January 2020 Snapshot of Individuals and Families

Experiencing Homelessness in the Richmond Region

The following data were collected in Homeward's 22nd winter (January 23, 2020) count of individuals and families experiencing homelessness in the Richmond region. A total of 479 adults and 70 children were counted. While most people experiencing homelessness in our area are staying in local shelters, 130 unsheltered individuals were counted this year. The statistics below represent the 69.9% of adults experiencing homelessness (335 people) who completed the Homeward point-in-time survey.

- 71.2% of adults are males, and 28.5% are females. Most homeless persons are single, never married adults (65.4%), and 34.6% are or have been in families (including those who are married, as well as those who are separated, widowed, or divorced) or are currently partnered.
- 9.0% of homeless persons have children living with them.
- A majority of persons report that they are African-American (67.4%), followed by White (26.9%). 5.4% indicated that they are Hispanic.
- The average age for adults is 48.7 years.
- 45.8% have just a high school education or GED. 21.1% attended some college, and 11.1% have a college degree or higher.
- 20.4% are veterans.
- The majority (73.5%) served some time in jail and/or prison. Out of all individuals surveyed (including those who have not served time in jail and/or prison), 48.8% reported serving time in jail, 3.4% reported serving time in prison, and 21.3% indicated that they had served time in both jail and prison.
- 26.8% have experienced domestic violence in their lifetime. Of those experiencing domestic violence, 36.8% had experienced it in the past year.
- In their lifetime, 34.6% report having a problem with alcohol, and 41.3% report having a problem with drugs.
- 56.1% report receiving counseling or treatment for mental health problems sometime in their lifetime. Of these, 72.2% are currently being treated. 63.3% are taking medication for mental health problems.
- 32.5% report having a long-term disability. Of those reporting a long-term disability, 40.7% indicated that their disability was drug or alcohol abuse, 70.1% indicated that their disability was a mental illness; and 52.3% indicated that their disability was physical. (Note that respondents could select multiple disability types.)
- 29.1% are employed. Of those who are employed, 46.9% work full-time, 32.2% work part-time, and 20.8% do day labor or temp work.
- The median length of time respondents have lived in Greater Richmond is 1.7 years, and 26.6% have lived in the area for 17 years or more.
- The largest percentage of respondents (56.7%) reported having their last housing in Richmond. Others indicated previous housing in Henrico (9.8%) and Chesterfield (5.8%) counties. 13.4% of respondents last lived elsewhere in Virginia, and 13.1% lived in other states.
- In the past three years, most homeless persons have been homeless once (48.5%) or twice (14.7%); 36.8% have been homeless three or more times during this time period.
- 38.6% of homeless persons have been homeless for six months or less.

For more information:

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