (24 hr) INFOTRAC 1-352-323-3500 (International)

1-800-535-5053 (North America)

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Appearance liquid Physical State Liquid Odor Characteristic of solvents

Classification

Acute toxicity - Oral	Category 3
Acute toxicity - Inhalation (Dusts/Mists)	Category 4
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 2
Flammable Liquids	Category 3

Signal Word Danger

Hazard Statements

Toxic if swallowed
Harmful if inhaled
Causes skin irritation
Flammable liquid and vapor







Precautionary Statements - Prevention

Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product

Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray

Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area

Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. — No smoking

Keep container tightly closed

Ground/bond container and receiving equipment

Use explosion-proof equipment

Use only non-sparking tools

Take precautionary measures against static discharge

Precautionary Statements - Response

IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower

Wash contaminated clothing before reuse

If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention

IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing

Call a poison center or doctor/physician if you feel unwell

IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician

Rinse mouth

IN CASE OF FIRE: Use CO2, dry chemical, or foam for extinction

Precautionary Statements - Storage

Store locked up

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool

Precautionary Statements - Disposal

Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant

Other Hazards

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

Unknown Acute Toxicity

15% of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown toxicity

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical Name	CAS No	Weight-%
Xylene	1330-20-7	20-25
Titanium(IV) Oxide	13463-67-7	15-20
Calcium Carbonate	1317-65-3	10-15
n-Butyl acetate	123-86-4	5-10

^{**}If Chemical Name/CAS No is "proprietary" and/or Weight-% is listed as a range, the specific chemical identity and/or percentage of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.**

4. FIRST-AID MEASURES

First Aid Measures

If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. **General Advice**

Eye Contact Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. If

eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

Skin Contact Wash off immediately with plenty of water. Take off contaminated clothing. Wash

contaminated clothing before reuse. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

Revision Date: 13-Aug-2015

Inhalation Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Contact a physician

immediately if illness or adverse symptoms develop or continue.

Ingestion Do not induce vomiting. Call a physician or poison control center immediately.

Most important symptoms and effects

Symptoms Causes skin irritation. Direct contact with eyes will cause irritation. Ingestion may cause

nausea, vomiting, dizziness, and headache. Prolonged breathing of vapors may cause nausea, headache, weakness and/or dizziness. If you are allergic or have been sensitized to: epoxies, amines, isocyanates, detergents, or other chemicals, see a physician prior to

use.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to Physician Treat symptomatically.

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable Extinguishing Media

Carbon dioxide (CO2). Dry chemical. Foam. Treat as a Class B fire.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media Water spray may be ineffective. If water is used, fog nozzles are preferable.

Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical

Flammable liquid and vapor. Closed containers may explode due to buildup of pressure when exposed to extreme heat. Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back. Never use welding or cutting torch on or near drum (even empty) because product (even just residue) can ignite/explode.

Hazardous Combustion Products Nitric acid. Ammonia. Nitrogen oxides (NOx). Nitrogen oxide can react with water vapors to form corrosive nitric acid. Carbon monoxide. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Aldehydes. Flammable hydrocarbon fragments. Nitrosamine. Organic acid vapors.

Sensitivity to Static Discharge Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

Protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal Precautions Use personal protective equipment as required. Remove all sources of ignition. Before

responding to a spill or leak of this product, review each section of this SDS and follow the recommendations of each section. Ventilate affected area. Use non-sparking tools.

Environmental Precautions Prevent from entering into soil, ditches, sewers, waterways and/or groundwater. See

Section 12, Ecological Information. See Section 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for Containment Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.

Methods for Clean-Up

Contain and collect with an inert absorbent and place into an appropriate container for

disposal.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling

Advice on Safe Handling

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Use personal protection recommended in Section 8. Wash face, hands, and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. — No smoking. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Do not reuse this container. For use by professional painters and applicators only.

Revision Date: 13-Aug-2015

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage Conditions Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep locked up and

out of reach of children. Store away from heat, sparks, flame. Do not store at temperatures above 120°F. Do not transfer contents to bottles or other unlabeled containers. Store large

quantities in buildings designed to comply with OSHA 1910.106.

Packaging Materials Do not reuse container.

Incompatible Materials Strong oxidizing agents.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Exposure Guidelines

Chemical Name	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL	NIOSH IDLH
Xylene 1330-20-7	STEL: 150 ppm TWA: 100 ppm	TWA: 100 ppm TWA: 435 mg/m ³	-
1330-20-7	1 γγλ. 100 μμπ	(vacated) TWA: 100 ppm	
		(vacated) TWA: 435 mg/m ³ (vacated) STEL: 150 ppm	
		(vacated) STEL: 655 mg/m ³	
Titanium(IV) Oxide 13463-67-7	TWA: 10 mg/m ³	TWA: 15 mg/m³ total dust (vacated) TWA: 10 mg/m³ total	IDLH: 5000 mg/m ³
		dust	
Calcium Carbonate	-	TWA: 15 mg/m³ total dust	TWA: 10 mg/m³ total dust
1317-65-3		TWA: 5 mg/m³ respirable fraction	TWA: 5 mg/m ³ respirable dust
		(vacated) TWA: 15 mg/m³ total	
		dust	
		(vacated) TWA: 5 mg/m ³ respirable fraction	
n-Butyl acetate	STEL: 200 ppm	TWA: 150 ppm	IDLH: 1700 ppm
123-86-4	TWA: 150 ppm	TWA: 710 mg/m ³	TWA: 150 ppm
		(vacated) TWA: 150 ppm	TWA: 710 mg/m ³
		(vacated) TWA: 710 mg/m ³	STEL: 200 ppm
		(vacated) STEL: 200 ppm	STEL: 950 mg/m ³
		(vacated) STEL: 950 mg/m ³	

Appropriate engineering controls

Engineering Controls Apply technical measures to comply with the occupational exposure limits. Eyewash

stations. Showers.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/Face Protection Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles). Refer to 29 CFR 1910.133 for eye and

face protection regulations.

Wear appropriate clothing to prevent repeated or prolonged skin contact. Refer to 29 CFR

Revision Date: 13-Aug-2015

1910.138 for appropriate skin and body protection.

Respiratory Protection

Skin and Body Protection

All workers and bystanders must be protected from exposure above established limits. Avoid breathing vapors, spray mist or sanding dust. Application by brush, roller, squeegee, or trowel will result in the lowest release of hazardous materials. When spray applied in outdoor or open areas with unrestricted ventilation, and during sanding or grinding operations, use NIOSH/MSHA approved mechanical filter respirator to remove solid airborne particles of over spray or sanding dust. When used in restricted areas, wear NIOSH/MSHA approved chemical/mechanical filters designed to remove a combination of particulates and vapor. When used in confined areas, wear NIOSH/MSHA approved air supply respirators or hoods. Use NIOSH/MSHA approved respirators when flame cutting, welding, brazing and sanding material coated with this product. The fumes from these operations can be hazardous. Do not breathe them. Always use adequate ventilation. Whenever using respirators refer to OSHA 1910.134 for proper respirator use and safety program. The applicator determines the type of area in which the application is being made (unrestricted, restricted, or confined). The best determination of respirator type to use in a particular application is to monitor for the hazardous materials during actual application. The applicator should contact a qualified safety engineer for proper selection of safety equipment based on the application conditions.

General Hygiene Considerations Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical State Liquid
Appearance liquid

Appearance liquid Odor Characteristic of solvents

ColorNot determinedOdor ThresholdNot determined

<u>Property</u> <u>Values</u> <u>Remarks • Method</u>

pH Not determined

Melting Point/Freezing Point

Boiling Point/Boiling Range

Not determined

Not available

Flash Point 26 °C / 80 °F Setaflash Evaporation Rate Slower than ether

Flammability (Solid, Gas)
Upper Flammability Limits
Lower Flammability Limit
Vapor Pressure
Vapor Density
Specific Gravity
Water Solubility
Slower than enter
Liquid-not applicable
Not determined
Not determined
Heavier than air
Not determined
Not determined
Not determined
Negligible

Solubility in other solvents Not determined **Partition Coefficient** Not determined **Auto-ignition Temperature** Not determined **Decomposition Temperature** Not determined **Kinematic Viscosity** Not determined **Dvnamic Viscosity** Not determined **Explosive Properties** Not determined **Oxidizing Properties** Not determined

Additional Information Percent Volatile: 52.09 by volume

VOC Content 3.76 lbs/gal (451 g/L)

VOC less water and exempt solvents: 3.76 lbs/gal (451 g/L)

Density 11.08 lbs/gal

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Revision Date: 13-Aug-2015

Reactivity

Not reactive under normal conditions.

Chemical Stability

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

Possibility of Hazardous Reactions

None under normal processing.

Hazardous Polymerization Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

Conditions to Avoid

Mixed product should not be kept in quantities greater than 3-6 pounds weight (approx. 1 quart to 1/2 gallon volume) longer than 25 to 35 minutes at high ambient temperatures. The product reacts quickly when in large mixed masses and develops heat quickly. It is possible for the mass to reach decomposition temperatures and give off dangerous gases. Always pour the material out in thin thickness (1/4 inch or less) to avoid the mass reaction.

Incompatible Materials

Strong oxidizing agents.

Hazardous Decomposition Products

Nitric acid. Ammonia. Nitrogen oxides (NOx). Nitrogen oxide can react with water vapors to form corrosive nitric acid. Carbon monoxide. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Aldehydes. Flammable hydrocarbon fragments. Nitrosamine. Organic acid vapors.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on likely routes of exposure

Product Information

Eye Contact Avoid contact with eyes.

Skin Contact Causes skin irritation.

Inhalation Harmful if inhaled.

Ingestion Toxic if swallowed.

Component Information

Chemical Name	Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Inhalation LC50
Xylene	= 3500 mg/kg (Rat)	> 4350 mg/kg (Rabbit) > 1700	= 29.08 mg/L (Rat) 4 h = 5000
1330-20-7		mg/kg (Rabbit)	ppm (Rat)4h
Titanium(IV) Oxide 13463-67-7	> 10000 mg/kg (Rat)	-	-
n-Butyl acetate 123-86-4	= 10768 mg/kg (Rat) = 14.13 mg/kg (Rat)	> 17600 mg/kg (Rabbit)	= 390 ppm (Rat) 4 h
Bentone #34 68953-58-2	> 5000 mg/kg (Rat)	-	> 12.6 mg/L (Rat)4 h

Information on physical, chemical and toxicological effects

Symptoms Please see section 4 of this SDS for symptoms.

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Carcinogenicity Not classifiable as a human carcinogen. Titanium dioxide is a possible carcinogen when it

appears as a respirable dust.

Chemical Name	ACGIH	IARC	NTP	OSHA
Xylene 1330-20-7		Group 3		
Titanium(IV) Oxide		Group 2B		Χ
13463-67-7		·		

Legend

IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer)

Group 2B - Possibly Carcinogenic to Humans

Group 3 IARC components are "not classifiable as human carcinogens"

OSHA (Occupational Safety and Health Administration of the US Department of Labor)

X - Present

STOT - repeated exposure Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. **Aspiration hazard**

Numerical measures of toxicity

Not determined

Unknown Acute Toxicity 15% of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown toxicity.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Component Information

Chemical Name	Algae/aquatic plants	Fish	Toxicity to	Crustacea
			microorganisms	
Xylene		13.4: 96 h Pimephales	EC50 = 0.0084 mg/L 24 h	3.82: 48 h water flea mg/L
1330-20-7		promelas mg/L LC50 flow-		EC50 0.6: 48 h Gammarus
		through 2.661 - 4.093: 96 h		lacustris mg/L LC50
		Oncorhynchus mykiss mg/L		
		LC50 static 30.26 - 40.75: 96		
		h Poecilia reticulata mg/L		
		LC50 static 23.53 - 29.97: 96		
		h Pimephales promelas mg/L		
		LC50 static 780: 96 h		
		Cyprinus carpio mg/L LC50		
		780: 96 h Cyprinus carpio		
		mg/L LC50 semi-static 7.711		
		- 9.591: 96 h Lepomis		
		macrochirus mg/L LC50		
		static 19: 96 h Lepomis		
		macrochirus mg/L LC50 13.5		
		- 17.3: 96 h Oncorhynchus		
		mykiss mg/L LC50 13.1 -		
		16.5: 96 h Lepomis		
		macrochirus mg/L LC50		
		flow-through		

n-Butyl acetate	674.7: 72 h Desmodesmus	100: 96 h Lepomis	EC50 = 70.0 mg/L 5 min	72.8: 24 h Daphnia magna
123-86-4	subspicatus mg/L EC50	macrochirus mg/L LC50	EC50 = 82.2 mg/L 15 min	mg/L EC50
		static 17 - 19: 96 h	EC50 = 959 mg/L 18 h	
		Pimephales promelas mg/L	EC50 = 98.9 mg/L 30 min	
		LC50 flow-through 62: 96 h	_	
		Leuciscus idus mg/L LC50		
		static		

Persistence/Degradability

Not determined.

Bioaccumulation

Not determined.

Mobility

Chemical Name	Partition Coefficient
Xylene 1330-20-7	2.77 - 3.15
n-Butyl acetate 123-86-4	1.81

Other Adverse Effects

Not determined

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Treatment Methods

Disposal of Wastes Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and

regulations.

Contaminated Packaging Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and

regulations.

US EPA Waste Number

Chemical Name	RCRA	RCRA - Basis for Listing	RCRA - D Series Wastes	RCRA - U Series Wastes
Xylene		Included in waste stream:		U239
1330-20-7		F039		

California Hazardous Waste Status

Chemical Name	California Hazardous Waste Status
Xylene	Toxic
1330-20-7	Ignitable
n-Butyl acetate	Toxic
123-86-4	

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Note Please see current shipping paper for most up to date shipping information, including

exemptions and special circumstances.

DOT

UN/ID No UN1263
Proper Shipping Name Paint
Hazard Class 3
Packing Group III

IATA

UN/ID NoUN1263Proper Shipping NamePaintHazard Class3Packing GroupIII

IMDG

VN/ID No UN1263
Proper Shipping Name Paint
Hazard Class 3
Packing Group III

Marine Pollutant This material may meet the definition of a marine pollutant

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

International Inventories

Chemical Name	TSCA	DSL	NDSL	EINECS	ELINCS	ENCS	IECSC	KECL	PICCS	AICS
Xylene	Present	Χ		Present		Present	X	Present	Χ	Χ
Titanium(IV) Oxide	Present	Х		Present		Present	Х	Present	Х	Χ
Calcium Carbonate	Present		Х	Present		Present	Х	Present	Х	Х
n-Butyl acetate	Present	Х		Present		Present	Х	Present	Х	Х

Legend:

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory

DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List

EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances/European List of Notified Chemical Substances

ENCS - Japan Existing and New Chemical Substances

IECSC - China Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances

KECL - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances

PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances

US Federal Regulations

CERCLA

Chemical Name	Hazardous Substances RQs	CERCLA/SARA RQ	Reportable Quantity (RQ)
Xylene	100 lb		RQ 100 lb final RQ
1330-20-7			RQ 45.4 kg final RQ
n-Butyl acetate	5000 lb		RQ 5000 lb final RQ
123-86-4			RQ 2270 kg final RQ

SARA 313

Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA). This product contains a chemical or chemicals which are subject to the reporting requirements of the Act and Title 40 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 372

Chemical Name	CAS No	Weight-%	SARA 313 - Threshold Values %
Xylene - 1330-20-7	1330-20-7	20-25	1.0

CWA (Clean Water Act)

Chemical Name	CWA - Reportable Quantities	CWA - Toxic Pollutants	CWA - Priority Pollutants	CWA - Hazardous Substances
Xylene	100 lb			Χ
n-Butyl acetate	5000 lb			Х

US State Regulations

California Proposition 65

This product contains the following Proposition 65 chemicals.

Chemical Name		California Proposition 65	
	Titanium(IV) Oxide - 13463-67-7	Carcinogen	

U.S. State Right-to-Know Regulations

Chemical Name	New Jersey	Massachusetts	Pennsylvania
Xylene 1330-20-7	X	X	X
Titanium(IV) Oxide 13463-67-7	Х	Х	Х
Calcium Carbonate 1317-65-3	Х	Х	Х
n-Butyl acetate 123-86-4	Х	X	Х

16. OTHER INFORMATION

NFPA **Health Hazards Flammability** Instability **Special Hazards** Not determined Not determined Not determined Not determined **Health Hazards Flammability Physical Hazards Personal Protection** HMIS Not determined 3

Issue Date: 19-Aug-2006 **Revision Date:** 13-Aug-2015 **Revision Note:** New format

Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet