Safety Data Sheet

Issue Date: 30-Apr-2007 Revision Date: 13-Aug-2015 Version 1

1. IDENTIFICATION

Product Identifier

Product Name BB-124 BLACK MASTIC PIPE COATING

Other means of identification

SDS # WOHL-009

Product Code BB124BP UN/ID No UN1263

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended UseMetal pipe coating. For use by professional painters and applicators only.

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier Address Wohl Coatings Co. 6161 Maple Ave. St. Louis, MO 63130

Emergency Telephone Number

Company Phone Number 314-725-3400

Emergency Telephone (24 hr) INFOTRAC 1-352-323-3500 (International)

1-800-535-5053 (North America)

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Appearance Black liquid Physical State Liquid Odor Characteristic of solvents

Classification

Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 2
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 2
Carcinogenicity	Category 1B
Reproductive toxicity	Category 2
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)	Category 3
Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)	Category 1
Aspiration toxicity	Category 1
Flammable Liquids	Category 2

Hazards Not Otherwise Classified (HNOC)

May be harmful in contact with skin May be harmful if swallowed

Signal Word

Danger

WOHL-009 - BB-124 BLACK MASTIC PIPE COATING

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Hazard Statements

Causes skin irritation

Causes serious eye irritation

May cause cancer

Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child

May cause drowsiness or dizziness

Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways

Highly flammable liquid and vapor







Precautionary Statements - Prevention

Obtain special instructions before use

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood

Use personal protective equipment as required

Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling

Wear eye/face protection

Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product

Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area

Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. — No smoking

Keep container tightly closed

Ground/bond container and receiving equipment

Use explosion-proof equipment

Use only non-sparking tools

Take precautionary measures against static discharge

Keep cool

<u>Precautionary Statements - Response</u>

If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention

IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower

Wash contaminated clothing before reuse

If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention

IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing

IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician

Do not induce vomiting

IN CASE OF FIRE: Use CO2, dry chemical, or foam for extinction

Precautionary Statements - Storage

Store locked up

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed

Precautionary Statements - Disposal

Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant

Other Hazards

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

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Chemical Name	CAS No	Weight-%
Petroleum Asphalt	8052-42-4	40-45
Bitumen	64742-93-4	30-35
Toluene	108-88-3	5-10
t-Butyl Acetate	540-88-5	5-10
Acetone	67-64-1	5-10
Petroleum Distillate	64742-88-7	1-5

^{**}If Chemical Name/CAS No is "proprietary" and/or Weight-% is listed as a range, the specific chemical identity and/or percentage of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.**

4. FIRST-AID MEASURES

First Aid Measures

General Advice If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

Eye Contact Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. If

eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

Skin Contact Wash skin with soap and water. Take off contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated

clothing before reuse. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

Inhalation Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Call a physician immediately.

Ingestion Do not induce vomiting. Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Aspiration of

material into lungs can cause chemical pneumonitis, which can be fatal.

Most important symptoms and effects

Symptoms May cause irritation to the mucous membranes and upper respiratory tract. Prolonged

breathing of vapors may cause nausea, headache, weakness and/or dizziness. May cause nausea, vomiting, stomach ache, and diarrhea. If you are allergic or have been sensitized to: epoxies, amines, isocyanates, detergents, or other chemicals, see a physician prior to use. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. May be fatal

if swallowed and enters airways.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to Physician Treat symptomatically.

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable Extinguishing Media

Carbon dioxide (CO2). Dry chemical. Foam. Treat as a Class B fire.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media Water spray may be ineffective. If water is used, fog nozzles are preferable.

Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical

Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Closed containers may explode due to buildup of pressure when exposed to extreme heat. Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back. Never use welding or cutting torch on or near drum (even empty) because product (even just residue) can ignite/explode.

Hazardous Combustion Products Nitric acid. Ammonia. Nitrogen oxides (NOx). Nitrogen oxide can react with water vapors to form corrosive nitric acid. Carbon monoxide. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Aldehydes. Flammable hydrocarbon fragments. Nitrosamine. Organic acid vapors.

Sensitivity to Static Discharge Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

Protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal PrecautionsUse personal protective equipment as required. Remove all sources of ignition. Before

responding to a spill or leak of this product, review each section of this SDS and follow the recommendations of each section. Ventilate affected area. Use non-sparking tools.

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Environmental Precautions Prevent from entering into soil, ditches, sewers, waterways and/or groundwater. See

Section 12, Ecological Information. See Section 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for Containment Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.

Methods for Clean-Up Contain and collect with an inert absorbent and place into an appropriate container for

disposal.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling

Advice on Safe Handling Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been

read and understood. Use personal protection recommended in Section 8. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. — No smoking. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. Do not reuse this container. Wash face, hands, and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Use only outdoors or in a

well-ventilated area. For use by professional painters and applicators only.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage Conditions Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep locked up and

out of reach of children. Store away from heat, sparks, flame. Do not store at temperatures above 120°F. Do not transfer contents to bottles or other unlabeled containers. Store large

quantities in buildings designed to comply with OSHA 1910.106.

Packaging Materials Do not reuse container.

Incompatible Materials Strong oxidizing agents.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Exposure Guidelines

Chemical Name	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL	NIOSH IDLH
Petroleum Asphalt	TWA: 0.5 mg/m³ benzene soluble	-	Ceiling: 5 mg/m³ fume 15 min
8052-42-4	aerosol fume, inhalable fraction		
Acetone	STEL: 750 ppm	TWA: 1000 ppm	IDLH: 2500 ppm
67-64-1	TWA: 500 ppm	TWA: 2400 mg/m ³	TWA: 250 ppm
		(vacated) TWA: 750 ppm	TWA: 590 mg/m ³
		(vacated) TWA: 1800 mg/m ³	
		(vacated) STEL: 2400 mg/m ³	
		The acetone STEL does not apply	
		to the cellulose acetate fiber	
		industry. It is in effect for all other	
		sectors	
		(vacated) STEL: 1000 ppm	
Toluene	TWA: 20 ppm	TWA: 200 ppm	IDLH: 500 ppm
108-88-3		(vacated) TWA: 100 ppm	TWA: 100 ppm
		(vacated) TWA: 375 mg/m ³	TWA: 375 mg/m ³
		(vacated) STEL: 150 ppm	STEL: 150 ppm
		(vacated) STEL: 560 mg/m ³	STEL: 560 mg/m ³
		Ceiling: 300 ppm	
t-Butyl Acetate	TWA: 200 ppm	TWA: 200 ppm	IDLH: 1500 ppm
540-88-5		TWA: 950 mg/m ³	TWA: 200 ppm
		(vacated) TWA: 200 ppm	TWA: 950 mg/m ³
		(vacated) TWA: 950 mg/m ³	

Appropriate engineering controls

Engineering Controls Apply technical measures to comply with the occupational exposure limits. Eyewash

stations. Showers.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/Face Protection Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles). Refer to 29 CFR 1910.133 for eye and

face protection regulations.

Skin and Body ProtectionWear appropriate clothing to prevent repeated or prolonged skin contact. Refer to 29 CFR

1910.138 for appropriate skin and body protection.

Respiratory Protection

All workers and bystanders must be protected from exposure above established limits.

Avoid breathing vapors, spray mist or sanding dust. Application by brush, roller, squeegee, or trowel will result in the lowest release of hazardous materials. When spray applied in outdoor or open areas with unrestricted ventilation, and during sanding or grinding operations, use NIOSH/MSHA approved mechanical filter respirator to remove solid airborne particles of over spray or sanding dust. When used in restricted areas, wear NIOSH/MSHA approved chemical/mechanical filters designed to remove a combination of particulates and vapor. When used in confined areas, wear NIOSH/MSHA approved air supply respirators or hoods. Use NIOSH/MSHA approved respirators when flame cutting, welding, brazing and sanding material coated with this product. The fumes from these operations can be hazardous. Do not breathe them. Always use adequate ventilation. Whenever using respirators refer to OSHA 1910.134 for proper respirator use and safety program. The applicator determines the type of area in which the application is being made (unrestricted, restricted, or confined). The best determination of respirator type to use in a particular application is to monitor for the hazardous materials during actual application. The applicator should contact a qualified safety engineer for proper selection of safety

equipment based on the application conditions.

General Hygiene Considerations Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical State Liquid

AppearanceBlack liquidOdorCharacteristic of solvents

Color Black Odor Threshold Not determined

<u>Property</u> <u>Values</u> <u>Remarks • Method</u>

pH Not determined
Melting Point/Freezing Point Not determined
Boiling Point/Boiling Range Not available

Flash Point 7 °C / 45 °F Setaflash

Evaporation Rate Slower than ether Flammability (Solid, Gas) Liquid-not applicable **Upper Flammability Limits** Not determined **Lower Flammability Limit** Not determined **Vapor Pressure** Not determined **Vapor Density** Heavier than air **Specific Gravity** Not determined Water Solubility Nealiaible Solubility in other solvents Not determined **Partition Coefficient** Not determined **Auto-ignition Temperature** Not determined **Decomposition Temperature** Not determined **Kinematic Viscosity** Not determined **Dynamic Viscosity** Not determined **Explosive Properties** Not determined **Oxidizing Properties** Not determined

Additional Information Percent Volatile: 30.00 by volume

VOC Content 0.65 lbs/gal (78 g/L)

VOC less water and exempt solvents: 0.83 lbs/gal (99 g/L)

Density 7.88 lbs/gal

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity

Not reactive under normal conditions.

Chemical Stability

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

Possibility of Hazardous Reactions

None under normal processing.

Hazardous Polymerization Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

Conditions to Avoid

Mixed product should not be kept in quantities greater than 3-6 pounds weight (approx. 1 quart to 1/2 gallon volume) longer than 25 to 35 minutes at high ambient temperatures. The product reacts quickly when in large mixed masses and develops heat quickly. It is possible for the mass to reach decomposition temperatures and give off dangerous gases. Always pour the material out in thin thickness (1/4 inch or less) to avoid the mass reaction.

Incompatible Materials

Strong oxidizing agents.

Hazardous Decomposition Products

Nitric acid. Ammonia. Nitrogen oxides (NOx). Nitrogen oxide can react with water vapors to form corrosive nitric acid. Carbon monoxide. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Aldehydes. Flammable hydrocarbon fragments. Nitrosamine. Organic acid vapors.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on likely routes of exposure

Product Information

Eve Contact Causes serious eye irritation.

Skin Contact Causes skin irritation. May be harmful in contact with skin.

Inhalation Avoid breathing vapors or mists.

Ingestion May be harmful if swallowed.

Component Information

Chemical Name	Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Inhalation LC50
Petroleum Asphalt 8052-42-4	> 5000 mg/kg (Rat)	> 2000 mg/kg (Rabbit)	-
Bitumen 64742-93-4	> 5000 mg/kg (Rat)	> 2000 mg/kg (Rabbit)	-
Acetone 67-64-1	= 5800 mg/kg (Rat)	-	= 50100 mg/m ³ (Rat) 8 h
Toluene 108-88-3	= 2600 mg/kg (Rat)	= 12000 mg/kg (Rabbit)	= 12.5 mg/L (Rat) 4 h
t-Butyl Acetate 540-88-5	= 4100 mg/kg (Rat)	> 2 g/kg (Rabbit)	> 2230 mg/m³(Rat)4 h
Petroleum Distillate 64742-88-7	> 5000 mg/kg (Rat)	= 3000 mg/kg (Rabbit)	> 5.28 mg/L (Rat) 4 h

Information on physical, chemical and toxicological effects

Symptoms Please see section 4 of this SDS for symptoms.

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Carcinogenicity May cause cancer.

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Chemical Name	ACGIH	IARC	NTP	OSHA
Petroleum Asphalt 8052-42-4		Group 2B		X
Bitumen 64742-93-4		Group 2A		X
Toluene 108-88-3		Group 3		

Legend

IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer) Group 2A - Probably Carcinogenic to Humans

Group 2B - Possibly Carcinogenic to Humans
Group 3 IARC components are "not classifiable as human carcinogens"

OSHA (Occupational Safety and Health Administration of the US Department of Labor)

X - Present

Reproductive toxicity Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

STOT - single exposure May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

STOT - repeated exposure Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Aspiration hazard May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Not determined

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Component Information

Chemical Name	Algae/aquatic plants	Fish	Toxicity to microorganisms	Crustacea
Bitumen 64742-93-4	56: 72 h Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata mg/L EC50			
Acetone 67-64-1		4.74 - 6.33: 96 h Oncorhynchus mykiss mL/L LC50 8300: 96 h Lepomis macrochirus mg/L LC50 6210 - 8120: 96 h Pimephales promelas mg/L LC50 static	EC50 = 14500 mg/L 15 min	10294 - 17704: 48 h Daphnia magna mg/L EC50 Static 12600 - 12700: 48 h Daphnia magna mg/L EC50
Toluene 108-88-3	433: 96 h Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata mg/L EC50 12.5: 72 h Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata mg/L EC50 static	15.22 - 19.05: 96 h Pimephales promelas mg/L LC50 flow-through 12.6: 96 h Pimephales promelas mg/L LC50 static 11.0 - 15.0: 96 h Lepomis macrochirus mg/L LC50 static 5.89 - 7.81: 96 h Oncorhynchus mykiss mg/L LC50 flow-through 54: 96 h Oryzias latipes mg/L LC50 static 28.2: 96 h Poecilia reticulata mg/L LC50 semi- static 50.87 - 70.34: 96 h Poecilia reticulata mg/L LC50 static 14.1 - 17.16: 96 h Oncorhynchus mykiss mg/L LC50 static 5.8: 96 h Oncorhynchus mykiss mg/L LC50 semi-static		5.46 - 9.83: 48 h Daphnia magna mg/L EC50 Static 11.5: 48 h Daphnia magna mg/L EC50
t-Butyl Acetate 540-88-5		296 - 362: 96 h Pimephales promelas mg/L LC50 flow- through		
Petroleum Distillate 64742-88-7	450: 96 h Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata mg/L EC50	800: 96 h Pimephales promelas mg/L LC50 static		100: 48 h Daphnia magna mg/L EC50

Persistence/Degradability Not determined.

Bioaccumulation Not determined.

Mobility

Chemical Name	Partition Coefficient
Petroleum Asphalt	>6
8052-42-4	
Acetone	-0.24
67-64-1	
Toluene	2.65
108-88-3	
t-Butyl Acetate	1.38
540-88-5	

Other Adverse Effects

Not determined

12	DISDUSYI	CONSIDERATIONS
13.	DISPUSAL	CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Treatment Methods

Disposal of Wastes Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and

regulations.

Contaminated Packaging Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and

regulations.

US EPA Waste Number

Chemical Name	RCRA	RCRA - Basis for Listing	RCRA - D Series Wastes	RCRA - U Series Wastes
Acetone		Included in waste stream:		U002
67-64-1		F039		
Toluene	U220	Included in waste streams:		U220
108-88-3		F005, F024, F025, F039,		
		K015, K036, K037, K149,		
		K151		

Chemical Name	RCRA - Halogenated Organic Compounds	RCRA - P Series Wastes	RCRA - F Series Wastes	RCRA - K Series Wastes
Toluene			Toxic waste	
108-88-3			waste number F025	
			Waste description:	
			Condensed light ends, spent	
			filters and filter aids, and	
			spent desiccant wastes from	
			the production of certain	
			chlorinated aliphatic	
			hydrocarbons, by free radical	
			catalyzed processes. These	
			chlorinated aliphatic	
			hydrocarbons are those	
			having carbon chain lengths	
			ranging from one to and	
			including five, with varying	
			amounts and positions of	
			chlorine substitution.	

California Hazardous Waste Status

Chemical Name	California Hazardous Waste Status
Acetone 67-64-1	Ignitable
Toluene 108-88-3	Toxic Ignitable

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Note Please see current shipping paper for most up to date shipping information, including

exemptions and special circumstances.

DOT

UN/ID NoUN1263Proper Shipping NamePaintHazard Class3Packing GroupII

IATA

UN/ID NoUN1263Proper Shipping NamePaintHazard Class3Packing GroupII

IMDG

UN/ID No UN1263
Proper Shipping Name Paint
Hazard Class 3
Packing Group II

Marine Pollutant This material may meet the definition of a marine pollutant

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

International Inventories

Chemical Name	TSCA	DSL	NDSL	EINECS	ELINCS	ENCS	IECSC	KECL	PICCS	AICS
Petroleum Asphalt	Present	Χ		Present		Present	Χ	Present	Χ	Х
Bitumen	Present	Х		Present		Present	Х	Present	Х	Х
Toluene	Present	Х		Present		Present	Х	Present	Х	Х
t-Butyl Acetate	Present	Х		Present		Present	Х	Present	Х	Х
Acetone	Present	Х		Present		Present	Х	Present	Х	Х
Petroleum Distillate	Present	Х		Present		Present	Х	Present	Х	Х

Legend:

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory

DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List

EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances/European List of Notified Chemical Substances

ENCS - Japan Existing and New Chemical Substances

IECSC - China Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances

KECL - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances

PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances

US Federal Regulations

CERCLA

Chemical Name	Hazardous Substances RQs	CERCLA/SARA RQ	Reportable Quantity (RQ)
Acetone	Acetone 5000 lb		RQ 5000 lb final RQ
67-64-1			RQ 2270 kg final RQ
Toluene	1 lb		RQ 1 lb final RQ
108-88-3			RQ 0.454 kg final RQ
t-Butyl Acetate	5000 lb		RQ 5000 lb final RQ
540-88-5			RQ 2270 kg final RQ

SARA 313

Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA). This product contains a chemical or chemicals which are subject to the reporting requirements of the Act and Title 40 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 372

Chemical Name	CAS No	Weight-%	SARA 313 - Threshold Values %
Toluene - 108-88-3	108-88-3	5-10	1.0

CWA (Clean Water Act)

Chemical Name	CWA - Reportable Quantities	CWA - Toxic Pollutants	CWA - Priority Pollutants	CWA - Hazardous Substances
Toluene	1000 lb	X	X	X
t-Butyl Acetate				Х

US State Regulations

California Proposition 65

This product contains the following Proposition 65 chemicals.

Chemical Name	California Proposition 65	
Toluene - 108-88-3	Developmental	
	Female Reproductive	

U.S. State Right-to-Know Regulations

Chemical Name	New Jersey	Massachusetts	Pennsylvania
Petroleum Asphalt 8052-42-4	X	X	X
Bitumen 64742-93-4	Х		
Acetone 67-64-1	Х	Х	Х
Toluene 108-88-3	Х	Х	Х
t-Butyl Acetate 540-88-5	Х	Х	X
Petroleum Distillate 64742-88-7	Х		

16. OTHER INFORMATION

<u>NFPA</u>	Health Hazards	Flammability	Instability	Special Hazards
	Not determined	Not determined	Not determined	Not determined
HMIS_	Health Hazards	Flammability	Physical Hazards	Personal Protection
	1	3	0	Not determined

Issue Date:30-Apr-2007Revision Date:13-Aug-2015Revision Note:New format

<u>Disclaimer</u>

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet