Specification GCSE AQA Further Maths

1. Number		2. Algel	3.	3. Coordinate Geometry	
Calculations of numbers, fractions, decimals, percentages, ratio, proportion	2.1 Basic algebra	ra	2.15 Simultaneous equations	3.1	Gradients
1.2 Product rule for counting	2.2 Function No	otation	2.16 Algebraic solution of linea equations in	r 3.2	Parallel and perpendicular lines
1.3 Surds	2.3 Domain and	d range of a function	2.17 Solution of linear and qualinequalities	dratic 3.3	Pythagoras' theorem
	2.4 Composite	functions	2.18 Index laws, including fract and negative	ional 3.4	Use ratio to find the coordinates of a point
	2.5 Inverse fun	ctions	2.19 Algebraic proof	3.5	The equation of a straight line
	2.6 Expanding like terms	brackets and collecting	2.20 Using nth terms of sequen	ces 3.6	Draw a straight line from given information
	2.7 Expand (a +	- b)n for positive integer	2.21 nth terms of linear sequer	ices 3.7	Circles $x^2 + y^2 = r^2$
	2.8 Factorise fu	ılly	nth terms of quadratic sequences	3.8	Understand that $(x - a)^2 + (y - b)^2 = r^2$
	2.9 Manipulation expressions	on of rational	, ·	3.9	The equation of a tangent at a point on a circle
	2.10 Rearrange f	formulae			
	2.11 Use of the f	factor theorem			
	2.12 Completing	the square			
	2.13 Drawing an	d sketching of functions			
	Solution of	linear and quadratic			

equations



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4. Calculus		5. Matrix Calculations		6. Geometry	
4.1	Differentiation	5.1	Multiplication of matrices	6.1	Perimeter and area of 2D shapes plus surface area and volume of
4.2	Know that the gradient of a function is the gradient of the tangent at that point.	5.2	The identity matrix 2 × 2 only	6.2	Understand and construct geometrical proofs using formal arguments
4.3	Differentiation of kxn where n is an integer,	5.3	Transformations of the unit square in the x –y plane	6.3	Sine and cosine rules in scalene triangles; plus area of a triangle using Sin
4.4	The equation of a tangent at any point on a curve	5.4	Combination of transformations	6.4	Use of Pythagoras' theorem in 2D and 3D Recognise Pythagorean triples; 3, 4, 5; 5,12,13;
4.5	Increasing and decreasing functions When the gradient is positive/negative a function			6.5	Be able to apply trigonometry and Pythagoras' theorem to 2 and 3 dimensional problems
4.6	Use the notation $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2}$			6.6	Sketch and use graphs of y = sin x, y = cos x, and y = tan x
4.7	Use of differentiation to find maxima and			6.7	Be able to use the definitions sin θ , cos θ and tan θ , for any positive angle up to 360
4.8	Using calculus to find maxima and minima			6.8	Knowledge and use of 30°, 45°, 60°, 90° triangles
4.9	Sketch/ interpret a curve with known maximum			6.1	Solution of simple trigonometric equations in given intervals

