### Welcome to Propagate!2025

Your team for today



Hans van Herk



**Annelies Michels** 



Ad Kranendonk



Marcel Cloo



Yorick van Asperen



# These days are all about Green & Sustainable Propagation



### Program for today

10:30 – 10:45	Opening
10:45 – 11:30	Tomorrow's Allies – Tom Groot
11:30 – 12:00	Powering Propagation – Lukas Sigg
12:00 – 12:30	Screen Sense – Paula Rico
12:30 – 13:30	Walking lunch
13:30 - 14:00	Tiny Titans – Fleur Bruinen
14:00 – 14:45	Propagation on the Other Side of the World
14:45 – 15:15	The Strategy of Scent – Jürgen Brokelman
15:15 – 15:45	Coffee break
15:45 – 17:15	Propagate Experience – Innovation pitches
17:15 – 18:30	Closing & drinks
18:30 – 19:30	Guided walk to Hotel Voco The Hague (shuttle possible)
19:30 – 22:00	Walk-in dinner at Hotel Voco The Hague

# Tomorrow's Allies: Beneficials in the Propagation of the Future

Tom Groot







### Hi, I'm Tom

Integrated Pest Management Expert







### Koppert at a glance

- Macrobial natural enemies
- Entomopathogenic nematodes
- Beneficial microbes
- Pollinators
- Supporting products







Starting material is clean from pests

#### Propagation should provide clean plants

- For grower
- Export / import requirement

#### How?

- Clean raw materials
- Strict hygiene in place
- Scouting and monitoring
- Effective (chemical) treatment (to finish)



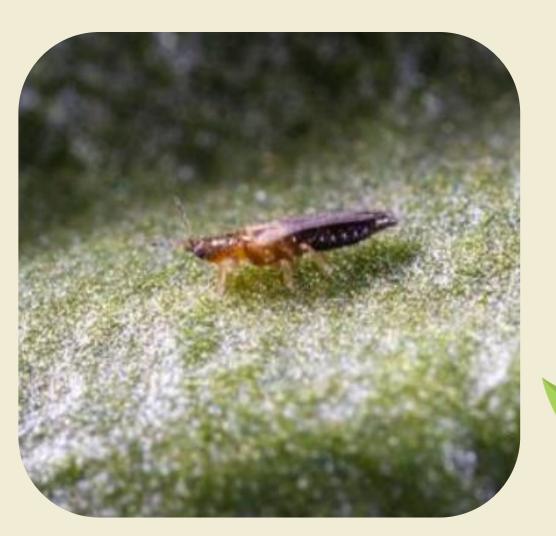


Starting material is clean from pests

Increasingly hard to guarantee cleanliness

- Fewer chemicals available
- Pesticide resistant pests









Starting material is clean from chemical residues

Growers are under pressure to use less chemicals

- Fewer effective chemicals
- Retails demands
- Pressure from society

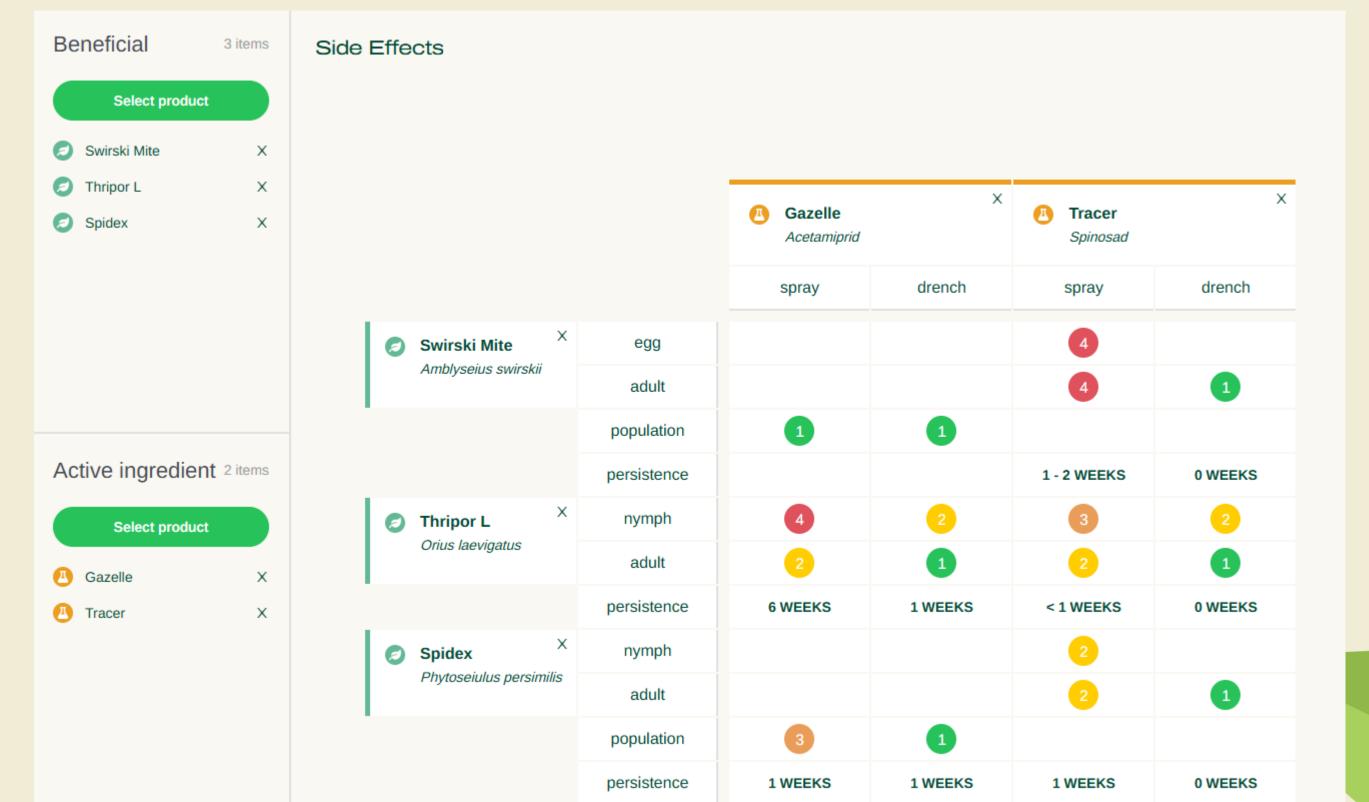
Natural enemies are the sustainable alternative

- Leave no residues
- No resistance problems
- No environmental concerns





Starting material is clean from chemical residues







Starting material is clean from chemical residues

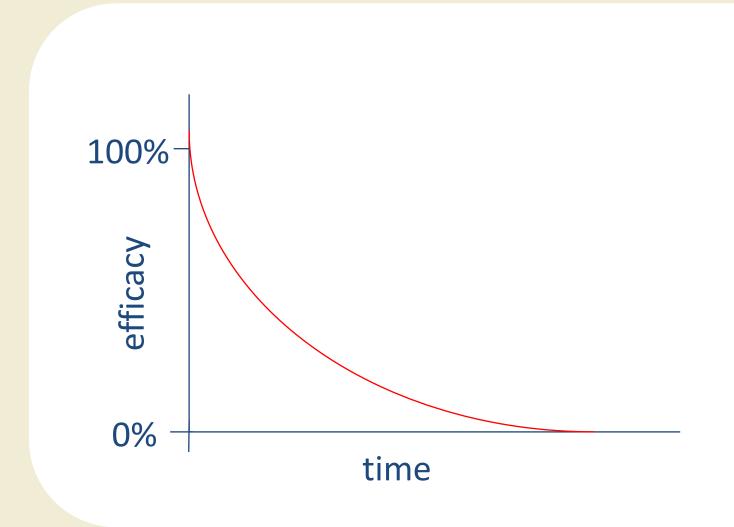
Chemical residues will delay the start of the biocontrol program

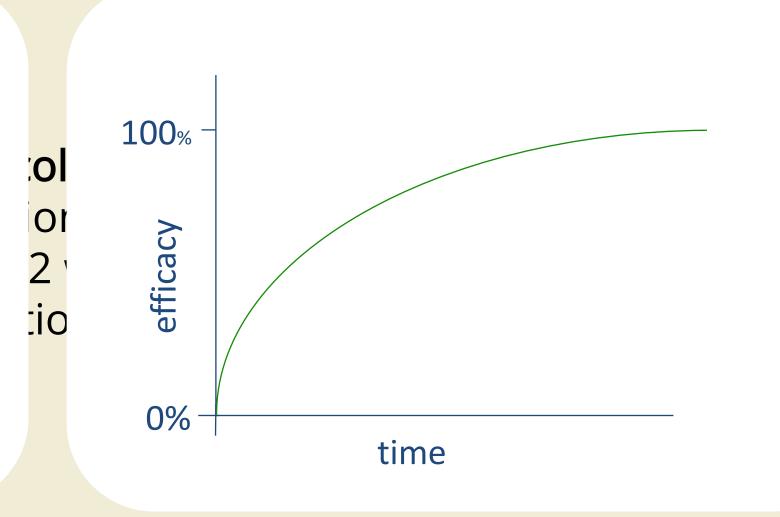
Natural enemies need time to build a population





Starting material is clean from chemical residues









Starting material is clean from chemical residues



Temperature	10°C	15°C	20°C	25°C	30°C
Generation time (days)	19.8	16.6	10.0	13.6	9.6
Doubling time (days)	8.5	5.6	2.7	3.1	3.2

In 14 days, 5x doubled | 1 becomes 32!

- Parasitoid is faster!
- If head start is too large, aphid population will surpass the damage threshold
- Start as soon as possible





Starting material is clean from chemical residues

Compatible alternatives that leave no residue include

- Some "softer" chemicals
- Temperature treatments (CATT, plant sauna, ...)
- Soaps, oils, salts, ...





Starting material is clean from pests

Starting material is clean from chemical residues

Starting material is loaded with natural enemies





Starting material is loaded with natural enemies

Start with natural enemies on the mother plants

Use natural enemies to control pest during propagation

- May require additional feed to grow and multiply
- May / may not remain on the plant during transport
- Take advantage of the dense positioning
- Could be challenge for phytosanitary inspections





Starting material is loaded with natural enemies

Example: nursery release *Nesidiocoris* for tomatoes

- Introduce 7-10 days before transplanting
- Provide high quality food

Pants are loaded with eggs!







Starting material is loaded with natural enemies

#### Why does it work?

- Start as soon as possible
- Activates the plant defenses

Journal of Pest Science (2022) 95:1501–1517 https://doi.org/10.1007/s10340-022-01506-3

#### REVIEW



Induction of plant defenses: the added value of zoophytophagous predators

Meritxell Pérez-Hedo<sup>1</sup> · Sarra Bouagga<sup>2</sup> · Nina Xiaoning Zhang<sup>3</sup> · Rob Moerkens<sup>4</sup> · Gerben Messelink<sup>5,6</sup> · Josep A. Jaques<sup>7</sup> · Victor Flors<sup>8</sup> · George Broufas<sup>9</sup> · Alberto Urbaneja<sup>1</sup> · Maria L. Pappas<sup>9</sup>







Starting material is clean from pests

Starting material is clean from chemical residues

Starting material is loaded with natural enemies





### Thank you!

Tom Groot







# Smart Energy management for propagators

Lukas Sigg







Hi, I'm Lukas

Founder of Nordic Energy Consulting





# The Greenhouse Business Or The Energy Business

You're in both



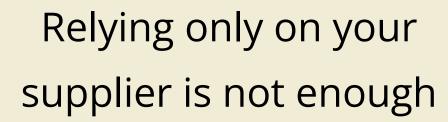


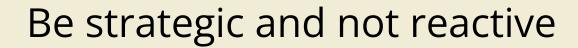
### Reactive vs Strategic



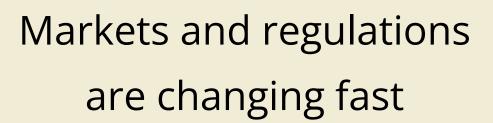
















Energy is one of your biggest costs

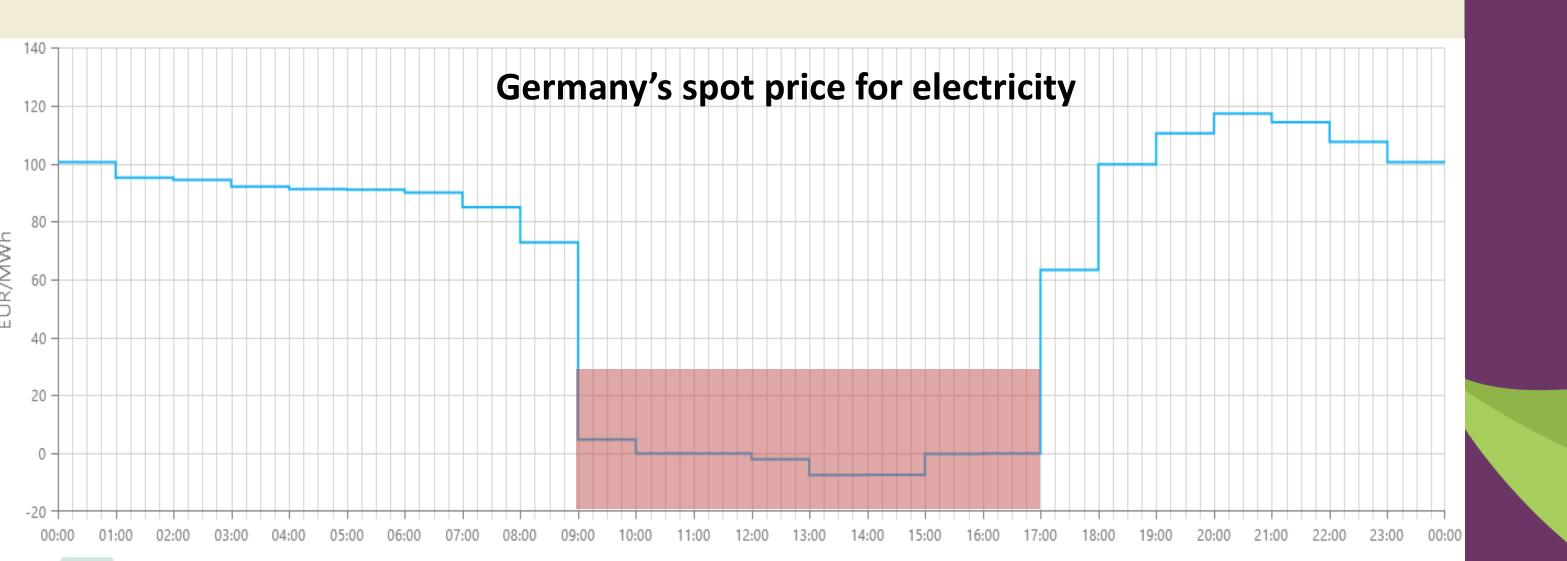






### Know your local markets

Make sure you know the markets you are operational in and take advantage of them





### Electrifying your heating

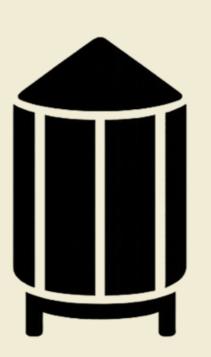
Electrical boiler

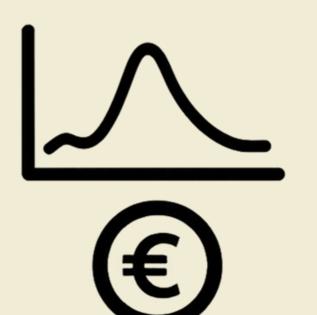
Balancing markets

Heat storage Price curves









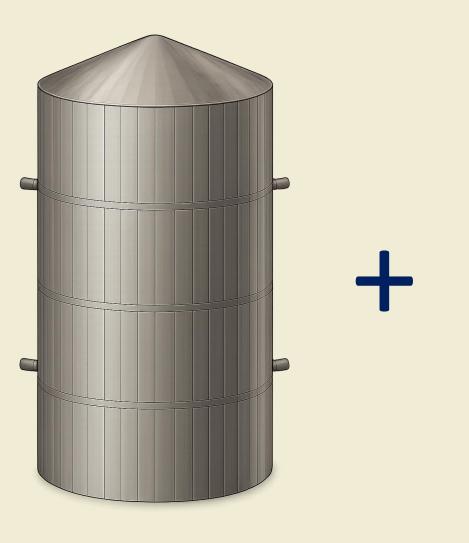


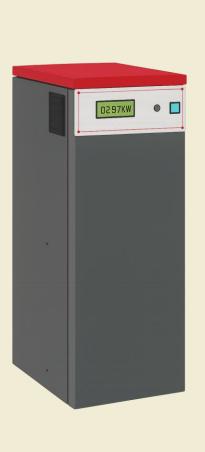
### Electrical Boilers

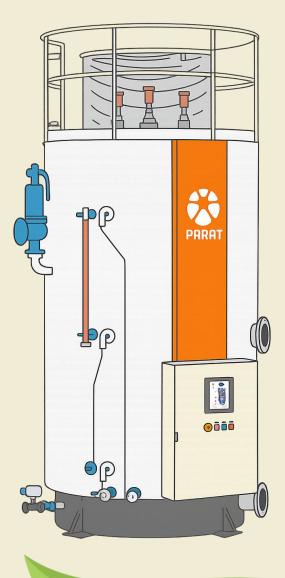
E-boilers come in all sizes, 100 kW to 100 MW

Turn electricity into heat

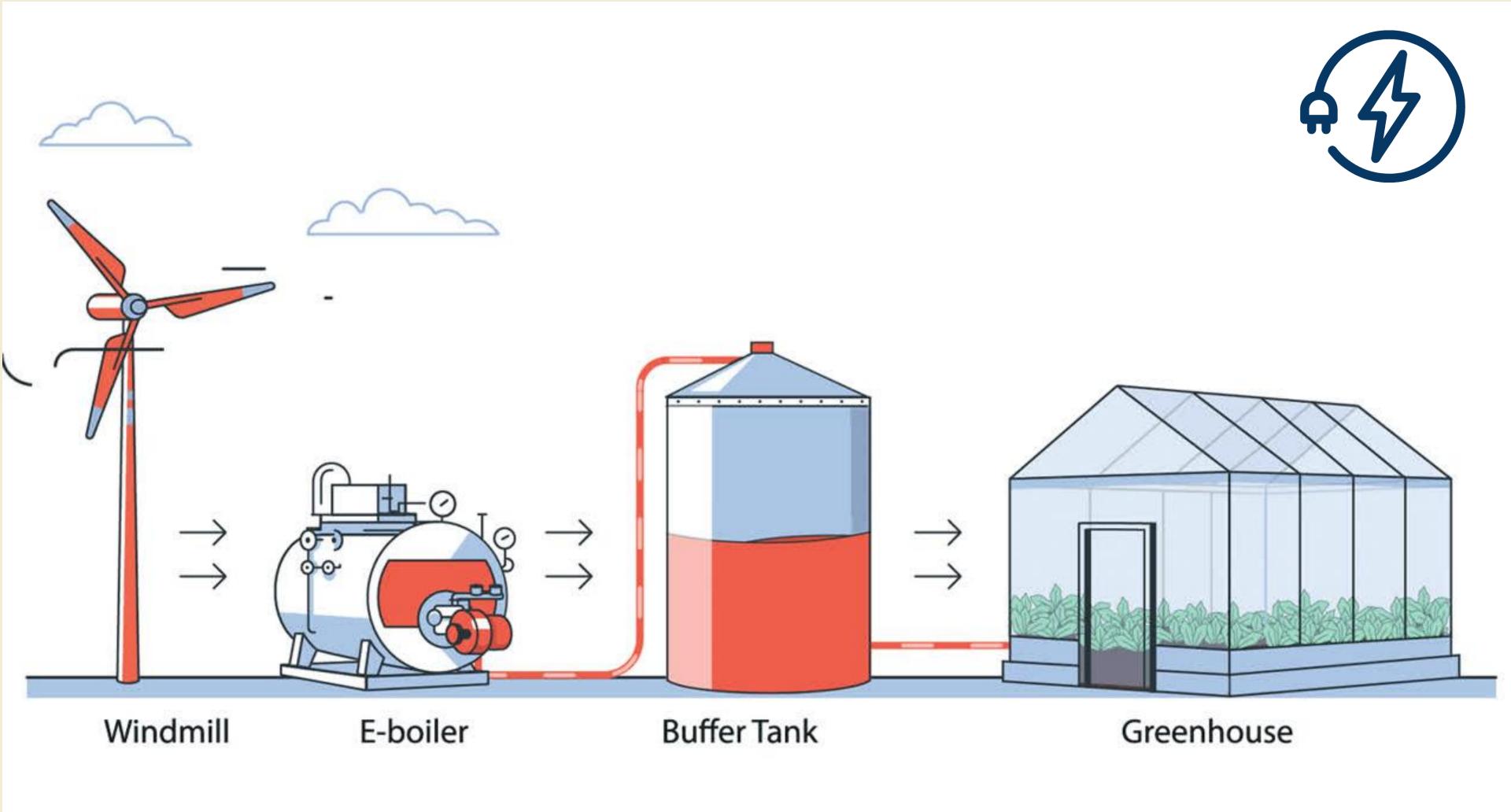
Combine with heat storage









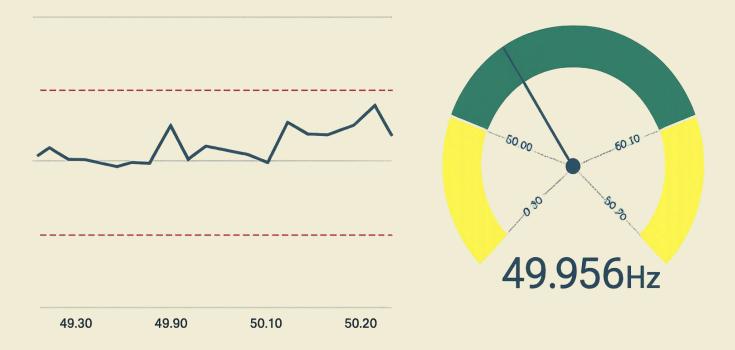


### Reserve and Balancing Markets

Turn flexibility into revenue



#### **Electric system frequency**







### Reserve and Balancing Markets

Turn flexibility into revenue

### Why do we need reserve markets

Production and consumption always needs to be in balance

### The market needs flexible assets

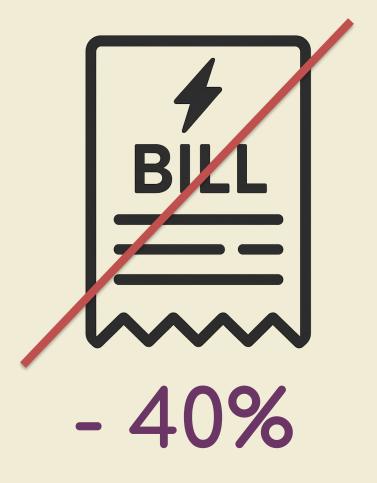
Perfect for flexible electrical assets





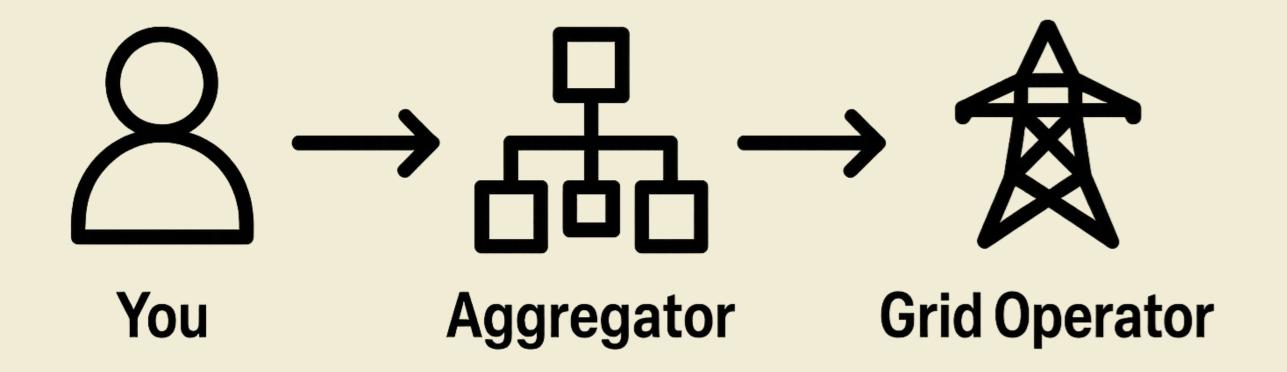
# Finland as an example in 2024

"In 2024, a Finnish greenhouse covered over **40%** of its electricity costs through revenues from reserve and balancing markets."





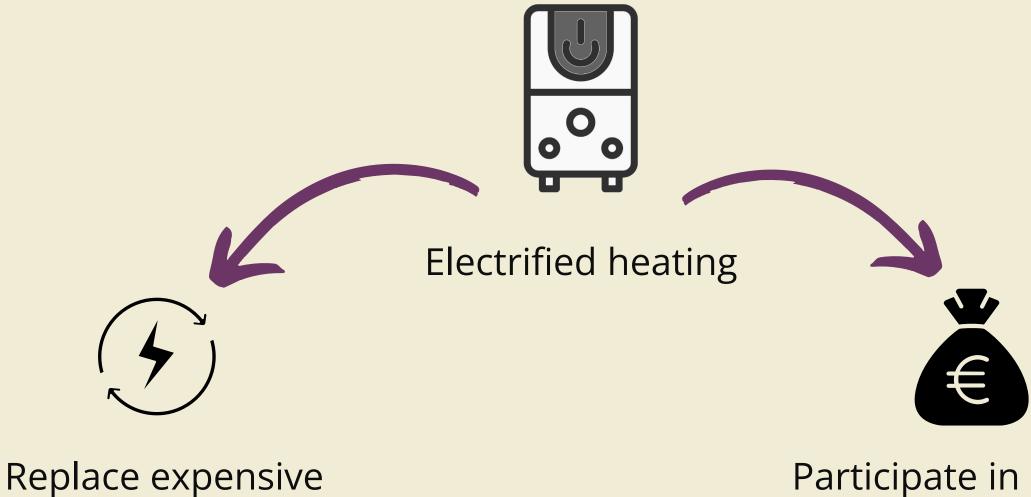








# One Asset Two Income Streams





fossil fuels

Participate in reserve markets



### Thank you!

Lukas Sigg





## Screening as a path to achieve more efficient growing

Paula Rico





#### Hi, I'm Paula!

- Horticulture and Business Management, HAS | 2026
- ♦ Internship at Hoogendoorn + PE staff | 2025
- High-Tech Agricultural Solutions Minor | 2024
- Plant Empowerment Summer School | 2024
- Internship at Nunhems & Growy | 2021
- Plantanova













#### The aim



Healthier plants



Energy saving



Lower costs > Higher profit



## The struggles



#### Edema



Fungal diseases



Lack of Ca



Prinzenberg, A.E. (2021)



Chang et al. (2025)



Yara, 2018

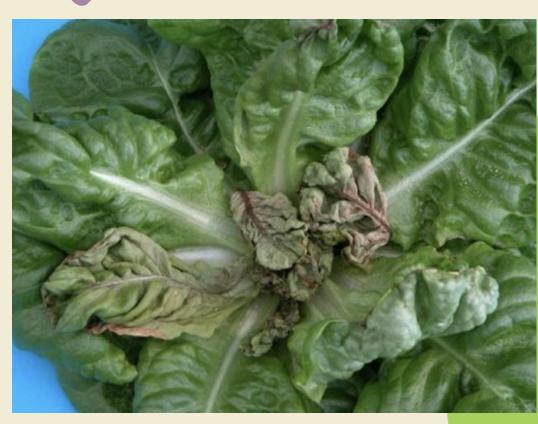


## The struggles









Yara, 2018

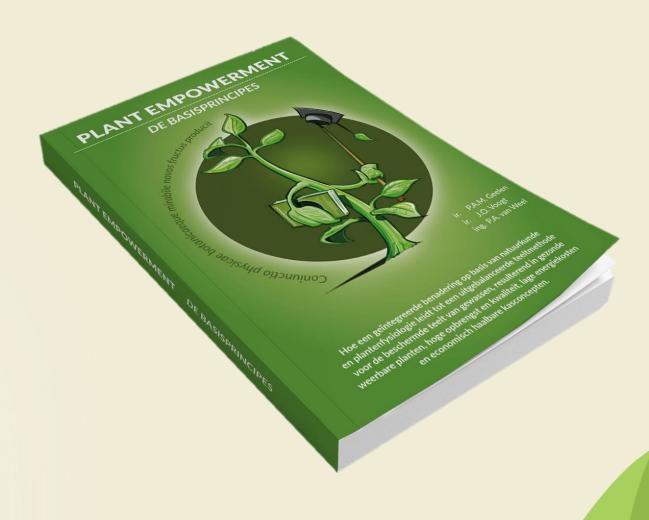


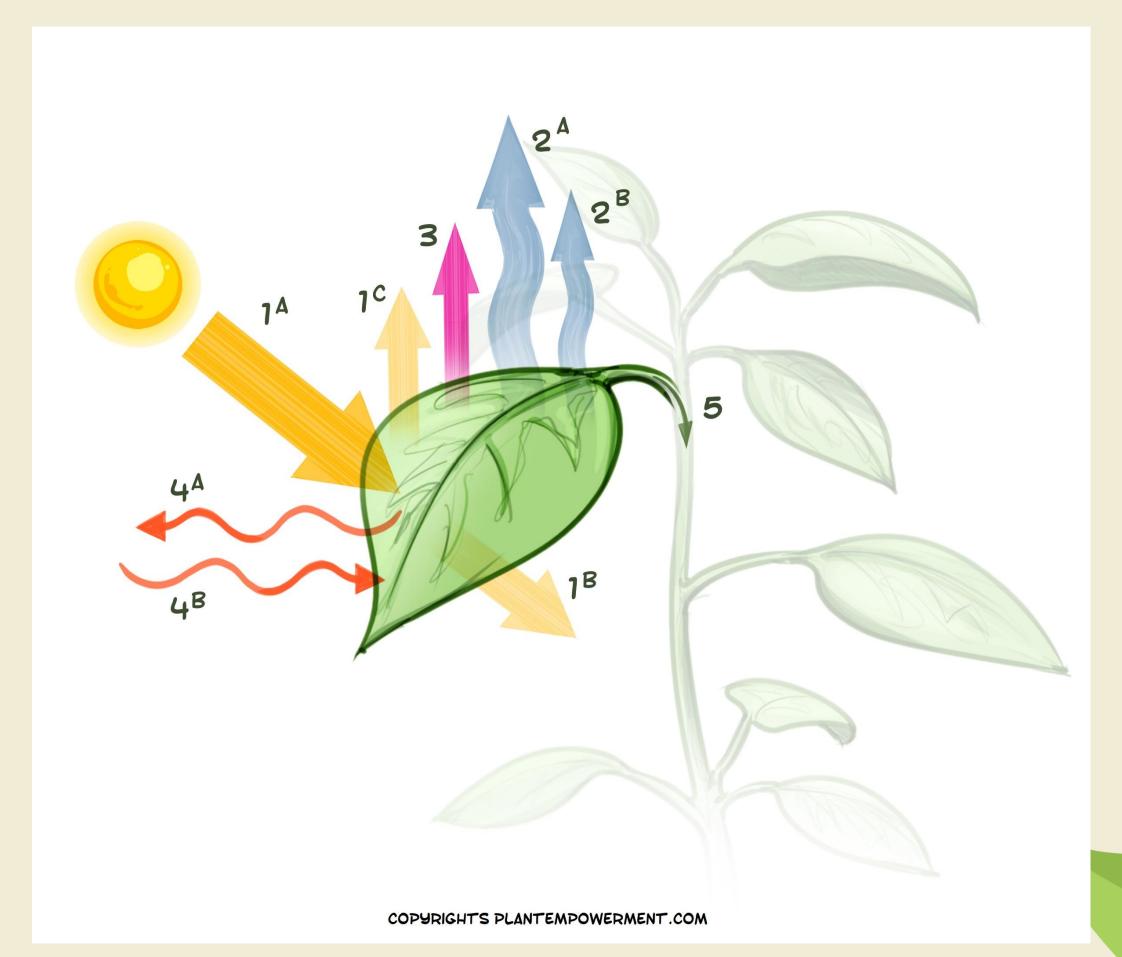
#### We all want this...



Source: Plant Empowerment



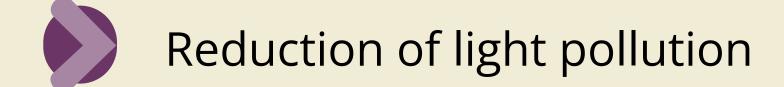






Source: Plant Empowerment

#### Let's talk about screens



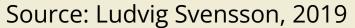




Lower influence from outdoor conditions

Decreased energy consumption







Prevention of cold heads

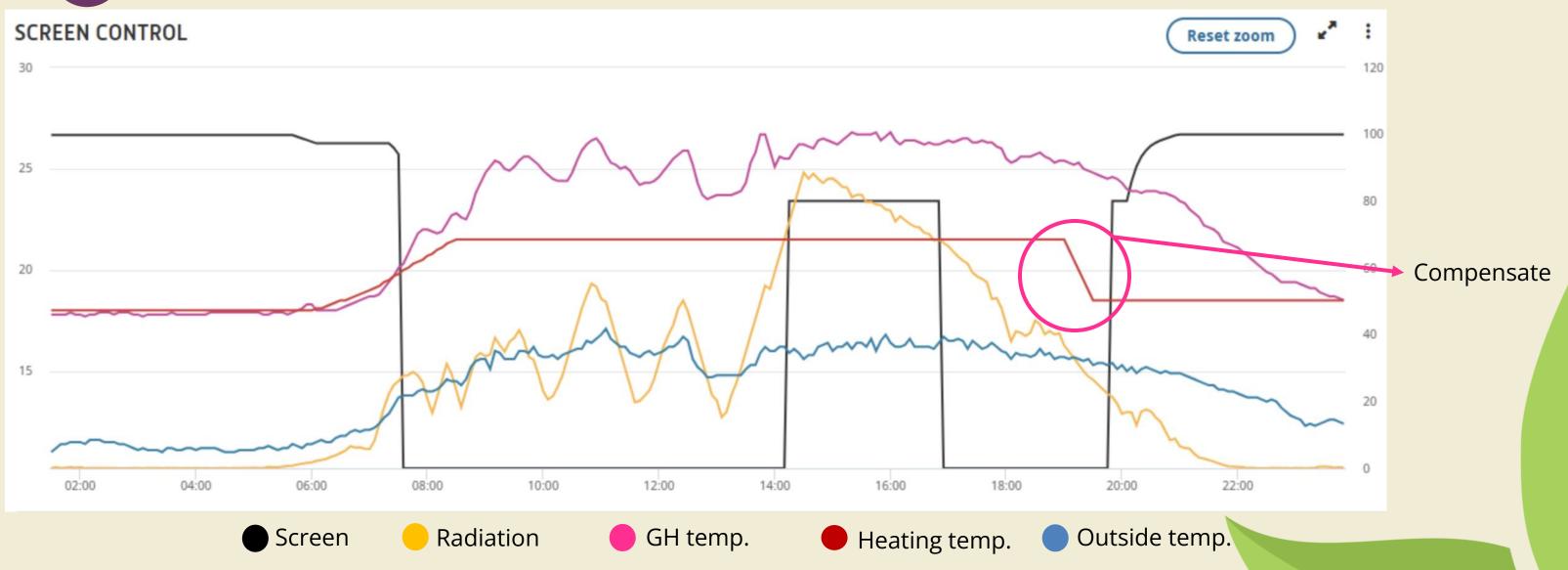




#### Guidelines

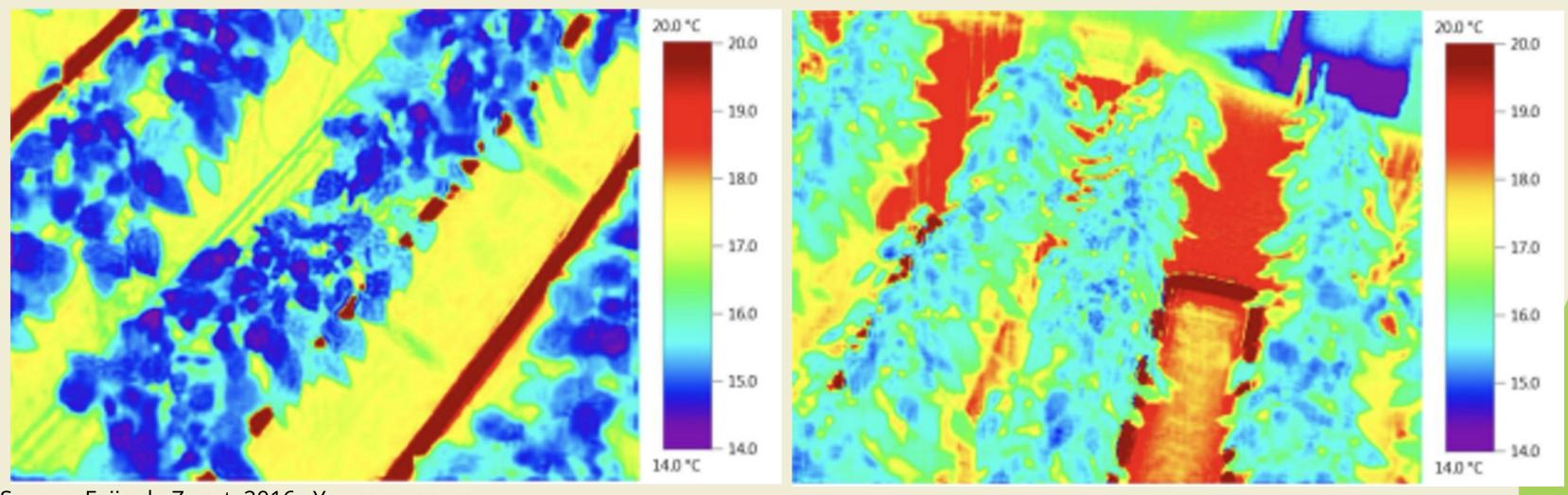


Screen against condensation, mainly at sunrise & sunset





# Always assume that there is *heat emission* -> more on clear than cloudy nights



Source: Feije de Zwart, 2016 ; Young peppers

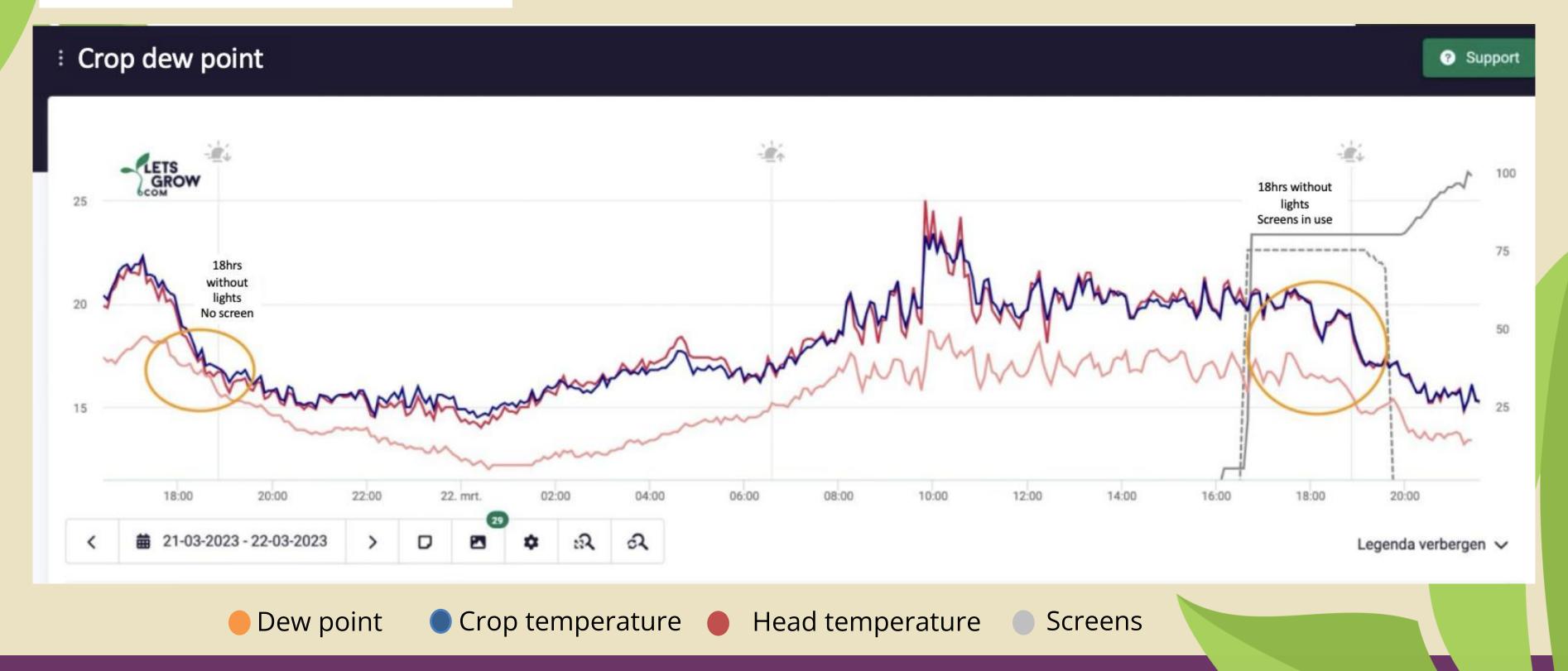
Change 1.5°C without any heating costs!





Peter Ninhuys • 2nd
Teeltmanager bij Van Gog Kwekerijen C.V.
2yr • 🚱







#### More Ca in the sap







Luuk van Duijn; Source: Kas Als Energiebron

#### Key Insights:

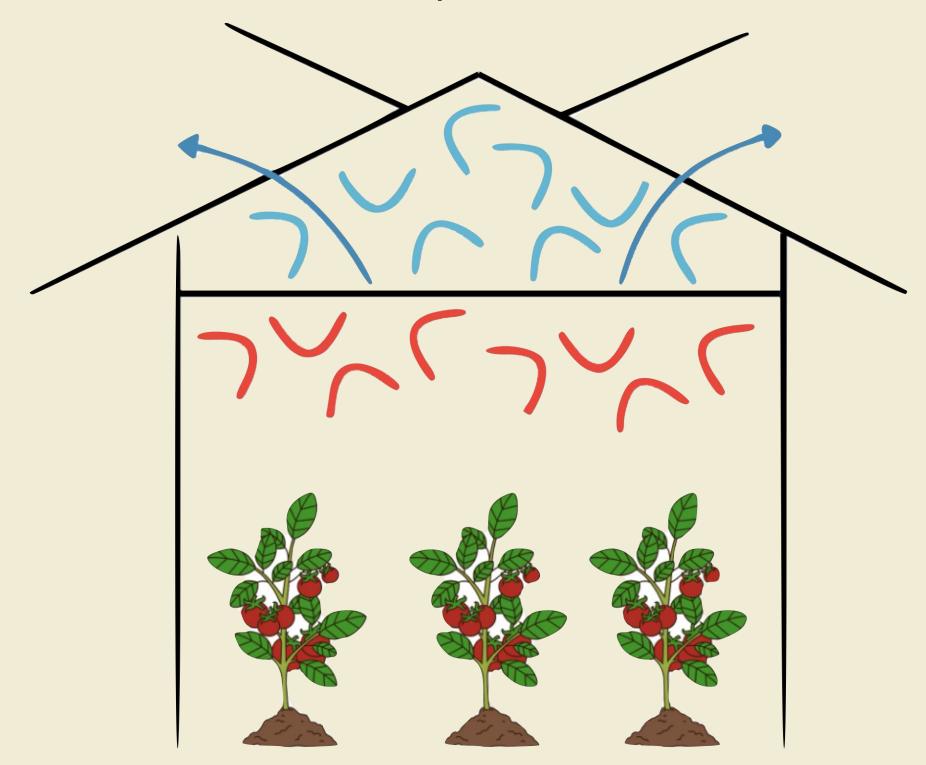
Started closing the screen at the end of the day by 80% until night temperature was reached. This increased evaporation at the top of the plant.

They analyzed leaves every 2 weeks...

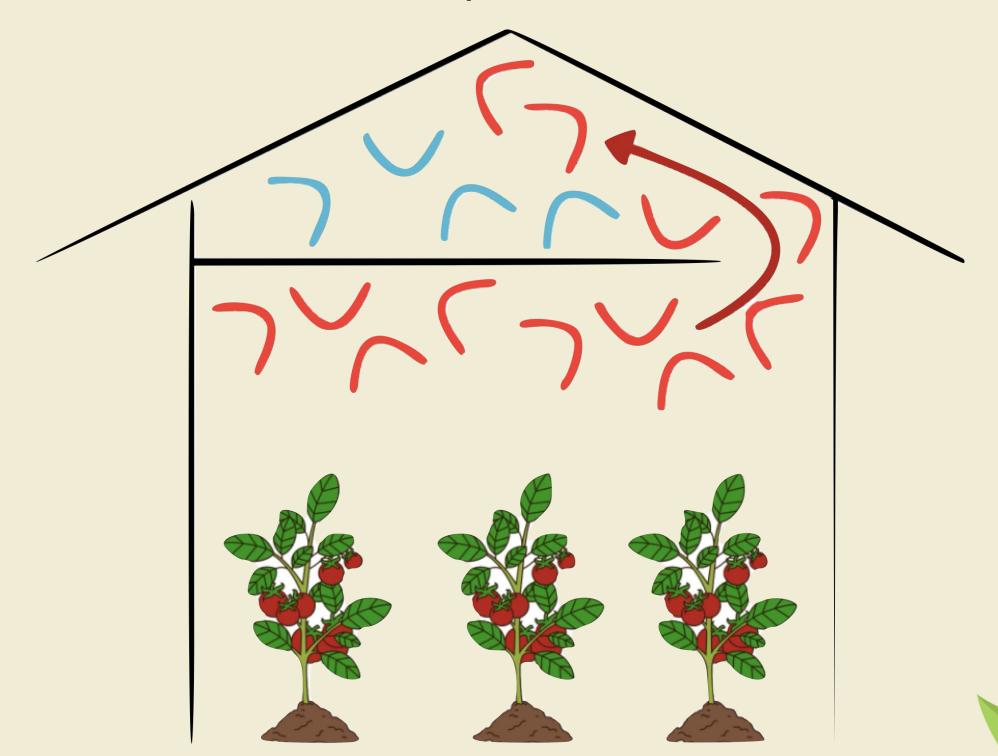
Found higher Ca levels in the sap of the young leaves

They also used 0.5 m<sup>3</sup>/m<sup>2</sup> less gas vs. last year

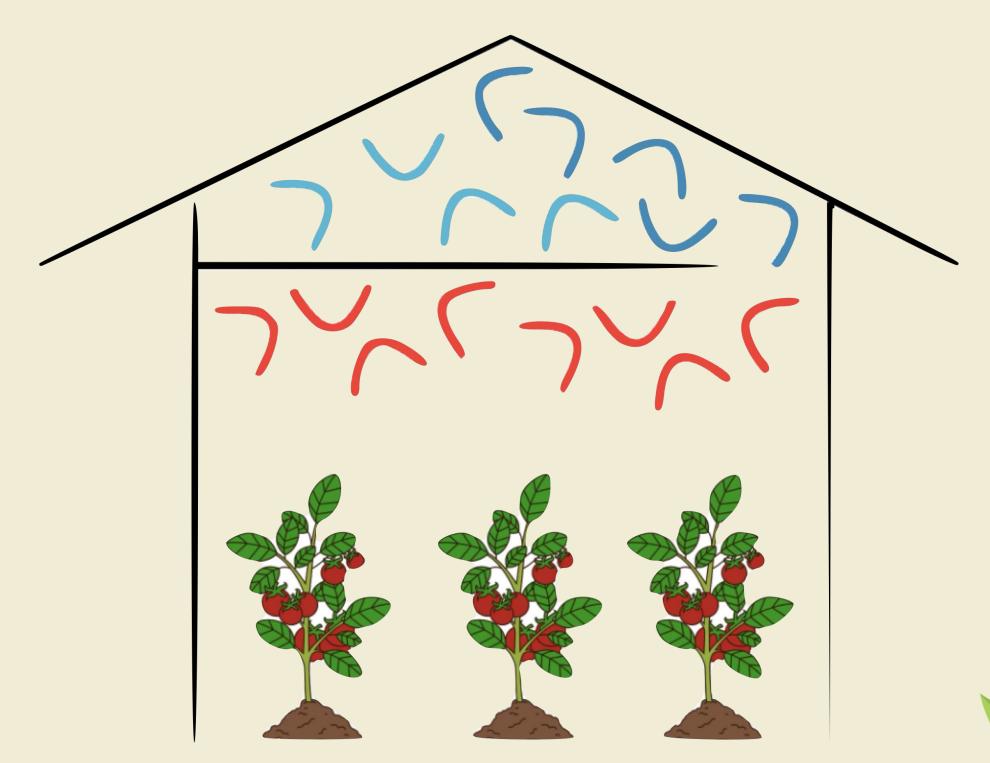




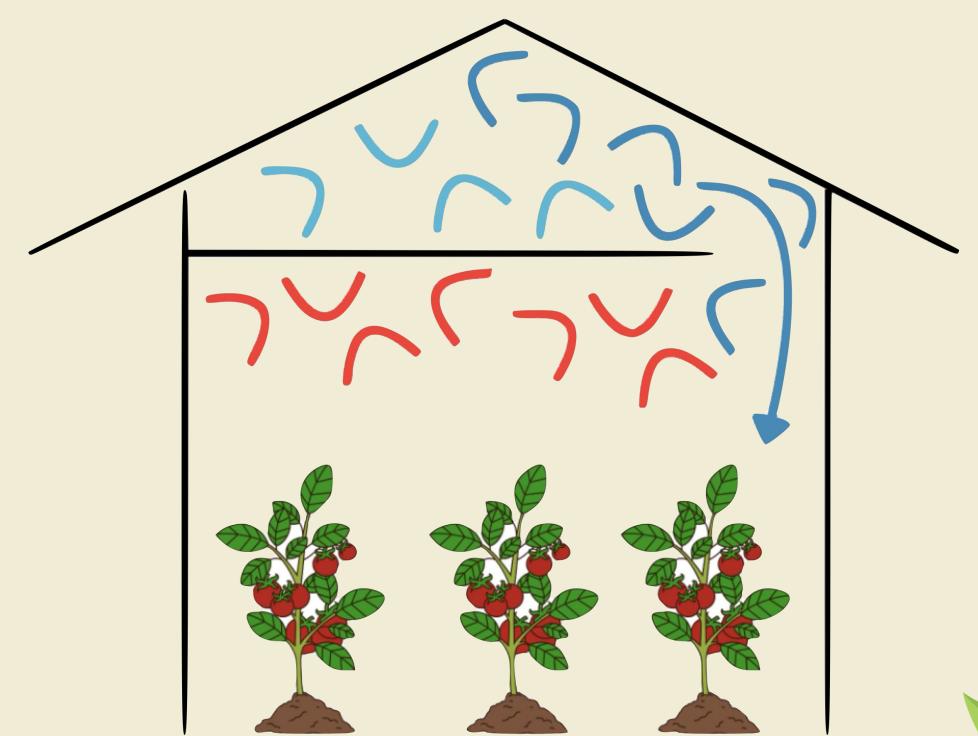




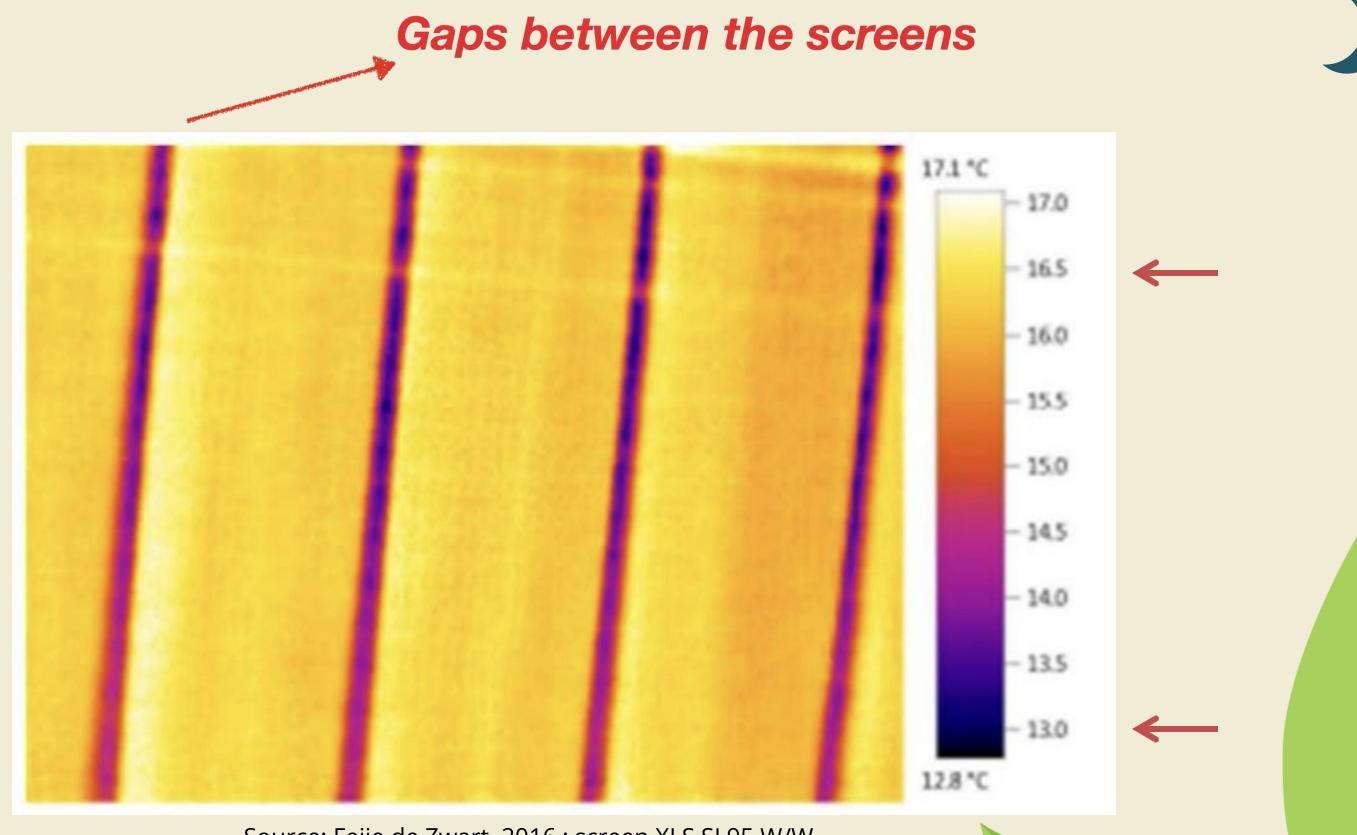
















#### Sunrise screening strategy

Cold season

Prevent fall of vertical cold air



Avoid cold plants

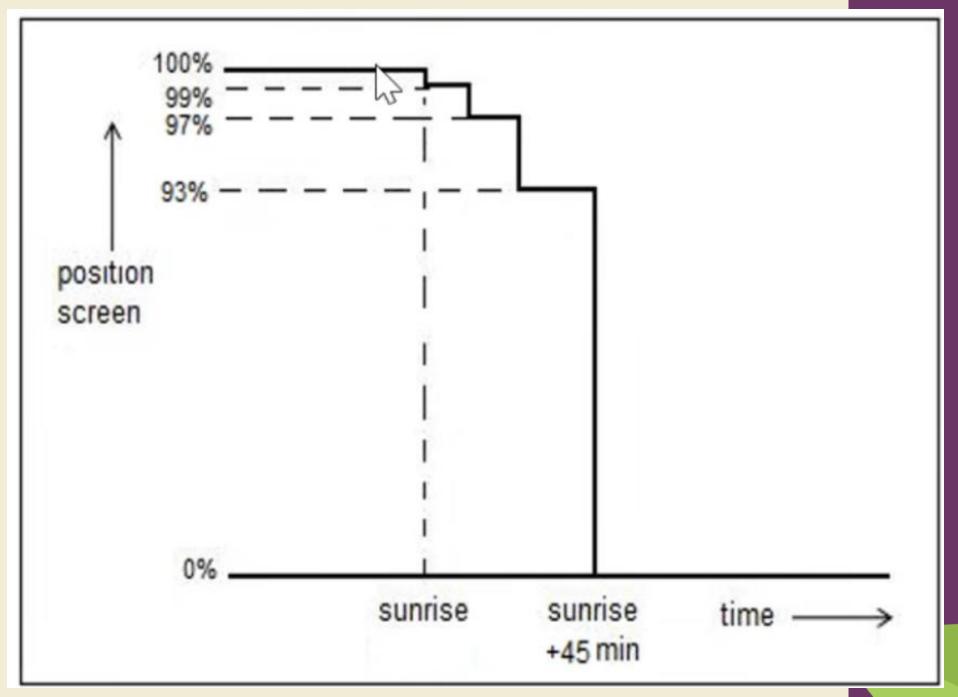


Avoid condensation



Avoid fungi, low Ca, edema...





Source: Paul Arkensteijn, Svensson

#### Screening strategy

- Screen against heat emission, mainly at sunset & sunrise
- Close the screens as long as possible for an even climate and to avoid cold drops
- Initiate the day smoothly -> the colder, the more steps!







Use the tools available!





# Thank you!

Paula Rico



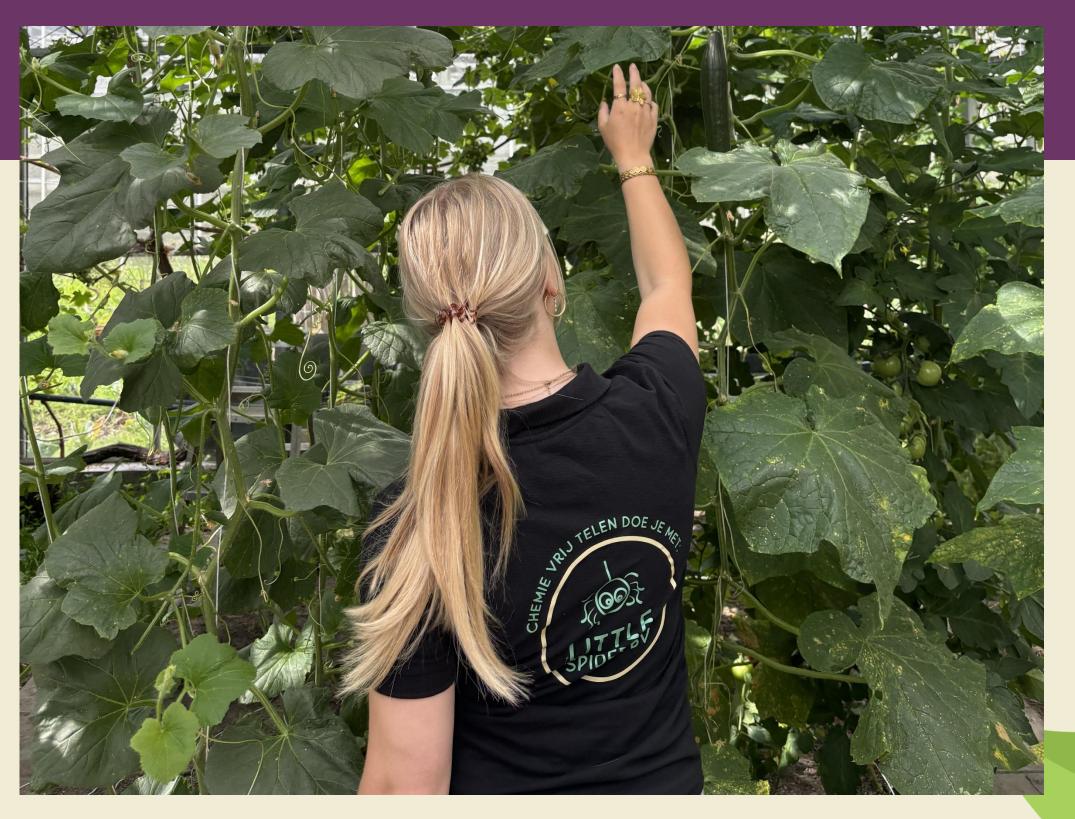
Paula Rico
Future Data Driven Growing Specialist





# Tiny Titans

Fleur Bruinen







# Hi, I'm Fleur!

Co-owner of Little Spider B.V.









#### kick-off question

Who is already working with biological control agents in their greenhouse?





## Little Spider in Action







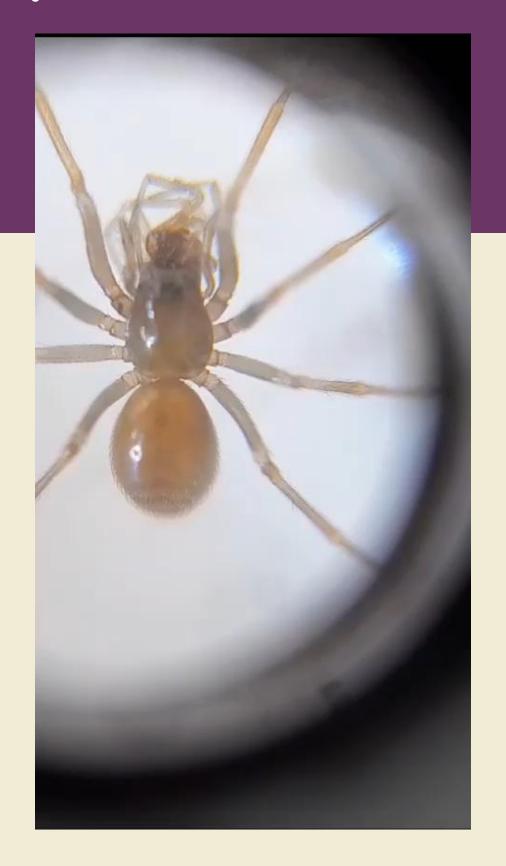
# What will you do when spraying is no longer an option?







# Breeding the Spiders

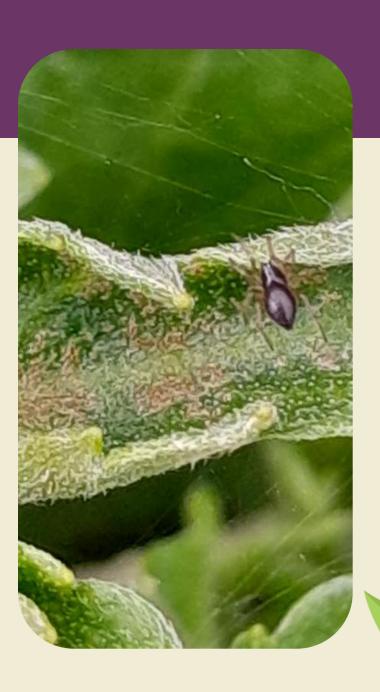






# What do they do?

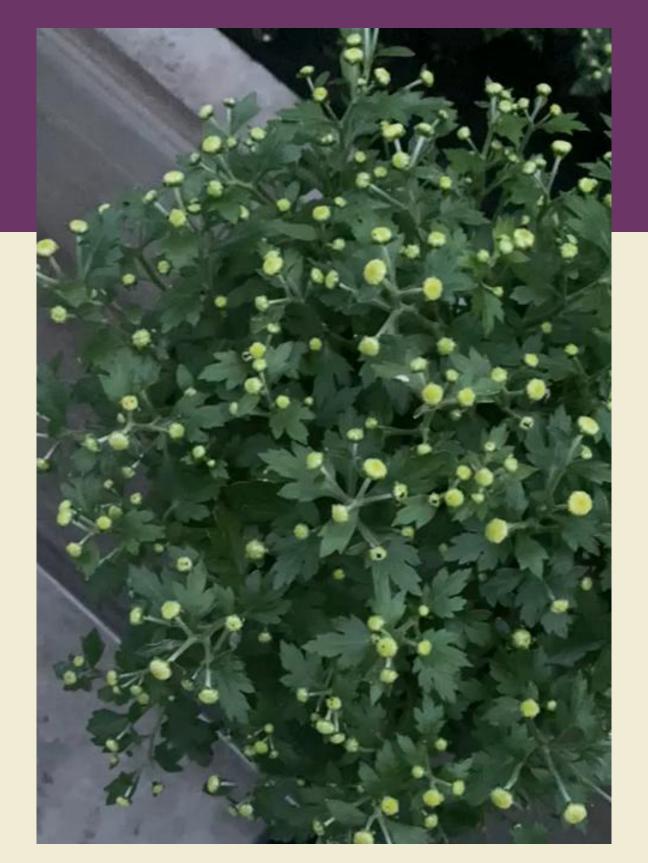








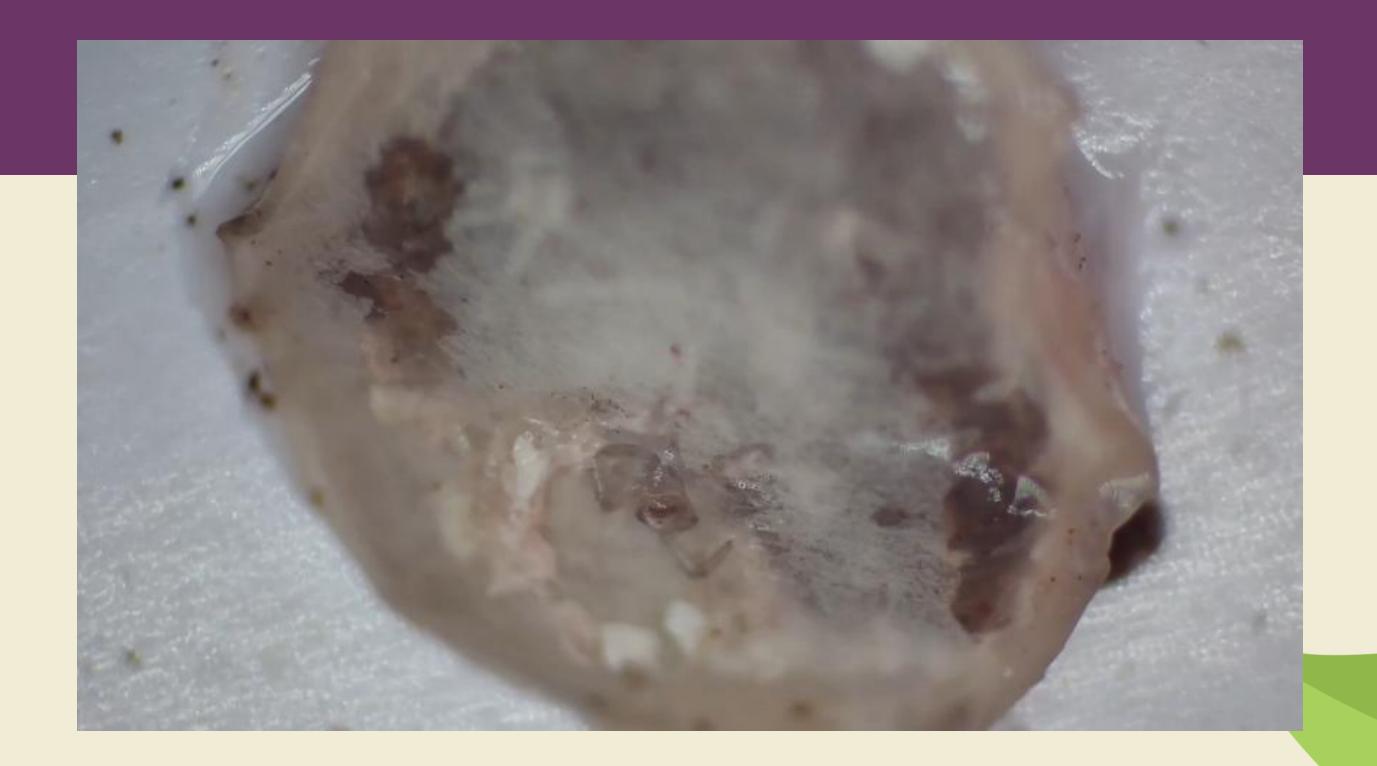
# The Spider's web







# Hunting behavior







# Releasing the Spiders









# Little Spider Control







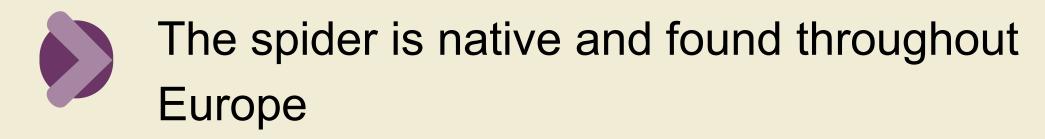
#### Chemical Pest Control

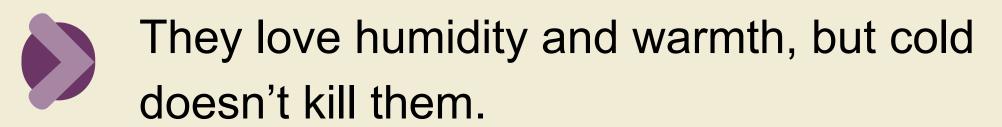






#### Key Facts





The spiders are monogamous, they stay with one partner for life.





# With Little Spider, the Future Starts Today





# Thank you!

Fleur Bruinen





# Propagation at the other side of the World





## Propagation at the other side of world









#### The strategy of scent

Pheromone-powered pest control in Propagation



#### Expert in natural solutions

Together towards green and sustainable cultivation methods for your crop



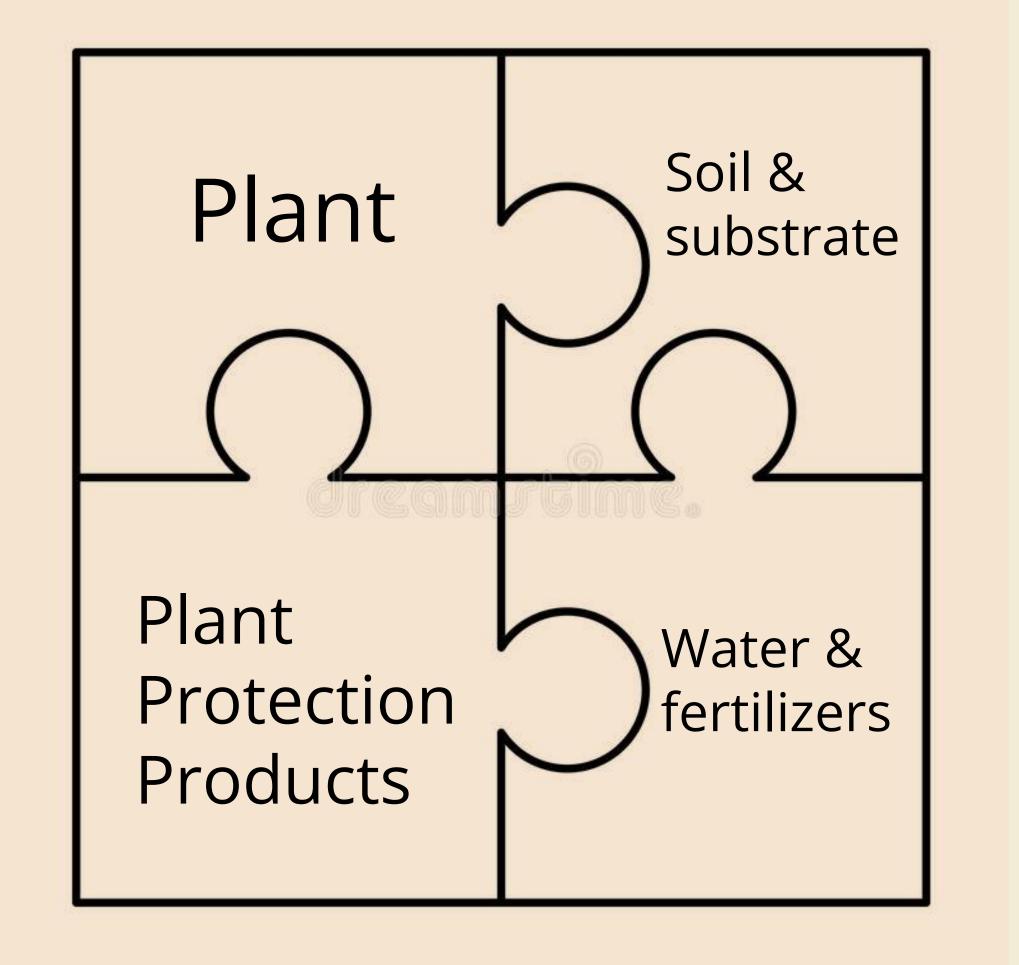
## Hi, I'm Jürgen!

Commercial Manager at HortiPro











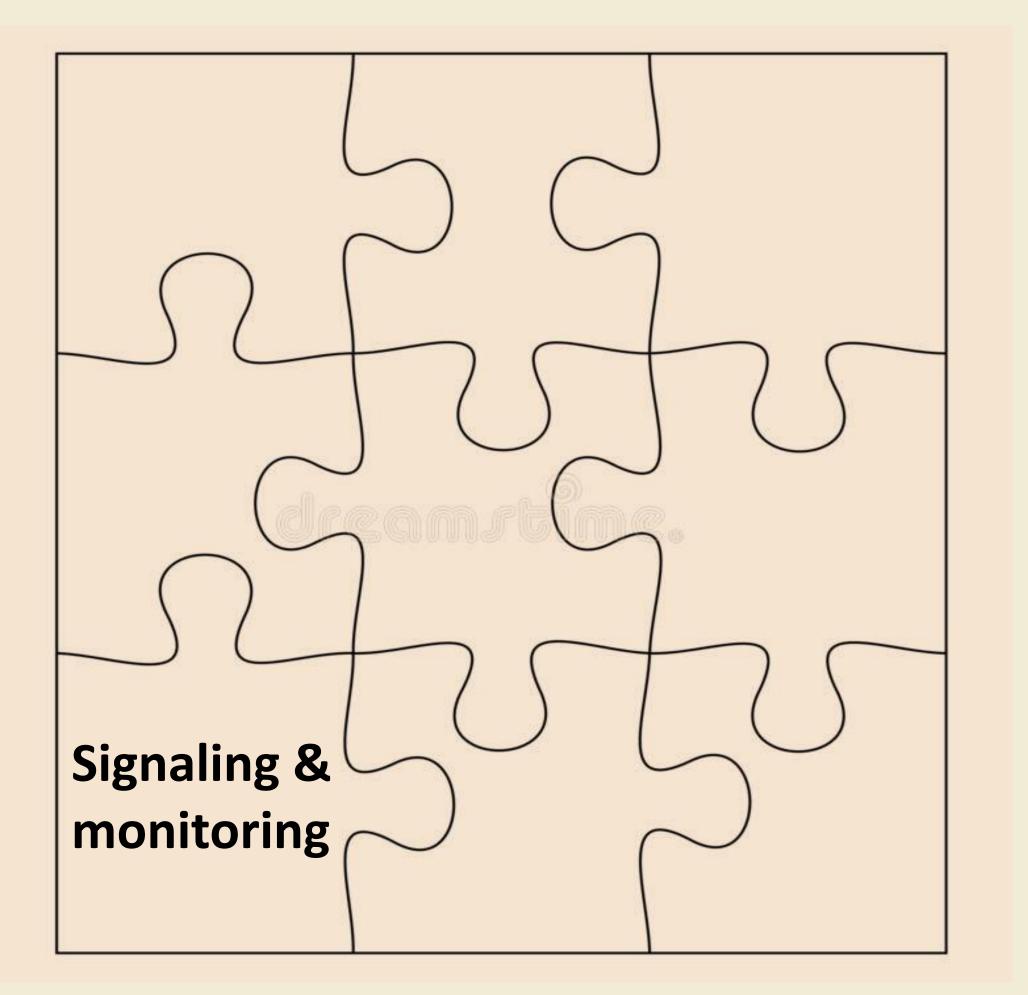


#### Trends in crop protection:

- Social and political concerns.
- Decreasing approved active ingredients. (chemicals)
- More stringent registration requirements.
- Decreasing number of applications on labels.
- The toolbox emptier  $\rightarrow$  lack of curative measures.
- Growing role for green, less environmentally harmful solutions.
- Requires different mindset (IPM → ICM)







Growing puzzle remains the same size but becomes more complex

 $\rightarrow$ 

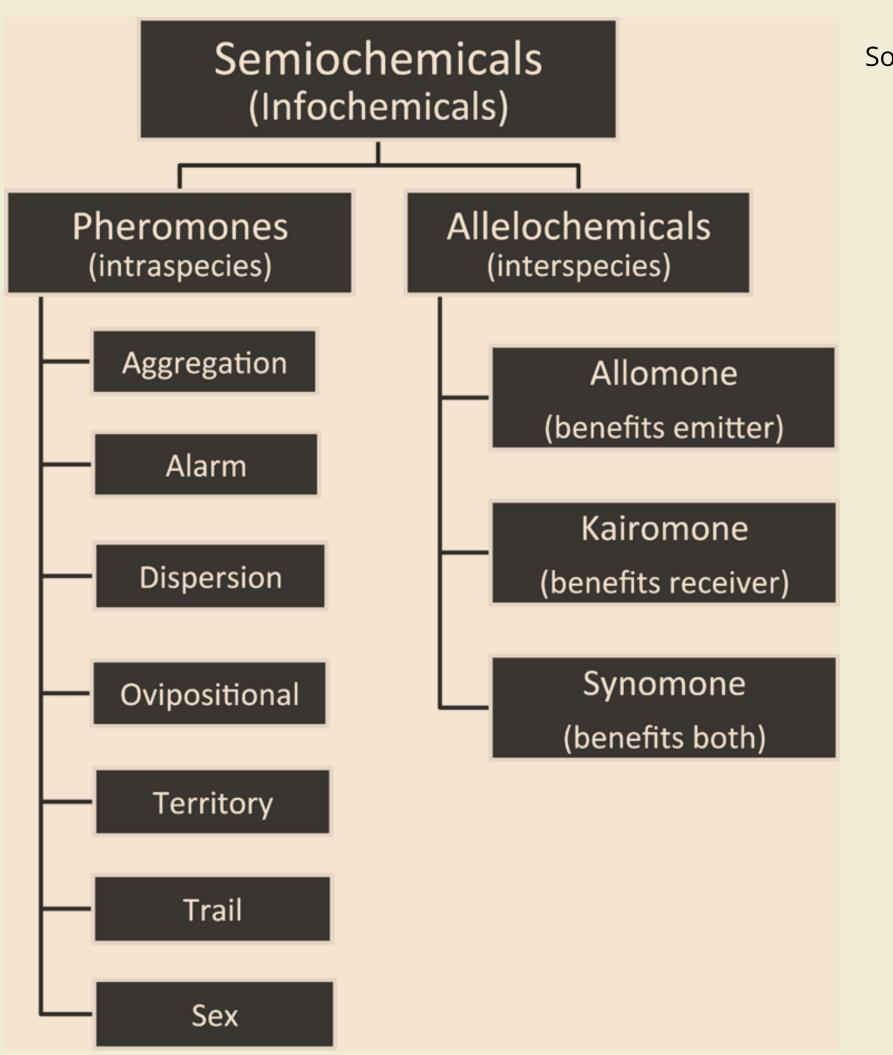
We need more puzzle pieces to complete the cultivation puzzle.

 $\rightarrow$ 

Systeems approach (ICM)

HortiPro

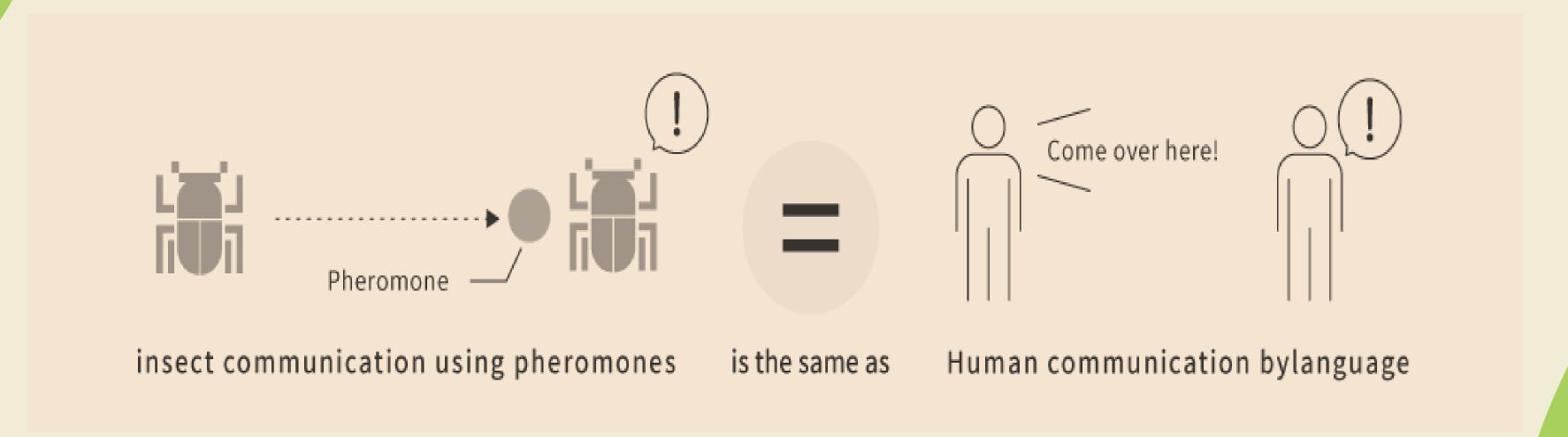




Source: John J. Beck/ USA







Source: Fuij Flavor Co., LTD Japan





#### What can we do with pheromones?

Mating disruption: Isonet-T®; tomato leaf miner (Tuta absoluta)

Crop protection registration required.



Signaling & monitoring:
Crop protection registration not needed





I Miss My Wife

TUTA ABSOLUTA



# Signaling and monitoring

Present situation: delta trap in combination with glue bottom or sticky plate with or without pheromone.

#### Disadvantages:

- Attracts only male insects.
- Short acting pheromones.
- Do not touch with hands.







# SemeonPro TM PHEROMONES

#### New SemeonPro Line

New type of pheromones for different insects.

#### Advantages:

- Duo pheromones; attracts male and female insects.
- Longer acting pheromones
- Do touch with hands.
- 3-7 days earlier detection
- 35-40% more insects attracted



#### SemeonPro<sup>™</sup> feromonen

- 10 pheromone dispensers.
- Dispensers are packed airtight.
- Resealable aluminum packaging.
- Store in the refrigerator or freezer.
- Shelf life up to 24 months.
- Operating time 6 8 weeks.

























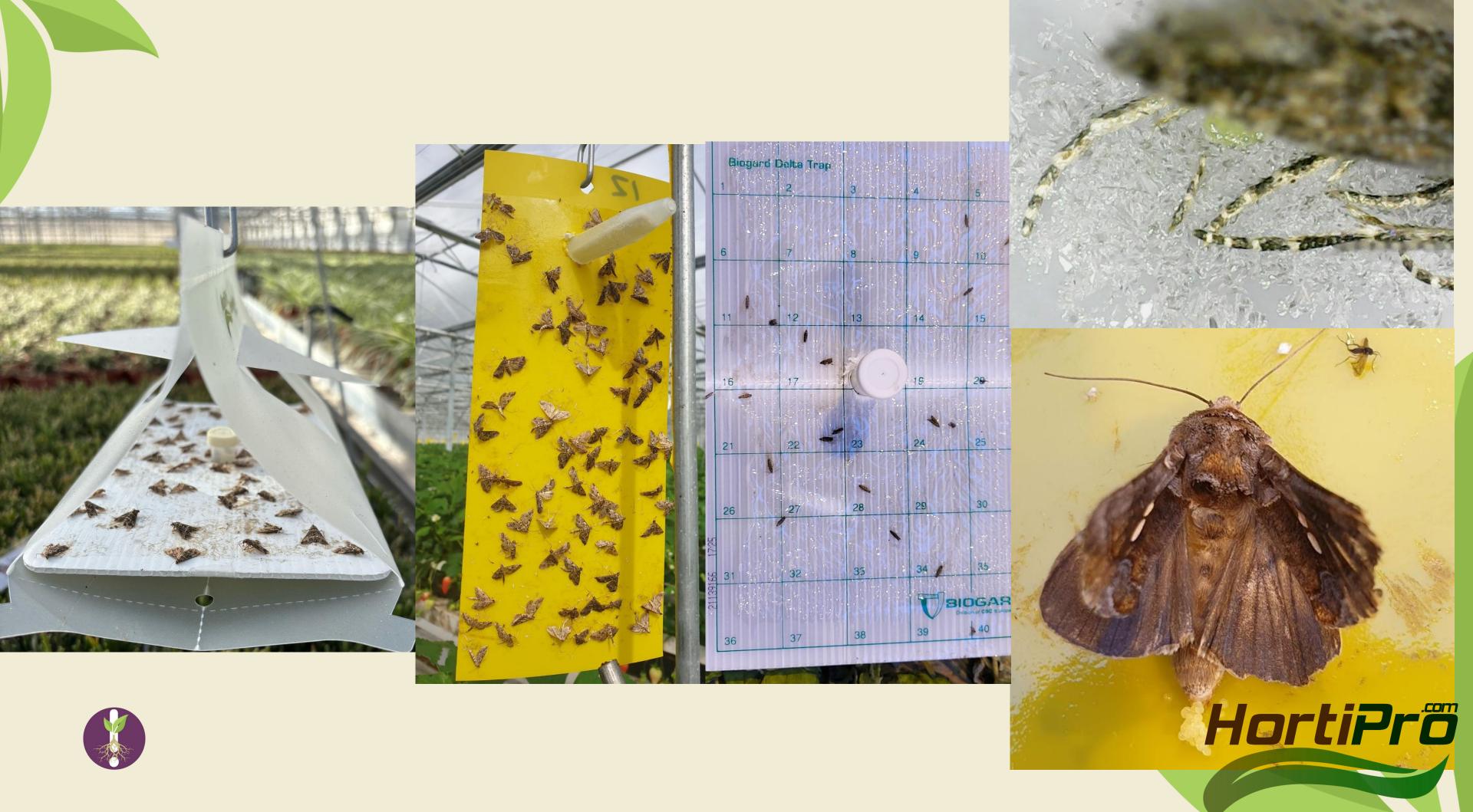












# Together towards green and sustainable cultivation methods for your crop





## Thank you!

HortiPro





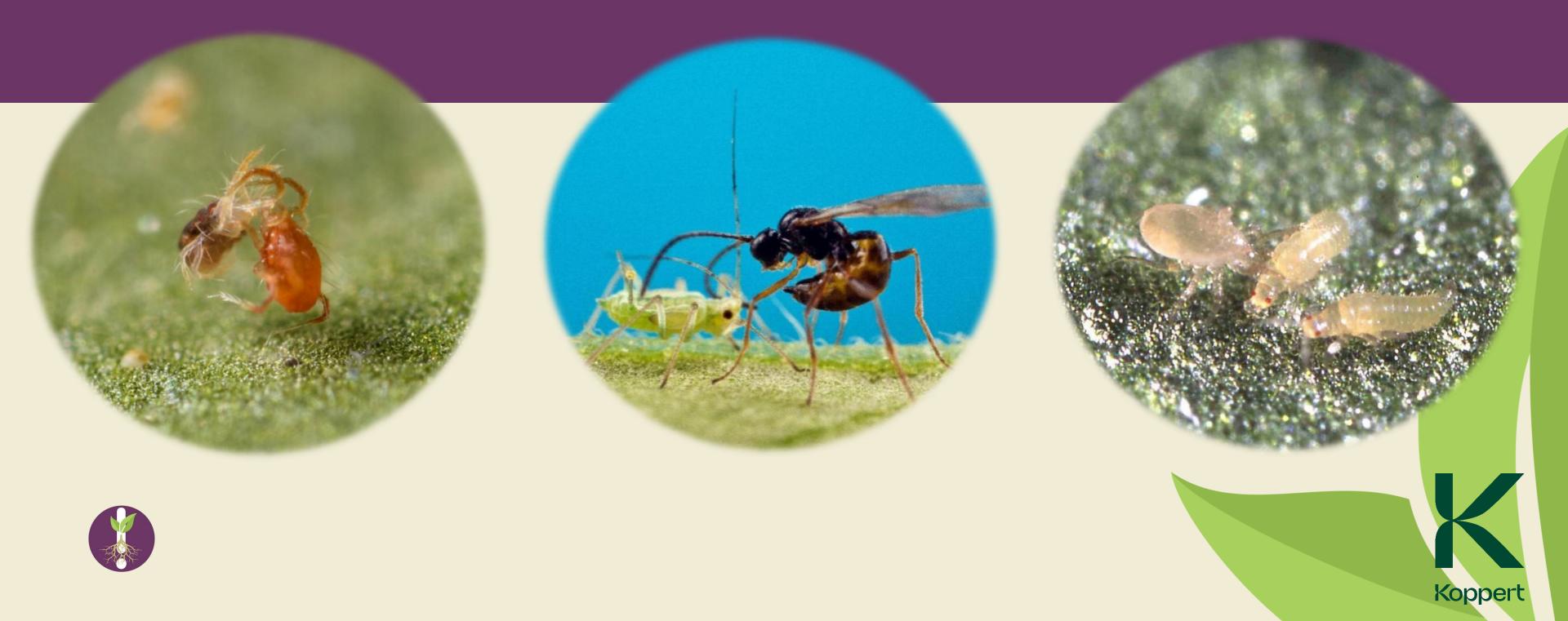


# Propagate Academy



#### Natural Enemies

Biological solutions to greenhouse pests



Hi, we are Tom & Imri
Koppert

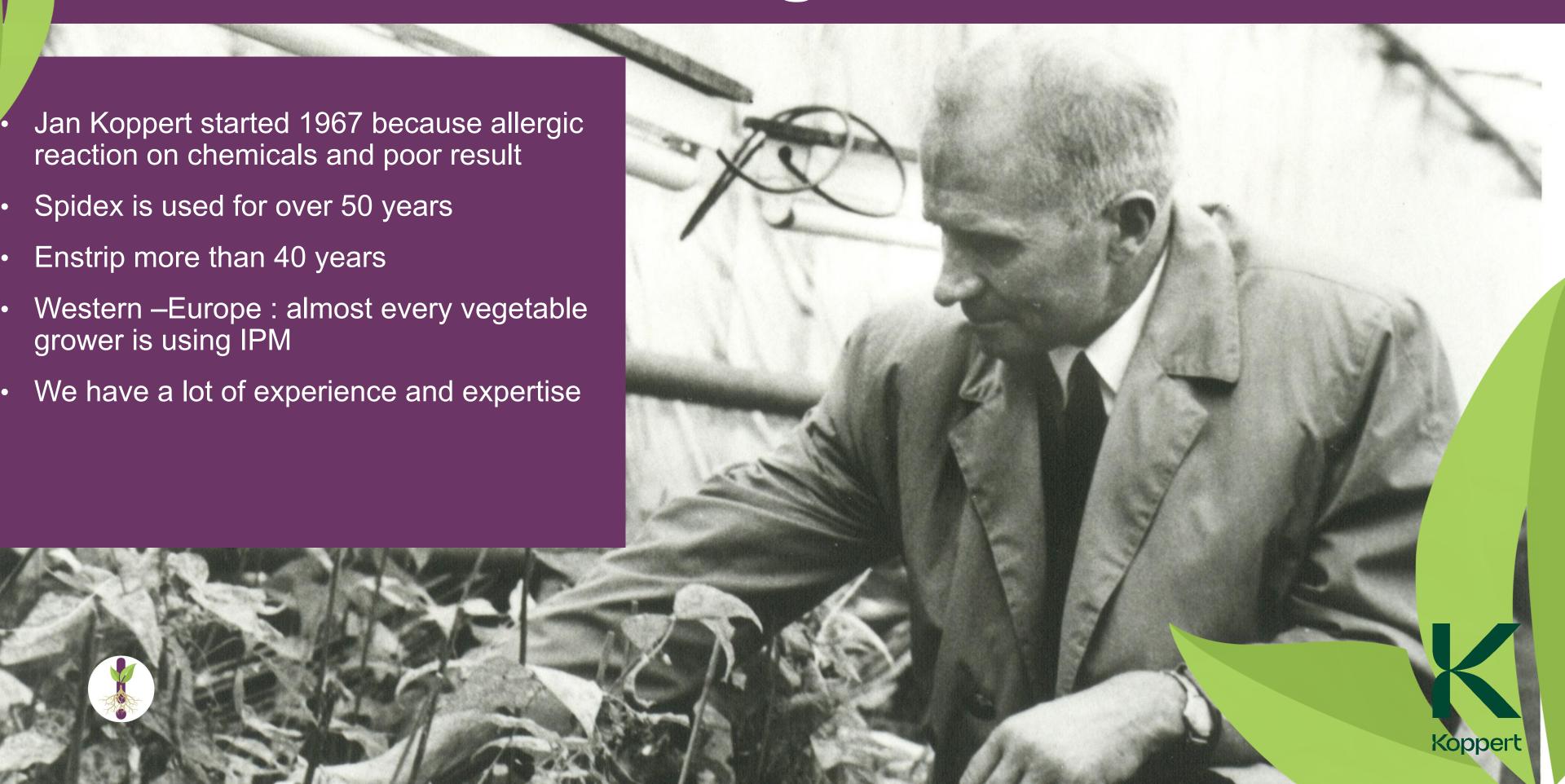








## Believe in biologicals



## Todays Program











#### Thrips

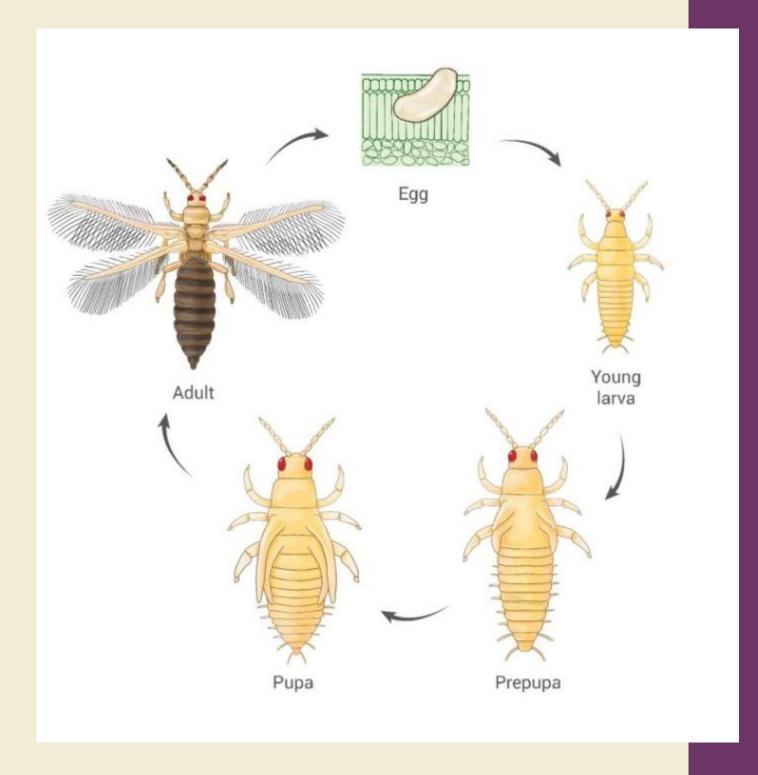
- Order Thysanoptera fringed wings
- Smallest winged insects (0.5-14 mm)
- polyphagous pest: many crops
- Virus!







# Thrips life cycle







# Thrips Damage





### Predatory mites

- Creates a "standing army"
- Can feed on pollen
- Can control multiple pests











# Thrips & whitefly control



Predatory mites

#### Orius

- -What's on the menu: Trips, Spider Mites and Aphids
- -Can feed on pollen as well.

- Orius
- Development from 11 ÁC:
- +/- 60 days bij 15°C
- +/- 30 days bij 20°C
- +/- 15 days bij 25°C



Development from 11,5 °C

+/- 40 days bij 15°C

+/- 20 days bij 20°C

+/- 15 days bij 25°C







#### Take aways

- Monitor using sticky traps
- Create a standing army of predatory mites
- Orius is also an option in plant propagation





## Todays Program











# Aphids

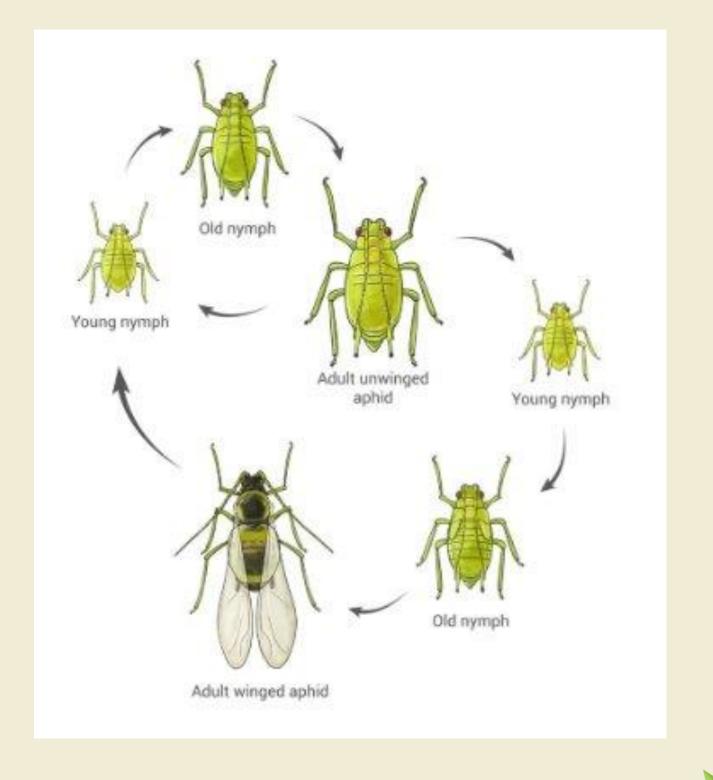
- Quick development
- Only females
- polyphagous pest: many crops
- Virus!







# Aphid life cycle









### Aphid Solutions

- Preventative
  - Parasitoids
  - Gall Midges
- Curative
  - Propylea
  - Chrysopa





### Parasitoids



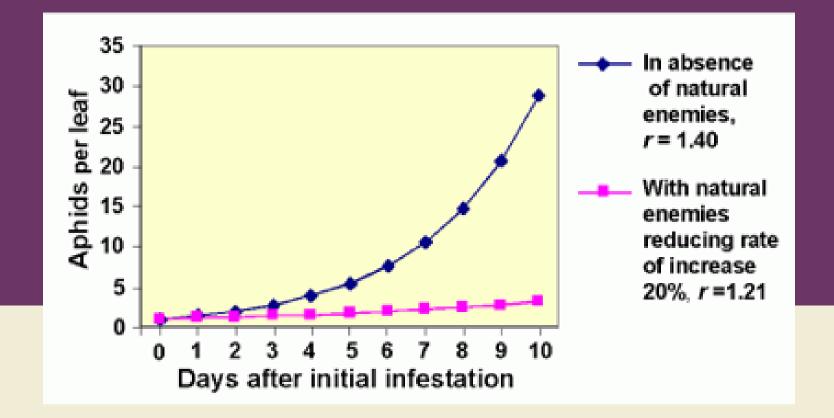




# Gall Midges (Aphidoletes)



### Take aways



- Work preventively
- Quick action is a must in aphid control!
- Even good scouting is often too late!





# Todays Program











### Spider Mites



Tetranychus urticae

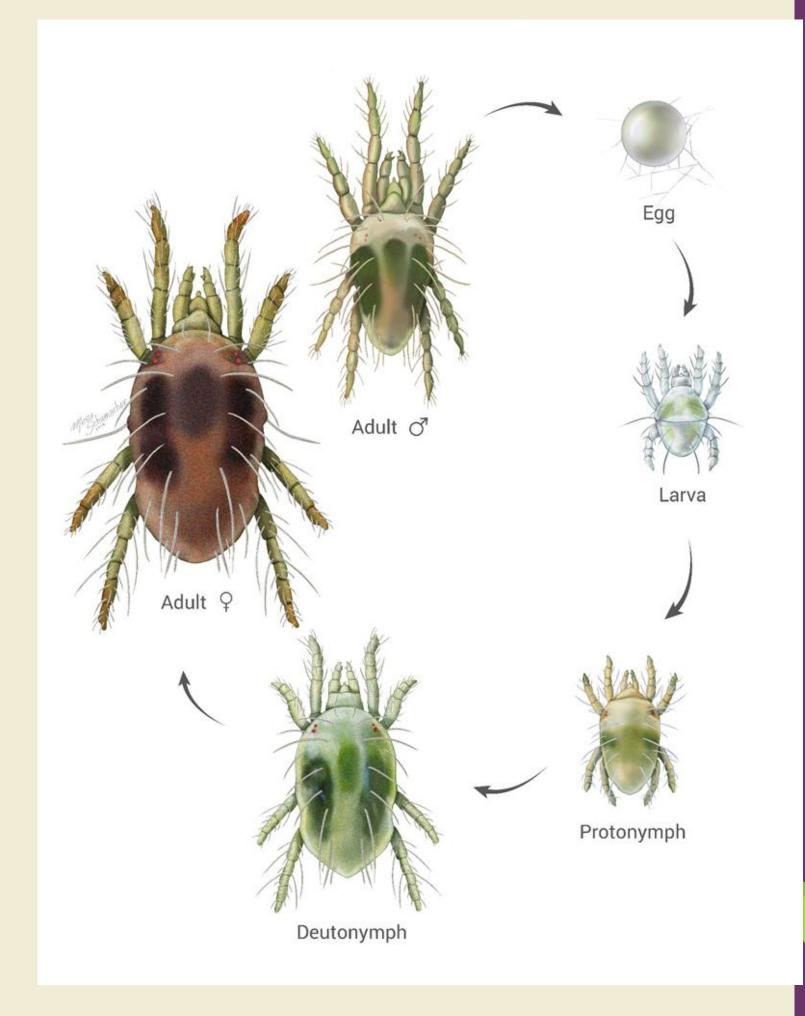
Red spidermite Glasshouse spidermite Two spotted spider mite

- Eight-legged arthropods with two large spots on both sides of the body
- Extremely rapid population growth





## Spider-mite Life cycle







### Population growth



- -After 15 days, 120 eggs are laid
- -75% females; that means that 90 eggs are females
- -90 females lay 120 eggs per female
- -After 30 days there are 90x120=10800 individuals

- 10 days at 25°C
- 6-8 eggs a day
- 100 eggs a female
- Development depends on
- -Temperature
- Relative humidity
- -Host plant
- Crop quality
- Differences between strains
- Diapause



# Spider-mite Damage



### Spider-mite Solutions

- Predatory mites
  - Phytoseiulus
  - Californicus





### Phytoseiulus persimilis (SPIDEX)



#### THE SPRINTER Quick at clean ups

- -Predatory mite only survives on *Tetranychus* spp.
- -Adult mites are red in color with long legs.
- -Very active predator
- -Lots of protective hair (Which allows to hunt in heavily webbyd areas)

#### Phytoseiulus persimilis (SPIDEX)



#### THE LONG-DISTANCE RUNNER Steady sustainable control

- Less active than Phytoseiulus persimilis
- Eats T. Urticae, Panonychus spp., other mites and pollen
- Longer survival without food than Phytoseiulus persimilis
- Medium qty protective hair so prefers to hunt small spots with little webbing
- Moves into highly webbed areas after P. persimilis has mostly cleaned up



### Gall Midges (Feltiella)



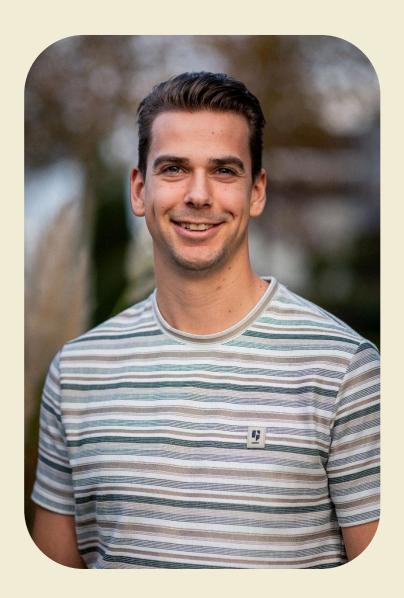
### Take aways

- Scouting
- Quick action is very important
- Identify problem locations
- Combine preventative and curative measures





### Thank you! Imri Verrijp & Tom Groot



iverrijp@koppert.nl

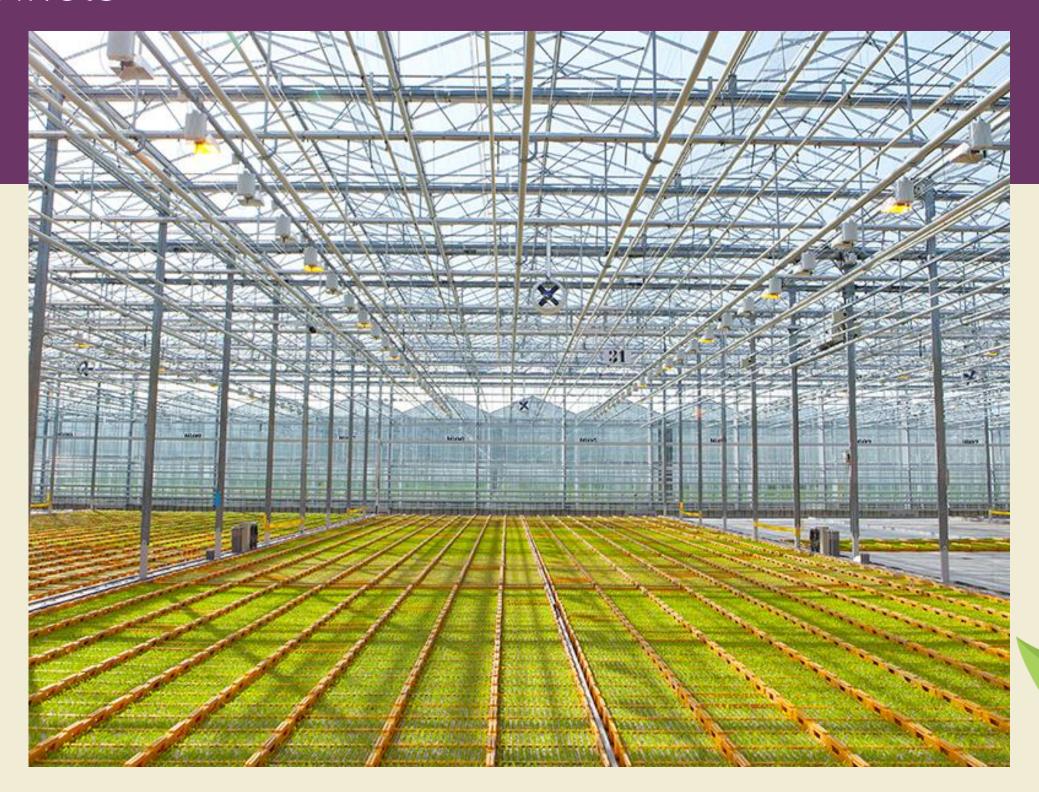






### Biological control: a day-to-day basis

Nathalie Zwinkels







## Hi, I'm Nathalie

Crop Protection Specialist







# Growing cucumber Using biology

All Green reasons passed

MAIN REASON:

→The resources are no longer working sufficiently





### Delivering clean plants!

Customer demand for a clean start

0-tolerance

MRL





### Guided pest control

Decision made on scout and crop monitoring



Calender Spraying X



Know what's going on!



Learning from your own data





# Hygiene is the start

Everything we keep out we don't have to control





# Know your harmful pests

And how it behaves











### Decision



Counts Sticky Trap



Crop monitoring



Dashboard



Crop / season





### Good observations

scout and crop monitoring



On weekly basis



Crop observation route



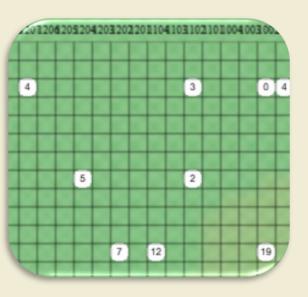
Supporting tools, e.g. pheromone traps

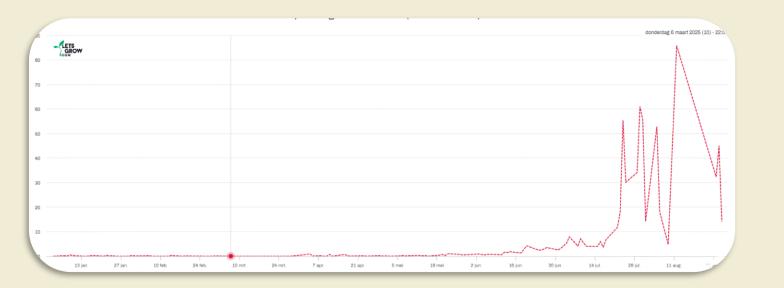




# Countings



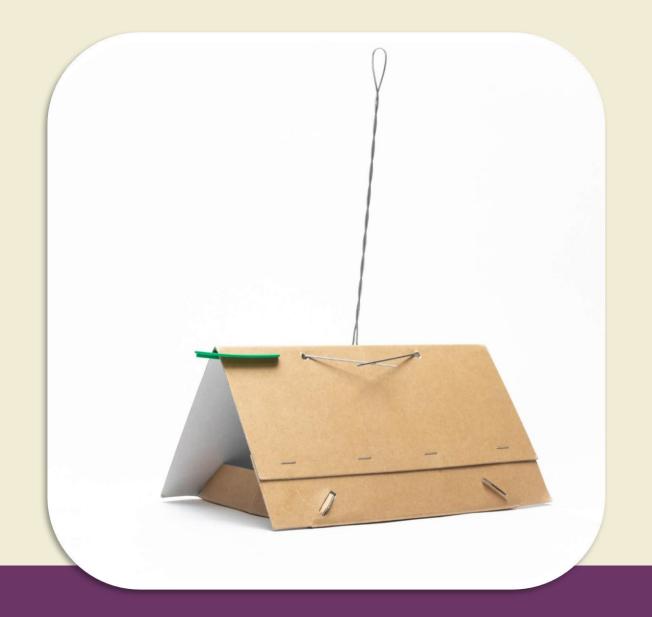








# Supporting tools









# Various species of thrips

Frankliniella occidentalis











**Echinotrips** 



Bron: Koppert

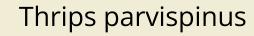
# Various species of thrips

Parthenothrips dracaenae





Thrips tabaci





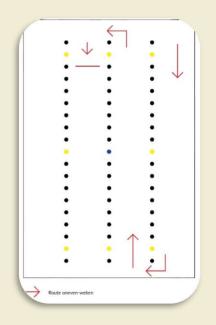


Common Thrips Grass edges





# Cropobservations













### But also!







### IPM

#### Predatory mite Swirskii



Swirskii Mite Bron foto: Knoppert



Aerobug



Nutrition Mite Carpoglyphus lactis



Swirskii on the job Bron foto: Koppert





# Crop damage Thrips







### Cleaner plant delivered!

Plants with an army of biological control agents
Low MRL gives room for correction
Resources remain more effective





### All customers convinced

Doubts removed









# Thank you!

Nathalie Zwinkels





