



Weather and Climate *"When it is evening, you say, 'It will be fair weather, for the sky is red." – Matthew 16:2* P/Yoar 1 Term Autumn 2 Subject Geography (EYFS: Understanding the w

	evening, you say, 'It will be fa Term Autumn 2	air weather, for the sky is red." – Matthew 16:2
		Subject Geography (EYFS: Understanding the world) ography and identify seasonal weather patterns in the UK
		natural world around them and contrasting environments. anges in the natural world, making observations and drawings of animals and
Key Vocabulary Weather Spring Summer Autumn Winter Hot Cold Clothing		
Key knowled	ge	Geographical Skills/Disciplinary knowledge
 Lesson 1: How is the year organised into me I can order the months of the year. (Recept the year through songs). I can name the seasons. I can order the seasons (Year 1 extension I which season). 	ion to learn the months of	 EYFS I can ask questions about the world. Year 1 I can ask and respond to geographical questions.
 Lesson 2: What are the differences between I know that each season is characterised by conditions. Know that weather refers to the conditions I can identify differences between the types different seasons in the UK. 	y different weather outside at a particular time.	 EYFS I can draw things they see around them. I can communicate simply geographical information orally. Year 1 I am beginning to use simple observational skills. I can ask and respond to geographical questions. I can communicate the things they see around them using simple diagrams.
 Lesson 3: What Season are we in? I can look for clues to help identify which see I can identify differences between the types different seasons in the UK. 		 EYFS I can describe their immeidate environment and express their views about it (with support as needed). I can ask questions about the world.





Fieldwork Skills: (Desverviguestion/record) I can beginning to use observion! skills and comment on the features they see (EYFS) I can ask and answer simple questions about the feature of the season they observe. Option to create a "nature board" to record and reflect their findings. I can identify aspects of the weather and how it affects my local environment. Children can identify suitable clothing for different weather and explain why. (Ask children to be sent in with clothes linked to one of the seasons for the other children to guess and explain why). • I can identify aspects of the weather and how it affects my local environment. • I can identify suitable clothing for different weather and explain why). • I can begin to use basic geographical language to refer to physical features e.g. I will need a coat because the <u>weather</u> is <u>cold</u> . Year 1 I can express their own views about people and the environment to a guess ons for the other children to guess and explain why). • I can identify aspects of the weather patterns. EYES I can express their own views about the environment. • I can identify aspects of the weather patterns. I can identify and record daily weather patterns. I can express their own views about the environment. • I can identify and record daily weather patterns. I can identify and record daily weather patterns. I	(high) (King)	
	Lesson 4: Identify the types of clothing worn in different weather. • I can identify aspects of the weather and how it affects my local environment. • Children can identify suitable clothing for different weather and explain why. (Ask children to be sent in with clothes linked to one of the seasons for the other children to guess and explain why). • Lesson 5: How can I tell the weather's story? Review the weekly diary and discuss what effect the weather had on our week e.g. wet lay/we needed coats. • I can identify aspects of the weather and how it affects my local environment. • I can identify and record daily weather patterns.	 I am beginning to use observtionl skills and comment on the features they see (EYFS) I can ask and answer simple questions about the feature of the season they observe. Option to create a "nature board" to record and reflect their findings. I can understand that geographers learn about the world by observing and collecting data. EYFS I can describe their immeidate environment and express their views about it (with support as needed). I can express their own views about people and the environment I can express their own views about people and the environment I can express their own views about the environment. I can express their own views about the environment. I can express their own views about the environment. I can express their own views about the environment. I can express their own views about the environment. I can express their own views about the environment. I can express their own views about the environment. I can express their own views about the world by observing and collect data I can anake notes understand that geographers learn about the world by observing and collecting data.
	Assessment: Lean create a yearly everyiew of the seasons and	the weather
	Assessment: I can create a yearly overview of the seasons and Current Year	The weather. Future learning





Year 1: Know the 4 seasons of the UK. Hot and Cold areas - understanding weather patterns around the • ٠ world in relation to the poles and the equator. (KS1) Describe how the weather changed with each season. • Confidently use the the vocabulary "Season" and "weather". Climate zones (KS2) • ٠ Describe daily weather patterns in their locality. • Know that wearher conditions can be mesaured and recorded. • Understand some of the affects weather can have on daily • acitivties. EYFS: Know that Spring, Summer, Autumn and Winter are used to • describe seasons. Know there are 4 seasons. • Know some of the key characteristics of each season. •





The United Kingdom

"All the nations you have made will come and worship before you, O Lord; they will bring glory to your name." - Psalm 86:9		
Year	R/Year 1 Term Spring 2 Subject Geography (EYFS: Undersanding the world)	
National Curriculum	Name, locate and identify key characteristics of the four countries and capital cities of the United Kingdom and its	
Coverage	surrounding seas.	
Early Learning Goal	• Describe their immediate environment using knowledge from observation, discussion, stories, non-fiction texts and maps.	
Key Vocabulary	World	
	Europe	
	Мар	
	United Kingdom	
	Country	
	England	
	Wales	
	Scotland	
	Northern Ireland	
Fieldwork	Maps	

Key knowledge	Geographical Skills/Disciplinary knowledge
 Lesson 1: What do I know about the UK? I can locate the UK on a world map I can discuss my existing knowledge about the UK I can talk about countries I have visited and with help, look at where they are on a map. I know that the country I live in is England. 	 <u>EYFS</u> I can ask questions about the world. <u>Year 1</u> I can ask and respond to geographical questions. I can use maps and globes
Lesson 2: Locate the 4 countries of the UK on a map.	EYFS
 I can locate the United Kingdom on a map. I can name the four countries of the United Kingdom. I can locate the four countries of the United Kingdom on a map. 	 I am beginning to talk about and look at maps. I know that a map is a picture of a place. I can identify land and water on a map or globe. Year 1 I can show on a map which country they live in. I know that UK is short for United Kingdom. I can use atlases and maps.





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 Lesson 3: Identify the 4 capital cities and surrounding seas. A capital city is where the leaders of a country (government/Royal family) are and work. A city is larger than a town. Identify the 4 capital cities of the UK. London (England), Edinburgh (Scotland), Cardiff (Wales), Belfast (Northern Ireland). 	 EYFS I can ilentify land and water on a map or globe. I am beginning to talk about and look at maps. I can draw real or imaginary maps. Year 1 I can add labels to maps I can use maps and atlases to locate countries and capital cities.
 Lesson 4: Human and physical features of the UK Physical features are naturally occurring Human features are man made Identify some human and physical features of the UK e.g. Physical: beach, forest, river, sea, mountain, hill Human: city, town, shop, park, house, cathedral 	 EYFS I know that places within our country can differ from each other. I know some vocabulary to describe the characteristics of different places. Year 1 I can recognise some physical features in their local area. I can comment on the features they see in the local area and UK. I can recognise human and physical features on photographs. I can add labels to maps.
 Lesson 5: Describe the human and physical features of one of the UK's capital cities. (Writing opportunity) Identify human and physical features of the UK capital cities e.g. Buckingham Palace (human) River Thames (physical). 	 EYFS I can express their likes and dislikes about a place and its features. Year 1 I can recognise the human and physical features of a locality.
Lesson 6:	

Assessment – Create an information sheet about the UK (or one of its countries).

Current Year	Future learning
 Year 1 The location of the 4 countries of the UK. The 4 capitals and surrounding seas. Human and physical features of the UK. Human and physical features of the capital cities (one in more depth). Sharing our understanding of the UK. 	 I can locate the four countries of the UK I can compare and contrast the four countries of the UK I can identify where I live in the UK I can locate the UK's counties and cities I can identify the physical characteristics of the UK I can explain how human activities have affected the UK's landscape I can describe the sort of industries in which people in the UK work I can identify the different types of energy sources used in the UK





Local Area Study "Love your neighbour as yourself." - Matthew 22:39

Vee		as yoursen Mallinew 22.39
Yea		Subject Geography (EYFS: Understanding the world)
National Curriculum Coverage	 and physical features of its surrounding e Use simple compass directions (North, Se and far; left and right], to describe the loca Use basic geographical vocabulary to reference 	buth, East and West) and locational and directional language [for example, near ation of features and routes on a map. er to: - key physical features, including: beach, cliff, coast, forest, hill, mountain, season and weather - key human features, including: city, town, village, factory,
Early Learning Goal		e natural world around them and contrasting environments. knowledge from observation, discussion, stories, non-fiction texts, and maps;
Key Vocabulary	Local area Rural Urban Map Symbol Features	
Fieldwork	School Grounds Fieldwork	
	Key knowledge	Geographical Skills/Disciplinary knowledge
own.		EYFS • I can ask questions about the world. • I am beginning to use modelled language when describing the features of an environment. Year 1 • I can recognise landmarks on aerial photographs. • I can make simple comparisions between environments.





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 Lesson 2: Explore and record the features of our school grounds. Identify the main features of the school and know where they are. Share my feelings about the different parts of the school grounds. 	 EYFS I can draw things they see around them. I can communicate simple geographical information orally. I can comment on the features they see in their school and school grounds. Year 1 I am beginning to use simple observational skills. I can ask and respond to geographical questions. I can communicate the things they see around them using simple diagrams. I can use directional language to explain the location of objects in the school and playground
 Lesson 3: Explore and record the features of our local area. (Please organise in advance an appropriate time / risk assessment / adults to conduct this task offsite in the local area). Understand where my school is in the local area. Identify different human and physical features of the local environment (including different types of housing). 	 EYFS I can describe their immeidate environment and express their views about it (with support as needed). I am beginning to use observtional skills and comment on the features they see. I can ask questions about the world. Year 1 Fieldwork Skills: (Observe/question/record) I can ask and answer simple questions about what they observe. I can understand that geographers learn about the world by observing and collecting data. I can use directional language.





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 Lesson 4: Recount the journey through my local area. I can use what I found out from my local areas to write a recount. I can recount a journey in the order it took place. I can use directional language to describe my journey. 	 EYFS I can describe their immediate environment and express their views about it (with support as needed). I am beginning to use basic geographical language to refer to physical features. I can make observations about the characteristics of places. Year 1 I can express their own views about people and the environment I can write using appropriate geographical language including directional language.
 Lesson 5: Recognise symbols used on an ordnance survey map. Know that a map can tell you what a place is like. Recognise symbols on a map of my local area. 	EYFS • I can draw real and imaginary maps. • I am beginning to use modelled directional language. Year 1 • I can use maps to locate places in the UK. • I can recognise local landmarks on aerial photographs. • I can collect information from simple maps.
Assessment: Create a map of my local area. Whole class activity to recreate a whole class 3D map of the local area.	
Current Year	Future learning
 I can spot differences between rural and urban areas and know what type of settlement I live in. I can explore and record the features of our school grounds. I can explore and record features of our local area. I can use what I found out about the local area to write a recount of my journey. I can recognise the symbols on a map of my local area. 	 I can locate the United Kingdom on a map. I can name the four countries of the United Kingdom. (UK in Year 2 & Local area Year 3) I can locate the four countries of the United Kingdom on a map. I can use basic geographical vocabulary to refer to key physical features of the local area and the UK including: beach, cliff, coast, forest, hill, mountain, sea, ocean, river, soil, valley, vegetation, season and weather Draw and locate the four countries of the UK, their capital cities, some of other major cities and the surrounding seas on a UK map or atlas, using the four main compass directions.