



# Patient-62

**Patient-62 went to Sunrise Hospital with broken ribs and was told he had a brain tumor. He received very poor care at Sunrise Hospital. The staff was not a team and seemed like they did not even care about the patients and would not respond to phone calls.**

My father-in-law was admitted to Sunrise Hospital due to broken ribs.

While he was there, they did an MRI and found a brain tumor.

First and foremost, you have to go through a lot just to enter this hospital. Then they make you walk a very long way due to the security process.

**The hospital smells bad. It appeared to be dirty.**

**None of the staff were a team. None of them knew what the other one was doing.**

**They seemed like they did not even care for their patients.**

My father-in-law had headaches, and he would have to wait all day long for a Tylenol.

**If they told you they would be back, it never happened.**

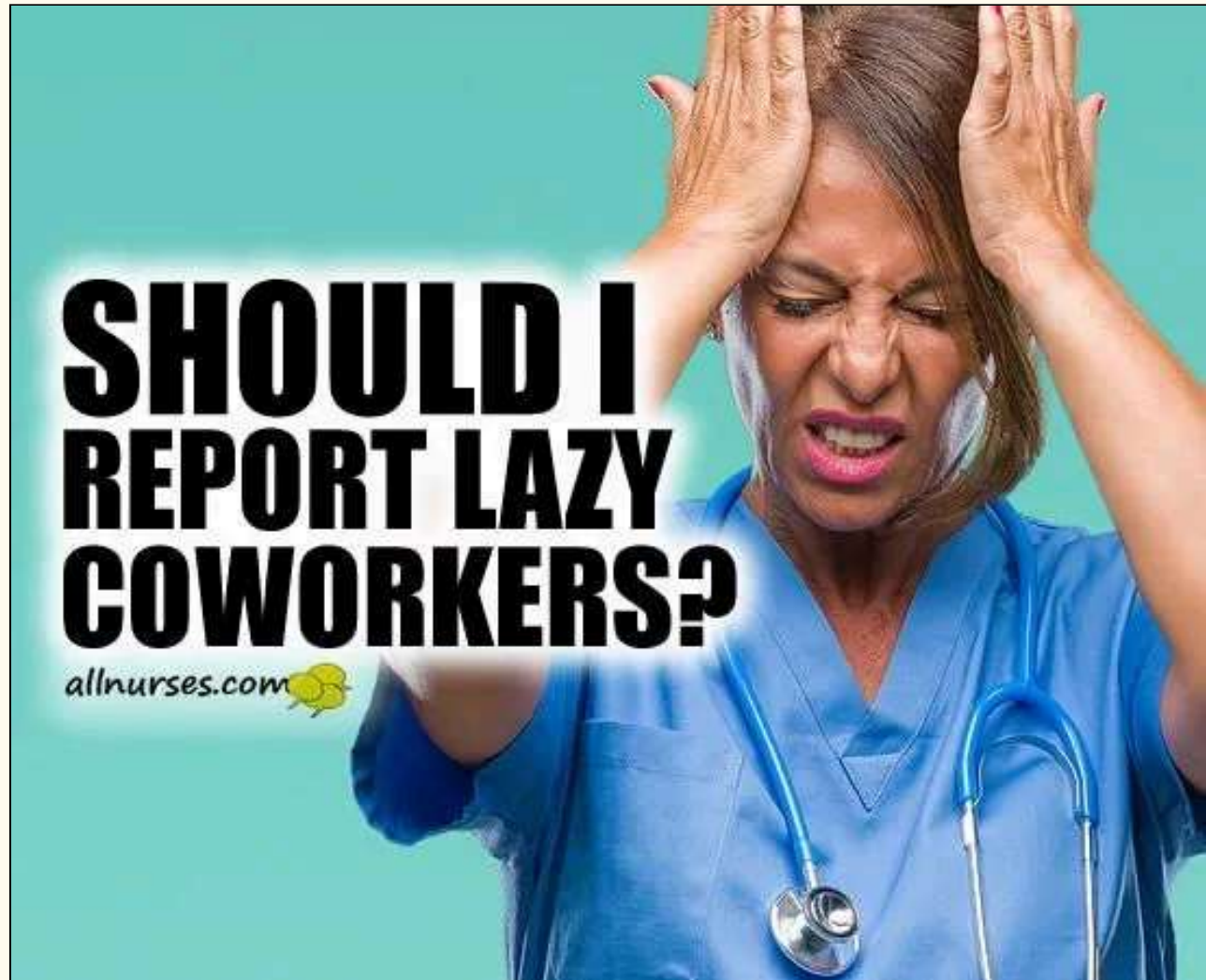
In the end, they lost his dentures.

They avoided our calls and requests.

**They DON'T CARE.**

**I DO NOT recommend this hospital.**

**Note to readers:** This patient was told he had a brain tumor. Did he really? Many stories have been told about patients who were given false diagnoses of serious health issues, and the patients learned later that it was not true. It was merely an attempt by the hospital to bill more expenses to the patient or their insurance company. Read the story of **Patient-21**, a young man who was forced to go through multiple, horrible procedures and surgeries even though Sunrise Hospital knew early on that the patient had colon cancer.



Patient-62 received very poor care at Sunrise Hospital. The staff was not a team and seemed like they did not even care about the patients. They would not respond to the patient's calls for help.

**NOTE TO READERS: Many of the complaints about Sunrise Hospital include comments about poor medical care, lack of communication, staff not responding to patients' requests for help, etc. The hospital needs to eliminate under-performing employees (executives, doctors, nurses and other staff).**

## Just say NO to Sunrise Hospital

### Code of Ethics for Nurses

In the healthcare profession, nurses hold positions of trust and responsibility. This trust extends not only to patient care but also to upholding the ethical and legal standards that govern their profession. You are a nurse 24/7 and are held to ethical standards whether at work or personal life.

The American Nurses Association, [2025 Code of Ethics for Nurses](#), contains 10 Provisions, as follows:

1. Dignity and Respect. The nurse practices with compassion and respect for the inherent dignity, worth, and unique attributes of every person.
2. Primary Commitment. A nurse's primary commitment is to the recipient(s) of nursing care, whether an individual, family, group, community, or population.
3. Trust and Advocacy. The nurse establishes a trusting relationship and advocates for the rights, health, and safety of recipient(s) of nursing care.
4. Responsibility and Accountability for Practice. Nurses have authority over nursing practice and are responsible and accountable for their practice consistent with their obligations to promote health, prevent illness, and provide optimal care.
5. Duties to Self. The nurse has moral duties to self as a person of inherent dignity and worth including an expectation of a safe place to work that fosters flourishing, authenticity of self at work, and self-respect through integrity and professional competence.
6. Ethical Work Environments. Nurses, through individual and collective effort, establish, maintain, and improve the ethical environment of the work setting that affects nursing care and the well-being of nurses.
7. Knowledge Development and Social Policy. Nurses advance the profession through multiple approaches to knowledge development, professional standards, and the generation of policies for nursing, health, and social concerns.
8. Collaborative Relationships. Nurses build collaborative relationships and networks with nurses, other healthcare and non-healthcare disciplines, and the public to achieve greater ends.
9. Commitment to Society and Social Justice. Nurses and their professional organizations work to enact and resource practices, policies, and legislation to promote social justice, eliminate health inequities, and facilitate human flourishing.
10. A Global Nursing Community. Nursing, through organizations and associations, participates in the global nursing and health community to promote human and environmental health, well-being, and flourishing.

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