

## Why enterprise leaders need to rethink the intent, design, and value of their Global Capability Centers

Global Capability Centers (GCCs) are multiplying again. Everest Group counts more than 6,000 globally, expected to grow to 7,000 by 2027, with total spend rising from \$100B to \$155B. Yet despite this growth, two-thirds of Global 2000 firms still don't have one. The hesitation isn't about belief in the model, it's about clarity of purpose and execution.

Most GCCs still follow a playbook built for another era: find a lower-cost location, replicate enterprise functions, and centralize delivery. That design worked when efficiency was the goal. But in today's environment defined by speed, interdependence, and constant change, efficiency is only the starting point.

#### Static Design, Rapid Decay

Many GCCs are built like infrastructure projects: once the setup is complete, attention shifts elsewhere. The result is predictable. Relevance fades as technology, regulation, and business priorities move on. When a GCC's design remains fixed, its value erodes. Capabilities stagnate. Governance becomes bureaucratic. Talent development turns into compliance.

The most common failure pattern is not poor execution but poor evolution. A static center slowly disconnects from the organization's strategy until it becomes a stranded asset with good infrastructure but limited adaptability. The answer isn't more oversight. It's a different mindset: treat the GCC as a living system.

## Intelligence as the Operating Logic

The conversation around GCCs has been dominated by automation and AI adoption. But technology itself isn't the goal; it's the logic that matters. A modern GCC uses intelligence, human and digital, to sense change and adjust continuously. This means:

- Balancing talent, partners, and delivery locations dynamically.
- Using real-time data to detect drift before it becomes failure.
- Embedding governance within workflows instead of relying on manual checkpoints.

This shift requires leaders who view adaptability as a capability to be designed into operations, not bolted on later.

# The Operating Model as a Product

Traditional operating models are installed once and managed thereafter. Adaptive ones are versioned. Enterprises that treat their GCC operating model as a *product* that's iterated, tested, and refined unlock faster learning and better alignment. Each cycle provides data on what's working and where the next adjustment should be.

This product mindset doesn't mean constant change for its own sake. It means creating feedback loops that allow the system to stay relevant as conditions shift. An operating model that can evolve is more valuable than one that looks perfect on launch day.

#### Control vs. Responsiveness

A common reason executives build GCCs is to "gain control" they don't have with suppliers, or to preserve and propagate intellectual property and know-how. Yet rigid control structures are often what hold them back. Manual governance, slow approvals, and heavy reporting create the illusion of control while draining responsiveness. The alternative is orchestration, with governance that's built around how work happens.

This requires clear metrics, shared visibility, and mutual accountability between the GCC and enterprise teams. Leadership shifts from enforcing compliance to enabling coordination. Control isn't about holding the system still; it's about ensuring it can move deliberately.

### **Measuring What Matters**

Many organizations still evaluate their GCCs using outdated metrics: cost per FTE, SLA compliance, or transition timelines. These measure efficiency, not impact.



Leading centers are adopting a new measurement stack focused on system health and adaptability:

<u>Metric</u>	<u>Measure</u>	Why It Matters
<b>Execution Alignment</b>	% of milestones tied to enterprise goals	Detects strategic drift early
Risk-to-Recovery Time	Time from disruption to mitigation	Indicates true resilience
Talent Stability Index	Predictive attrition vs. actual turnover	Forecasts delivery risk
Fallback Activation Rate	% of issues resolved automatically	Shows operational agility

Introducing metrics like these shift the conversation from "How efficient are we?" to "How well are we adapting?"

### Adaptability: The Competitive Variable

Cost efficiency is now a baseline expectation. Every global enterprise can buy it. What's scarce is the ability to adapt structure and execution without losing coherence. Adaptive GCCs aren't defined by where they are or how much they save. They're defined by how fast they can realign with strategy and recover from disruption.

They function as the enterprise's feedback mechanism with testing, learning, and improving execution at scale. In that sense, the GCC is no longer just a delivery center. It becomes an essential part of the organization's operating model.

### The New Leadership Profile

Running an adaptive GCC requires a different kind of leadership. Tomorrow's GCC leaders will need to combine operational discipline with systems thinking and data fluency. Their role isn't to control performance but to design the conditions that sustain it. That means:

- Aligning incentives and governance across enterprise and center.
- Building transparent feedback mechanisms.
- Encouraging experimentation within clear boundaries.

In short, less command and more coordination. It must become a mechanism for continuous learning. This demands that leaders stop asking, "How do we build a best-practice center?" and start asking, "How do we build a center that gets better every quarter?" Enterprises that make this shift will find their GCCs evolving from operational utilities into adaptive command centers, systems that help the business not just execute efficiently, but evolve intelligently.

# **How Yates Can Help**

Yates fuses strategy, Al fluency, and operating discipline to transform GCCs into adaptive business systems:

- GCC Blueprinting Define purpose, triggers, and adaptive scope before structure or location.
- Al-Embedded Governance Design workflows and predictive recovery from day one.
- Adaptive Operating Model Design Architect modular, reconfigurable systems that evolve with business context.
- Transition & Orchestration Combine assisted builds with real-time orchestration dashboards that monitor execution health.
- Change Adoption & Enablement Build the organization's capacity to pivot and execute on aligning leadership, talent, and culture around new GCC intent.
- Continuous Evolution Framework Re-evaluate and recalibrate quarterly to maintain alignment and speed.

In an environment defined by uncertainty, the only sustainable advantage is the ability to change with purpose and precision.