# National Transit Database

**Rural Data Reporting Fundamentals and Modules** 

National RTAP Training – Tribal and Rural Transit

10/14/2025



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### **Course Goals and Outline**

To help Rural transit professionals understand National Transit Database (NTD) fundamentals and learn the necessary skills for reporting data to the NTD internet reporting website.

### **Today's Course**

- Fundamental Review
- NTD Terminology
- System Overview
- Validation and Closeout Procedures

### **Contact Information**

#### **National Transit Database**

300 Preston Avenue, Suite 401 Charlottesville, VA 22902

NTD Reporting Application (Appian) Support

FTAITHelpDesk@dot.gov

M-F 8:00am-8:00pm Eastern

Non-Technical NTD Program Support

NTDHelp@dot.gov

M-F 8:00am-7:00pm Eastern

### **Presenter**

**Bailey Krouse** 

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Rural Lead

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# **NTD Program Management**

### FTA Office of Budget and Policy

Chelsea Champlin, NTD Program Manager
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### **FTA NTD Support Contractor**

Joe Eldredge, Operations Center Manager
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# NTD Rural Analysts



### NTD Analyst Team

Bailey Krouse Courtney Springer Reed Kattmann



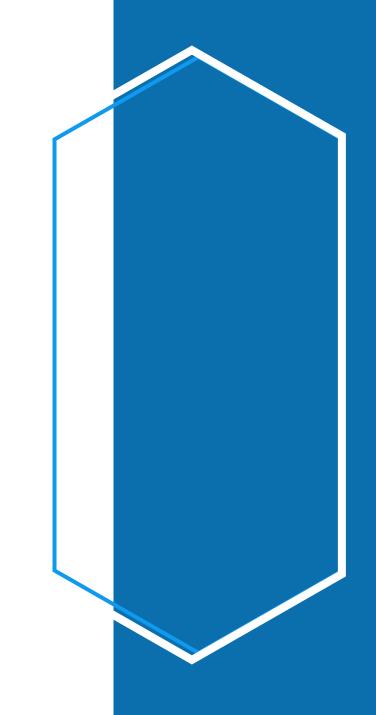
# One analyst assigned to each Tribal and State DOT reporter

Helps with policy questions

Assists with system access and data entry questions

Reviews report and discuss reporting issues

# **Fundamental Overview**





# What is the National Transit Database (NTD)?

- Established by Congress in 1974
  - Urbanized area reporting started in 1979
  - Rural reporting started in 2006
    - ➤ Tribal formula grants started in 2013
- Primary source of information and statistics on US transportation systems
  - Includes all public transportation modes
  - Uses consistent data definitions

# **Legislative Requirements**

- 49 USC § 5335(a) and (b)
  - Requires DOT Secretary (i.e., FTA) to maintain the NTD to record public transportation financial, operating, and asset condition information using a uniform system of accounts
  - DOT secretary (i.e., FTA) can only award section 5307 and 5311 grants to an applicant and person receiving direct benefits from grants who report to the NTD and provide public transit services

### **Uses of NTD Data**

- Formula apportionments
  - Urbanized Areas
    - > Sections 5307, 5337, 5339
  - State Safety Oversight
  - Rural Formula
  - Tribal Formula
- Conditions and Performance Report
- Government Performance Results Act (GPRA)
- Performance benchmarking
- Academic research

# Formula Grants for Rural Areas (§5311)

- Provides planning, public transportation capital projects, operating assistance and acquisition of public transportation services
  - Formula program Apportionment (FY2026 \$856 million)
  - Appalachian Development Public Transportation Assistance Program (FY2026 \$29 million)
  - Rural Transit Assistance Program (RTAP) (\$19 million)
- Apportionment to States:
  - 0 16.85% -
    - > 29.68% Non-Urbanized Vehicle Revenue Miles (No more than 5% of this amount)
    - > 29.68% Non-Urbanized Land Area (No more than 5% of this amount)
    - ➤ 40.64% Non-Urbanized Low Income
  - 0 83.15% -
    - > 20% Non-Urbanized Land Area (No more than 5% of this amount)
    - ➤ 80% Non-Urbanized Population



## **Rural Public Transit Reporters**

#### States and federally recognized Indian tribes.

 Subrecipients may include state or local government authorities, nonprofit organizations, or operators of public transportation or intercity bus service that receive funds indirectly through a recipient

### **Federal Share and Matching Requirements**

- Capital Projects 80%
- Operating Assistance 50%
- ADA Non-fixed route service 80%

# Formula Grants for Tribal Transit (§5311)

- Provides capital, planning, and operating assistance for public transportation on Indian reservations
- Formula program (FY2026 \$38 million)
  - Tier 1: 50% based on vehicle revenue miles (all tribes)
  - Tier 2: 25% based on vehicle revenue miles (tribes operating > 200,000 VRM)
  - Tier 3: 25% based on low-income individuals (tribes > 1,000 low-income individuals) based on American Community Survey (ACS) data from the U.S. Census"
- Competitive program (about \$10 million)

# **Tribal Public Transportation Program Reporters**

# Federally recognized tribes that provide <u>public</u> transportation and:

- Receive or benefit from Tribal Transit Program (TTP) §5311 funding or
- Report voluntarily who want to benefit from this funding in the future

### **Federal Share and Matching Requirements**

- Formula and Competitive Program
  - No local match required

# **Continuing Grant Requirements**

Reporting requirements begin the year after an agency applies for funding.

#### Must continue if:

- the agency intends to keep §5311 funding applications open, OR
- §5311-funded assets are still within their minimum useful life, OR
- o the agency intends to apply for §5311 in the future

### **Voluntary Reporters**

 In short, all agencies must provide values for all required fields in the reporting system for their designated reporter type

## What is Reported?

- All public transportation services operated directly or through purchased transportation
- Key financial, operating, and asset data associated with services including:
  - Annual operating costs and funding sources
  - Annual capital costs and funding sources
  - Annual revenue vehicle miles
  - Annual ridership
  - Fleet size and type
  - Operating facilities



# **RY 2025 Reporting Deadlines**

Fiscal Year- End Date	Waiver, Special Request, etc. Deadline	Annual Report Due Date	Last Date to Submit Report Revisions	Report Closeout Date
June 30	August 31	October 31	March 1	March 15
September 30	November 30	January 31	May 1	May 15
December 31	February 28	April 30	July 1	July 15

# **Key Reference Documents**

(Available on NTD Website)

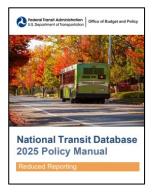


Uniform System of Accounts
(USOA) Outlines the basic
accounting structure all NTD
reporters must follow



Annual Reporting User

Guide Provides step-by-step
user guidance for navigation
and data entry within NTD.



Reduced Reporting Policy

Manual Provides detailed guidance on how to complete NTD forms. Issued annually.

# **NTD Terminology**





### **Public Transportation**

- The term "public transportation," (also referred to as "transit" or "mass transportation") is defined by law at 49 U.S.C. §5302(14) as follows:
  - (A) means regular, continuing shared-ride surface transportation services that are open to the general public or open to a segment of the general public defined by age, disability, or low income; and
  - (B) does not include
    - intercity passenger rail transportation provided by the entity described in chapter 243<sup>1</sup> (or a successor to such entity)
    - (ii) intercity bus service
    - (iii) charter bus service
    - (iv) school bus service
    - (v) sightseeing service
    - (vi) courtesy shuttle service for patrons of one or more specific establishments, or
    - (vii) intra-terminal or intra-facility shuttle services



## **Example: Public Transportation**

- A transit agency contracts a ride-hailing service to provide ondemand service to its paratransit riders.
- Riders receive a limited number of subsidized, on-demand rides per month.
- Customers are not guaranteed an exclusive ride.
- Outcome: This service may be eligible as public transit.
- The following conditions would have to be met:
  - The agency is paying the full cost of service (less fares),
  - Drivers and passengers cannot refuse additional passengers if there is available seating capacity, and
  - The service operator is attempting to group all rides to facilitate shared-ride service.



## **Mode: Demand Response (DR)**

- Operates in response to requests from passengers or their agents
- When possible, ride requests grouped together on a single vehicle
- Vehicles do not operate over a fixed route or on a fixed schedule



## Mode: Bus (MB)

Uses rubber-tired passenger vehicles operating on fixed routes and schedules over roadways

- Vehicles are powered by a motor
- Fuel or electricity stored on board the vehicle

Bus service that deviates from fixed routes

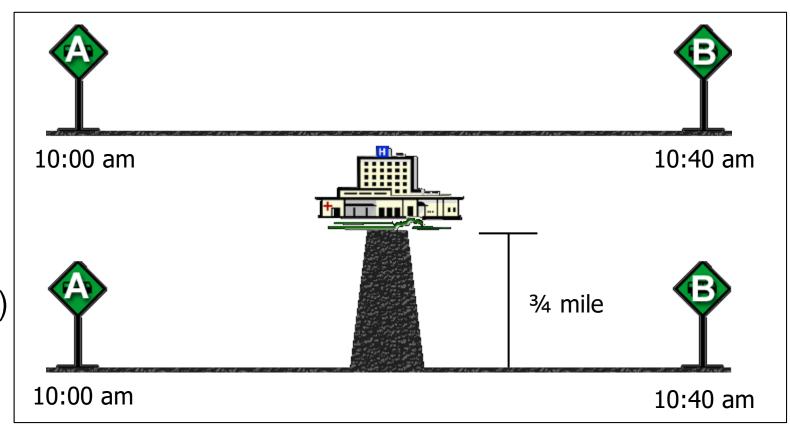
- Either point or route deviation
- Report as MB (GTFS Required)
  - Often incorrectly reported as Demand Response



## **Route Deviation (MB mode)**

Conventional bus route

Deviates from the route within fixed (e.g., <sup>3</sup>/<sub>4</sub> mile) distance



### **Commuter Bus or Bus**

Same type of vehicles consistently operated on service.

Example: conventional buses versus over-the-road coaches

Driver work assignments (runs) predominately operate same types of services with same types of vehicles.

- No "mixing" of work assignments
  - Example: do not operate conventional bus on local bus route in morning and then operate over-the-road coach in the afternoon

Please contact your analyst if you have questions

# **Direct and Purchased Types of Service** (TOS)

Based on who operates and pays for the service

**Directly Operated (DO)** 

 Vehicles operated by reporter's employees Purchased Transportation (PT, TN, TX)

- Vehicles operated by the seller's employees
- Service branded as buyer's service
- Buyer provides all funding subsidies (public or private)

# **Purchased Types of Service (PT TOS)**

# **Transportation Network Company (TN)**

- Service dispatched using a mobile application
- Non-dedicated vehicles

### Taxi (TX)

- Uses commercial taxi companies with nondedicated fleets for DR service
- Do not report taxi
   voucher programs unless
   dispatching involves
   shared riding

### **General (PT)**

- Does not meet TN or TX definitions
- Dedicated or nondedicated vehicles

### **Common Revenue Service Abbreviations**

**VRM** – Vehicle Revenue Miles

**VRH** – Vehicle Revenue Hours

**VOMS** – Vehicles Operated in Maximum Service

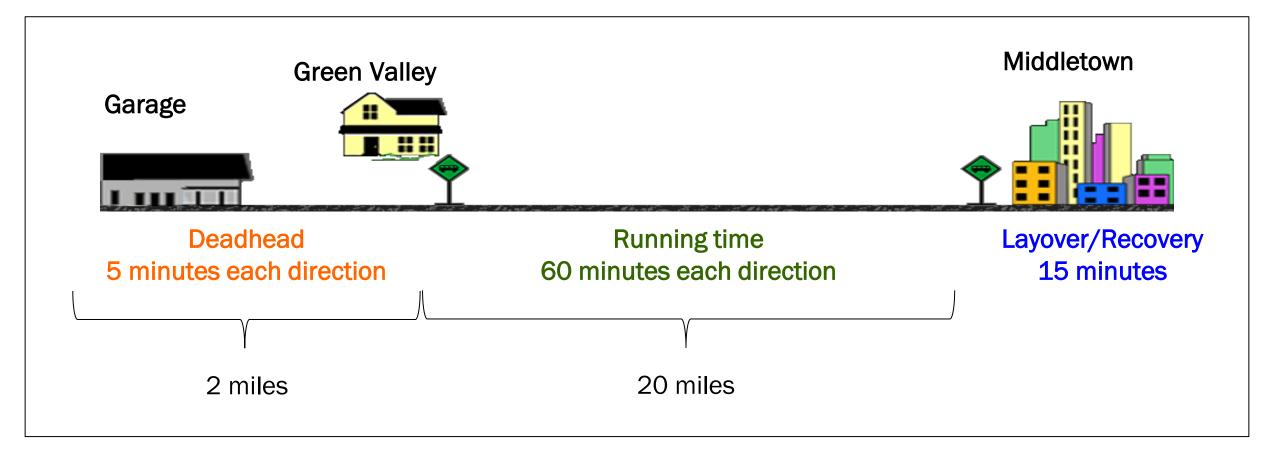
**UPT** – Unlinked Passenger Trips

**SUPT** – Sponsored Unlinked Passenger Trips

### **Revenue Service Definition**

- A transit vehicle is in revenue service when it is providing public transportation and is available to carry passengers
- Service data should include:
  - Miles and hours when a vehicle is in revenue service (running time)
  - Layover/Recovery Time
- Service data should exclude:
  - Deadhead (ex. leaving or returning to garage)
  - School Bus or Charter Service
  - Training
  - Maintenance Testing
  - Fueling
  - Lunch Breaks

# **Example - Revenue Calculations**



- Deadhead: garage to first stop
- Revenue service: expectation of carrying passengers (green) and layover (blue)

### **Demand Response Hours and Miles**

### Revenue Hours/Miles

- From first passenger scheduled pick-up to last scheduled passenger drop-off
  - > Even if the passenger is a "no-show"
  - Even when traveling empty from one drop-off point to the next pick-up point
- Definition applies as long as
  - ➤ Vehicle does not return to garage
  - ➤ Breaks not scheduled (e.g., lunch, fueling)

# **Unlinked Passenger Trips (UPT)**

#### • UPT

- Number of passengers who board public transit vehicles
- Passengers are counted each time they board the vehicle no matter how many vehicles they use from their origin to their destination

#### Sponsored UPT – Demand Response Only

- Paid in whole or in part by a third party who often handles trip arrangements
- Common sponsored services: Medicaid and Independent living centers

Sponsored trips are public transportation and reportable if:

- They are part of a coordinated human services transportation plan and
- There is an attempt to group rides

# Vehicles Operated in Maximum Service (VOMS)

- Number of revenue vehicles operated to meet the annual maximum service requirement
- Reporting VOMS:
  - Count VOMS based on the peak season of the year on the busiest day
    - Exclude atypical days or one-time special events
  - Report vehicles actually operated
    - Do not report highest number of vehicles available for service

# **Accounting Requirements**

The Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) requires that all financial data in the NTD Annual Report follow accrual accounting principles:

- Agencies record revenues when they earn them, regardless of whether they actually receive the revenue in the same fiscal year; and
- Agencies record expenditures as soon as they owe an entity, regardless of whether they actually pay the funds for the expenditure in the same fiscal year

If an agency uses a cash-based accounting system, it must adjust its data to report on an accrual basis.

## **Operating Expenses**

# Day-to-day expenses that a transit agency incurs:

- Vehicle operations
  - Drivers, dispatchers, supervisors
- Vehicle maintenance
  - Mechanics, fuelers, cleaners
- Facility maintenance
  - Buildings, grounds, terminals, stations
- General administration
  - Marketing & Customer support
  - Finance and procurement
  - Planning and service development



## **Cost Allocation**

Must report the costs of delivering each mode/type of service.

- Requires agencies to determine direct costs, allocate shared costs
- Direct Costs
- Costs that are identifiable to one mode/TOS
- Examples:
  - Labor costs for MB/DO operators driving vehicles for one mode of transit service, contractor expenses for DR/PT that are specific to the DR mode

- Shared Costs
- Costs that cannot be separated and are associated with more than one mode/TOS
- Examples:
  - The tribe operates MB/DO and DR/PT. Labor costs for general managers or executive officers, administrative office rental expenses, auditor expenses

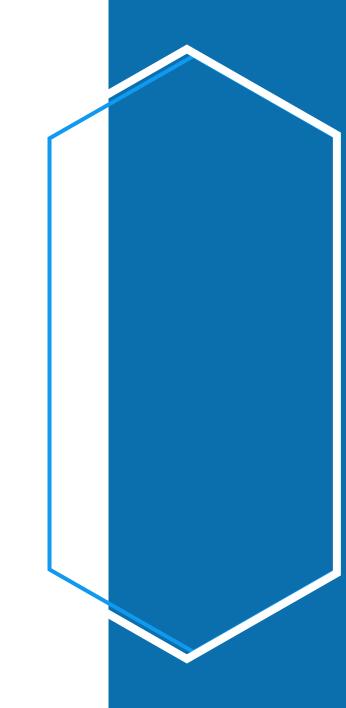
## **Capital Expenses**

- Expenses related to purchasing or making a major improvement to a capital asset
- If an asset will last > 1 year, then it is generally considered to be a capital expense
- The cost of an asset can be reported as an operating expense if unit cost is the lesser of:
  - ○\$10,000 **or**
  - The capitalization level established by the tribe for financial statement purposes
- Predominate Use Rule: Report expenses under the mode/type of service that the asset supports the most

# **Awarded vs. Spent Grant Funding**

- Report the funding you spent (expended) during the fiscal year
  - Not the total award amount
- Example: A tribe receives \$275,000 of 5311 grant funding and expends \$178,000 during the fiscal year
- **Solution:** The tribe reports funding of \$178,000 under the 5311-funding type

# **System Overview**





# NTD Reporting Permissions by User Role

### **CEO & CEO Delegate**

- View and edit forms and issues
- Submit annual report package
- Create reporter requests (waivers, extension requests, etc.)

#### **NTD Contact**

- Submit revised annual report after the original submission by the CEO
- View and edit forms and issues
- Coordinate tribal responses made in response to validation issues raised by NTD

#### **Editor**

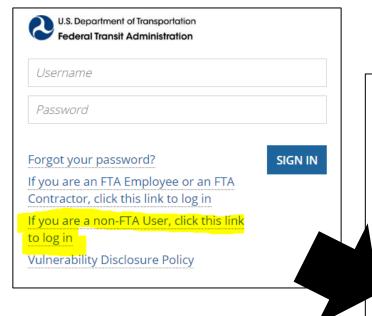
- View and edit forms and issues
  - \*Self-reporting subrecipients have this role most commonly

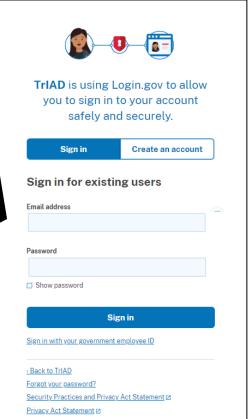
#### Viewer

View forms and issues

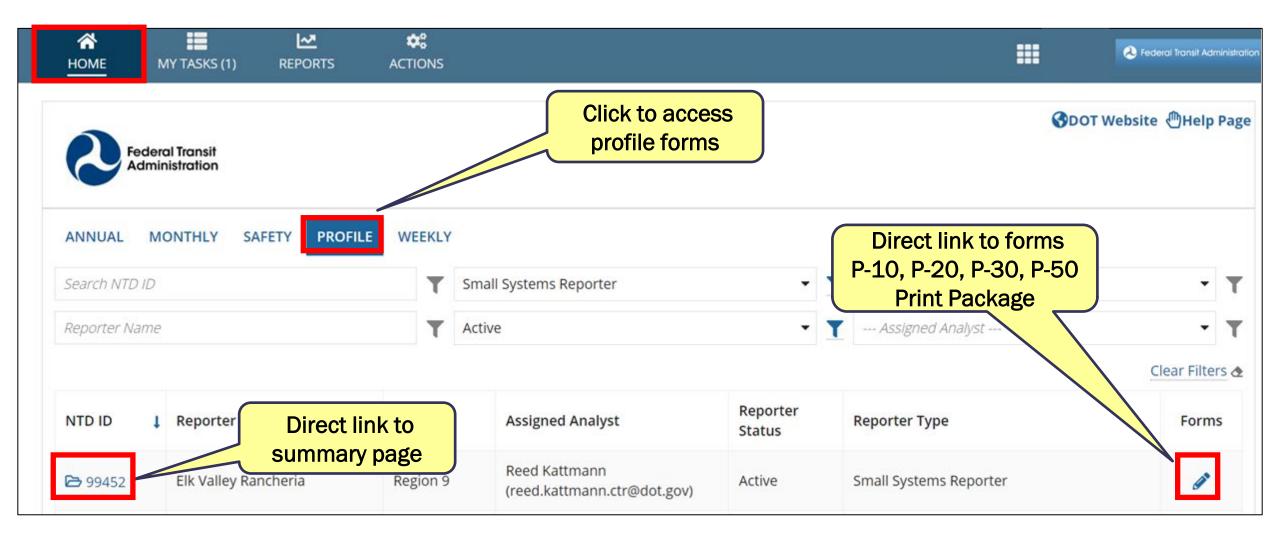
## **Accessing the NTD**

- Must use Login.gov credentials
  - o <a href="https://faces.fta.dot.gov/suite">https://faces.fta.dot.gov/suite</a>
  - Go to FTA web site for registration instructions
    - ➤ https://www.transit.dot.gov/fta-web-policies/web-policies/fta-logingov
- Select If you are a non-FTA User...

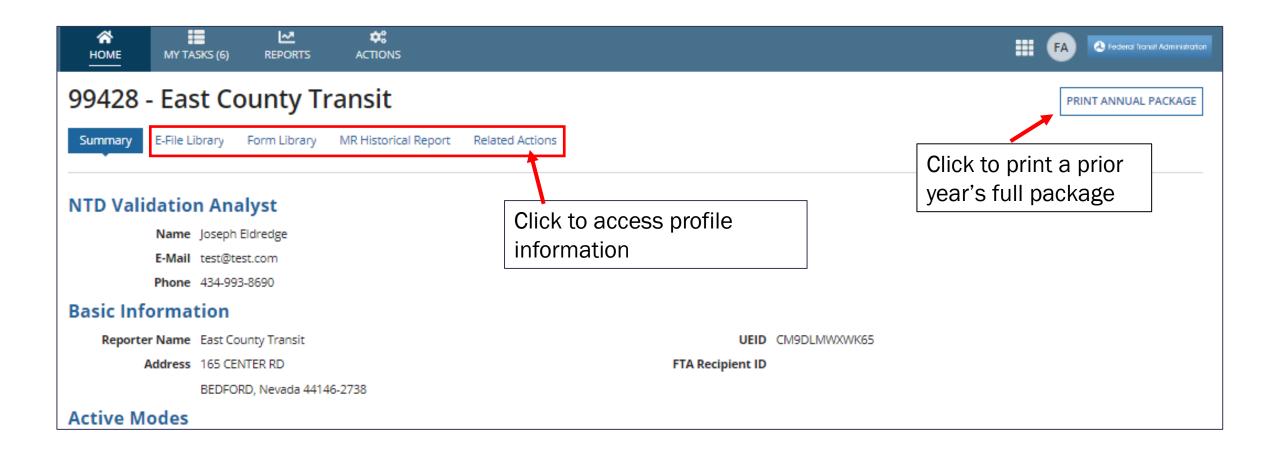




# **Navigating to Profile Forms**

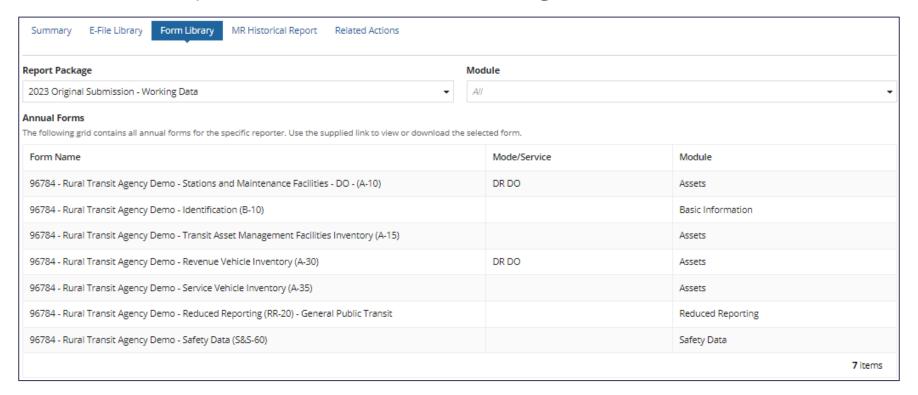


# **NTD Profile: Summary**



## **NTD Profile: E-File & Form Libraries**

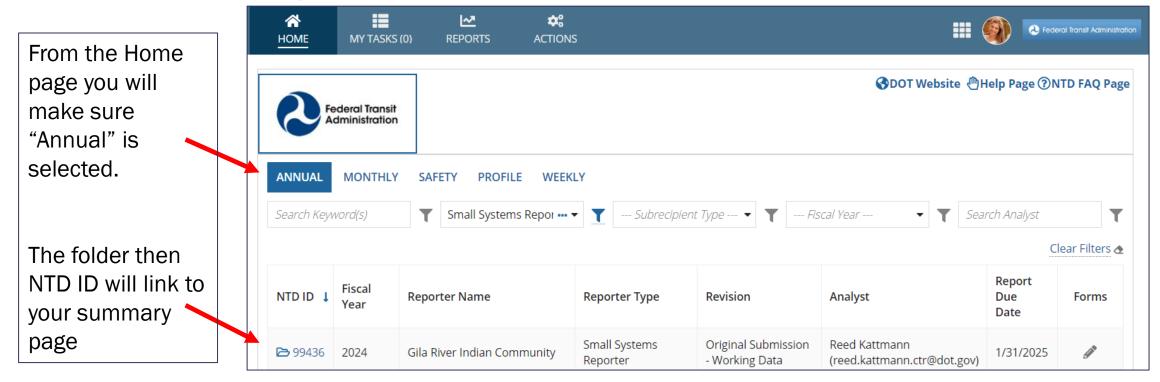
- "E-File Library" allows you to filter through communications
- "Form Library" contains historical report forms
  - Access Form Library to reference RY24 data during RY25



# **Navigating to the Report Package**

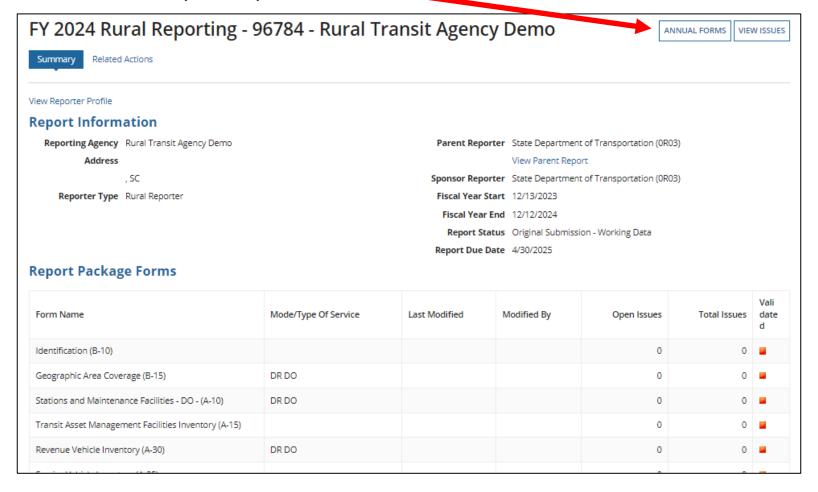
Report package contains annual report forms

 Only populates active (not closed out) packages (closed packages are in *Profile/Forms*)



## **Report Package: Summary Page**

• Select "Annual Forms" to open report forms



# **General Transit Feed Specification** (GTFS) P-50

#### What is GTFS?

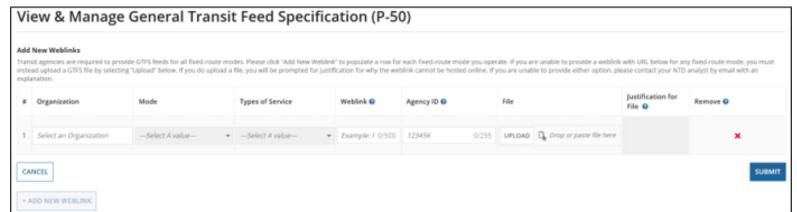
- Common format for public transit schedules and related geographic data
- Transit agencies publish data in GTFS, developers use data to write apps
- GTFS data must contain the following underlying text files: Agency, Stops,
   Routes, Trips, Stop Times, Calendar or Calendar dates, and Shapes files\*
- \*Shapes.txt required for Full Reporters beginning in RY2025, required for Reduced and Rural Reporters in RY2026.

## **GTFS for Fixed Route Modes**

The requirements for GTFS File uploads should include:

- Links that provide a direct download of the GTFS dataset zip file, and
- Links that are persistent (i.e., static), machine readable, and not password

protected.



#### **Resources:**

- RTAP GTFS Builder
  - https://www.nationalrtap.org/Technology-Tools/GTFS-Builder
- RTAP Builder Support
  - https://www.nationalrtap.org/Technology-Tools/GTFS-Builder/Support

## **NTD Annual Reporting Modules**

The NTD collects data on multiple aspects of transit agency's operations during a month or fiscal year. NTD data is organized into several distinct reporting modules based on the type of data reported:

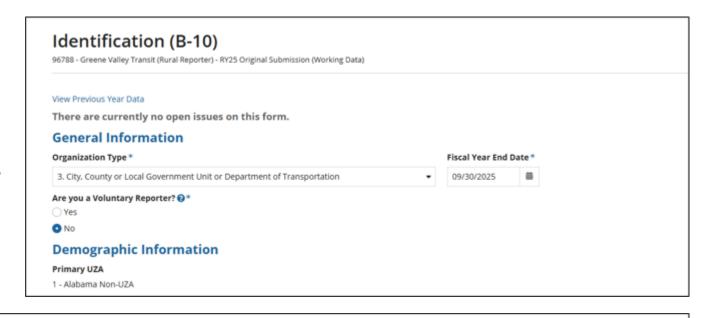
- Basic module ("B" forms)
- Asset module ("A" forms)
- Reduced Reporting module ("RR-20" forms)
- Safety and Security module ("S&S" forms)

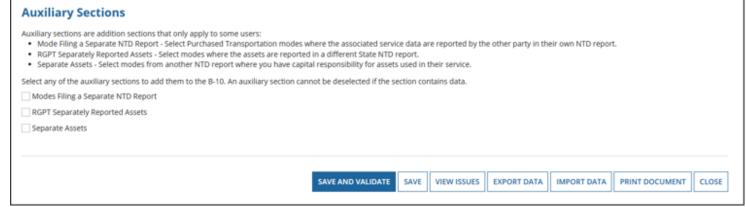
**Additional Tribal Modules** 

- Federal Funding Allocation module ("FFA" forms)
- Declarations module ("D" forms)

# **Basic Information (B-10)**

- Select an Organization Type from the drop-down menu.
- Enter the Fiscal Year End Date for the current report (based on the agency's 12-month reporting period; may differ from State's FY).
- New for RY25: Voluntary Reporter tag.
- Auxiliary Sections Disregard or contact analyst if you intend to select any of these options for the first time.





## **Geographic Area Coverage B-15**

- FTA collects geospatial data for non-fixed routes as part of a broader effort to collect NTD reporters' geographic service area coverage data.
- Agencies submit this data annually for Demand Response Modes (B-15 Form), which contains 10 service-level selections.
- Important notes:
  - If you require a passenger to call in the day before to reserve the ride, please enter 1 day. (Q9)
  - If services within the DR mode have different advance reservation requirements, report the shortest minimum advance reservation time (Q9)
  - If fares vary, report the most commonly charged
     Passenger Fare, not including any discounted (Q10)

- 1. Do you serve residents in another State besides your State?
- 2. Select the Counties that you serve, either in whole or in part, where you pick up residents for a new trip origination.
- 3. Select Census "Places" served in these counties; indicate whether these Places (e.g., Township) are served, and whether these Places are partially or wholly served.
- 4. Is your Demand Response service intended to meet the ADA complementary paratransit requirements for a fixed route system?
- 5. If yes to #4, is your service area limited to the ADA complementary paratransit distance for:
- · Your own NTD Reporter ID; or
- · Select all those that are not your NTD Reporter ID.
- 6. Within your service area, do you have different passenger eligibility requirements or different terms and conditions of service?
- 7. Which days per week do you operate?
- 8. For each day of the week, what are your hours of operation, and is your service:
- · Restricted to complementary paratransit under the ADA (i.e., determined through your local eligibility process)?
- Restricted to a specific segment of the population defined by age, disability, or low income?
- · Open to the general population (no eligibility restrictions)?
- 9. What is the minimum advanced reservation time for your service? Select days or hours.
- 10. What is the fare charged?



# Asset Management Facilities Inventory (A-15) – Merging

- Beginning in RY 2025, the Stations and Maintenance Facilities (A-10) form will no longer appear in the annual report.
  - Rural reporters will report all transit facility information on the Transit Asset Management Facilities Inventory (A-15) form.
  - Maintenance Facilities: The fields previously included on the A-10 form have been migrated to the A-15 form for maintenance facility types.
  - **Passenger Stations:** The A-15 form will include new required fields for passenger station types (new for RY25).
  - All other facility types (administrative facilities, vehicle fueling/washing facilities, etc.): No reporting change for RY25.

## **New Facility Type**

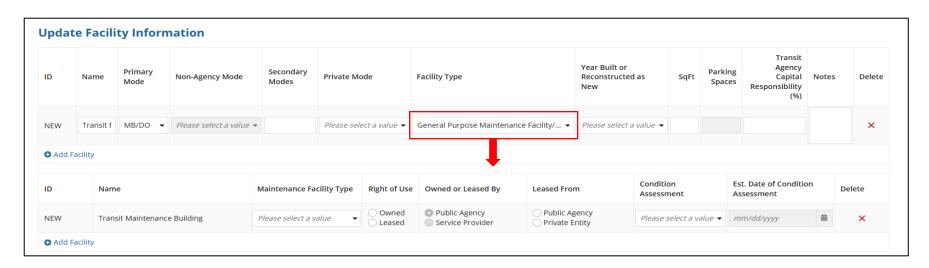
Vehicle Storage Facility - facilities where vehicles are stored, but minimal or no maintenance activity takes place.

- For example, "Bus Barns" are commonly reported as General Purpose Maintenance Facility/Depot in rural, these should be updated to Vehicle Storage Facility in system.
- New fields on the A-15 form which may not apply to vehicle storage facilities but do apply to general purpose maintenance facilities.



# **Asset Management Facilities Inventory** (A-15)

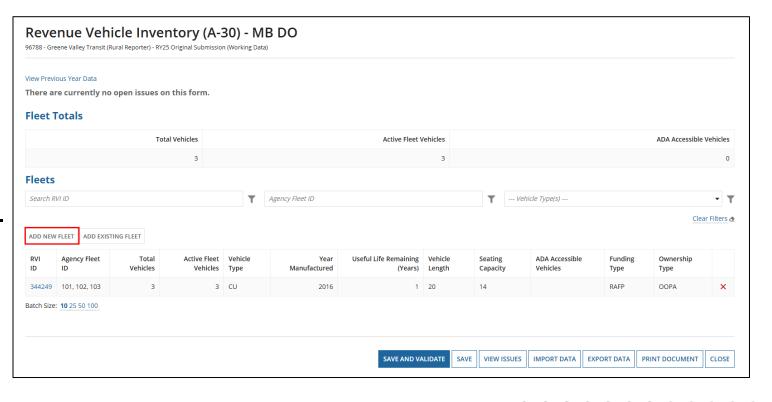
- All passenger facilities (such as passenger stations and parking facilities) used in revenue service, regardless of capital responsibility.
- All **maintenance facilities** (such as general purpose maintenance facilities) that service transit vehicles, regardless of capital responsibility, as long as the transit use for the facility is **greater than incidental**.
- All administrative facilities for which the agency has capital responsibility and the transit use is greater than incidental.



# **Revenue Vehicle Inventory (A-30)**

Report all vehicles used to transport passengers regardless of funding source

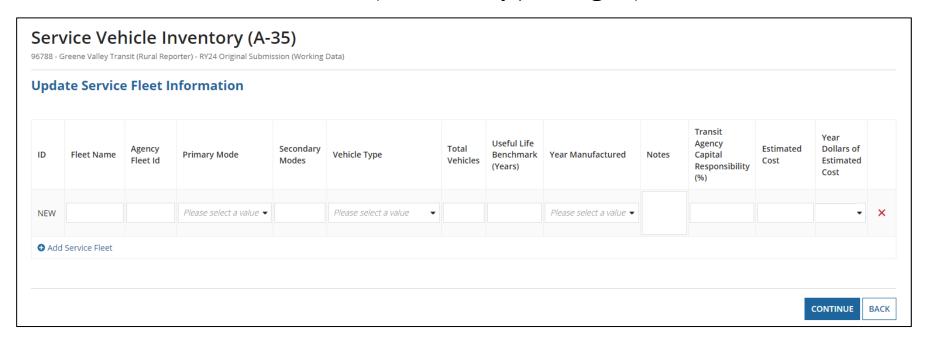
- Existing fleets from RY2024 will pre-populate
- Add new fleets
- Retire a fleet when all vehicles are sold or disposed of by FYE.
- Delete a fleet ONLY if it is mistakenly included in the removing a duplicate after using the Existing Fleet function.



# **Service Vehicle Inventory Form (A-35)**

Agencies report data on service vehicles.

- Service vehicles are vehicles which indirectly deliver transit service, maintain revenue vehicles, and perform transit-oriented administrative activities
- Not to be confused with Revenue Vehicles (used to carry passengers)



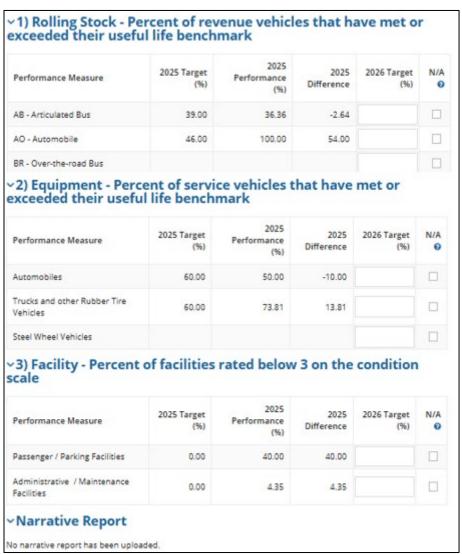
# Transit Asset Management Performance Measure Targets (A-90) \*1) Rolling Stock - Percent of reverceded their useful life bench

Agencies report the portion of their assets that have met or exceeded the "Useful Life Benchmark."

- Compares current year targets to actual data pulled from current year asset forms.
  - Vehicles
    - Useful Life Benchmark (A-30 & A-35)
  - Facilities
    - Condition Assessment (A-15)
- The State reports on behalf of their managed and independent participants. This form represents the plan for whole group.

#### Narrative Report

 Submit your Group Plan's Narrative Report for RY 2025 (different from TAM Plan).



# **Reduced Reporting Form (RR-20)**

# **Captures the following data:**

- Total Expenses
  - All funds spent regardless of source
- Funding Sources
  - o By original source
- Other Resources
  - Volunteer Drivers
  - Volunteer Vehicles
- Service Data

# **Expense Data**Captured by Mode/TOS

- Funds Expended on Operations
- Funds Expended on Capital
- Fare Revenues
  - Passenger-PaidFares
  - Organization-Paid Fares

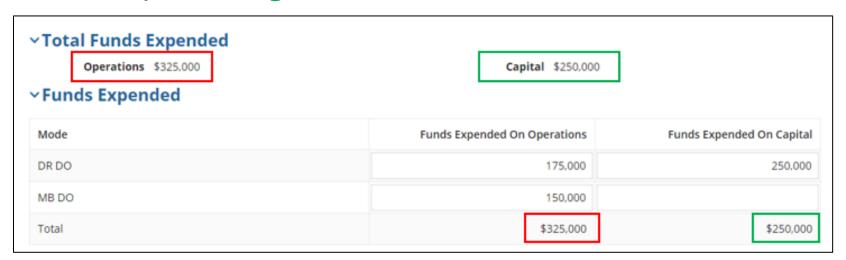
# Service Data Captured by Mode/TOS

- VRM
- VRH
- UPT
- SUPT
- VOMS

## **Total Funds Expended**

Report funding sources for operations and capital. The system auto-sums the reported funding sources under the section *Total Funds Expended*.

- Total Funds Expended for Operations must match Funds Expended on Operations as shown by values in red.
- Total Funds Expended for Capital must match Funds Expended on Capital as shown by values in green.



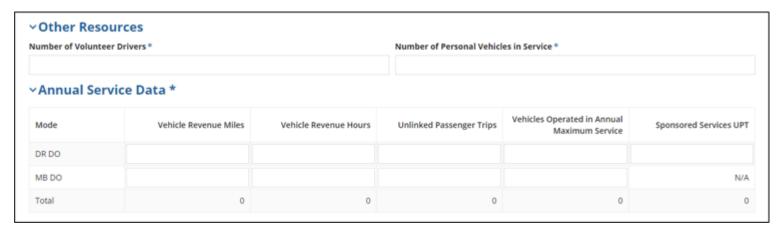
## **Other Resources and Service Data**

#### Other Resources

- Report "Number of Volunteer Drivers" based on the number of drivers your agency has available.
- Report "Number of Personal Vehicles in Service" based on the number of vehicles routinely used by your agency.
- Enter 0s if none reportable.

#### **Annual Service Data**

- Report Service By Mode/TOS.
- PRevenue Service: When a transit vehicle is providing public transportation and is available to carry passengers.



 Unlinked Passenger Trips: Total passenger trips (regular + sponsored trips).



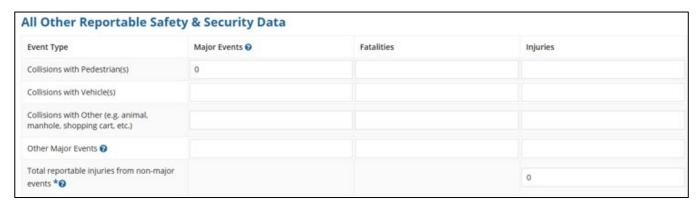
# Safety Data (S&S-60)

Tribal, Rural, and Asset-only reporters provide annual statistics

The Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act (IIJA) requires NTD to collect all assaults on transit workers.

All assaults on a transit worker must be reported, regardless of injury

- Physical vs Non-physical Assaults
  - Physical Assaults involve physical contact with a transit worker, and can include contact with the attacker's body, a weapon, a projectile or other item.
  - Non-Physical Assaults involve no physical contact, and may include threats, intimidation, or interfering with the workers duties.
- Collisions and other safety events
- Report a count of injuries from non-major events (e.g., slips, trips, and falls).
- If any of these events meet the fatality, evacuation, or property damage threshold, or result in two or more injuries: report under Other Major Events. If not: report under Total reportable injuries from non-major events.





# Federal Funding Allocation Form (FFA-10) Tribal Form Only

Agencies allocate data across the UZAs and non-UZAs (rural areas) they serve on this form.

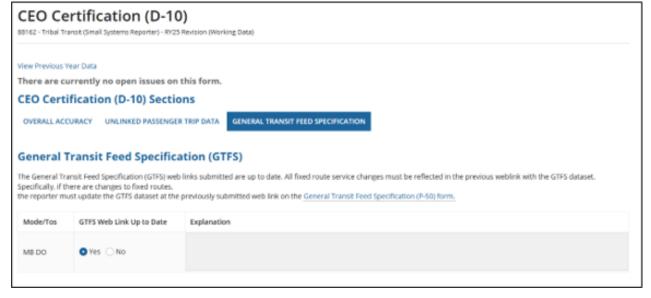
- FTA uses the FFA-10 form to apportion funds for Sections 5307, 5311, 5329, 5337, and 5339.
- If you operate in two States, you will need to report service performed in each state. Divide service and operating expense totals into sub totals for each area served.



# **CEO Declarations Form (D-10) Tribal Form Only**

The CEO endorses and attests to the accuracy of the data submitted in the NTD Annual report on the D-10 form.

- Overall Accuracy of the NTD Annual Report
   Yes/No
- Conformance to FTA NTD Manuals & USOA
   Yes/No
- Data Collection Methods for UPT
  - O Will select how each mode's UPT is collected
  - 100% count is most common
- GTFS Confirmation
  - Olf your agency operates a fixed route mode (MB, CB, or FB) you will be asked to confirm the current GTFS link on the D-10 form



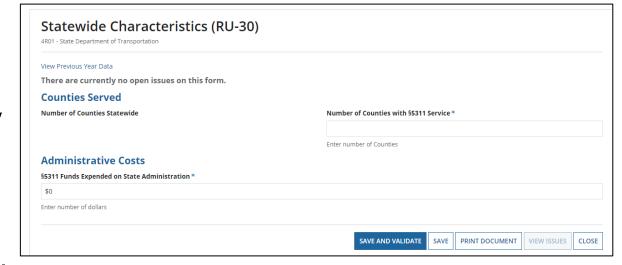
# **Statewide Characteristics (RU-30)**

#### Number of Counties with §5311 Service

- Total number of Statewide counties that are served by §5311 funded operators (including directly-reporting Indian tribes).
  - A county is considered served if the agency picks up or drops off passengers.

#### §5311 Expended on State Administration

• §5311 Revenues expended on State Administrative costs administering the program.



## **Validation Process**

Analysts validate for deviation from reporting requirements, missing data and data irregularities, including:

- Significant data fluctuations from previous report year,
- Incomplete forms, and
- Data reported to an incorrect field.

Smooth the process by providing detailed responses about your operating environment or changes from 2024.

- Avoid providing generalized answers i.e., "data is correct."
- Thoroughly explain any service/route changes, staff changes, funding changes, etc.

# **Validation Challenges**

### Allocating Operating Expenses

- Determine which expenses are direct costs that are attributable to a particular mode and type of service and which expenses are shared costs; and
- Trace or allocate shared costs to each mode, type of service, and function.

### Including Deadhead in Revenue Service

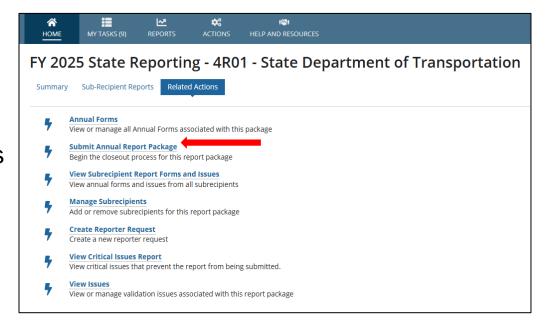
- Deadhead: when transit vehicles are deadheading, they operate closed-door and do not carry passengers.
- Vehicle revenue miles is an apportionment formula factor for 5311, so this data is validated closely.

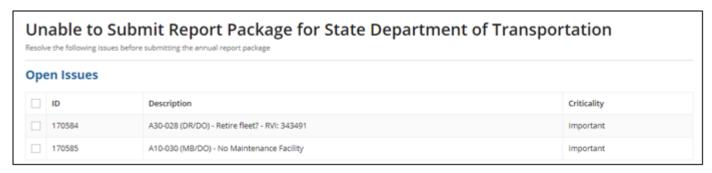
### Reporting Total Active Vehicles instead of VOMS

 VOMS is a snapshot during one part of the day that captures the maximum vehicles on the road at once.

## **Report Submission**

- Open the State or Tribal Package and select Related Actions, then Submit Annual Report Package
  - Please note that the CEO or CEO Delegate for the agency can submit the Original Submission, the NTD Contact can submit any subsequent revisions
- Unable to submit report
  - Open Issues
  - Non-Validated forms
  - Incomplete Required Field forms

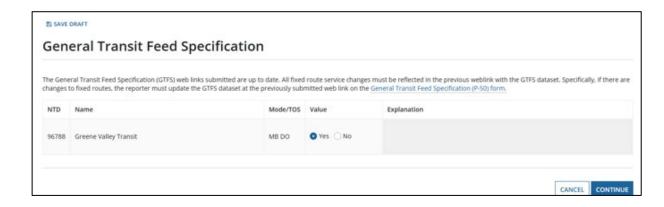




# GTFS Certification and FFA-20 Submission Form (State Only)

Confirm that the GTFS weblinks for RGPT subrecipients with fixed route modes are date

- Agency\_id required in RY25
- Shape.txt file required in RY26



The FFA-20 form provides summary information about the

State's report package submission

 Statewide aggregates for VRM, VRH, UPT, and Operating Expenses.



# **Processing your NTD Report**

## **Data Entry and Revision**

Data issues explained or corrected

## **NTD Review**

Issues identified

## **Clean Closeout**

All issues resolved

### **Closeout with Issues**

 Some issues not resolved, cited in closeout letter

### **NTD Operations Center**

M-F 8:00 a.m. – 7:00 p.m. (ET)

NTDHelp@dot.gov

### **NTD Program Contacts**

Chelsea Champlin

chelsea.champlin@dot.gov

### **Rural NTD Validation Analysts**

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Reed Kattmann <u>reed.kattmann.ctr@dot.gov</u>

Thank you for joining us today.

We look forward to a successful 2025 Report Year!

