Purple Power, INC. Safety Data Sheet Driveway & Concrete Cleaner

SECTION 1: Identification

1.1 Product identifier

Product name Driveway & Concrete Cleaner

Product number 13532PS, 13520P, 3540P, 13564HS

Brand Purple Power

1.4 Supplier's details

Name Purple Power, Inc Address P.O. Box 27147

Greenville, SC 29616

U.S.

Telephone 864-968-1250 Fax 864-968-1252

email drayton@clean-rite.com

1.5 Emergency phone number(s) 800-424-9300

SECTION 2: Hazard identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

- Skin corrosion/irritation, Cat. 2

- Eye damage/irritation, Cat. 2A

2.2 GHS label elements, including precautionary statements

Pictogram



Signal word Warning

Hazard statement(s)

H315 Causes skin irritation

H319 Causes serious eye irritation

Precautionary statement(s)

P301+P330+P331 IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.

P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse

skin with water/shower.

P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove

contact lenses if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor/if you feel unwell

P337+P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.
P362+P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures

P310

Hazardous components

1. Alcohols, c9-11, ethoxylated

Concentration 1 - 5 % (weight) CAS no. 68439-46-3

2. Diethylene glycol butyl ether

Concentration 1 - 5 % (weight) CAS no. 112-34-5

3. Sodium silicate

Concentration 1 - 5 % (weight) CAS no. 1344-09-8

4. Tetrasodium edta

Concentration 1 - 5 % (weight) CAS no. 64-02-8

4. Sodium Hydroxide 25%

Concentration 0.01 - 1.0 % (weight)

CAS no. 1310-73-2

SECTION 4: First-aid measures

4.1 Description of necessary first-aid measures

General advice Consult a physician/doctor if necessary. Take proper precautions to ensure

your own health and safety before attempting rescue and providing first aid.

Show this material safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance

If inhaled Move person into fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Consult

a physician.

In case of skin contact Immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Removing

contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash clothing before reuse. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Get medical attention

immediately.

In case of eye contact Rinse thoroughly with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes and consult a

physician. Continue rinsing eyes during transport to hospital.

If swallowed Do NOT induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious

person. Rinse mouth with water. Consult a physician.

Personal protective equipment for first-aid responders

First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection and use the recommended protective clothing (chemical resistant gloves, splash protection). If potential for exposure exists refer to Section 8 for specific personal protective equipment.

4.2 Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Aside from the information found under Description of first aid measures (above) and Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed (below), any additional important symptoms and effects are described in Section 11: Toxicology Information.

4.3 Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Effects are dependent on exposure (dose, concentration, contact time). Effects are immediate and delayed. Symptoms may include irritation, burns, and pain. Causes skin irritation and eye irritation. Review section 2 of SDS to see all potential hazards.

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

5.1 Suitable extinguishing media

Use extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding fire.

5.2 Specific hazards arising from the chemical

This material will not burn until the water has evaporated. Residue can burn.

5.3 Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Fire fighters should enter area only if they are protected from all contact with the material. Full protective clothing, including self-contained breathing apparatus, coat, pants, gloves, boots and bands around legs, arms, and waist, should be worn. No skin surfaces should be exposed.

Further information

Slipping hazard if product is spilled on the floor. This hazard may increase with the addition of water.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Use personal protective equipment. Avoid breathing vapors, mist or gas. Ensure adequate ventilation. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. For personal protection see section 8.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not let product enter drains.

6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

SMALL SPILLS: Contain and absorb with absorbent material and place into containers for later disposal. Wash site of spillage thoroughly with water. LARGE SPILLS: Dike far ahead of spill to prevent further movement. Recover by pumping or by using a suitable absorbent material and place into containers for later disposal. Dispose in suitable waste container.

Reference to other sections

For disposal see section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Ensure adequate ventilation. Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Avoid ingestion and inhalation. For precautions see section 2.2.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

Specific end use(s)

Apart from the uses mentioned in section 1.2 no other specific uses are stipulated

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

1. Diethylene glycol butyl ether (CAS: 112-34-5 EC: 203-961-6)

TLV®: 10 ppm; USA (ACGIH)

Liver effects, Kidney effects, Hematologic effects, 2014 Adoption

8.2 Appropriate engineering controls

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.

8.3 Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment (PPE)

Pictograms





Eve/face protection

Tightly fitting safety goggles. Face shield (8-inch minimum). Use equipment for eye protection tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US).

Skin protection

Handle with gloves. Gloves must be inspected prior to use. Use proper glove removal technique (without touching glove's outer surface) to avoid skin contact with this product. Dispose of contaminated gloves after use in accordance with applicable laws and good laboratory practices. Wash and dry hands.

Body protection

Choose body protection in relation to its type, to the concentration and number of dangerous substances, and to the specific workplace., The type of protective equipment must be selected according to the concentration and amount of the dangerous substance at the specific workplace.

Respiratory protection

Use with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate.

Environmental exposure controls

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not let product enter drains.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance/form (physical state, color, etc.)

Odor

Odor threshold

pН

Fluorescent Green Liquid Mixture

Characteristic
No data available.

< 12.50

Melting point/freezing point 0°C
Initial boiling point and boiling range 100°C

Flash point

Evaporation rate

Flammability (solid, gas)

Upper/lower flammability limits

Vapor pressure

Vapor density

No data available.

Relative density 1.007

Solubility(ies)

Complete in water
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water

Auto-ignition temperature

Decomposition temperature

Viscosity

No data available.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

Reacts with aluminum, minerals, and acids.

10.2 Chemical stability

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Polymerization will not occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Avoid contact with: Oxidizers. Strong acids.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Oxidizers. Strong Acids

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

All data is collected from supplier SDS's or historical data. Aiken Chemicals performs no animal testing.

LD50 Oral Rat 18732 mg/kg (Not Classified)

LC50 Inhalation Rat 228447 mg/l (Not Classified)

LD50 Dermal Rabbit 36177 mg/kg (Not Classified)

Skin corrosion/irritation

Expected to cause skin burns/irritation.

Serious eve damage/irritation

Expected to cause serious eye damage/irritation

Respiratory or skin sensitization

not expected to cause skin sensitization

Germ cell mutagenicity

No data available

Carcinogenicity

No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC.

NTP: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a known or anticipated carcinogen by NTP.

OSHA: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is on OSHA's list of regulated carcinogens.

Reproductive toxicity

No data available

STOT-single exposure

No data available

STOT-repeated exposure

No data available

Aspiration hazard

No data available

Additional information

No data available

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Toxicity

All data is collected from supplier SDS's or historical data. Aiken Chemicals performs no animal testing.

Fish: 332.615 mg/l (not classified)

Daphnia magna: 286.399 mg/l (not classified)

algae: 844.443 mg/l (not classified)

Persistence and degradability

97.3833% of components are readily biodegradable

0.0033% not readily biodegradable

1.9486% of components have no data

Bio accumulative potential

0.00% of components will bioaccumulate.

0.0033% of components will not bioaccumulate

99.9967% of components have no data

Mobility in soil

0.00% of components have mobility in soil.

0.00% of components have no mobility in soil.

100.00% of components have no data.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

Disposal of the product

Dispose in accordance with all applicable federal, state, and local regulation. Contact your federal, state, and local authorities for specific rules.

Disposal of contaminated packaging

Dispose of as unused product.

Waste treatment

No data available

Sewage disposal

No data available

Other disposal recommendations

No data available

SECTION 14: Transport information

DOT (US)

Not dangerous goods

IMDG

Not dangerous goods

IATA

Not dangerous goods

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product in question

SARA 311/312 Hazards

Acute Health Hazard, Chronic Health Hazard

SARA 313 Components

The following components are subject to reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313: 2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethanol

CAS-No. 112-34-5

Pennsylvania Right to Know Components

2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethanol

CAS-No. 112-34-5

Ethylenediaminetetraacetic acid tetrasodium salt dihydrate

CAS-No. 10378-23-1

Massachusetts Right to Know Components

No components are subject to the Massachusetts Right to Know Act.

New Jersey Right to Know Components

2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethanol

CAS-No. 112-34-5

Ethylenediaminetetraacetic acid tetrasodium salt dihydrate

CAS-No. 10378-23-1

15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

NFPA (National Fire Protection Association)

HMIS (Hazardous Material Information System)

Hazards are split into categories each with a 0 to 4 rating, 0 meaning no hazard and 4 meaning high hazard

HMIS Rating



SECTION 16: Other information

Abbreviations, acronyms

ACGIH = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

bw = body weight

bw/day = body weight/day

EC x =Effect Concentration associated with x% response

GLP = Good Laboratory Practice

IARC = International Agency for Research of Cancer

LC50 = 50% Lethal concentration - Concentration of a chemical in air or a chemical in water which causes the death of 50% (one

half) of a group of test animals

LD50 = 50% Lethal Dose - Chemical amount, given at once, which causes the death of 50% (one half) of a group of test animals

LL = Lethal Loading

NIOSH = National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health

NOAEL = No Observed Adverse Effect Level

NOEC = No Observed Effect Concentration

NOEL = No Observed Effect Level

OECD = Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development

OSHA = Occupational Safety and Health Administration

UVCB = Substance of unknown or Variable composition, Complex reaction products or biological material

fw = fresh water

mw = marine water

or = occasional release

dw = dry weight

SCBA = Self Contained Breathing Apparatus

Legend

Section 8

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

OSHA - Occupational Safety and Health Administration

NIOSH - National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health

TLV - Threshold Limit Values

PEL - Permissible Exposure Limits

IDHL - Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health concentrations

TWA - Time Weight Average

STEL - Short Term Exposure Limits

S* - Skin notation

TSCA - Toxic Substance Control Act

16.1 Further information/disclaimer

The information is based on our knowledge to date but does not constitute an assurance of product properties and does not imply a legal contractual relationship. Safety Data Sheet information is based on the individual ingredients Safety Data Sheets provided by the supplier.

16.2 Preparation information

Purple Power, Inc. P.O. Box 27147 Greenville, SC, 29616 864-968-1250 800-828-1860 864-968-1252 (fax)