



**RISK MANAGEMENT UNDER CLIMATE
CHANGE CAN SERIOUSLY SUPPORT NATURE
CONSERVATION & RIVER RESTORATION**

Andrea Nardini

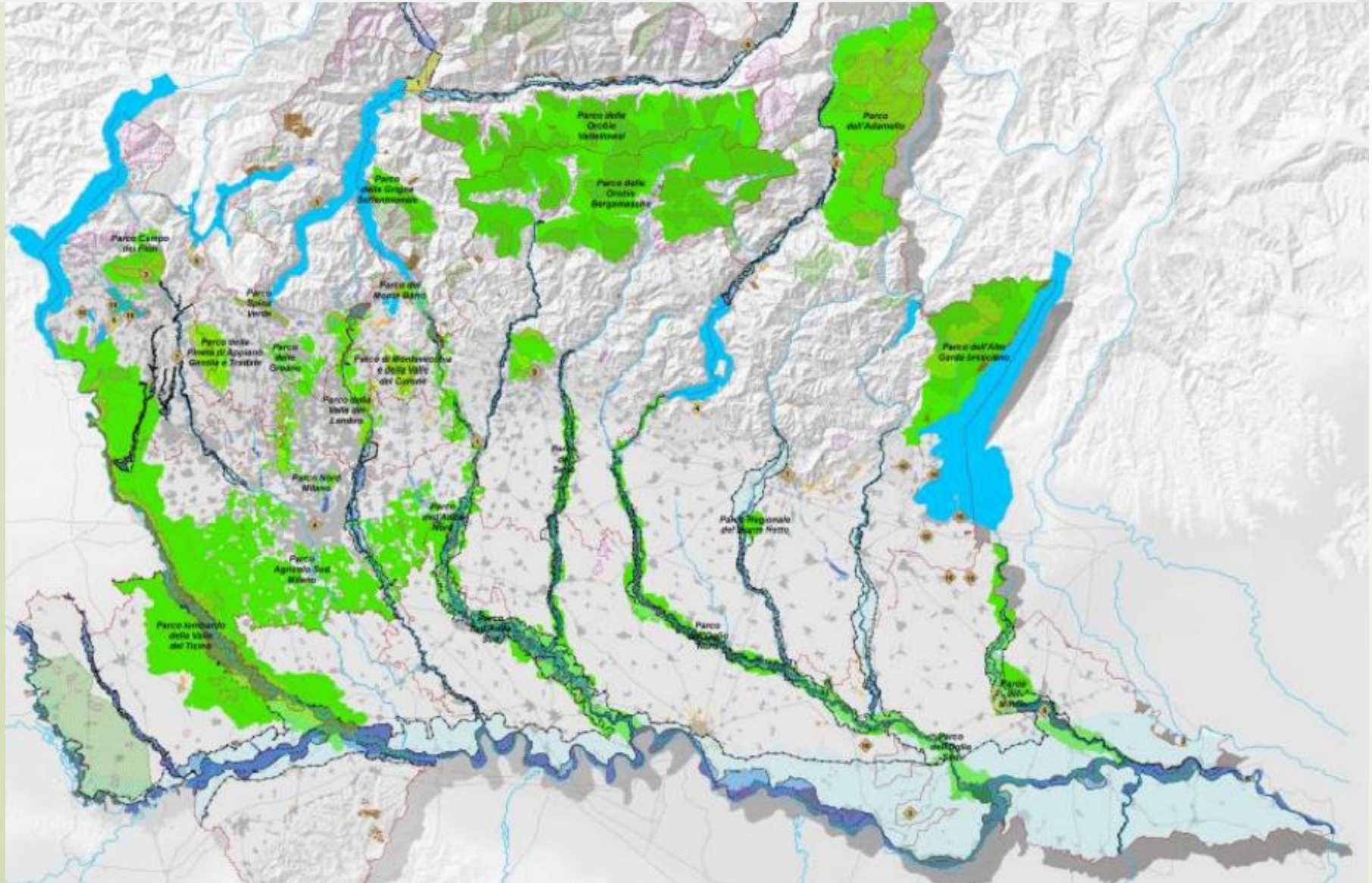
20 April 2023

...certainly not a mainstream presentation

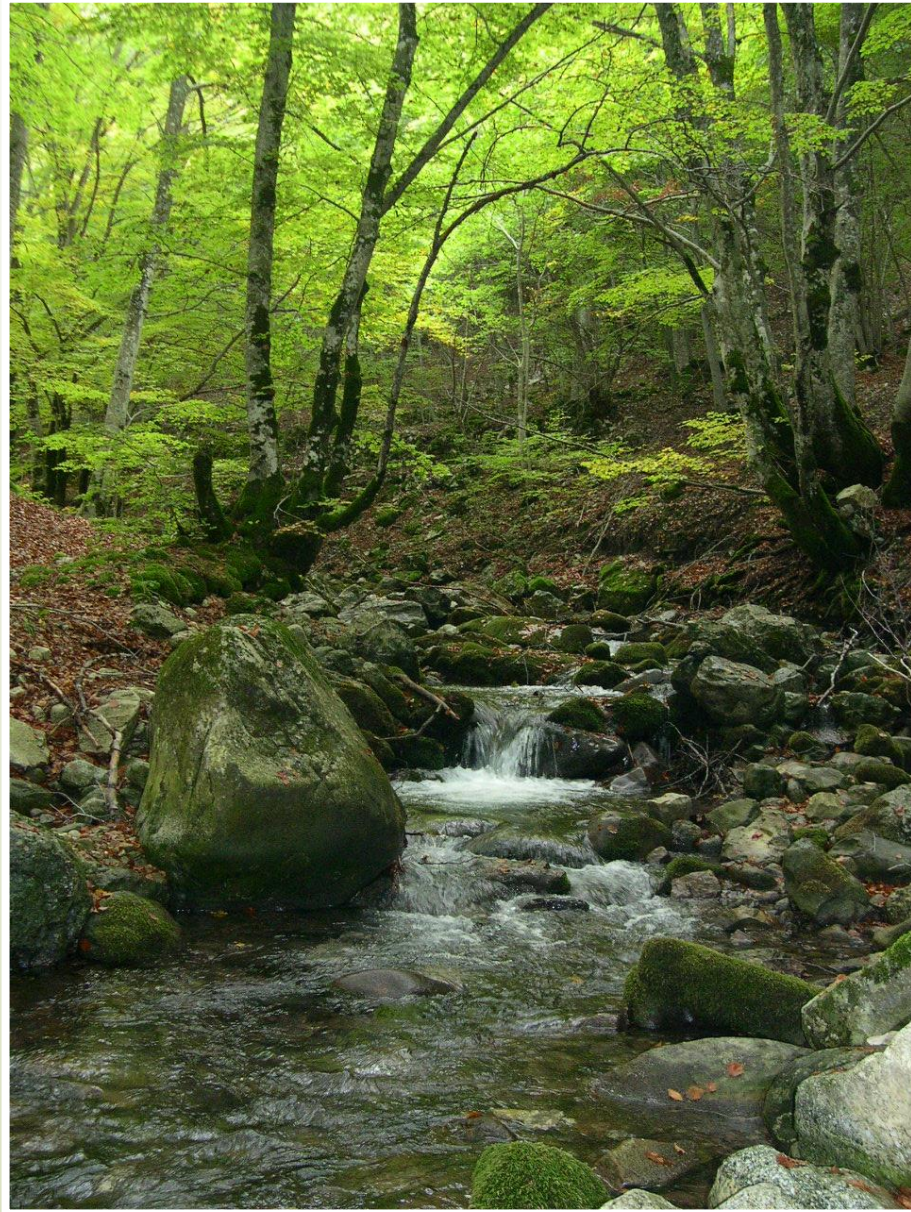
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Nature conservation: more than a collection of nature islands

Rivers: the most natural connectors



Bellissimi...



Aspromonte (Italia)



bellissimi...

Alto Chiese in Val di Fumo (Daone, Italia)

bellissimi...

Rio Ara, Pirenei (Spagna)

bellissimi...



Ahuriri, Nuova Zelanda (isola del Sud)

A wide, turquoise river flows through a lush green valley. The river is surrounded by dense green forests and grassy fields. In the background, there are large, rugged mountains with some snow patches. The sky is blue with scattered white clouds. The overall scene is a beautiful natural landscape.

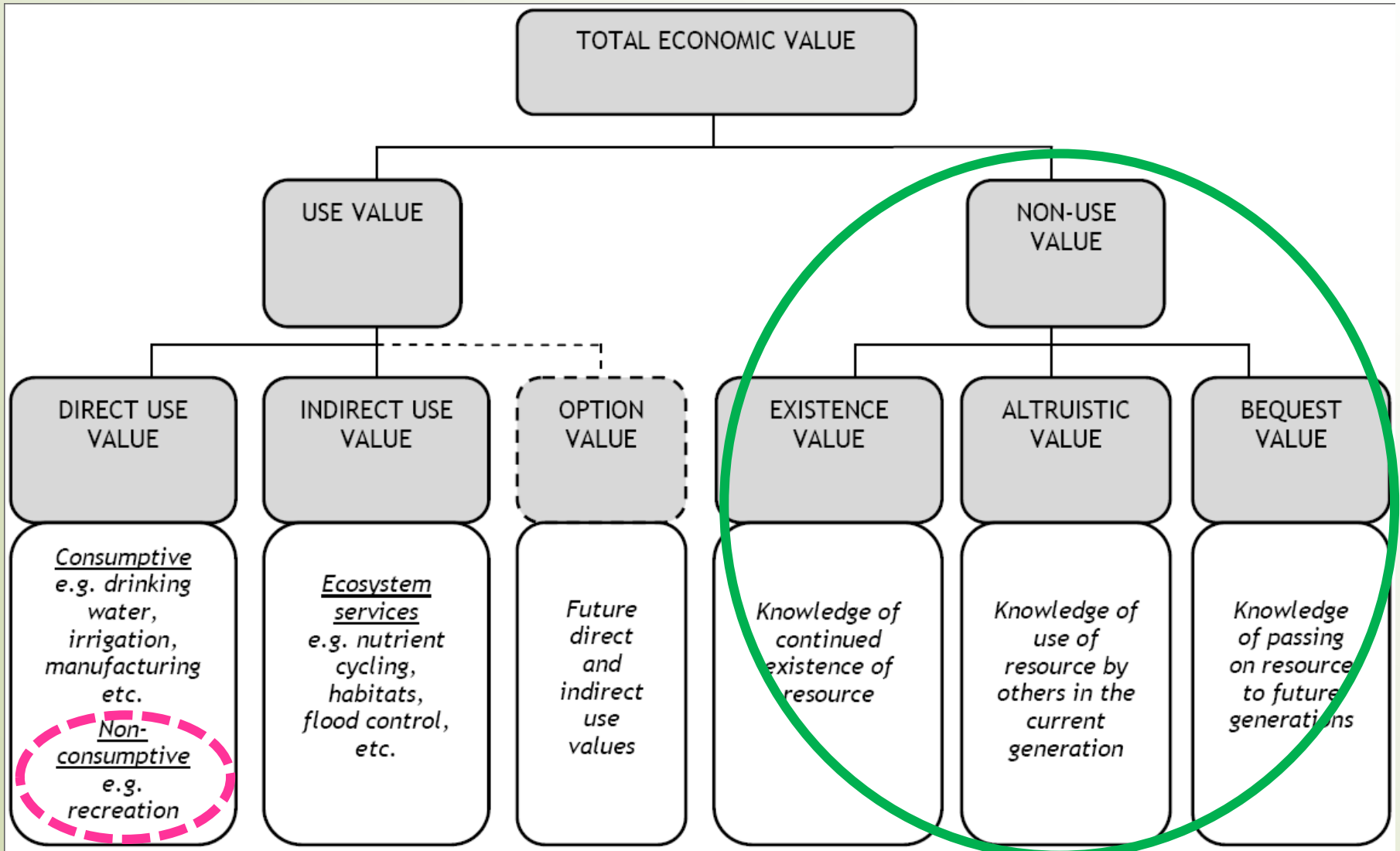
bellissimi...

Rio Ibáñez, Patagonia, Chile – octubre 2011

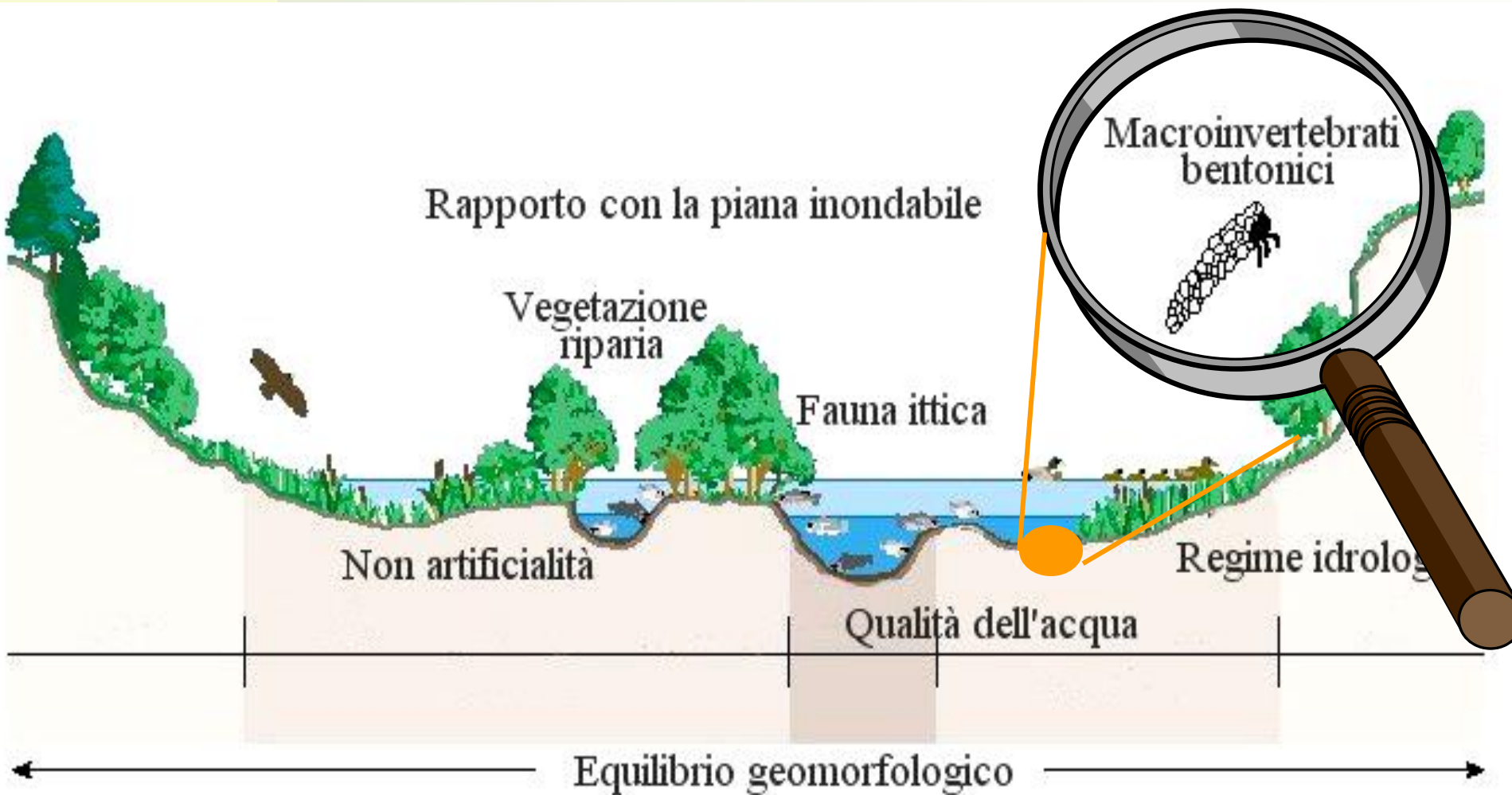


bellissimi...

Why to conserve & restore? ecosystem VALUE



OBJECTIVE "HEALTH"



ASSESSING the ECOLOGICAL STATUS

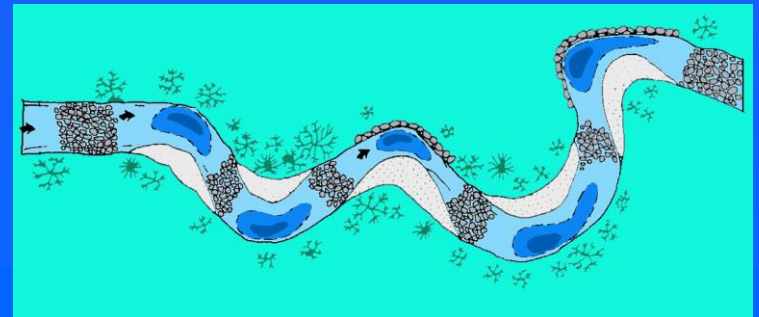
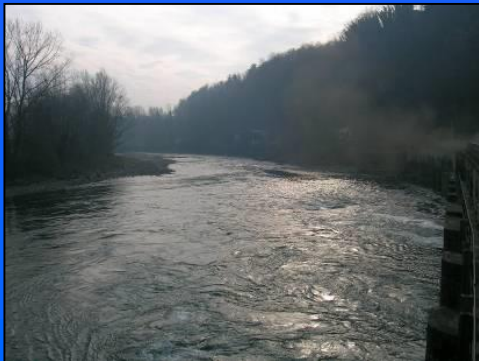
WATER QUALITY



BIOTIC QUALITY

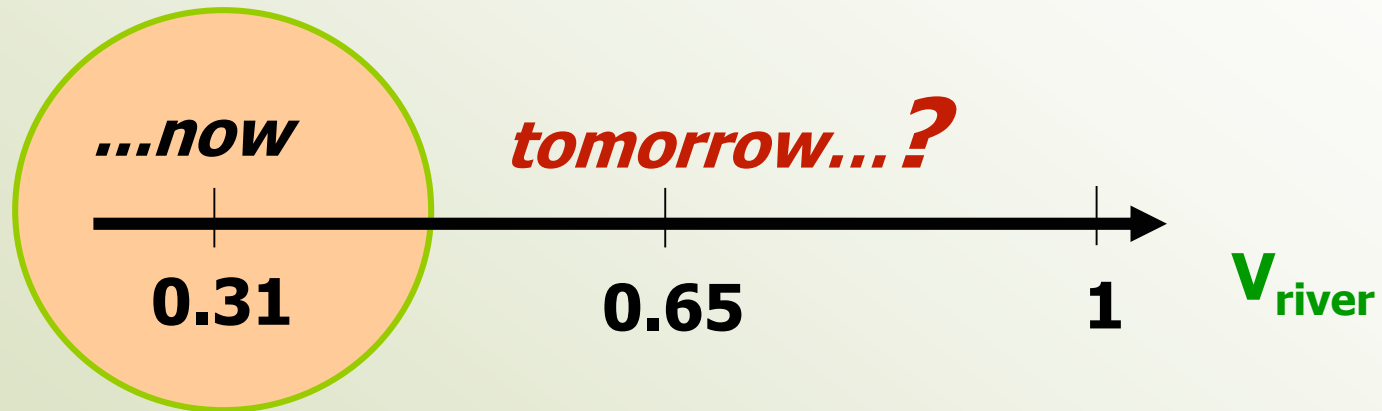


HYDRO-MORPHOLOGY (HyMo)

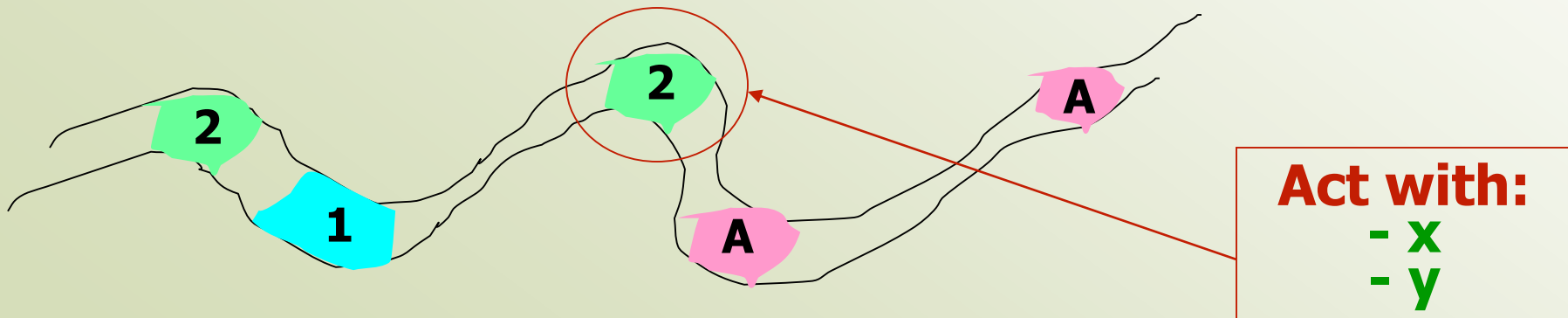


River Restoration STRATEGY

- Assess the ecological value of rivers



- Zonization/prioritization (different scales)



- Promote implementation creating advantages (norms)

RR \leftrightarrow MULTI-OBJECTIVE

Tourism



Water sports



Safety



Fishing



Hydro-electric production



Irrigation



Fluvial Ecosystem



RIVER RESTORATION.... GROUND FOR CONFLICTS

ECOLOGICAL GOOD STATUS



Give back to the river its own space



Impact on economic activities and settlement



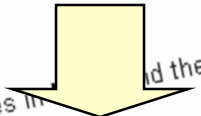
CONFLICTS...

RIVER RESTORATION.... GROUND FOR CONFLICTS

[India's Greatest Planned Environmental Disaster: The Narmada ...](#)
www.umich.edu/~snre492/Jones/narmada.html - Traducir esta página
"The State" (India) wants to build these **dams** on the Narmada River in the name of National **Development**. But "How can you measure progress if you don't know ...

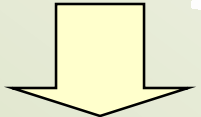
HYDROPOWER and Water SUPPLY

[Sustainable Dam Development in India](#)
www.isn.ethz.ch/isn/Digital.../Detail/?... - Traducir esta página
This paper explores reforms in environmental and resettlement policies in influence of domestic and external actors on the reform process.



More DAMS

[Dams & Development – The Final Report of the World ...](#)
www.talsperrenkomitee.de/...dams/india_dams_d... - Traducir esta página
Navalawala, B.N./ Gopalakrishnan, M.: Symposium.



Impact on water regime, quality,...

[DEVELOPMENT-INDIA: Poor Pay Social Costs of Big Dams Without ...](#)
www.ips.org/socialforum/0122/devindia.htm - Traducir esta página
30 Jan 2001 – **DEVELOPMENT-INDIA: Poor Pay Social Costs of Big Dams Without ...**
Gain, says Global Report. By Meena Menon. MUMBAI, India, Oct 12 (IPS)- ...

[Tehri Dam - Wikipedia, the free encyclopedia](#)
en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Tehri_Dam - Traducir esta página
... the primary **dam** of the Tehri Hydro **Development** Corporation Ltd. and the ... India
was forced to take control of the project and at first it was placed under the ...



CONFLICTS...

PUBLIC

- fears
- perceptions
- values
- ideas
- knowledge
- expectations

KNOW-HOW

- approaches
- methods
- tools

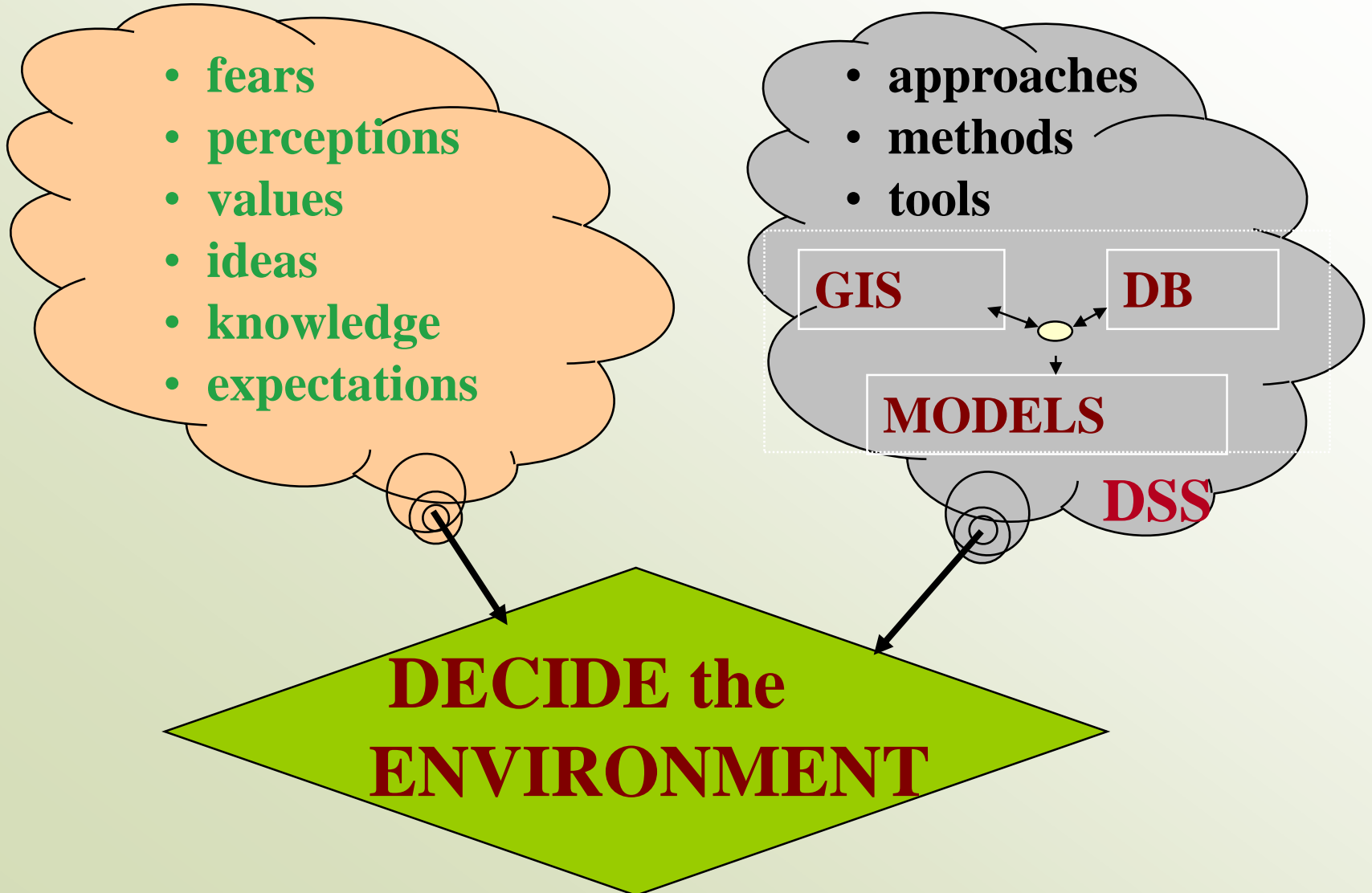
GIS

DB

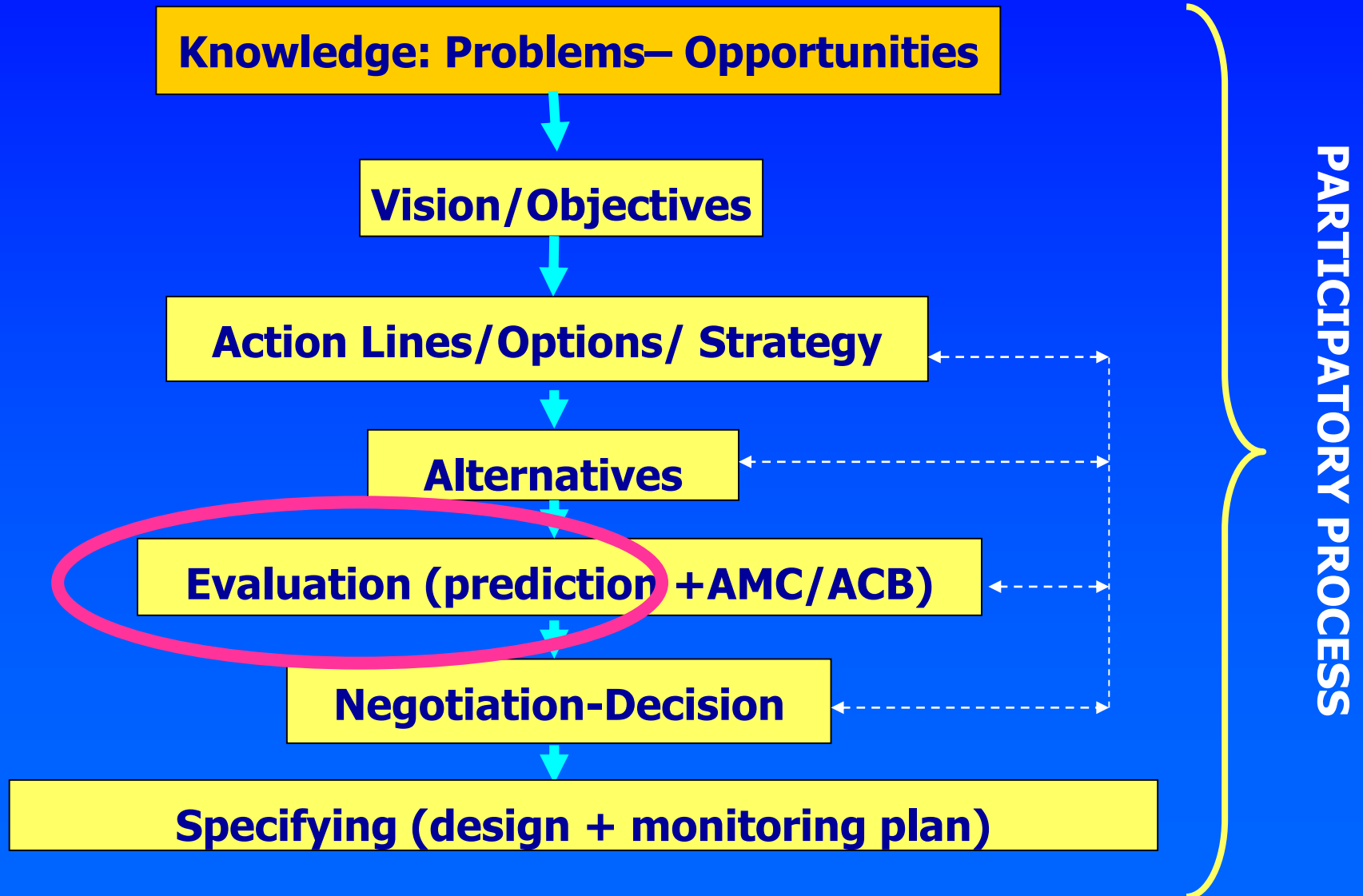
MODELS

DSS

**DECIDE the
ENVIRONMENT**



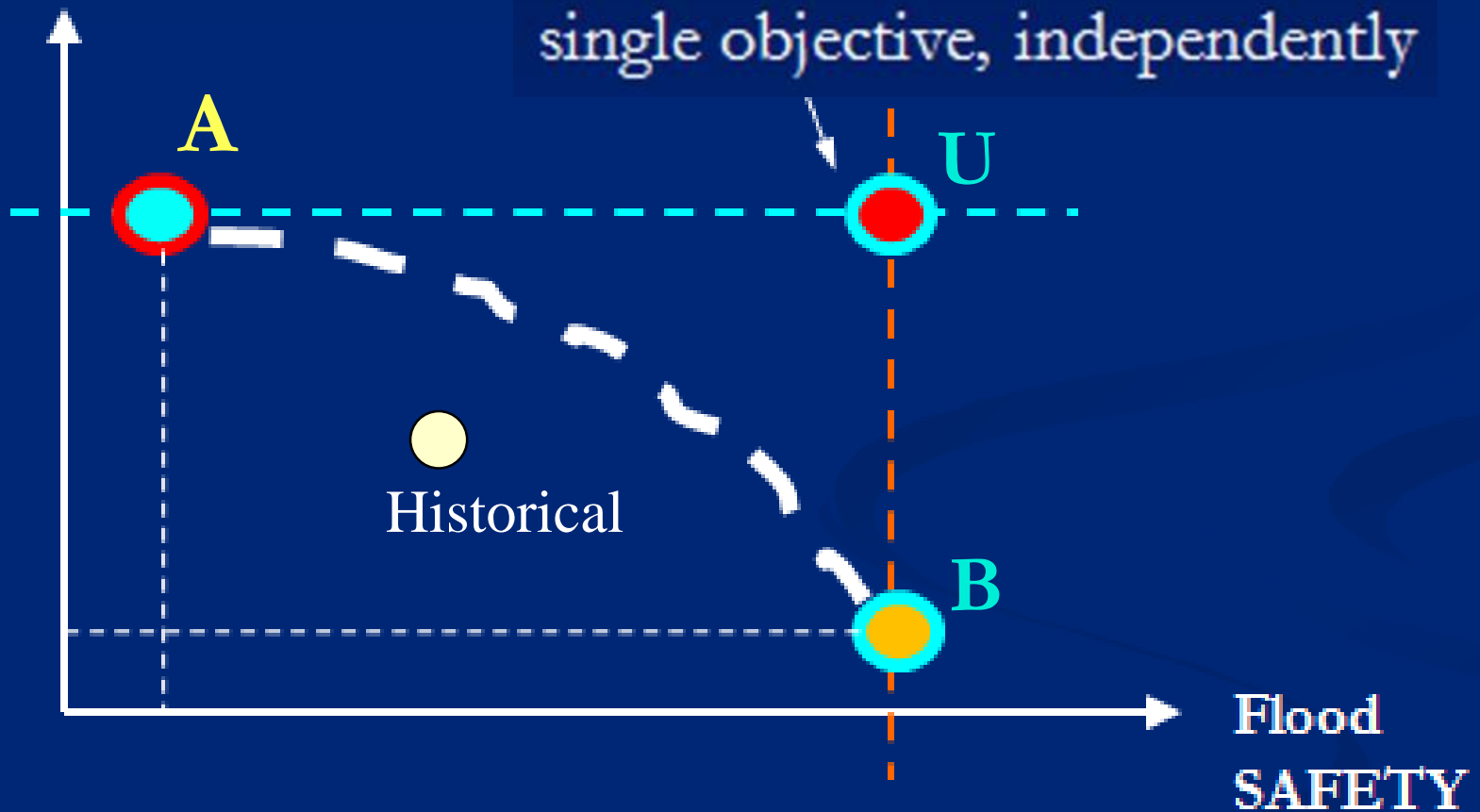
A RATIONAL DM PROCESS: KEY STEPS



from AMBIGUITY to CLARITY: MEASURING OBJECTIVES

Water
SUPPLY

UTOPIA: max value of each
single objective, independently



MEASURING OBJECTIVES

is possible via VFs

The *multiattribute Value Function* is an extremely powerful and flexible tool the allow one to build evaluation indices

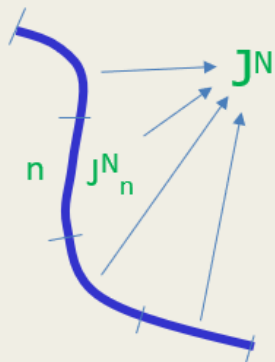
$$v(r, a) = \lambda_r v_r(r) + \lambda_a v_a(a)$$

$$v(c, a) = \begin{cases} \lambda_c v_c(c) + \lambda_a v_a(a) \\ \delta(c) [\lambda_c v_c(\gamma) + \lambda_a v_a(a)] \\ \lambda(a) [\lambda_c v_c(c) + \lambda_a v_a(a)] \\ \delta(a) \delta(c) [\lambda_c v_c(\gamma) + \lambda_a v_a(a)] \end{cases}$$

$$\delta(d) = \frac{1 - e^{k(d-d)}}{1 - e^{k(d-d)}}$$

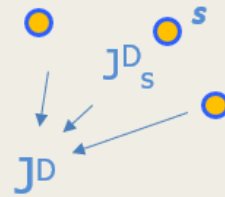
Ecological status (J^N)

J^N_n : intensive variable associated with each reach n



Generic spatial aggregation

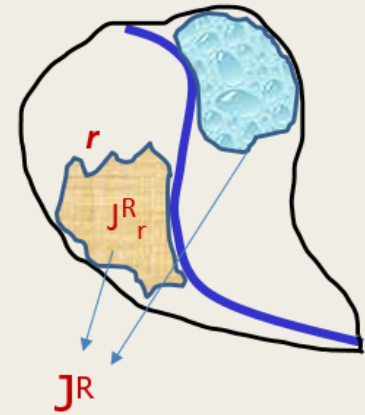
$$J_{corr}^i = \mathcal{A}_k [J_k^i]$$



J^D_s : intensive variable associated with each site S

Social disturbance (J^D)

Economic risk (J^R)



J^R_r : extensive variable associated with each land plot r

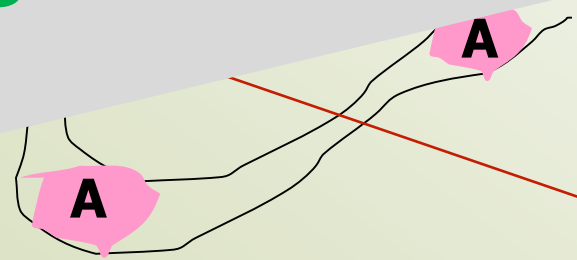
River Restoration STRATEGY

- Assess the ecological value of

☐ To deal with multiple objectives, we need to measure the NATURE value of rivers

→ At least conceptually we should widen our assessment scheme :

river



Act with:

- x
- y

- Promote implementation creating advantages (norms)

ASSESSING the ... NATURE VALUE: a new entry key to restoration: *peculiarity*

NATURE
(non use value
of the river)

Peculiarity
(*naturalistic relevance*:
«how special it is»)

Health (*ecological integrity*: «how well it is»)

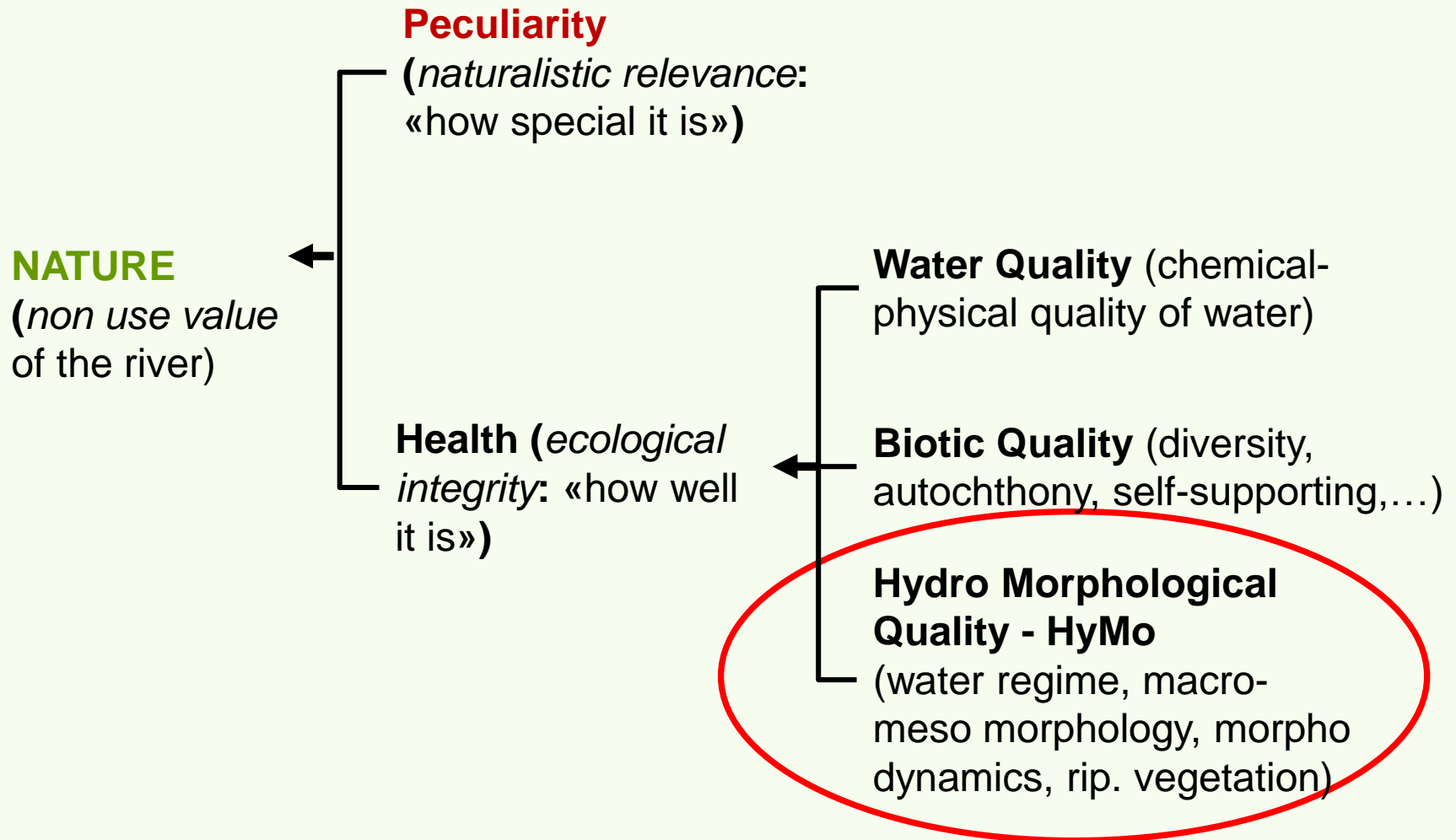
Water Quality (chemical-physical quality of water)

Biotic Quality (diversity, autochthony, self-supporting,...)

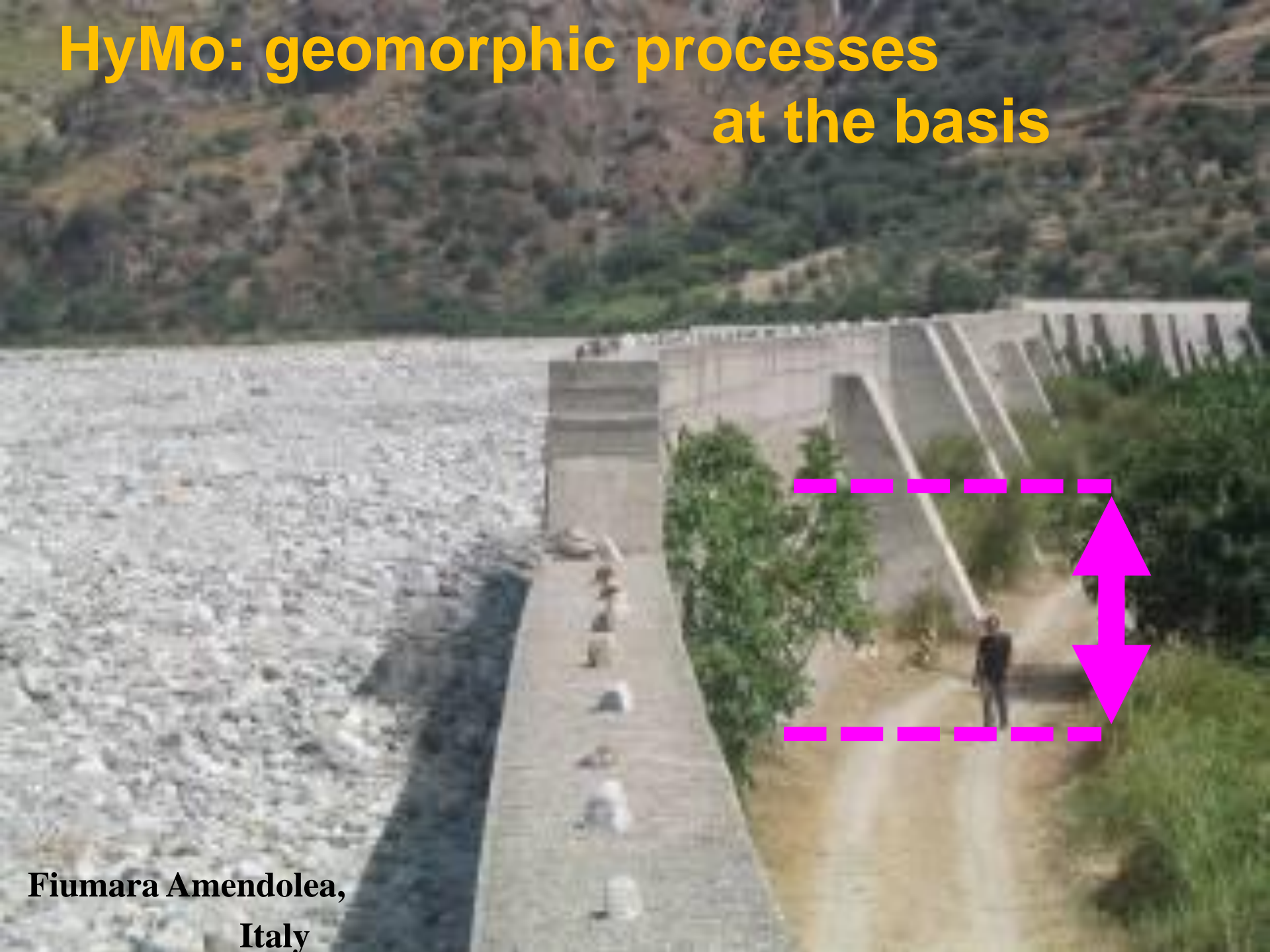
Hydro Morphological Quality -HyMo
(water regime, macro-meso morphology, morpho dynamics, rip.vegetation)

WFD

ASSESSING the ... NATURE VALUE



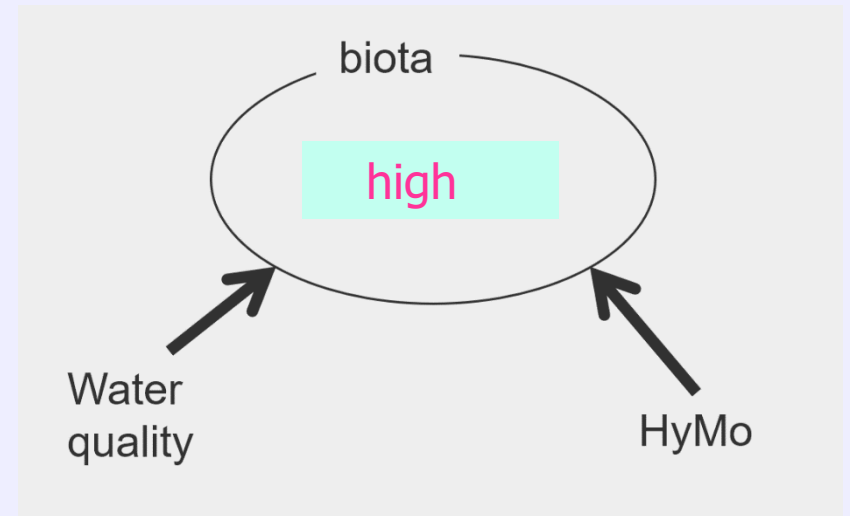
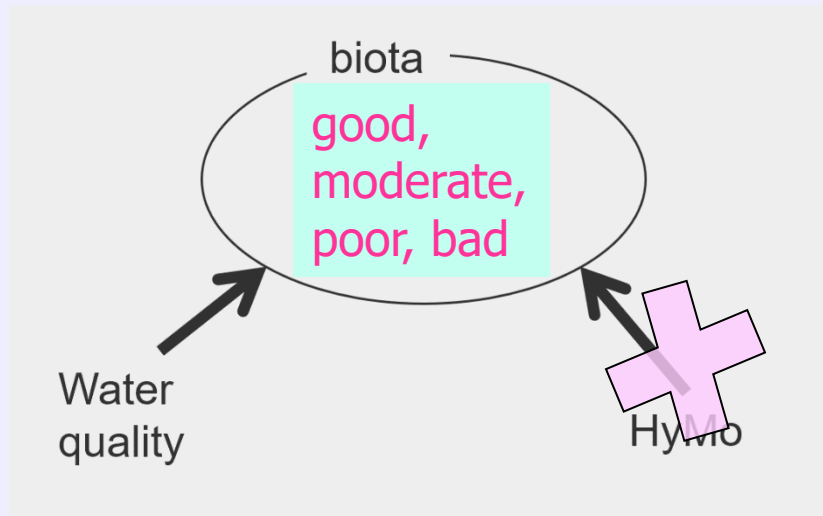
HyMo: geomorphic processes at the basis



**Fiumara Amendolea,
Italy**

A strange issue with HyMo:

Risk that the WFD does not bring us along the right way



- HyMo is just a causal factor: biota at the center
- HyMo comes into play only for *high status* of the biological compartment

TWO problems with HyMo:

1) **BIOTA-centric** evaluation scheme

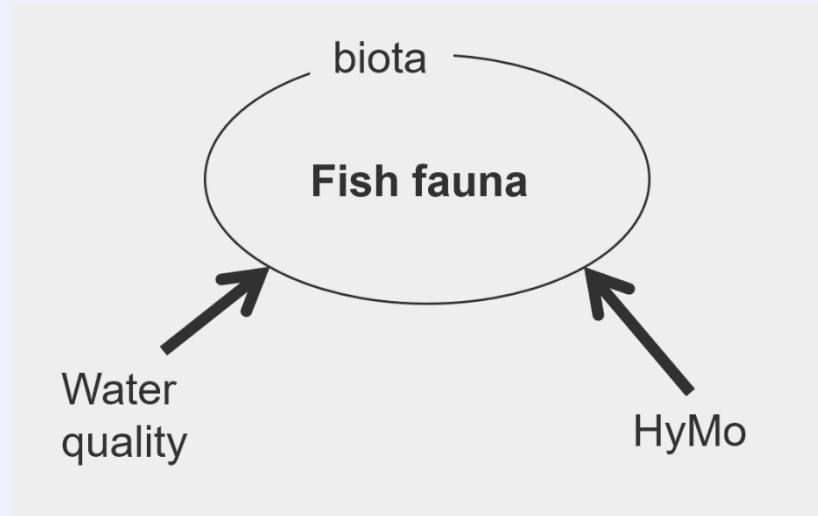


→ A measure transforming HyMo , certainly worsening the river ecosystem, may be totally **transparent** to the biota-centric assessment (i-initial status < high; ii- insufficient meso habitat attributes; inadequate indicators and/or biological monitoring scheme;...)

→ **Wrong & dangerous!**

TWO problems with HyMo:

1) **BIOTA-centric** evaluation scheme

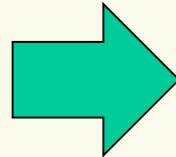
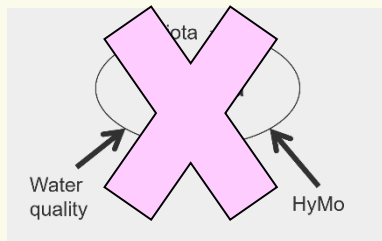


A measure aiming at improving the status via restoring the *longitudinal continuity* may **fail** to produce desired results because ...

TWO problems with HyMo:

1) BIOTA-centric evaluation scheme

- HyMo must be considered even for < high status
- Each component deserves a role “per se” in the overall scoring

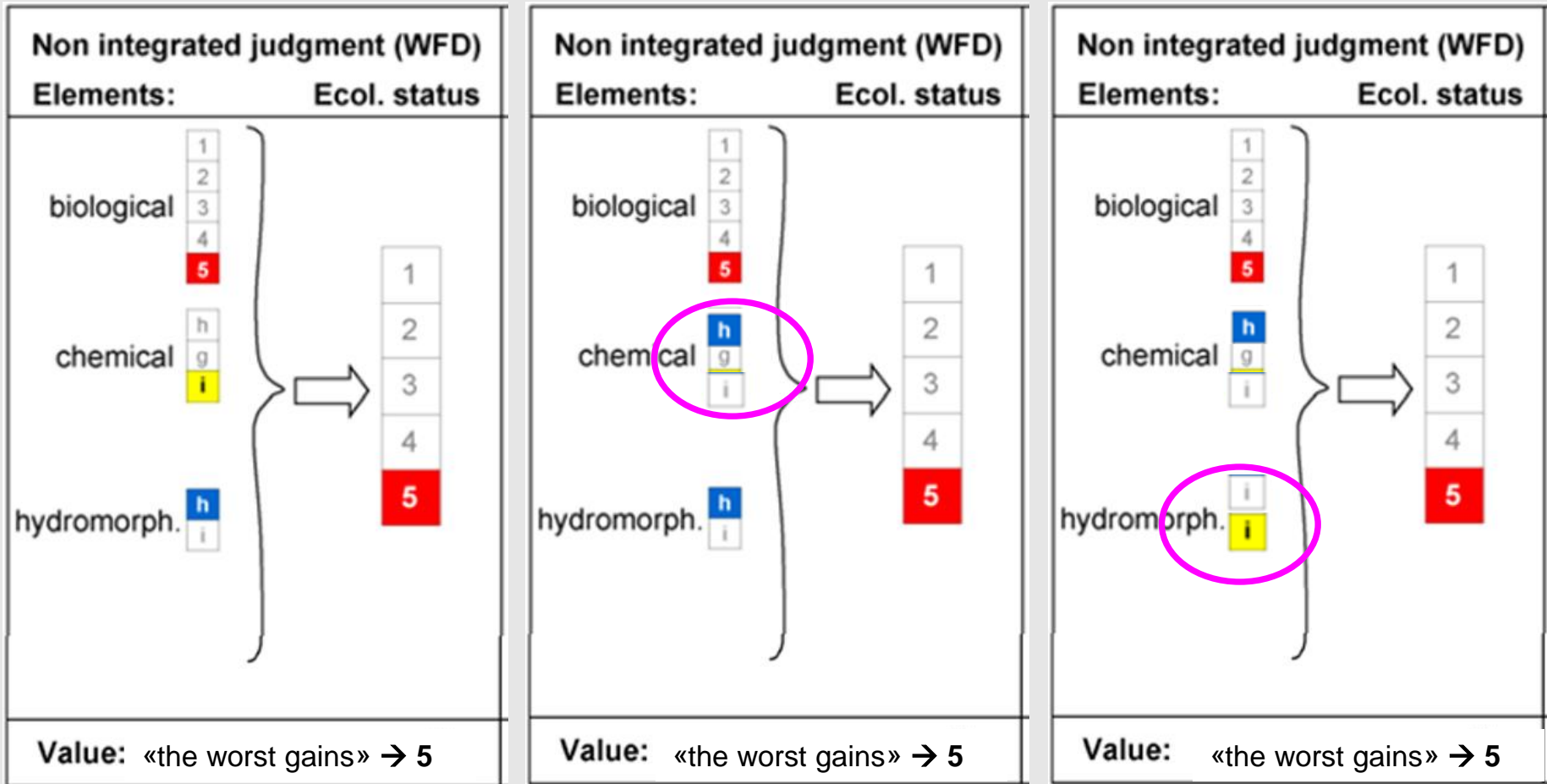


Fluvial
ecosystem

- Water quality
- Biota (fish fauna,...)
- HyMo

TWO problems with HyMo:

2) Inappropriate mathematical structure: the **OOAO criterion**



The One Out, All Out criterion does not bring justice in the ecosystem

TWO problems with HyMo:

2) Inappropriate mathematical structure: the **OOAO criterion**

Non integrated judgment (WFD)	Integrated judgment (averaged)	Integrated judgment (weighed)
Elements: Ecol. status	Elements: Ecol. status	Elements: Ecol. status
	<p>(Total weight 1.0)</p>	<p>(Total weight 1.0)</p>
Value: «the worst gains» → 5	$[5/3 + 3/3 + 1/3] = 3$	$[(5*0.5)+(3*0.3)+(1*0.2)] = 3.6$

→ a suitable Value Function would solve the problem!

Why this emphasis on the (already operating) Evaluation scheme ?

→ eventually, you must justify your action with measurable indices

→ An inappropriate assessment implies bad actions

→ HyMo or -better said- geomorphological comprehension of river character and behavior can illuminate on what has to be done now or on what may happen tomorrow

→ Several projects will first affect HyMo : dams, sediment mining, roads, defences,...

HYDRO-MORPHO RISK



← HYDRAULIC
(flooding)

MORPHOLOGICAL →
(fluvial dynamics)



HYDRO-MORPHO RISK



← HYDRAULIC
(flooding)

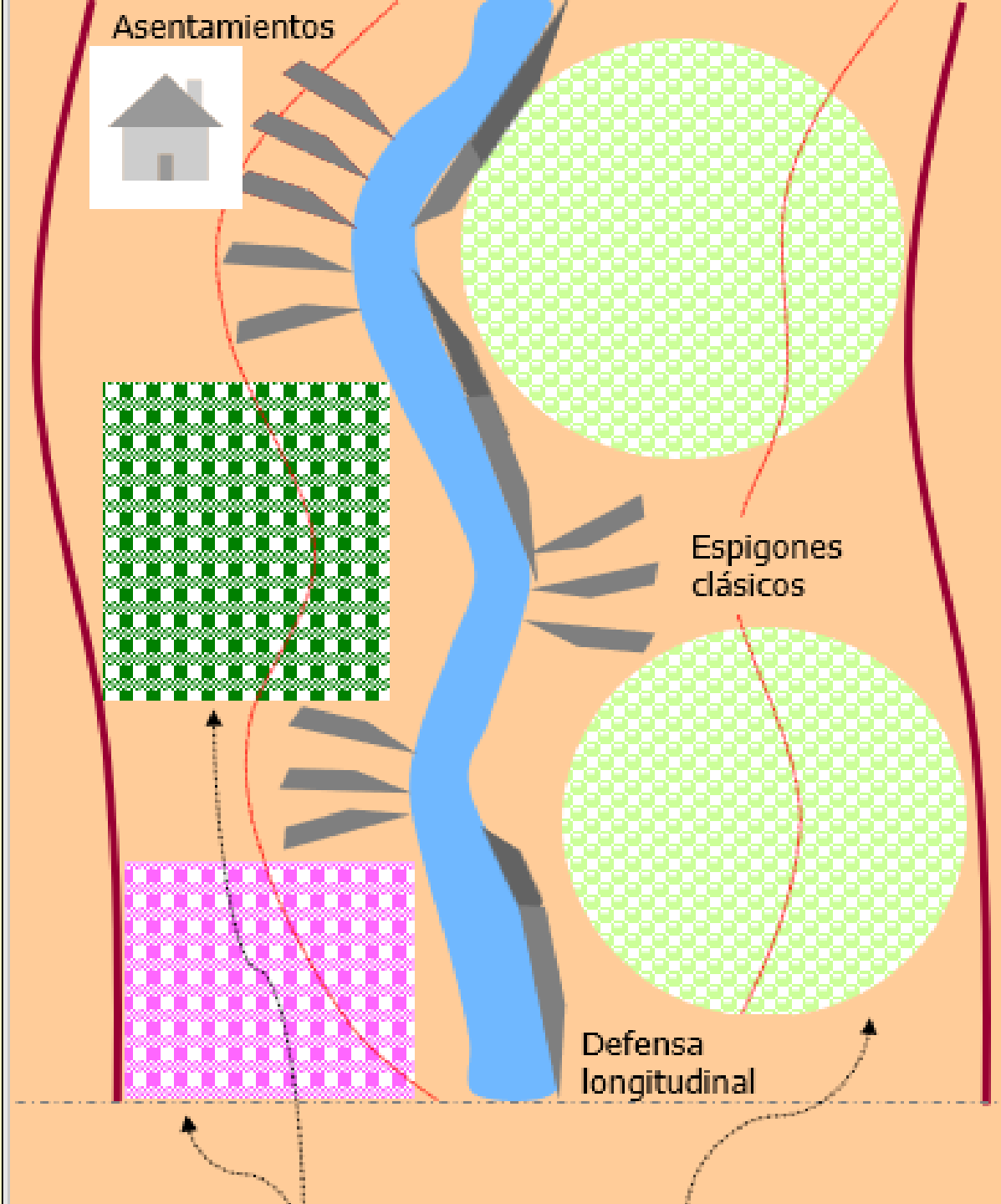
**Engineering
paradigm:**

«**achieve safety**»

through
hydraulic works

MORPHOLOGICAL →
(fluvial dynamics)





- ***High risk***
- ***High management costs***
- ***Low ecological value***

Is this what we want

?

...eternal costs dumped on them

...sustainability?

infrastructuring =
Taxes in biberon!



Ministero delle Finanze

Carissimo neonato,

benvenuto in questo mondo! Ecco la tua prima cartella delle tasse sui fiumi

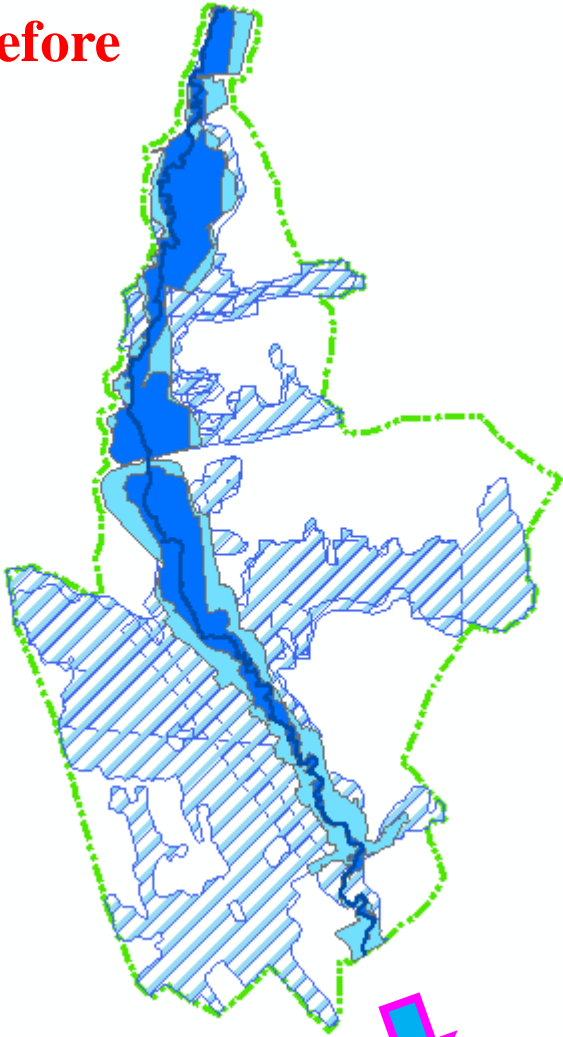
argini	€	25,00
difese spondali	€	17,00
briglie	€	9,80
dighe	€	7,50
taglio vegetazione	€	4,30
rimozione sedimenti	€	4,30
pulizia tombamenti	€	2,50
derivazioni	€	3,80
canalizzazioni	€	13,00
bonifiche	€	15,50
fognature	€	9,00
acquedotto	€	9,00
depurazione	€	5,60
pennelli e scogliere	€	
13,80		
ripascimenti	€	
12,00		
ponti	€	6,50
stabilizzazione frane	€	18,00
danni alluvionali	€	15,70
Protezione civile	€	9,75

ecc., ecc.

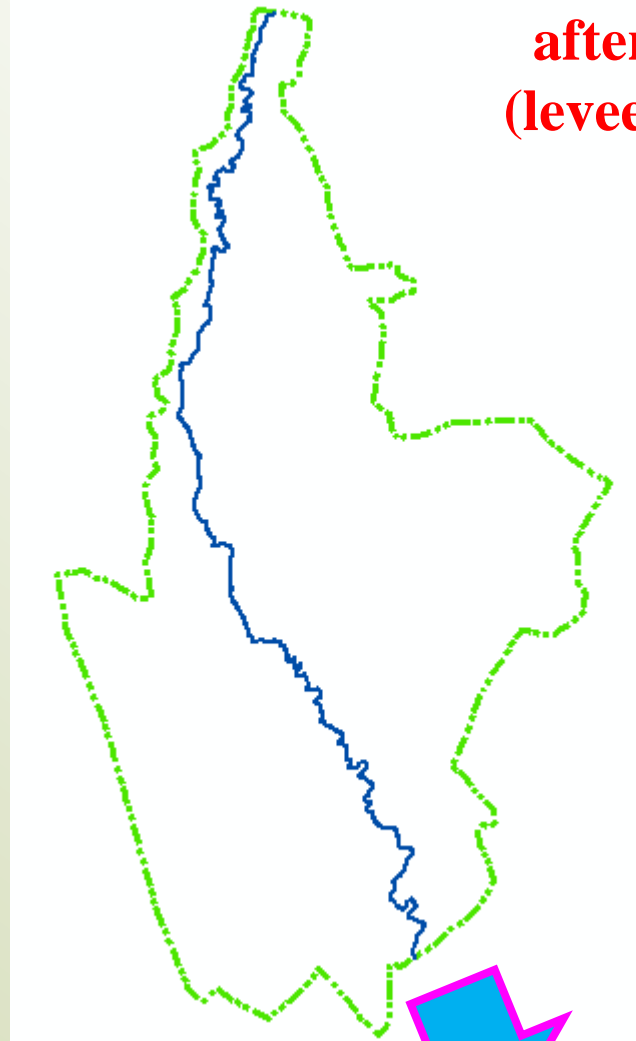
...just transfers the problem

...i.e., externalities...

before

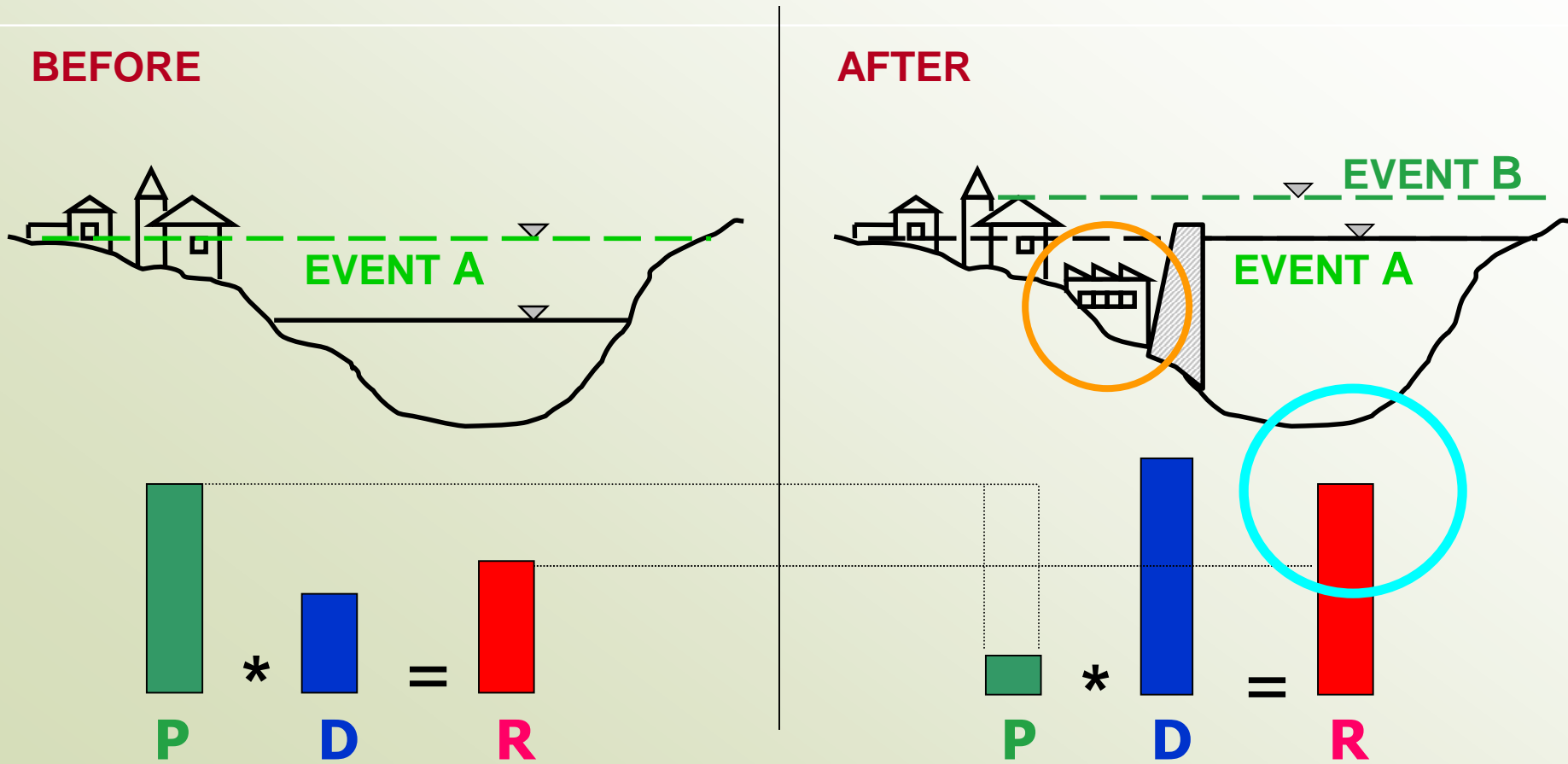


after
(levees)



...levees in favor or against safety?

...i.e., false safety...



⇒ risk has increased !!

...fragility of the defence system

...i.e., residual risk...

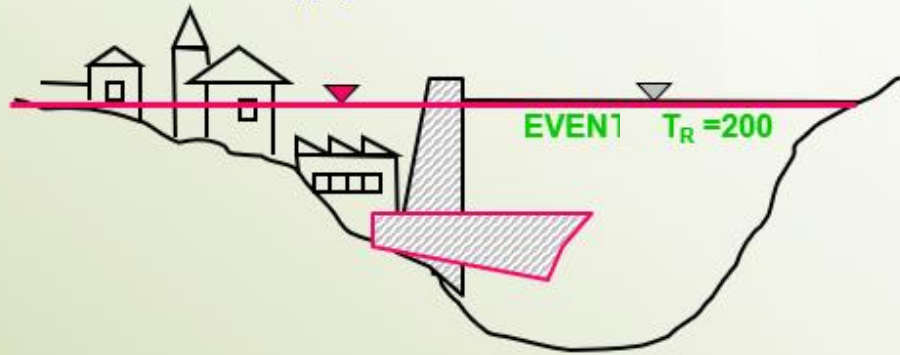
RISK

$$R_{200} = 0$$

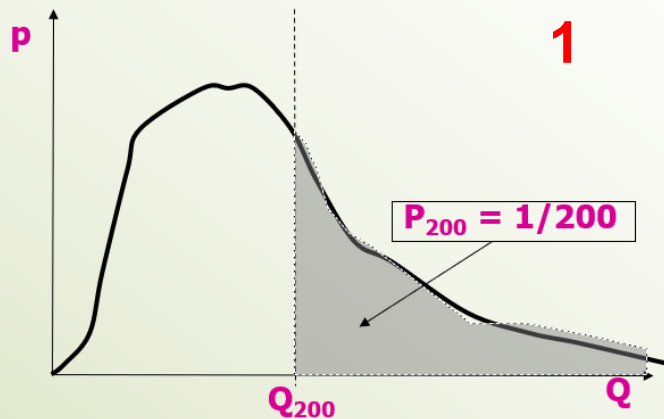
$$R_T > 0!$$

$$R_T(\infty) \gg 0!!$$

3



⇒ HIGH fragility



CC...still same approach ?

You may think that to face CC it is sufficient to increase $Q(T_r)$ for any given T_r and proceed with the usual approach: «achieve safety through grey measures»....

But, sorry,....this is wrong!

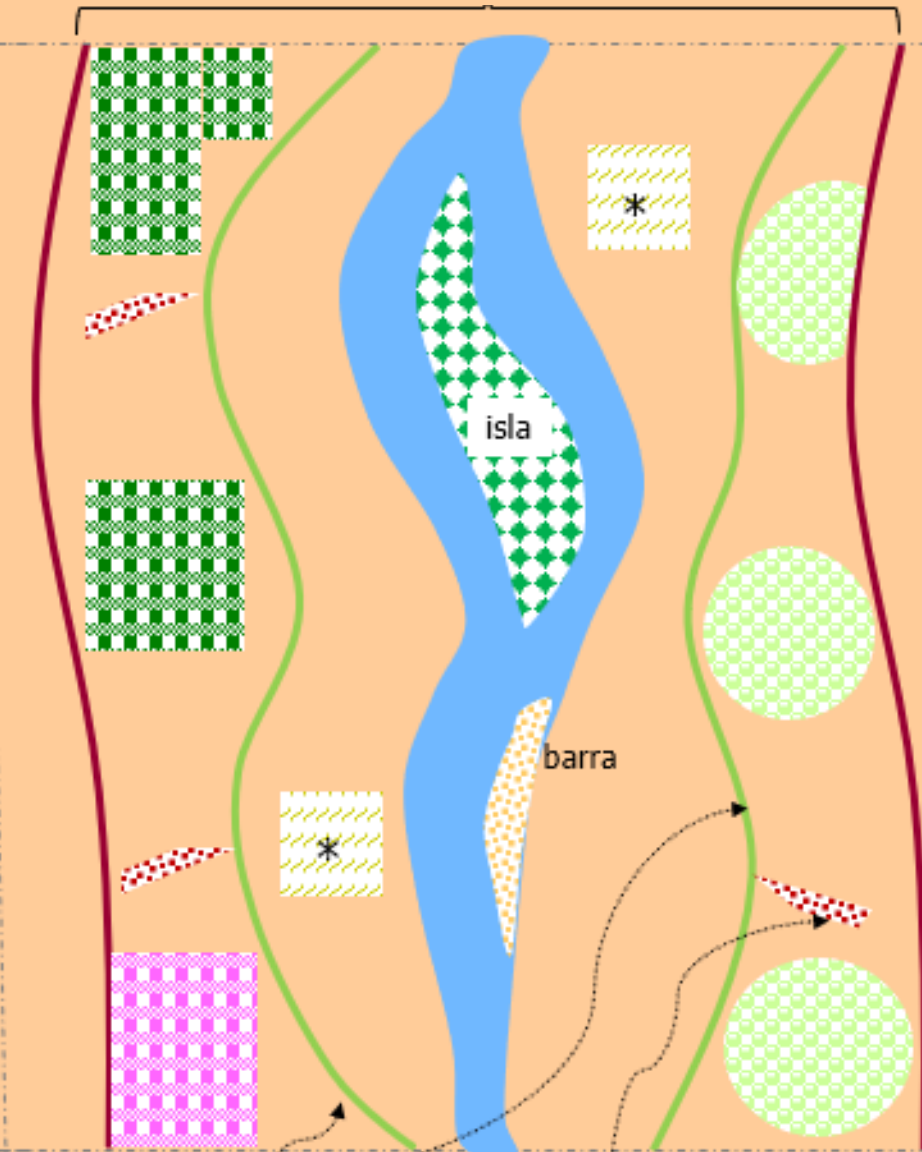
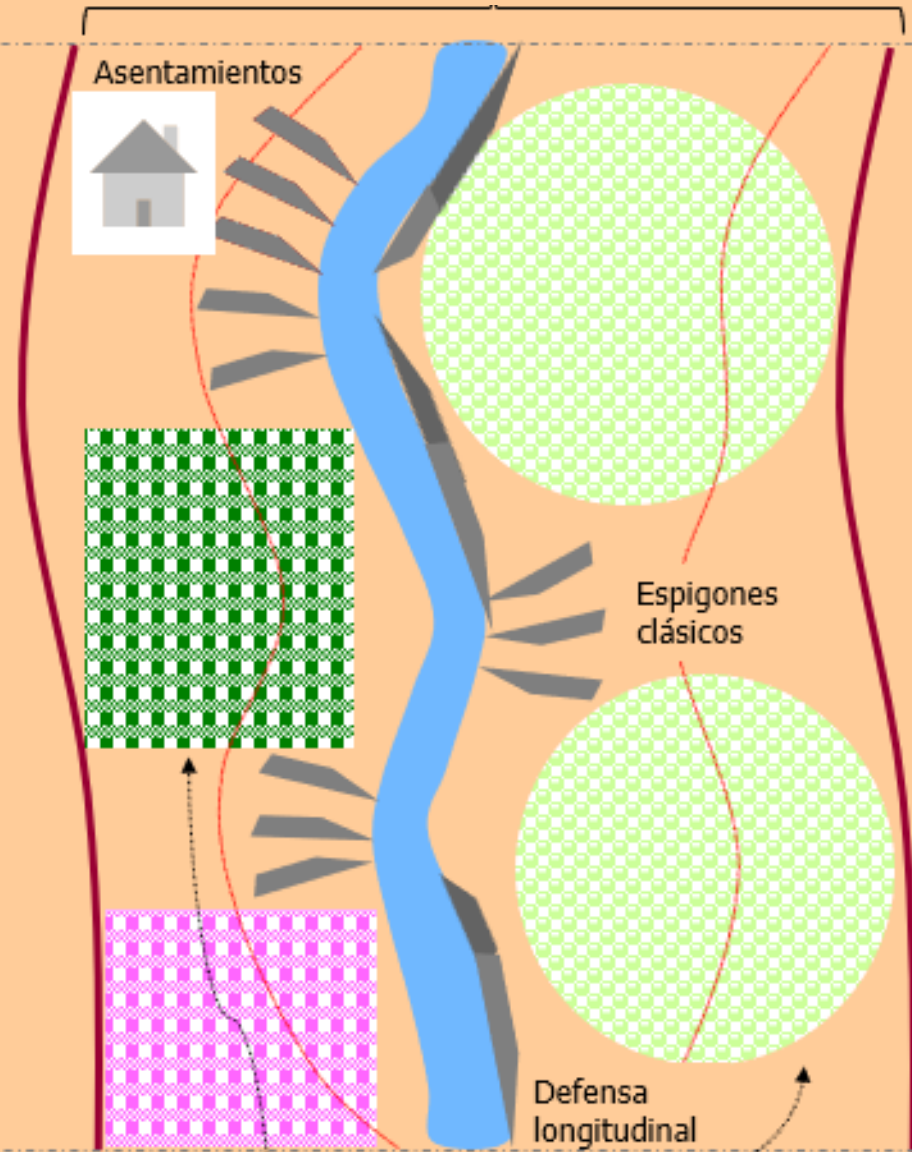
- Sea level raise
- Morphological modification of rivers
- Residual Risk and/or Costs (Investment + OMR) to address harsher events simply unbearable
- Enormous uncertainty (T_R) but alteration of climatic mechanisms is guaranteed → new, much more extended phenomena: Un-experienced concomitance of events in the sub basins. Tropical cyclones... in Italy?!

CLIMATE CHANGE



Our LEGACY, if we do not change now

The Fluvial CORRIDOR



OUTSIDE the RIVER CORRIDOR

It is *naïf* to hope that water remains inside the channel.....

it simply will not, and residual risk is very HIGH



middle course of Lambro River (Milano Italy)

....adaptation: towards «hydro-cities»

...more than *sponge cities*
or *water proofing*...



MILANO (I), METRO5 flooding by Seveso River 2014 (project FLORIMAP; conception and photos: Daniele Bignami, Fondazione Politecnico MI)

- *prepare preferential waterways with least assets exposed: eliminate basements and low passages*
- *prepare escape ways*
- *modify or even remove/reconstruct buildings suitably*

....adaptation: towards «hydro-cities»

Sono avveniristici, tecnologici, smart, ma soprattutto bizzarri (e anche brillanti) i palazzi immaginati dagli architetti per le città del domani. Una giuria internazionale di esperti (tra loro anche Massimiliano Fuksas e Benedetta Tagliabue) ha esaminato 408 progetti arrivati da tutti e sette i continenti per il concorso «Skyscraper Competition», il premio istituito dal 2006 dalla rivista americana eVolo. Gli architetti si sono focalizzati sull'uso innovativo dei materiali, sulle tecnologie, sull'estetica, ma soprattutto su quei problemi che molte metropoli dovranno affrontare in un futuro non così lontano: il sovraccollimento, il riscaldamento globale, i disastri ambientali. Al di là del fatto che questi colossi probabilmente non vedranno mai la luce, resta comunque uno spettacolo scorrere le immagini dei progetti premiati. La «Bio-Pyramide» (nella foto) è stata concepita come una biosfera tra il deserto del Sahara e la città del Cairo. Immaginata da un team di architetti statunitensi ha avuto una menzione d'onore
(a cura di Emar Burchia. Foto eVolo)



Key messages:

- ❑ *start from LOVE ❤️ with no shame*
Solve the weaknesses of the ecosystem assessment WFD-scheme (role of HyMo, OOA0 criterion); merge “peculiarity”
- ❑ *Understand the geomorphic behavior of rivers at the basis*
- ❑ *Recognize the M Obj nature of decision problems; merge scientific & participatory components; measure key objectives C, R_T, N, \dots via Value Functions; adopt a really integrated view of actions: water supply, flood control, nature conservation, energy*
- ❑ *RISK: Abandon the “SAFETY” chimera, and foster a cultural revolution from engineering to an NBS paradigm, exploring integrated ALTs of fluvial corridor, land use & hydro-cities*
- ❑ *Bravely consider possible future hydrology → choose solutions which be robust and flexible (no-regret criterion)*
- ❑ *Start now: planning and implementation need a lot of time!*

Hydro-Morphological RISK under CC: an unexpected powerful ally



Although risk management is traditionally one of the worst **enemies** of a good ecological status, climate changes obliges us to switch to a new nature-based paradigm and hence undertake serious, large scale restoration actions

RISK ↔

nature based solutions

↔ conservation & restoration

RISK MANAGEMENT UNDER CLIMATE CHANGE CAN SERIOUSLY SUPPORT NATURE CONSERVATION & RIVER RESTORATION

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20 April 2023

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Concept Paper

Making room for our forthcoming rivers

Andrea G.C. Nardini ⁽¹⁾

River Management & Restoration: What River Do We Wish for

by  Andrea Gianni Cristoforo Nardini ^{1,*}  and  Giulio Conte ² 

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Water **2021**, *13*(10), 1336; <https://doi.org/10.3390/w13101336>

1
2

Photo: Burtynsky

EXPERIENCES ? Yes, several!

