





2025 National Landcare Conference

Landcare: Nature, Agriculture, Land and People Positive

Sunday 21 to **Wednesday 24** September, 2025 Gold Coast Convention and Exhibition Centre

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Southern Queensland Landscapes: Resilient Landscapes

Natural Resource Recovery Program (NRRP) - A Holistic Approach to Restoring Landscapes Presented by Dr. Payel Sinha

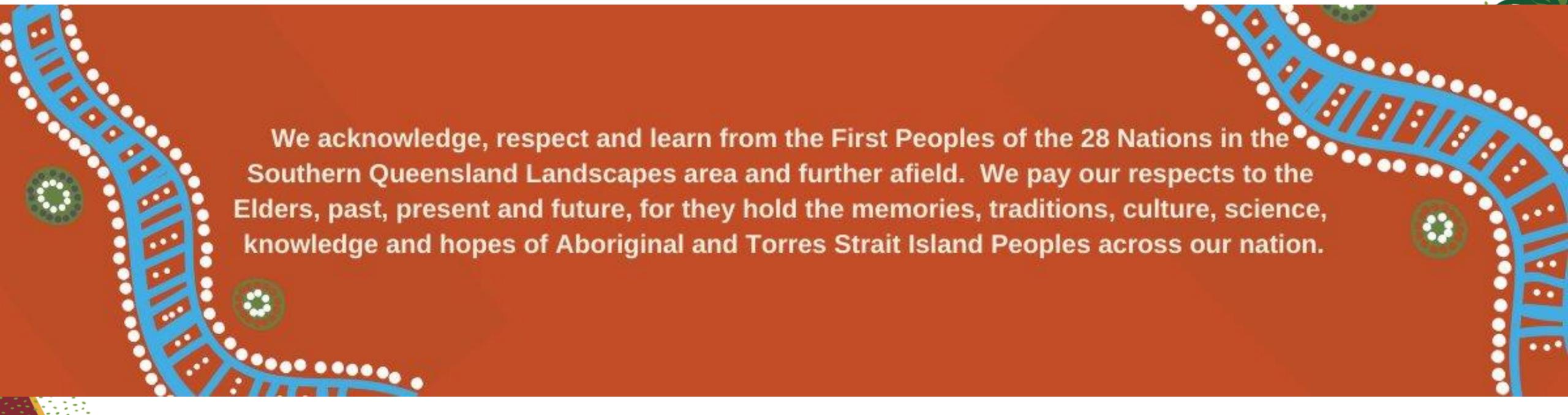
This project is funded by the Queensland Government's Natural Resources Recovery Program





Acknowledgement of country





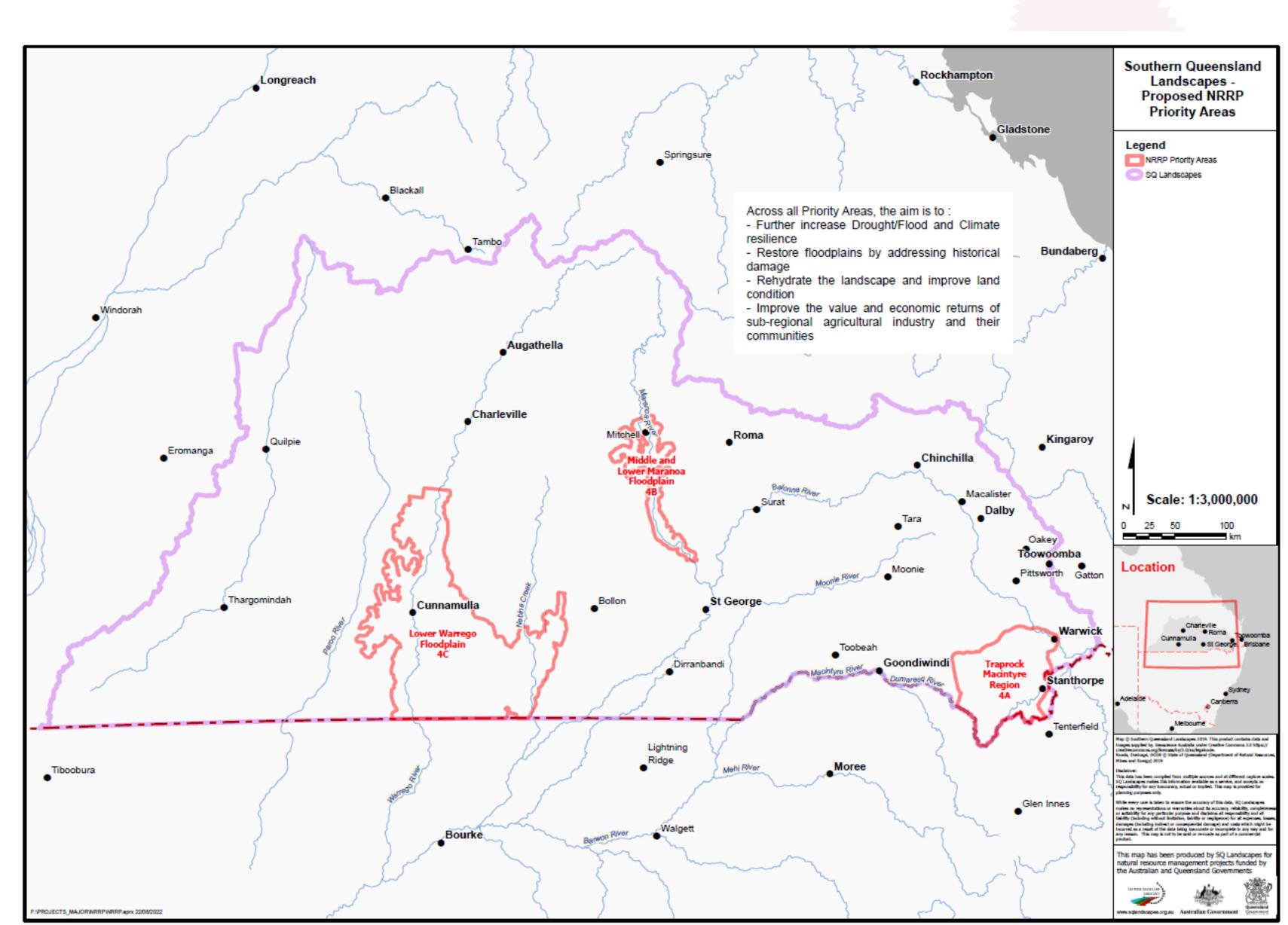






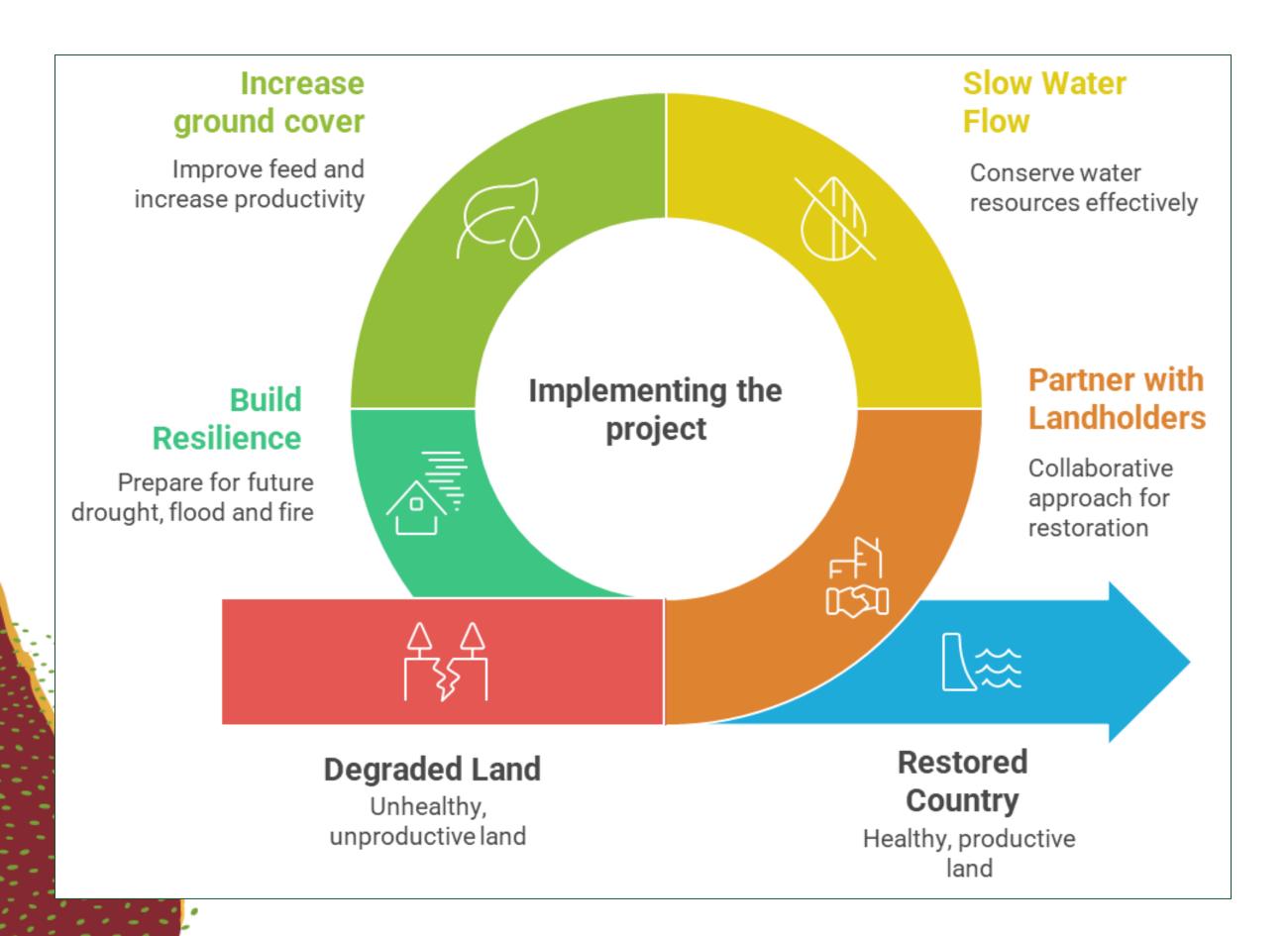
Project overview

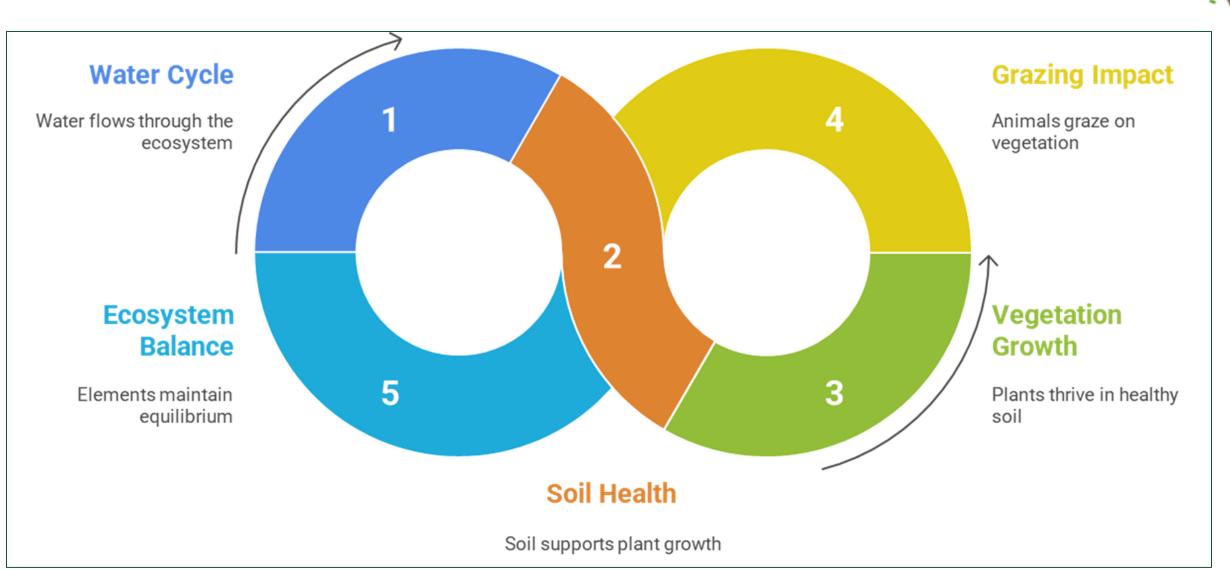
- Lead and scope: Southern
 Queensland Landscapes;
 \$2,144,551; Jan 2023 June
 2024
- Partners: 36 land managers
 implementing on-ground works;
 partnerships with AgForce and
 SQNNSW Drought Hub; 6 First
 Nations groups engaged
 (Gunggari, Kooma, Githabul,
 Kunja, plus Bidjara, Mardigan).



Project Interventions: Holistic Approach











Project Engagement and Design



Change Commitment

64% of participants committed to making long-term changes.





\(\frac{1}{2} \) \(\frac{1}{2}

Knowledge Increase

82% of participants reported an increase in their knowledge.

Perceived Benefit

The average perceived event benefit was rated as 8.4 out of 10.

Events Delivered

A total of 22 events were delivered, with a total attendance of 430 people.

Participant Benefits

93 participants reported benefits and commitment to longterm change, exceeding the target of 52.

What land management strategy should be chosen for the property?





Understanding the owner's objectives and challenges is crucial for selecting the right strategy.

Assess Land Condition

Evaluating the property's condition using historical data and modern tools ensures informed decisions.



Choose Management Steps

Collaboratively selecting the best steps ensures effective property management.



Achieving Sustainable Land Management Outcomes





Metric	Value	Description
Improved Land Condition	66,359 ha	Area with better LCAT measurement
Improved Practices	165,417 ha	Area under sustainable land management methods
Land Managers Implementing	36	Number of managers involved
Event Attendees	430	People participating in events
Landholder Co-Investment	\$1.23M	Investment from landholders
First Nations Engaged	6	Engaged with Cool Burning and Knowledge Sharing





Building Stronger Community Bonds



Co-Design and Delivery

Collaborative design and delivery with six First Nations groups: Gunggari, Kooma, Githabul, Kunja, plus Bidjara and Mardigan



Cultural Benefits

Cultural enrichment experienced by four First Nations groups.



Gunggari Satisfaction

High satisfaction levels reported by Gunggari community.



Economic Benefits

Economic advantages
reported by four First
Nations groups.
Activities included cool burning
knowledge-sharing workshops,
development of Kunja fire seasons
calendar, and empowered on-Country
delivery



Empowerment Benefits

Empowerment gains reported by four First Nations groups.



Future Initiatives

Plans for junior ranger and fire methodology programs.



On ground Works







Project Site photos

Mitchell Priority Area - Ashmount

Earthworks to address erosion, and bare ground issues were installed at a number of sites on the property to slow and spread damaging overland flows. There has been a significant response to these works following recent rain and the recovery process is clearly evident.

Before



Bare ground site with high runoff area, time of installation of earthworks, 2023.

After



Response following rain, the impact of slowing the runoff is evident on both sides of the spreader bank. Stock was managed in this area to allow establishment and double seeding by the grasses to ensure resilience, 2024.

Project Site photos

Warrego Priority Area – Waihora/Overshot near Cunnamulla

Thousands of hectares of land is unusable due to the loss of ground cover and soil and the lack of infiltration due to the excessive runoff and the number of abandoned bore drains still draining the country.

Before



A typical scald where the topsoil is removed and needs to be rebuilt.

After

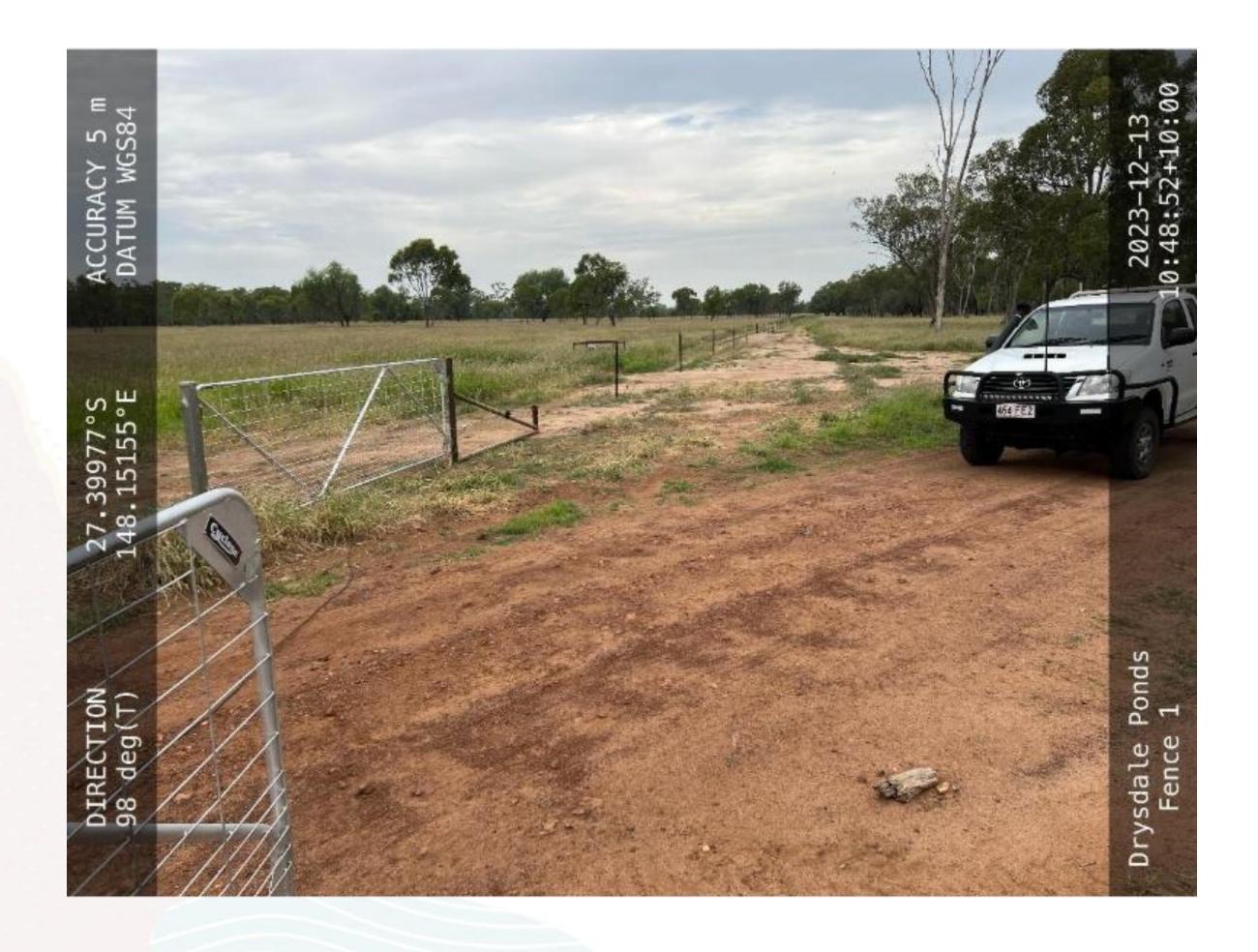


Previously, the land manager could access throughout the property after rain as the water ran off very quickly. Now water runs more slowly soaking in and the land manager needs to access his property from the air.

Project Site photos

Mitchell Priority Area – Drysdale Ponds

This property is addressing bare ground and uncontrolled grazing through changing grazing practices by fencing to create 10 paddocks where there were initially just two. This will allow rotational grazing, spelling of paddocks for extended periods and overall improvement in soil health and groundcover through increased waters coverage.





Case study: From Bare Scalds to Rain-Ready Country

Starting condition

80,000 ha *across* Waihora and Overshot, Eulo Queensland, with hard, bare ground, low infiltration, and decommissioned bore drains rapidly exporting incident rainfall, limiting germination and feedbase recovery.

Intervention (2020–2025)

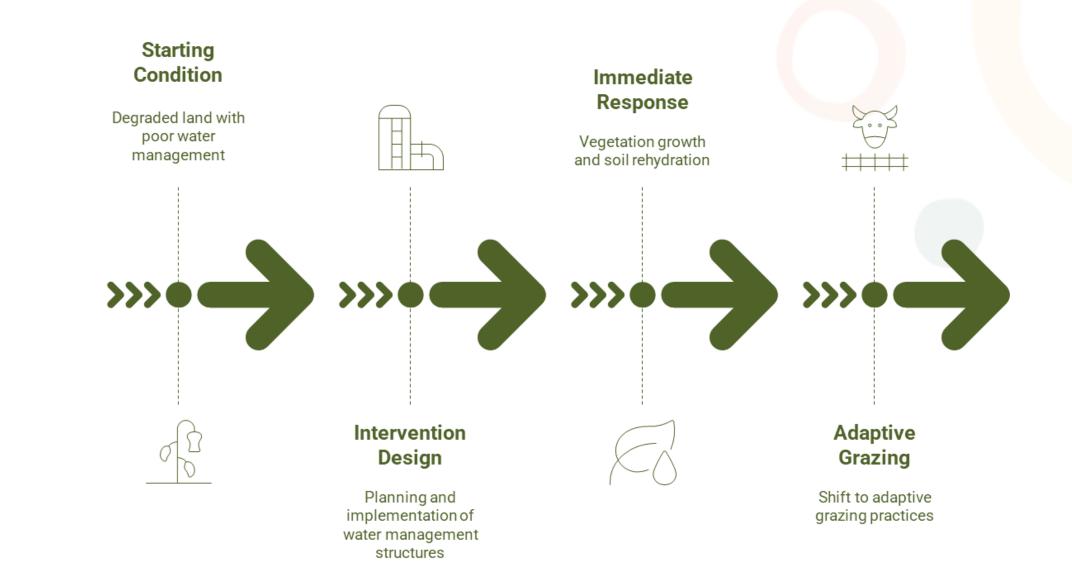
Contour-aligned earth, rock, and timber banks designed with topo mapping and laser level to slow, spread, and sink water; paired with strategic fencing to enable restrotation and responsive stocking.

Immediate response

Vegetation returned on decades-bare floodplains, soils re-hydrated and swelled like a "sponge," and feed availability improved, enabling a shift from set-stocking to adaptive grazing with productivity benefits.

We had the vision of converting every drop of rainfall into actively growing plants, but technical expertise from Southern Queensland Landscapes ensured it was planned and implemented in a cost effective manner. **?

- Ross Campbell





Team Acknowledgment

Payel Sinha, PhD
Project Lead | Southern Queensland
Landscapes

266 Margaret Street, Toowoomba Qld 4350

payel.sinha@sqlandscapes.org.au















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