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**TSX:** BCT



**BriaCell**

**INVESTOR PRESENTATION**

**Summer 2026**

*Developing Novel Therapeutics to Destroy Cancer*

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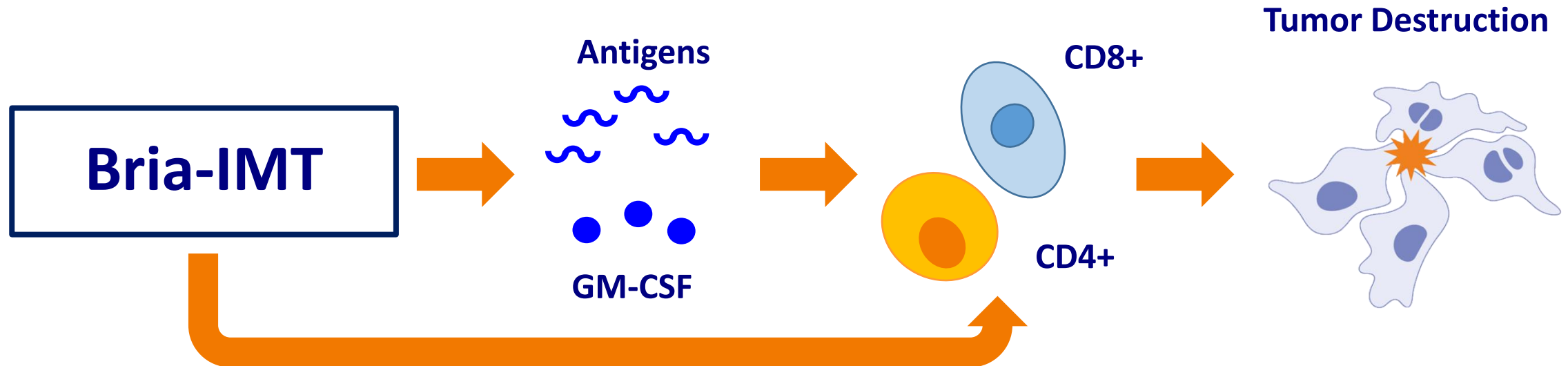
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- **Clinical stage immuno-oncology company developing an entirely new class of targeted immunotherapies to transform cancer care**
- **Lead drug candidate Bria-IMT™**
  - **Pivotal Phase 3 study underway in metastatic breast cancer (over 40K US deaths/year)**
  - Phase 2 study demonstrated ~2-fold increase in survival vs comparable patients in the literature
    - Unprecedented clinical benefit in checkpoint inhibitor (CPI) and antibody-drug conjugate (ADC) resistant patients
    - Remarkable clinical efficacy in patients with central nervous system (CNS) metastases
  - Awarded Fast Track designation by FDA
  - Active as a single agent and in combination with an immune check point inhibitor (+ CPI)
- **Bria-OTS™ & Bria-OTS+™: Next generation, cell-based cancer immunotherapy platform**
  - Ongoing Phase 1/2a study in breast cancer
    - Initial positive results with single agent therapy
  - **Bria-OTS+ more potent version of Bria-OTS**
    - Next generation prostate (Bria-PROS+) and breast cancer (Bria-BRES+) candidates scheduled to enter clinic 2026
    - Open IND and recruiting patients for Bria-BRES+
  - National Cancer Institute SBIR awards

# Bria-IMT: Lead Candidate

- Bria-IMT - a cell based, patented, targeted immunotherapy
- Derived from a well characterized breast cancer cell line
- Expresses tumor antigens and GM-CSF to activate cancer fighting CD4+ and CD8+ T cells
- Stimulates the immune system to enhance targeted killing of cancer cells
- Off-the-shelf approach easy to distribute and administer
  - Cell are grown (cGMP), harvested, irradiated and cryopreserved for shipment to clinical sites where they are thawed and injected intradermally (upper back and thighs)
  - Cycles of therapy every 2-4 weeks (monotherapy) or every 3 weeks (CPI combination)



Evaluable Patients	HLA Match	Disease Control (CR, PR, and SD)	Disease Control in Immune Responders (DTH)
N=5	≥ 2	80% (4/5)	100% (4/4)
N=18	Any	50% (9/18)	60% (9/15)

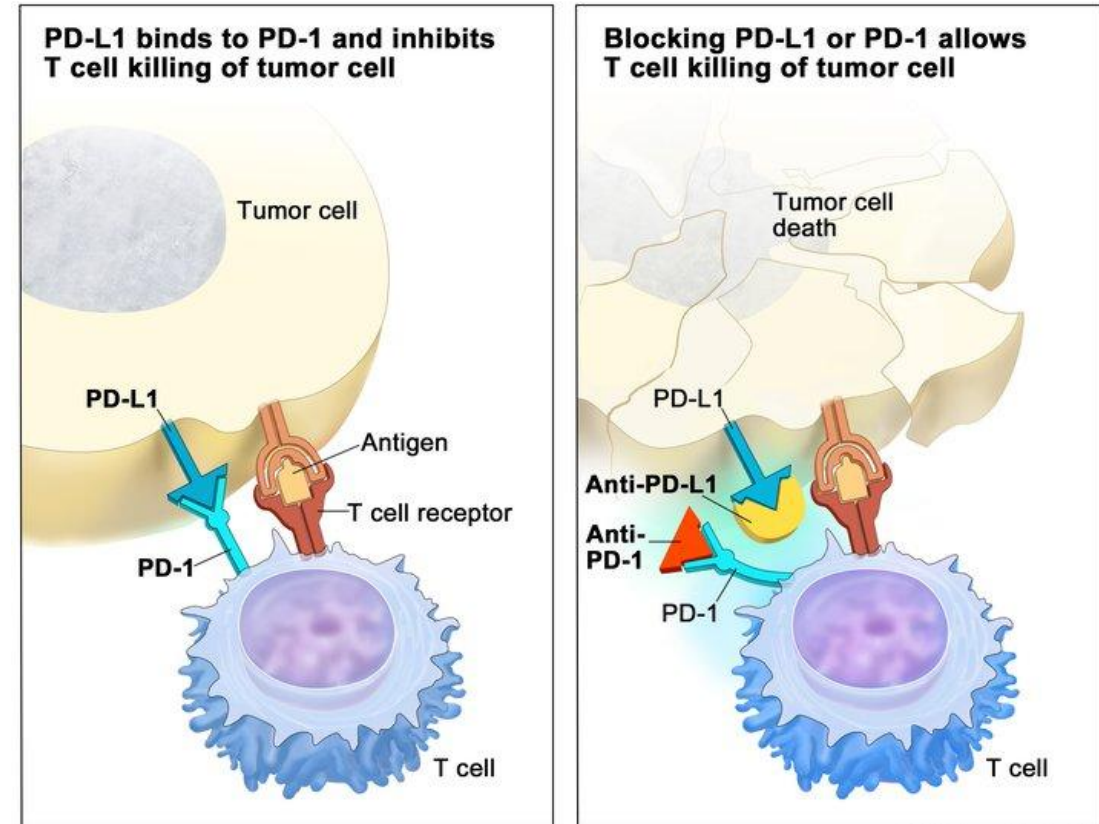
- 27 total heavily pre-treated (median 5 prior regimens) metastatic breast cancer patients treated with Bria-IMT monotherapy regimen, 18 evaluable
- Presence of HLA-type matching correlates with response to Bria-IMT
- Immune response measured by delayed-type hypersensitivity (DTH) to Bria-IMT correlates with disease control
- Tolerability excellent with no dose-limiting toxicities
- Clinical benefit demonstrated: 1 PR and 8 SD in 15 evaluable immune responders

## How Do CPIs Work?

- PD-L1 expression protects cancer cells from tumor antigen driven T-cell attack
- PD-1 and PD-L1 inhibitors, also known as CPIs, neutralize this immune suppression

## Why combine Bria-IMT with CPIs?

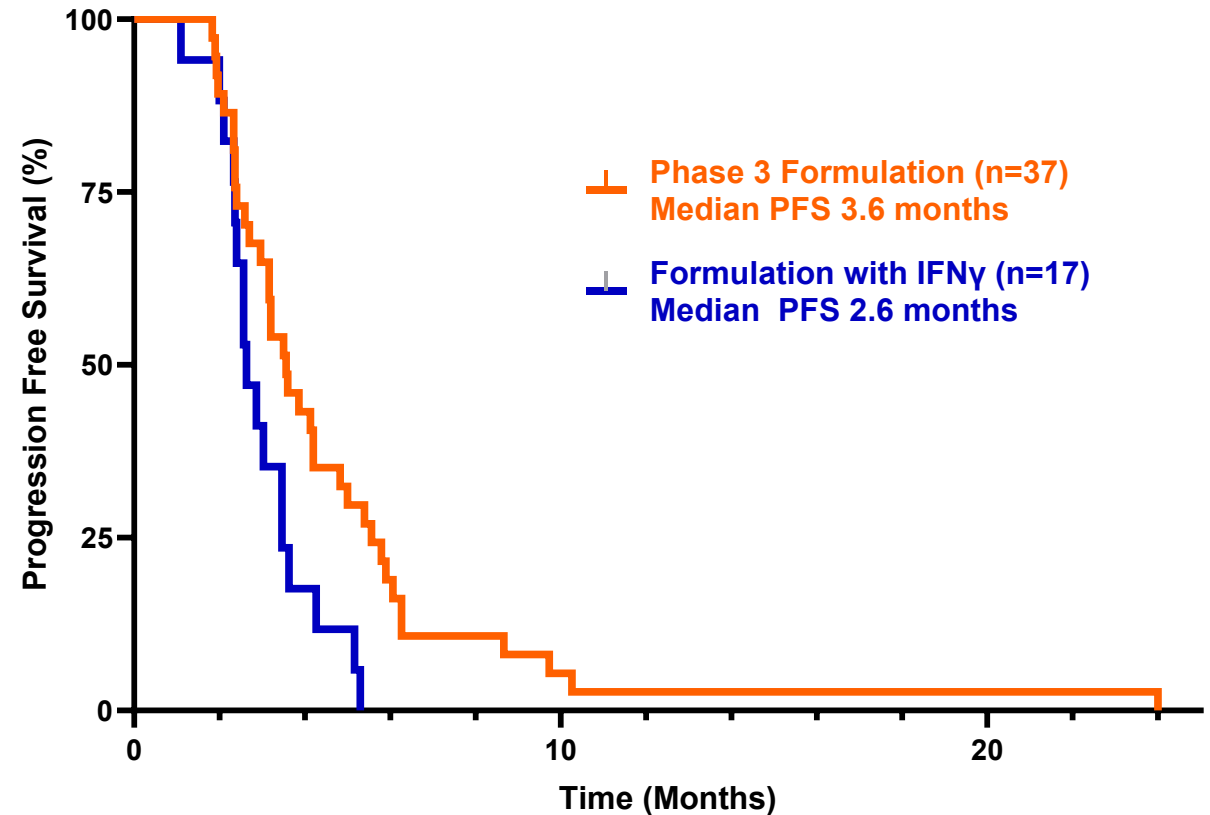
- >90% of patients express PD-L1 in our studies
- Potential synergy between Bria-IMT activated immune system and CPI's unblocking of immune system
- BriaCell's hypothesis: Combining CPIs with Bria-IMT providing powerful synergistic anti-tumor activity



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# Bria-IMT + CPI Phase 2 Study

- Total of 54 patients enrolled
  - 11 treated in combination with pembrolizumab
  - 44 treated in combination with retifanlimab
    - one cross-over
- Median 6 prior regimens
- Evaluated 2 formulations:
  - Bria-IMT treated with IFN $\gamma$ , n = 17
  - Bria-IMT not treated with IFN $\gamma$ , n = 37
- Progression-free survival (PFS) 3.6 months vs 2.6 months favored no IFN $\gamma$  (p<0.05)
- PFS of similar patients in the literature is 1.6-2.5 months<sup>1</sup>
- Bria-IMT without IFN $\gamma$  selected as formulation for Phase 3

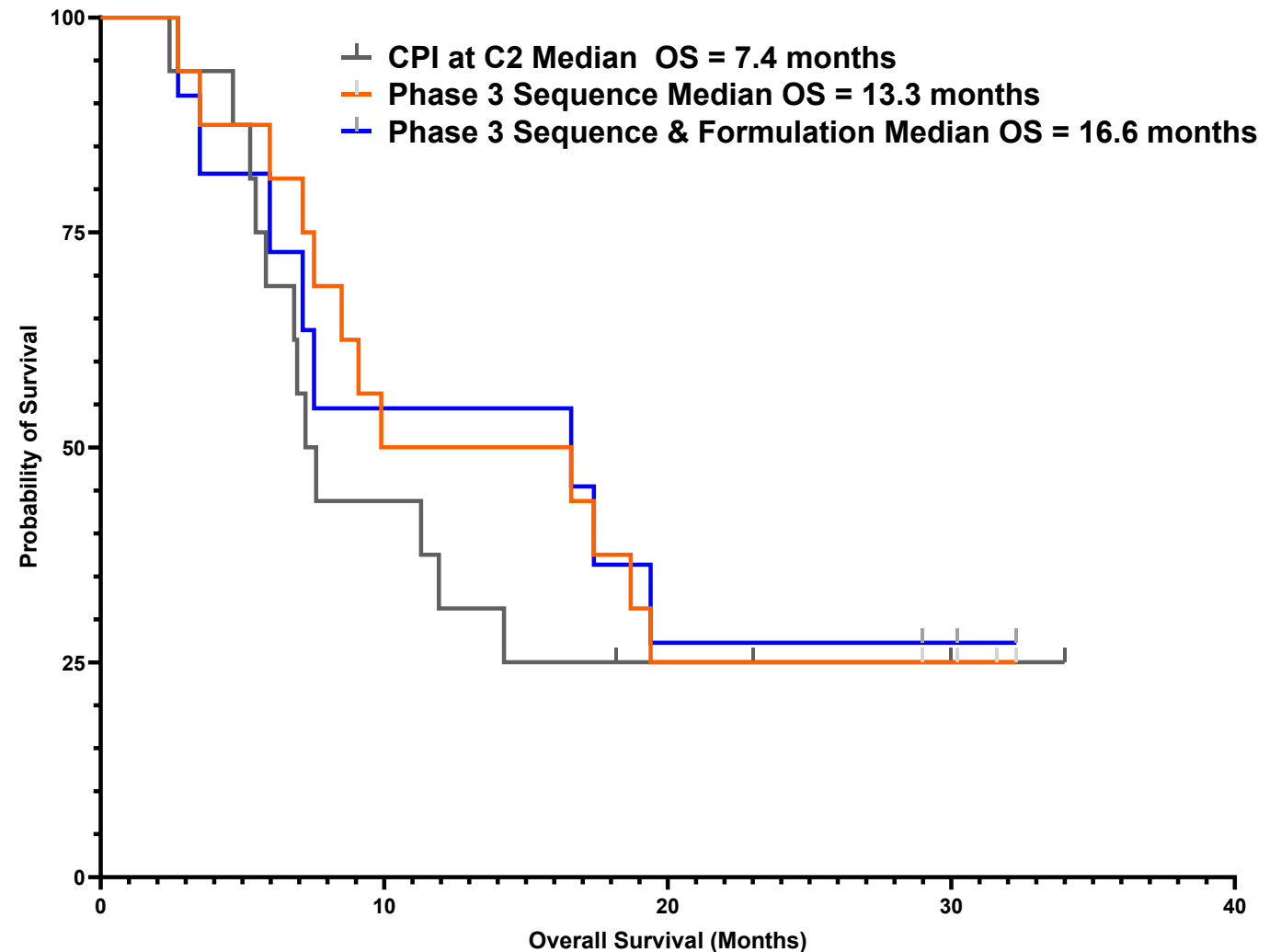


Data presented at ASCO 2026  
<https://www.asco.org/abstracts-presentations/261300>

<sup>1</sup>Cortes J, et al. Annals of Oncology 2018; Kazmi S, et al. Breast Cancer Res Treat. 2020 Aug 17; O'Shaughnessy J et al. Breast Cancer Res Treat. 2022; Tripathy D, et al. JAMA Oncol. 2022; Bardia A, et al. J Clin Oncol. 2024 May 20;42(15):1738-1744

- 32 patients treated with 2 sequences
  - 16 patients CPI in Cycle 1 (Phase 3 Sequence)
    - A subset also received the Phase 3 formulation
  - 16 patients with CPI in Cycle 2 (CPI in C2)
- Median 6 prior lines of therapy (range 2-13)
- Overall survival (OS) 13.3 months for the Phase 3 sequence
- Overall survival (OS) 16.6 months for the Phase 3 formulation and sequence
- OS compares favorably to 5.9-9.8 months<sup>1</sup> reported in comparable metastatic breast cancer patients
- No dose limiting toxicities to date

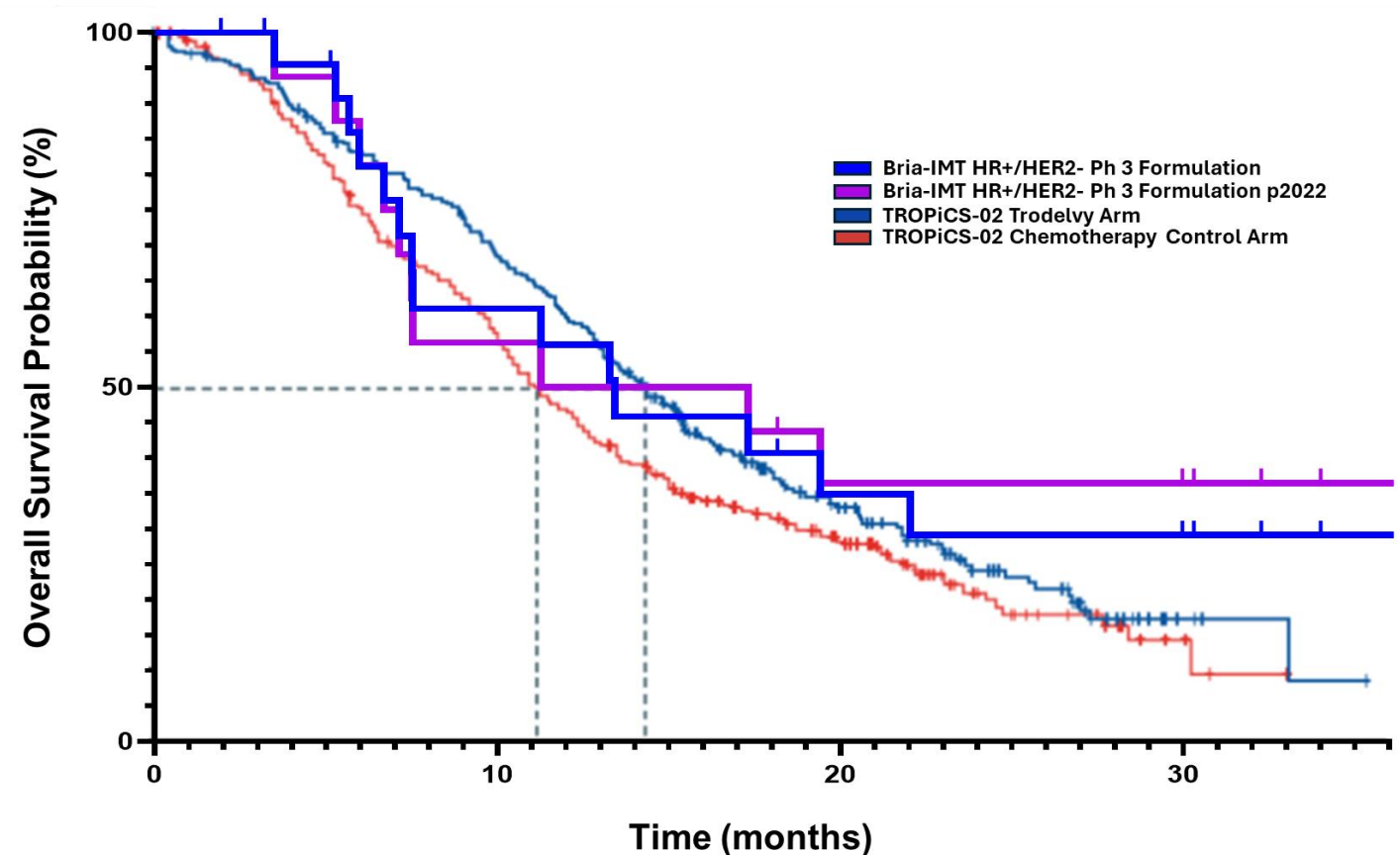
**Overall Survival by Sequence and Formulation**



<sup>1</sup>Cortes J, et al. Annals of Oncology 2018; Kazmi S, et al. Breast Cancer Res Treat. 2020 Aug 17; O'Shaughnessy J et al. Breast Cancer Res Treat. 2022; Tripathy D, et al. JAMA Oncol. 2022; Bardia A, et al. J Clin Oncol. 2024 May 20;42(15):1738-1744

- 37 patients treated with Phase 3 formulation
  - Median 6 prior lines of therapy
  - 24 patients hormone receptor (HR+)
  - Overall survival (OS) 13.4 months for HR+ Patients
  - OS 14.3 months for HR+ Patients treated since 2022
- **Compares well to Trodelvy pivotal registration study in HR+ Patients**
  - Median 4 prior lines of systemic therapy
  - OS 14.4 months for Trodelvy
  - OS 11.2 months for single agent chemotherapy

### Overall survival of Bria-IMT vs TROPiCS-02<sup>2</sup>



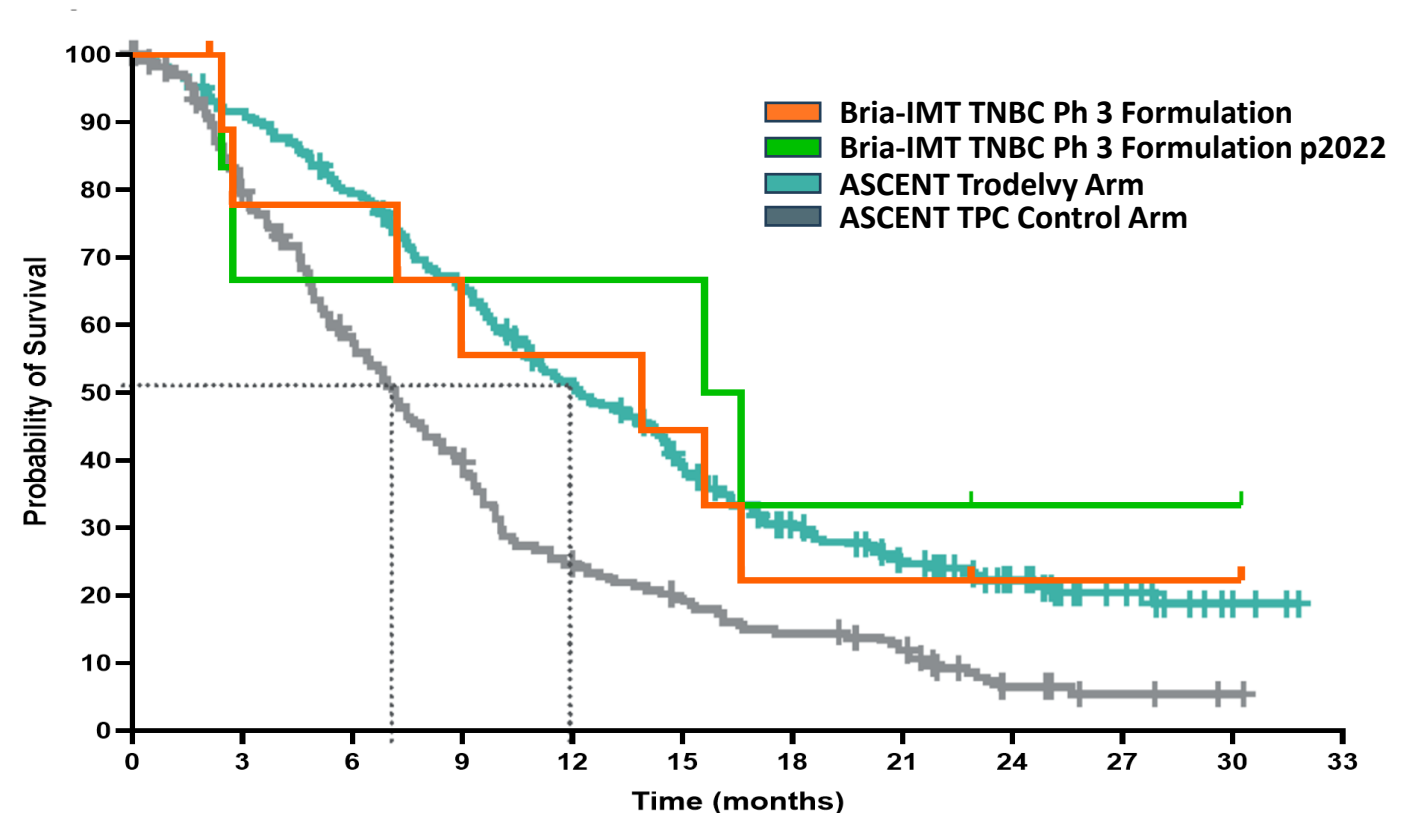
<sup>2</sup>Rugo, H. S., et al. The Lancet, 402(10411), 1423–1433.

ClinicalTrials.gov ID [NCT03328026](https://clinicaltrials.gov/ct2/show/study/NCT03328026)

# Bria-IMT + CPI Phase 2 OS vs Trodelvy in TNBC

- 37 patients treated with Phase 3 formulation
  - Median 6 prior lines of therapy
  - 10 patients with triple-negative breast cancer (TNBC)
  - Overall survival (OS) 13.9 months for TNBC
  - OS median 16.1 months for TNBC patients treated since 2022
- **Compares favorably to Trodelvy pivotal registration study in TNBC**
  - Median 4 prior regimens
  - OS 11.8 months for Trodelvy
  - OS 6.9 months for single agent chemotherapy

Overall survival of Bria-IMT vs ASCENT<sup>1</sup>



<sup>1</sup>Bardia, A., et al Journal of Clinical Oncology, 42(15), 1738–1744

ClinicalTrials.gov ID [NCT03328026](https://clinicaltrials.gov/ct2/show/study/NCT03328026)

# Comparison to Other Similar Patients

- ~4 months median progression-free survival (PFS) twice that seen in comparable patients treated with best available therapy, including antibody-drug conjugate (ADC) resistant patients<sup>1,2,3</sup>
- Clinical benefit seen in **53%** of evaluable patients in **all subtypes** of breast cancer who had failed an ADC
  - Compared with **7-10%** in comparable patients treated with best available therapy (the comparator for Phase 3)

Study	Progression-Free Survival (months)	Objective Response Rate (%)	Clinical Benefit Rate (%)
<b>BriaCell's ADC Resistant Phase 2 patients who received pivotal Phase 3 study formulation (Bria-IMT regimen)</b>	<b>3.5</b>	<b>12**</b>	<b>53**</b>
Bardia, A. et. al. <sup>1</sup>	1.7	4	8
Tripathy D. et. al. <sup>2</sup>	1.9	3	10
O'Shaughnessy J. et. al. non-TNBC <sup>3</sup>	2.3	4	7
O'Shaughnessy J. et. al. TNBC <sup>3</sup>	1.6	5	10

\*Data is for evaluable patients, n=42 with 12 not evaluable.

\*\* Data is for evaluable patients, n = 17 with 6 not evaluable.

References: Data is shown for the intent to treat population for the control group treated with treatment of physician's choice, which is the comparator in the BriaCell phase 3 study

1. Bardia A, et al. Final Results From the Randomized Phase III ASCENT Clinical Trial in Metastatic Triple-Negative Breast Cancer and Association of Outcomes by Human Epidermal Growth Factor Receptor 2 and Trophoblast Cell Surface Antigen 2 Expression. J Clin Oncol. 2024 May 20;42(15):1738-1744.

2. Tripathy D, Tolaney SM, Tagliaferri M. Etrirnotecan Pegol Treatment for Patients With Metastatic Breast Cancer and Brain Metastases-Reply. JAMA Oncol. 2022 Nov 1;8(11):1700-1701. jamaoncol.2022.4346. PMID: 36136348. This paper describes patients with brain metastases.

3. O'Shaughnessy J, et al. Analysis of patients without and with an initial triple-negative breast cancer diagnosis in the 3 randomized ASCENT study of sacituzumab govitecan in metastatic triple-negative breast cancer. Breast Cancer Res Treat. 2022 Sep;195(2):127-139.

# Robust Market Potential



Drug	Trial	Prior Lines	ORR (%)	PFS (months)	WW 2025 Sales* (Bil \$)
Bria-IMT™	Ph 2	5.5	10	3.6	
KISQALI® (ribociclib)	Ph 1/2a (MBC previously Rx trastuzumab, pertuzumab, and trastuzumab emtansine) <sup>1</sup>	5	0	1.3	\$ 4.8
KEYTRUDA® ** (pembrolizumab)	Ph 2 (MBC HER2 negative) <sup>2</sup>	1	0	1.9	\$ 31.7
LYNPARZA® (Olaparib) + cediranib	Ph 1 (MBC triple negative) <sup>3</sup>	3	0	3.7	\$ 3.3
IBRANCE® (palbociclib)	Ph 2a (MBC retinoblastoma+) <sup>4</sup>	2	0	3.7	\$ 4.1
	Ph 2 (MBC HR+/HER2-) <sup>5</sup>	2		6	
PERJETA® (pertuzumab)	Ph 1 (MBC) <sup>6</sup>	2	0		\$ 3.7
PERJETA® (pertuzumab) + docetaxel	Ph 1b (MBC) <sup>7</sup>	2	0		
PERJETA® (pertuzumab) + Herceptin	Ph 2 (MBC HER2+ progressed on trastuzumab) <sup>8</sup>	1-3	0	5	
TRODELVY® (sacituzumab govitecan-hziy)	Ph 1/2 MBC (TNBC; HR+ HER2-) <sup>9</sup>	3	0	5.5	\$ 1.4
Verzenio® (abemaciclib)	Ph 1/2 (HR+/HER2- MBC progressed on endocrine Rx and prior chemo) <sup>10</sup>	4	0	6	\$ 5.7
Verzenio® (abemaciclib)	Ph 1/2 (MBC HR+ Intracranial mets) <sup>11</sup>	1-12	5.2/0	4.4/2.7	
KADCYLA® (ado-trastuzumab emtansine)	Ph 1 (MBC HER2+ failed trastuzumab) <sup>12</sup>	4	21	~5.8	\$ 2.6
	Ph 1 (MBC HER2+ failed HER2 directed Rx) <sup>13</sup>	5	26	4.6	
HERCEPTIN HYLECTA® (trastuzumab & hyaluronidase-oysk)	Ph 3 (HER2+ MBC) <sup>14</sup>		26	4.6	\$ 1.3
ENHERTU® (HER2low) (fam-trastuzumab deruxtecan-nxki)	Ph 2 <sup>15</sup>	1	52		\$ 5.0
ENHERTU® (HER2high) (fam-trastuzumab deruxtecan-nxki)	Ph 2 <sup>15</sup>	5	60		

~\$2-5 billion Bria-IMT opportunity<sup>#</sup>

\*Worldwide sales figure is based on SEC filings

\*\*Approved for multiple cancer indications

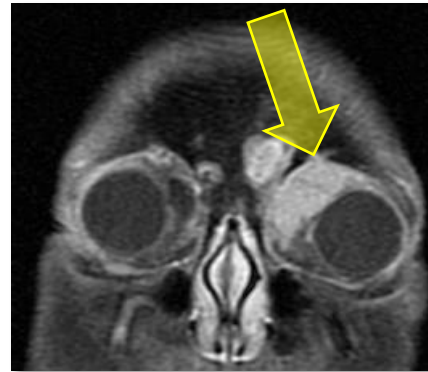
<sup>#</sup>Independent market analysis

### References:

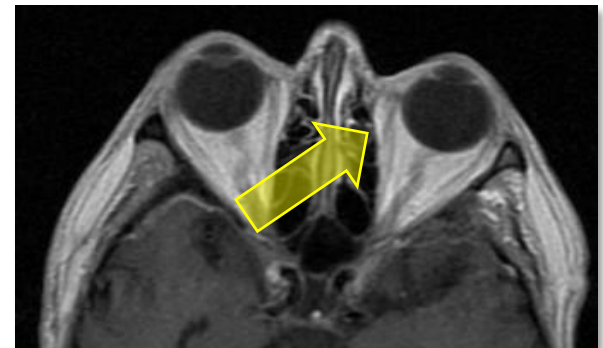
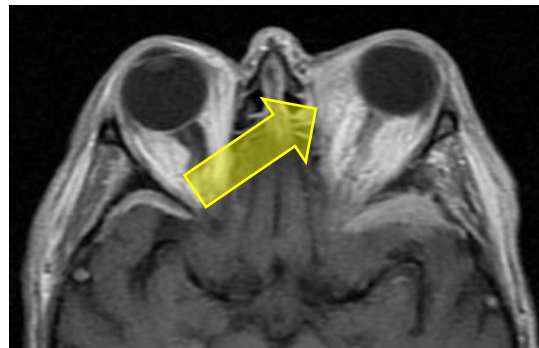
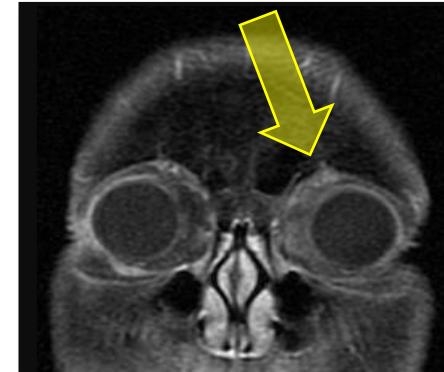
- [1. https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/31235441/](https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/31235441/)
- [2. https://ascopubs.org/doi/10.1200/JCO.2023.41.16\\_suppl.1095](https://ascopubs.org/doi/10.1200/JCO.2023.41.16_suppl.1095)
- [3. https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/23810467/](https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/23810467/)
- [4. https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/25501126/](https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/25501126/)
- [5. https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC8676999/](https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC8676999/)
- [6. https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/15699478/](https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/15699478/)
- [7. https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/18000498/](https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/18000498/)
- [8. https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/20124182/](https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/20124182/)
- [9. https://www.nejm.org/doi/10.1056/NEJMoa1814213?url\\_ver=Z39.88-2003&rfr\\_id=ori:rid:crossref.org&rfr\\_dat=cr\\_pub%20%20pubmed](https://www.nejm.org/doi/10.1056/NEJMoa1814213?url_ver=Z39.88-2003&rfr_id=ori:rid:crossref.org&rfr_dat=cr_pub%20%20pubmed)
- [10. https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC5581697/](https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC5581697/)
- [11. https://aacrjournals.org/clincancerres/article/26/20/5310/82934/](https://aacrjournals.org/clincancerres/article/26/20/5310/82934/)
- [12. https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/20421541/](https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/20421541/)
- [13. https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/21172893/](https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/21172893/)
- [14. https://www.thelancet.com/journals/lanonc/article/PIIS1470-2045\(12\)70329-7/abstract](https://www.thelancet.com/journals/lanonc/article/PIIS1470-2045(12)70329-7/abstract)
- [15. https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/36780610/;](https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/36780610/)  
<https://medicalinformation.astrazeneca-us.com/home/prescribing-information/enhertu.html>

- Patient on 13 prior failed regimens
- Baseline breast cancer metastases
  - Behind the left eye (orbit)
  - Outside lining of the brain (dura mater)
  - Adrenal gland
- 6 months of treatment
  - Orbital tumor completely resolved
  - The patient judged an overall partial responder

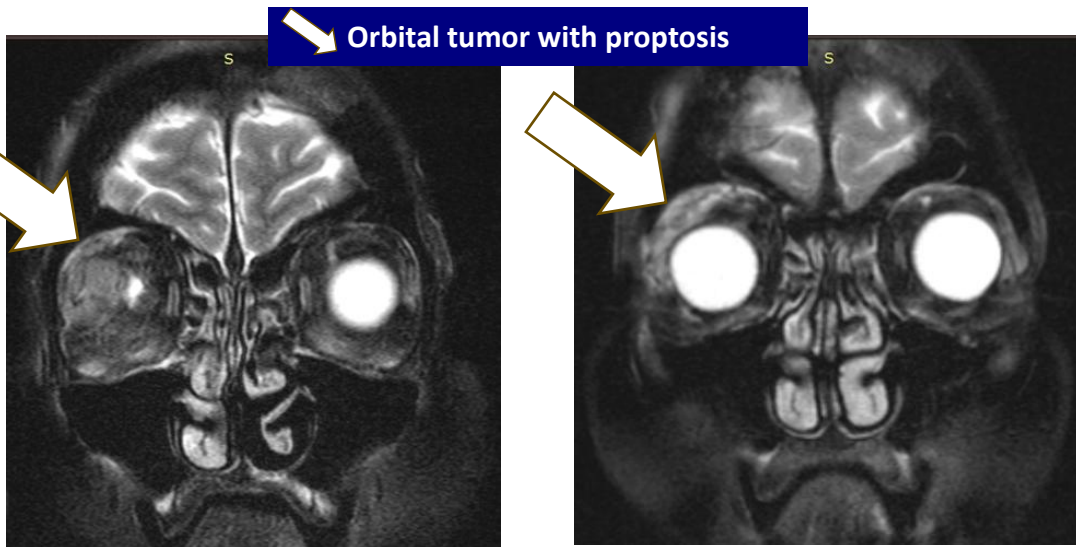
Baseline Scans



On Treatment Scans



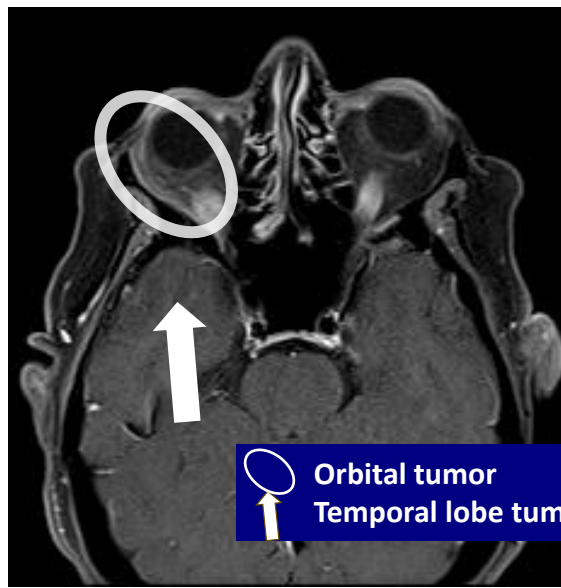
# Bria-IMT + CPI Remarkable CNS Responder Case #2



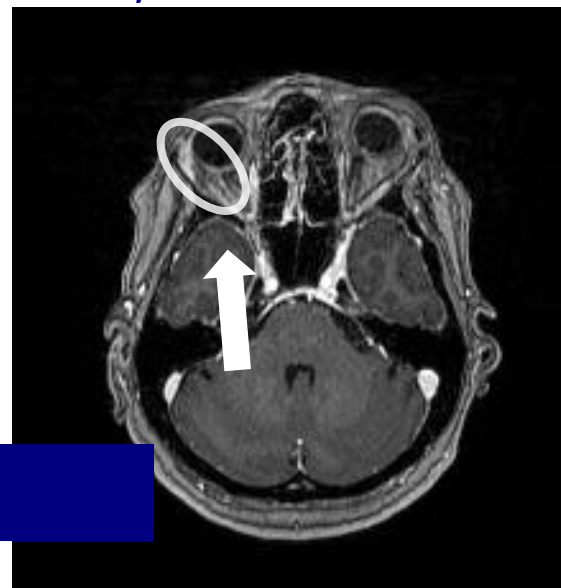
- Patient on 8 prior failed regimens including ADC Enhertu®
- Baseline tumor status
  - Extensive proptosis (eye bulging) & brain (temporal lobe) metastasis
- Marked tumor reduction at 11 months
  - Near complete proptosis resolution at 3 months with orbit (eye socket) tumor: 42 mm → 28 mm
  - Brain temporal lobe tumor: 22 mm → 0
  - Overall, 56% reduction (PR)
  - Improvement in eye pain and reduction in tumor markers
- On study for 24 months



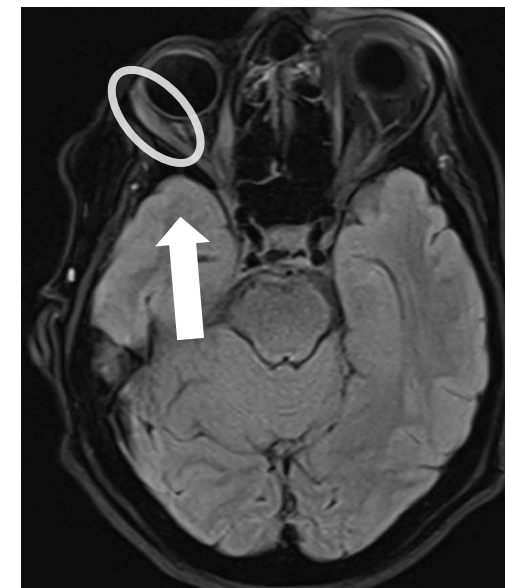
Pre-treatment



6 Months



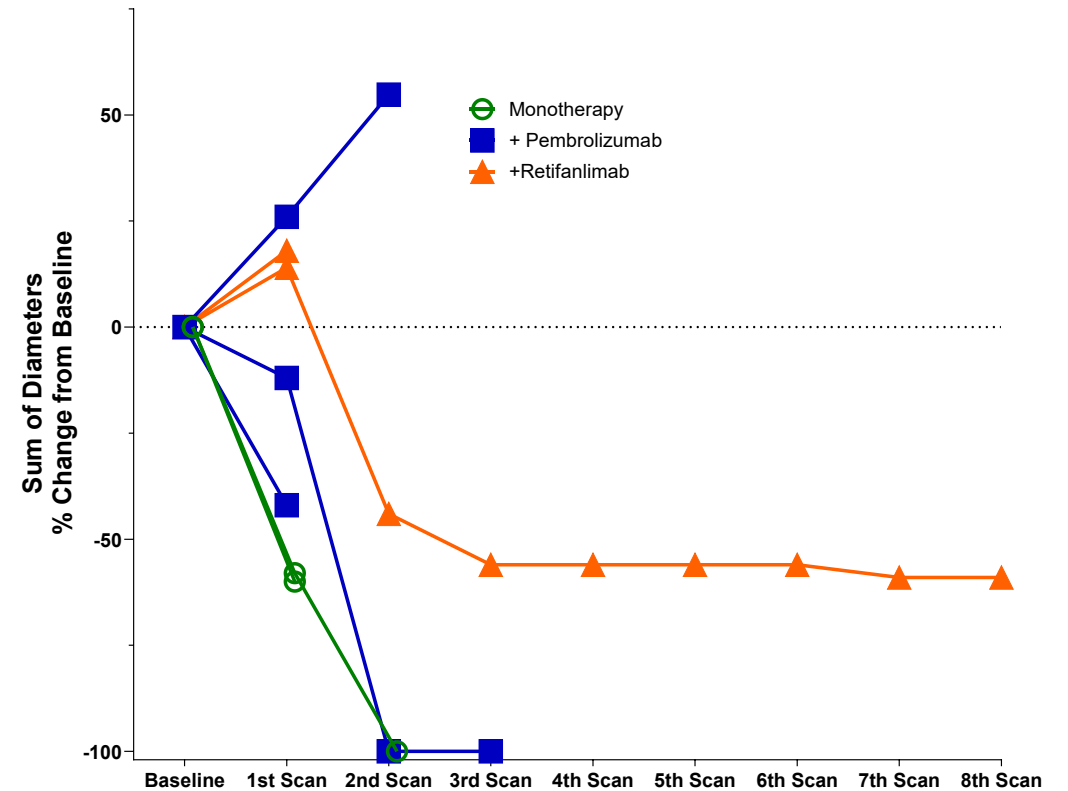
12 Months



20 Months

- **71% (5/7) intracranial objective response rate (iORR)**
  - Positive results in both Bria-IMT monotherapy and CPI combination
- **iORR in comparable patients typically <20%**<sup>1,2</sup>
- Response across all subtypes of breast cancer
- Heavily pre-treated population includes 1 ADC resistant patient
- Planned CNS disease subgroup analysis in pivotal phase 3
- **Data highlight strong Bria-IMT potential in CNS metastases**

### Intracranial Tumor Responses\*



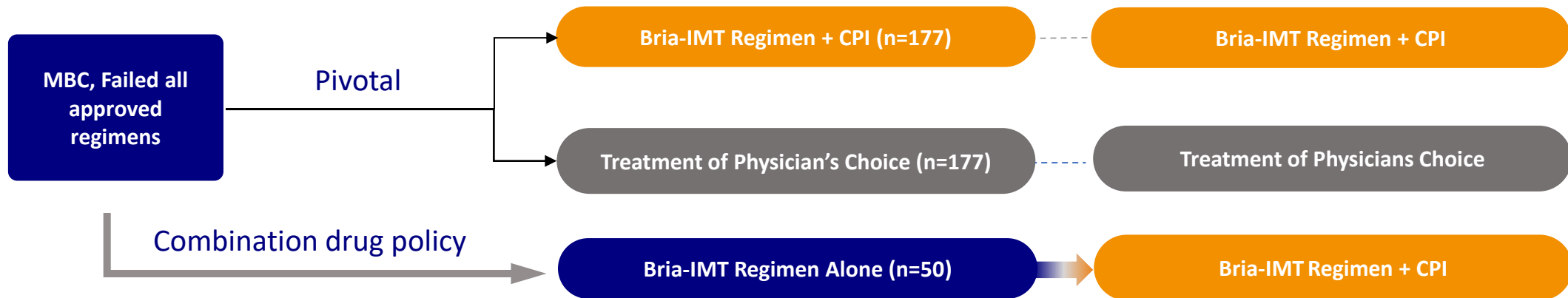
<sup>1</sup>Niwinska A, Pogoda K, Jagiello-Gruszfeld A, Duchnowska R. Intracranial Response Rate in Patients with Breast Cancer Brain Metastases after Systemic Therapy. *Cancers (Basel)*. 2022 Feb 15;14(4):965. doi: 10.3390/cancers14040965. PMID: 35205723; PMCID: PMC8869862.

<sup>2</sup>Tripathy D, Tolaney SM, Seidman AD, Anders CK, Ibrahim N, Rugo HS, Twelves C, Diéras V, Müller V, Du Y, Currie SL, Hoch U, Tagliaferri M, Hannah AL, Cortés J; ATTAIN Investigators. Treatment With Etirinotecan Pegol for Patients With Metastatic Breast Cancer and Brain Metastases: Final Results From the Phase III ATTAIN Randomized Clinical Trial. *JAMA Oncol*. 2022 Jul 1;8(7):1047-1052. doi: 10.1001/jamaoncol.2022.0514. PMID: 35552364; PMCID: PMC9100460.

\*Data in evaluable patients

# Bria-IMT + CPI Pivotal Phase 3 Study

- Ongoing pivotal Phase 3 study in Advanced Breast Cancer (Bria-ABC)
- **Primary endpoint of overall survival**
  - Interim efficacy at 144 events
  - 97.5% powered to detect a 40% reduction in mortality
- **Positive interim results could support FULL approval of Bria-IMT + CPI**



Analyze at 144 events. If hazard ratio (HR) is  $\leq 0.6$ , submit BLA. If  $> 0.6$ , continue to completion with HR target of 0.7

## Eleven clinical trials that will shape medicine in 2026

*Nature Medicine* asks leading researchers to name their top clinical trial for 2026, from long-awaited vaccines for infectious diseases to new treatments for advanced cancers and long COVID.

**Table 1 | Clinical trials to watch in 2026**

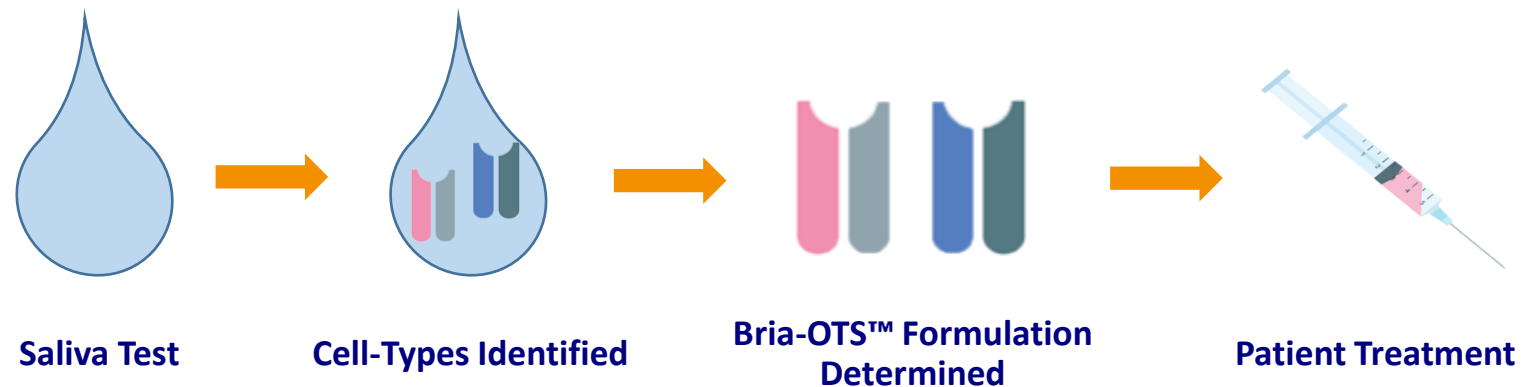
Treatment	Organization	Description	Phase	Indication
Bria-IMT	BriaCell Therapeutics Corporation	Cell-based immunotherapy plus an immune checkpoint inhibitor	Phase 3	Metastatic breast cancer

Nature Medicine | Volume 31 | December 2025 | 3943–3947 | **3943**

- Currently over 75 clinical sites open in the US for the Phase 3 study including Mayo Clinic, U of Arizona, Cedar-Sinai, UCLA, UC San Diego, Yale, U Miami, Northwestern, Dartmouth, Cleveland Clinic,
- Collaborations with MD Anderson, Memorial Sloan Kettering, Yale, Mayo Clinic, University of Pennsylvania, National Cancer Institute, and other top-tier institutions

Listed in Nature Medicine as one of the Clinical Trials that will SHAPE MEDICINE IN 2026

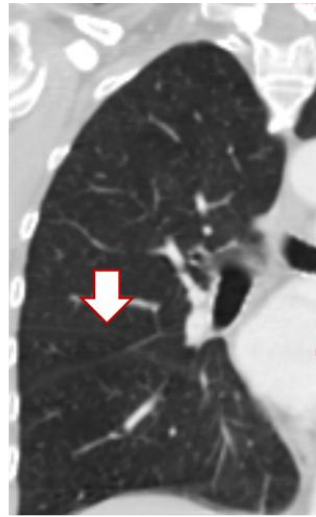
- BriaCell immunotherapy is most effective in human leukocyte antigen (HLA) type matched patients
- HLA typing identifies patient specific immune cells presenting antigens necessary for immune response
- Bria-OTS expresses 15 HLA types in 4 cell lines, providing matched treatment to >99% of patients
- Simple saliva test delivers personalized Bria-OTS immunotherapy
- **Breast cancer Phase 1/2a study ongoing**



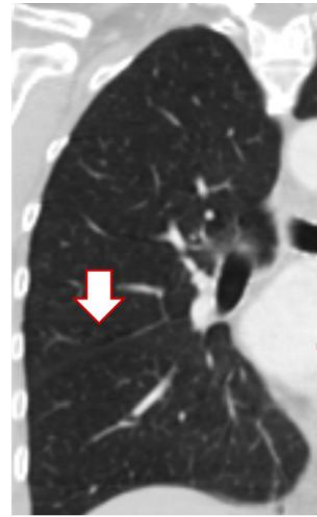
# Bria-OTS Metastatic Breast Cancer Phase 1/2a



Pre-Treatment



2 months



4 months



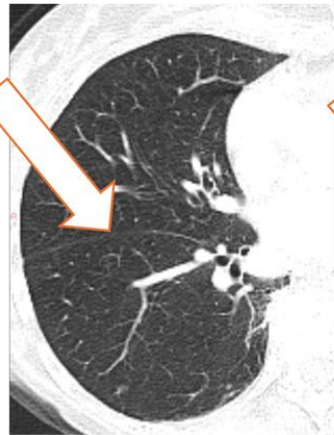
6 months



11 months



Pre-Treatment



2 months



4 months



6 months



11 months

- Initial monotherapy dose escalation then dose expansion in combination with CPI
  - Up to 18 patients including 9 patient dose expansion
- Results of first patient treated:
  - Complete resolution of lung lesion at two months sustained for 11 months
  - Stable disease elsewhere
  - Multiple prior therapy failures

# From Bria-IMT to Bria-OTS to Bria-OTS+: Engineering Stronger, Broader Immune Activation



## Bria-IMT™ (1st Generation)

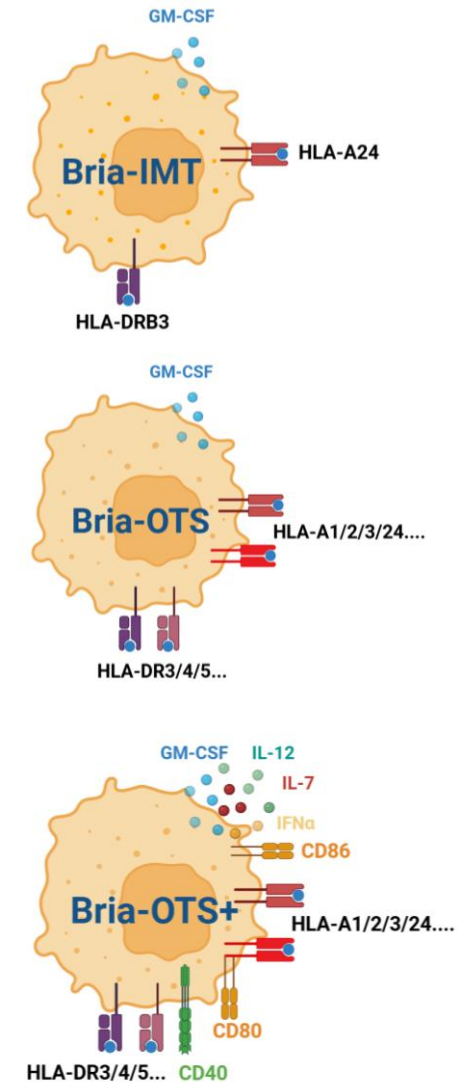
- ❑ Breast cancer cell line engineered to express GM-CSF
- ❑ Demonstrated clinical activity and survival benefit in Phase 1/2a
- ❑ Validates whole-cell immunotherapy and provides the foundation for OTS

## Bria-OTS™ (2nd Generation: HLA-Matched Platform)

- ❑ Evolution of Bria-IMT™ engineered to express 15 HLA alleles
- ❑ Four semi-allogeneic, off-the-shelf cell lines providing >99% population coverage
- ❑ Enables scalable, rapid, and personalized matching without autologous manufacturing

## Bria-OTS+™ (3rd Generation: Engineered for Potency)

- ❑ Adds co-stimulatory molecules (CD80, CD86, CD40) and immune-modulatory cytokines (GM-CSF, IL-12, IL-7, IFN- $\alpha$ )
- ❑ Broad activation of CD4<sup>+</sup>, CD8<sup>+</sup>, NK, NKT, and dendritic cells and serial killer activity
- ❑ Supported by a National Cancer Institute Small Business Innovative Research award
- ❑ OTS+ variants in development for multiple indications
  - ❑ Breast cancer, prostate cancer, lung cancer, melanoma, ovarian cancer
- ❑ **IND approved and open for Bria-BRES+**
- ❑ **Bria-PROS+ scheduled to enter the clinic 2026**



# Expected Development Timeline and Catalysts

## Bria-IMT + CPI

- Presentations at scientific conferences
- Quarterly DSMB updates on pivotal Phase 3 study



## Bria-OTS/OTS+

- OTS Phase 1/2a dose escalation in breast cancer
- Ongoing data readouts from breast cancer study
  - Initiation of Bria-BRES+
  - Bria-PROS+ IND Submission
  - Initiation of Clinical Study in prostate cancer
- Identify lead indications and initiate Bria-OTS+ pivotal registration studies
  - First Indication
  - Second Indication
  - Third Indication
- Continuous study readouts with additional indications (lung, melanoma and others)



**William V. Williams, MD, FACP**

**President & CEO, Director**

- Incyte, GlaxoSmithKline
- University of Pennsylvania



**Giuseppe Del Priore, MD, MPH**

**Chief Medical Officer**

- Cancer Treatment Centers of America
- NYU School of Medicine, New York Presbyterian



**Gadi Levin, CA, MBA**

**CFO & Corporate Secretary**

- Arthur Andersen
- University of Cape Town, Bar Ilan University



**Miguel A. Lopez-Lago, PhD**

**Chief Scientific Officer**

- Memorial Sloan-Kettering Cancer Center
- Stony Brook University, New York



**Clinical Strategy Team involved in 20 previous drug or device approvals**



**Jamieson Bondarenko, CFA, CMT**  
**Chairman of the Board**

- Eight Capital, Dundee Securities, Wellington West Capital Markets and HSBC Securities



**William V. Williams, MD, FACP**  
**President & CEO, Director**

- Incyte, GlaxoSmithKline



**Vaughn Embro-Pantalony, MBA, FCPA, FCMA, CDir, ACC**  
**Director**

- Teva Novopharm Limited, Bayer Healthcare, Zeneca Pharma Inc.



**Jane Gross, PhD**  
**Director**

- aTyr Pharma Inc., ZymoGenetics Inc. (acq. by Bristol Myers Squibb)



**Martin Schmieg, CPA**  
**Director**

- Clear Intradermal Technologies, Inc., Sirna Therapeutics, Inc., Advanced Bionics Corporation



**Rebecca A. Taub, MD**  
**Director**

- Madrigal Pharmaceuticals, Hoffmann-La Roche Company, Bristol-Myers Squibb;

# Capitalization Structure\*

	Nasdaq: BCTX, BCTXL TSX: BCT
Share Price:	US\$3.09
Shares Outstanding:	8.7M
Market Cap:	US\$27M
Options (US\$33.06 WAEP):	337k
Warrants (US\$16.22 WAEP):	7.2M

(\*) as of June 8, 2026

- **Bria-IMT™ + CPI:** Pivotal phase 3 study underway in metastatic breast cancer
  - ~2-fold increase in survival in Phase 2 compared to comparable patients in the literature
  - Phase 3 interim analysis expected in 2026
- **Bria-OTS/OTS+™:** Ongoing phase 1/2a studies for Bria-BRES™ and Bria-BRES+
  - Bria-PROS+ IND submission and initiation of clinical study in prostate cancer expected in 2026
  - Other indications to include lung cancer, melanoma and ovarian cancer
- **Proven Management Team:** Clinical strategy team involved in 20 previous drug or device approvals



*Developing Novel Therapeutics to Destroy Cancer*

***Thank-you!***