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**RED CEDAR AG**

# SUDDEN DEATH SYNDROME (SDS)

## SEE IT IN THE FIELD

Acres: 17766

	2024	2025
% High Risk	7.7%	2.1%
% Moderate Risk	4.3%	21.2%
% Low Risk	88.0%	76.8%

## Our Solution



*Delivers powerful, proven performance against both SDS and SCN, year after year.*

## About

In heavily affected fields, Sudden Death Syndrome (SDS) can cause yield losses exceeding 50%, and there is little that can be done once foliar symptoms appear. The disease is often most severe in high-yielding, well-managed soybeans, particularly when symptoms develop around early pod fill, which is more damaging than later expression. Yield loss results from reduced photosynthetic area, premature defoliation, flower and pod abortion, and reduced seed size.

Infection typically occurs early—often before seedling emergence—especially when soybeans are planted into cool soils that slow germination and prolong exposure to the pathogen. Although infection occurs early, foliar symptoms generally do not appear until early reproductive stages. To confirm SDS in-season, plants should be dug (not pulled), roots inspected, and stems split; infected plants will show a white pith even when roots are severely rotted.



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